

## Daily Ibadah Planner – Wed 27 August 2025 / 3 Rabi' al-Awwal 1447 AH (Al Khalidiyah, Abu Dhabi)

**Location:** Al Khalidiyah, Abu Dhabi, UAE. Approximate prayer times (Umm al-Qura calc.) on 27 Aug 2025: Fajr ~04:40, Sunrise 06:02, Dhuhr 12:28, Asr 15:54, Maghrib 18:48, Isha 20:18 <sup>1</sup>. According to the Hanafi school, the day's prayers and remembrances include all fard (obligatory) and sunnah/prayed-ilāhīyah (supererogatory) acts from Tahajjud until bedtime, as outlined below.

### Prayer Schedule & Adhkar (Time Blocks)

- **02:30–03:00** – *Tahajjud (Night Prayer)*: Wake for late-night nafl (voluntary) worship. Tahajjud is offered in the last third of the night (before Fajr) with at least 2 rak'ahs (e.g. 2 or 4) of Qur'anic recitation and du'ā. (Prophet ﷺ said Tahajjud is beloved to Allah and has great reward <sup>2</sup>.)
  - **04:15–04:40** – *Sunnah Fajr*: 2 rak'ahs sunnah mu'akkadah before Fajr. In the Hanafi school these 2 rak'ahs before Fajr are highly emphasized <sup>3</sup>.
  - **04:40–05:00** – *Fajr (Obligatory)*: 2 rak'ahs fard. Must be offered before sunrise <sup>1</sup>. Finish with taslīm.
  - **05:00–05:20** – *Morning Adhkar (after Fajr)*: Engage in the prescribed post-Fajr remembrances. Common adhkar include praising Allah and seeking His blessings in the morning (hadith-based du'ā'). For example:
    - **Arabic:** اَللّٰهُمَّ بِكَ اَصْبَحْنَا وَبِكَ اَمْسَيْنَا وَبِكَ نَحْيَا وَبِكَ نَمُوتُ وَاِلَيْكَ اَلْمَصِيْرُ
    - Transliteration:** *Allahumma bika asbahnā wa bika amsaynā, wa bika nahyā wa bika namūt, wa ilayka-l-maṣīr.*
    - Translation:** "O Allah, by Your leave we have reached the morning and by Your leave we have reached the evening, by Your leave we live and die, and to You is our return." <sup>4</sup>.
  - **Arabic:** اَللّٰهُمَّ اَنْتَ رَبِّيْ لَا اِلٰهَ اِلَّا اَنْتَ ... اَشْهَدُ بِاَنَّ مُحَمَّدًا عَبْدُكَ وَرَسُوْلُكَ (4× in the morning)
  - Transliteration:** *Allahumma anta rabbī lā ilāha illā anta ... ash-hadu anna Muḥammadan 'abduka wa rasūluka.*
  - Translation:** "O Allah, You are my Lord, none has the right to be worshipped except You... and I testify that Muhammad is Your servant and Messenger." (Recite 4 times in AM/PM) <sup>5</sup> <sup>6</sup>.
- (Additional adhkar: "Al-ḥamdu lillāhilladhī aḥyānā...", "Allāhumma innī as'aluka 'ilman nāfi'an...", etc., from ṭawātur ḥadīth. See Hisn al-Muslim chapter on morning du'ā')
- **06:20–06:30** – *Ishraq Prayer*: 2 rak'ahs nafl (sunrise prayer) ~15–20 min after sunrise. This is a "sunrise supererogatory" prayer. The Prophet ﷺ said whoever prays the two rak'ahs after Fajr and sits remembering Allah until sunrise then prays two more rak'ahs will have a reward like Hajj and 'Umrah <sup>2</sup>. (Hanafi scholars call this "Salāt al-Ishrāq" or Duha.)

- **06:30–07:00** – *Duha (Forenoon) Prayer*: Optional nafl in mid-morning. One may perform 2 or 4 rak'ahs after sunrise up to a short time before Dhuhr. This is highly meritorious in Islam (see virtue of Duha in hadith). No strict Hanafi citation needed.
- **11:45–12:10** – *Pre-Dhuhr Sunnah*: 4 rak'ahs sunnah mu'akkadah before Dhuhr. Hanafi fiqh prescribes 4 sunnah before Dhuhr (not just 2) <sup>3</sup>. Perform these in sequence (2+2).
- **12:28–12:40** – *Dhuhr (Obligatory)*: 4 rak'ahs fard. (Azān ~12:28 <sup>1</sup>.)
- **12:40–12:50** – *Post-Dhuhr Sunnah*: 2 rak'ahs sunnah mu'akkadah after Dhuhr <sup>3</sup>.
- **13:00–13:10** – *Witr Dhuhr (Nafl)*: 3 rak'ahs nafl (also called Witr of Dhuhr). Hanafi practice often includes this 3-rakah nafl after Dhuhr (it may be counted as extension of Duhr sunnah) <sup>7</sup>.
- **15:20–15:40** – *Pre-Asr Nafl*: (Optional) 4 rak'ahs nafl (Ghair Mu'akkadah). Some Hanafi scholars recommend 4 nafl before Asr (though not "confirmed sunnah") <sup>3</sup>. This can be done in sets of 2+2.
- **15:54–16:15** – *Asr (Obligatory)*: 4 rak'ahs fard (enter before 15:54 local).
- **16:15–16:25** – (No emphasized sunnah after 'Asr in Hanafi fiqh; one may offer extra nafl *ḍuḥā* or 2 nafl if desired.)
- **18:48–19:00** – *Maghrib (Obligatory)*: 3 rak'ahs fard at sunset (18:48 <sup>1</sup>).
- **19:00–19:10** – *Post-Maghrib Sunnah*: 2 rak'ahs sunnah (mu'akkadah) after Maghrib <sup>3</sup>. These are highly recommended in Hanafi practice.
- **19:10–19:20** – *Evening Adhkar (post-Maghrib)*: Recite prescribed evening remembrances. Key adhkar include the "Amsayna" du'a and others (from authentic ḥadīth/Hisn al-Muslim). For example:
- **Arabic**: أَمْسَيْنَا وَأَمْسَى الْمُلْكُ لِلَّهِ، وَالْحَقُّ لِلَّهِ، لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَحْدَهُ لَا شَرِيكَ لَهُ، لَهُ الْمُلْكُ وَلَهُ الْحَقُّ، وَهُوَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ، رَبِّ أَسْأَلُكَ خَيْرَ مَا فِي هَذِهِ اللَّيْلَةِ وَخَيْرَ مَا بَعْدَهَا، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ شَرِّ مَا فِي هَذِهِ اللَّيْلَةِ وَشَرِّ مَا بَعْدَهَا، رَبِّ أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ الْكَسَلِ وَشَوِّ الْكَبَرِ، رَبِّ أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ عَذَابٍ فِي النَّارِ وَعَذَابٍ فِي الْقَبْرِ.
- **Transliteration**: Amsaynā wa amsal-mulku lillāh, wal-ḥamdu lillāh, lā ilāha illā Allāhu waḥdahu lā sharīka lahu, lahu-lmulku wa lahu-lḥamd, wa huwa 'alā kulli shay'in qadīr. Rabbī as'aluka khayra mā fī hādhihi al-laylah wa khayra mā ba'dahā, wa a'ūdu bika min sharri mā fī hādhihi al-laylah wa sharri mā ba'dahā. Rabbī a'ūdhu bika min al-kasli wa sū'i al-kibar. Rabbī a'ūdhu bika min 'adhābin fī al-nār wa 'adhābin fī al-qabr. <sup>8</sup>
- **Translation**: "We have reached the evening and at this very time unto Allah belongs all sovereignty, and all praise is for Allah... My Lord, I ask You for the good of this night and the good of what follows it, and I seek refuge in You from the evil of this night and the evil of what follows it... My Lord, I seek refuge in You from laziness, old age, the punishment of the Fire and the punishment of the grave." <sup>8</sup>.
- **Arabic**: اَللّٰهُمَّ بِكَ اَمْسَيْنَا وَبِكَ اَضْبَحْنَا، وَبِكَ نَحْيَا وَبِكَ نَمُوتُ وَإِلَيْكَ الْقَصِيْرُ.
- **Transliteration**: Allahumma bika amsaynā wa bika aṣḥaḥnā, wa bika naḥyā wa bika namūt, wa ilayka-l-maṣīr.
- **Translation**: "O Allah, by Your leave we have reached the evening and by Your leave we have reached the morning, by Your leave we live and die, and to You is our return." <sup>4</sup>.
- **20:18–20:30** – *Isha (Obligatory)*: 4 rak'ahs fard (Azān ~20:18 <sup>1</sup>).

- **20:30–20:40** – *Post-Isha Sunnah*: 2 rak’ahs sunnah after Isha (mu’akkadah) <sup>3</sup> .
- **20:40–20:50** – *Witr Prayer*: 3 rak’ahs odd (Witr, Witrul-Isha). In Hanafi practice Witr is usually 3 rak’ahs (can be 1 or any odd number, but 3 is commonly done).
- **22:00–22:20** – *Bedtime Duas & Adhkar*: Before sleeping, perform recommended evening remembrances:
- **Surah al-Mulk (Chapter 67)** – Recite the entire Sūrah. The Prophet ﷺ said a Qur’ānic chapter with thirty verses will intercede for the reciter until forgiven; it is Sūrah al-Mulk <sup>9</sup> . Reciting it nightly is encouraged for protection in the grave.
- **Ayat al-Kursī (Quran 2:255)** – Recite once before sleep. The Prophet ﷺ said: “Whoever recites Ayat al-Kursī before sleeping, an angel is appointed to him, and no devil will come near him until morning” <sup>10</sup> . Also after every fard prayer, reciting Ayat al-Kursī grants entrance to Paradise (hadith in Nasa’i).
- **The Three Quls (Sūras 112, 113, 114)** – Recite Surah Ikhḷās, Al-Falaq and An-Nās each three times. The Prophet ﷺ said: “Recite them three times in the morning and evening; they will suffice you in all respects.” <sup>11</sup> (i.e. they are powerful for protection).
- **Bedtime Du’ā’** – E.g. “*Allahumma bismika amsaynā wa bika aṣbaḥnā... wa ilayka-l-maṣīr*” <sup>4</sup> (the “by Your leave we have reached” du’ā’). Also “*Allāhumma innī a’ūdhu bika min al-khubṭhi wa al-khabā’ith*”, etc. (see **Hisn al-Muslim** chap. “When retiring to bed”). These ensure Allah’s protection overnight.

Each listed item above should be scheduled in your calendar for 27 Aug 2025 at the indicated local times. Pray on time and with proper ritual purity. All adhkar are given in Arabic with transliteration and translations as shown. The Hanafi fiqh sources (al-Ḥidāyah, Mukhtaṣar al-Qudūrī, Bada’ī al-Ṣanā’ī, Radd al-Muḥtār, etc.) confirm the classification of prayers and sunnahs <sup>3</sup> , and the virtues of the du’ā’ and adhkar cited come from authenticated ḥadīth (e.g. Bukhari, Muslim, Abū Dāwūd, Tirmidhi) and classical works like Hisn al-Muslim <sup>8</sup> <sup>9</sup> .

**Sources:** Authoritative Hanafi juristic works and ḥadīth compilations as noted above <sup>3</sup> <sup>8</sup> <sup>9</sup> <sup>10</sup> <sup>11</sup> <sup>2</sup> . These validate the recommended prayer counts and remembrances for morning, evening, and bedtime.

1 August 2025 Monthly Prayer Times: Al Khalidiyah, Abu Dhabi, Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates - Alhabib  
[https://www.al-habib.info/prayer-time/for/United+Arab+Emirates/Al+Khalidiyah%2C+Abu+Dhabi/NT\\_-3G-lq14aIHeqo2cQjsV2D/2025/8/](https://www.al-habib.info/prayer-time/for/United+Arab+Emirates/Al+Khalidiyah%2C+Abu+Dhabi/NT_-3G-lq14aIHeqo2cQjsV2D/2025/8/)

2 Reward of Hajj and 'Umrah after Fajr - Islam Question & Answer  
<https://islamqa.info/en/answers/95782>

3 7 What Are the Confirmed Sunna and Non-Confirmed Sunna Prayers Associated With the Obligatory Prayers? - SeekersGuidance  
<https://seekersguidance.org/answers/hanafi-fiqh/what-are-the-confirmed-sunna-and-non-confirmed-sunna-prayers-associated-with-the-obligatory-prayers/>

4 5 6 8 Duas for Remembrance said in the morning and evening | Hisnul Muslim  
<https://ahadith.co.uk/hisnulmuslim-dua-27>

9 What Surah Protects You from the Punishment of the Grave? - Islam Question & Answer  
<https://islamqa.info/en/answers/191947>

10 Ayatul Kursi  
<https://surahnas.com/ayatul-kursi/>

11 Your Shield:The Last 3 Surahs of the Qur'an – Life With Allah  
<https://lifewithallah.com/articles/ruqyah/your-shield-the-last-3-surahs-of-the-quran/>