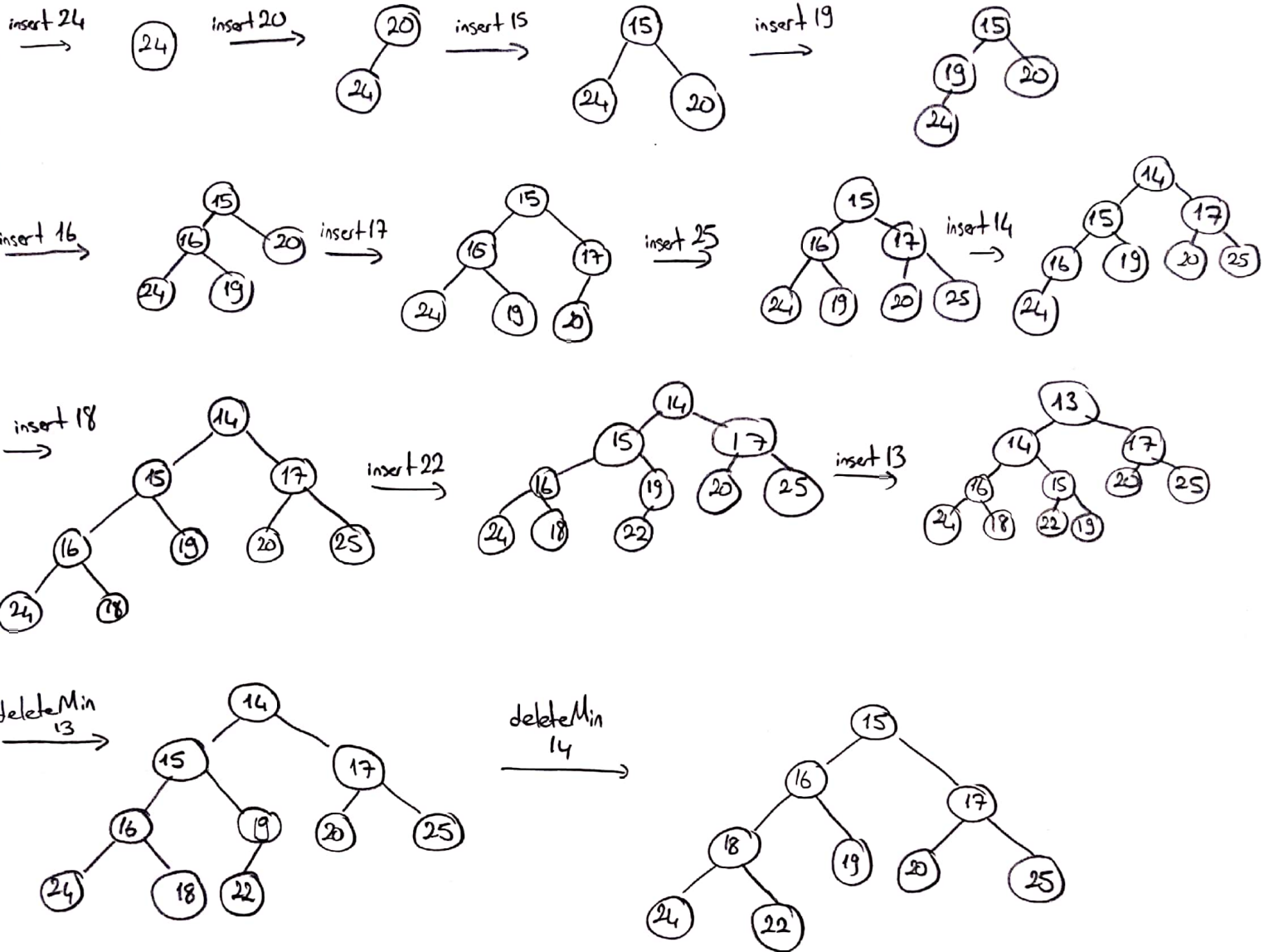


Q1]

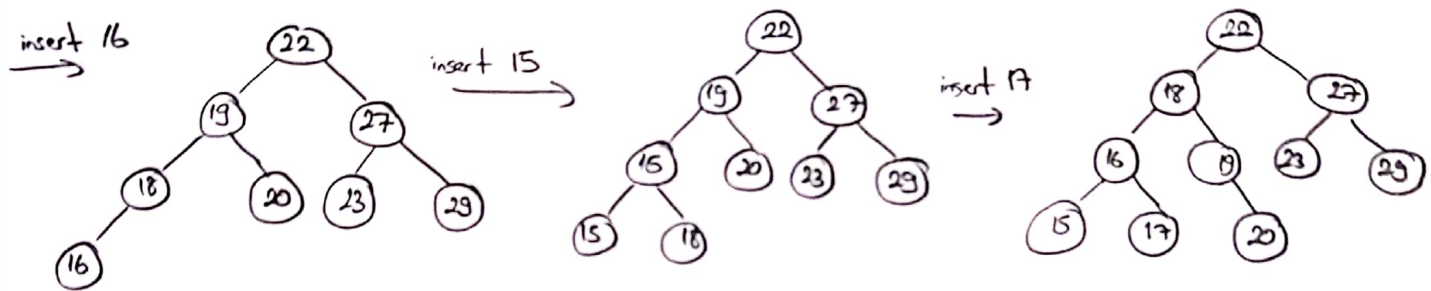
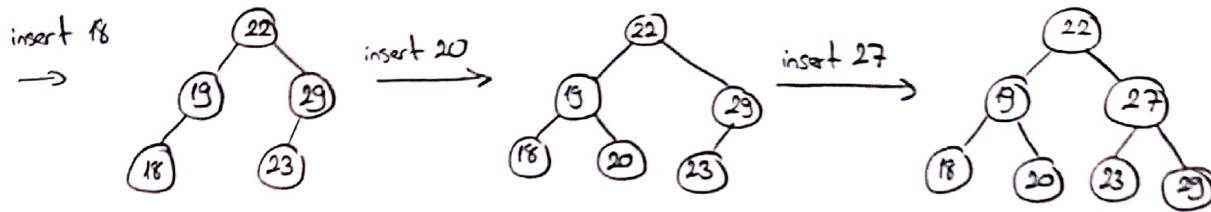
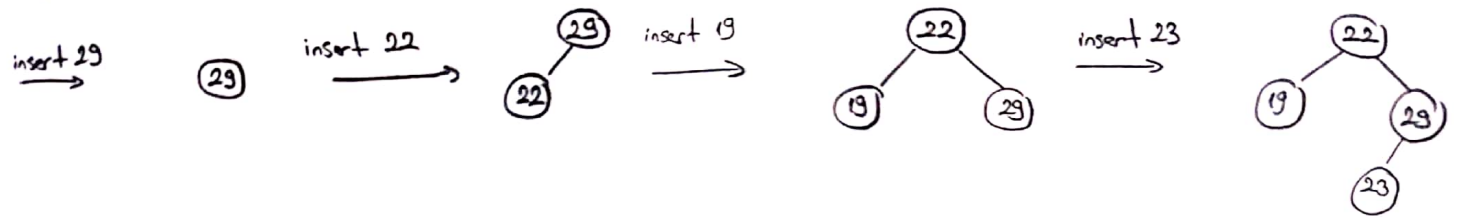
a)



b-) (Print the minheap from (a))

- Preorder : 15 16 18 24 22 19 17 20 25 \Rightarrow NOT SORTED
- InOrder : 24 18 22 16 19 15 20 17 25 \Rightarrow NOT SORTED
- PostOrder : 24 22 18 19 16 20 25 17 15 \Rightarrow NOT SORTED

c-)



Q3] I use "findNumberOfPrinter" function to identify printer number. We start from 1 and increment the printer number to find optimal one.

```

int no = 1;
bool check = true;
while (check) {
    if (average >= ProcessedTime(no))
        check = false;
    no++;
}
  
```

=>

```

int no = 1;
bool check = true;
while (check) {
    if (average >= ProcessedTime(no))
        check = false;
    no = 2 * no;
}
bool check2 = true;
while (check2) {
    if (processedTime(no) > average)
        check2 = false;
    no--;
}
  
```

ProcessedTime(no): it takes int no (printer number) as a parameter and returns the average time with given number of Printer.

If the large number involve the situation;

Instead of incrementing one by one; in first while loop we double the number of printer and get the closest " 2^n " value for the number of the printer.

Then second loop decrement that value as long as desired average-time is not exceeded.

$O(n)$ turns to $O(\log_2 n)$ so the right number can be found more efficient by that way for the VERY LARGE numbers.