

ESE 650 Final Project - Raibert Hopper

Tarik Tosun

April 29, 2014

Raibert Controller

Flight: Adjust foot placement for next touchdown to control velocity

$$x_{foot,d} = \frac{\dot{x} T_{st}}{2} + K_{foot} (\dot{x} - \dot{x}_d)$$

Stance: Torque the body to adjust attitude

$$\tau(t) = p_{att} * \phi + d_{att} * \dot{\phi}$$

Hop height is maintained by applying a constraint thrust impulse on each hop.

Demo

TD Gain Learning

States: $\dot{x}, \dot{y}, \phi, \theta, \phi_{hip}, \theta_{hip}$

Actions: $K_{foot}, p_{att}, d_{att}$

Reward Function:

$$r(t) = \begin{cases} 1 - \gamma (\theta^2 + \phi^2 + \dot{x} + \dot{y}) & \text{if standing} \\ 0 & \text{if fallen over} \end{cases}$$

γ is a reward shaping parameter, and will be small ($\gamma = 0.05$)

Q-learning with Radial Basis Functions

- ▶ Distribute N gaussians over the state-action space
- ▶ Each has some Q-value Q_i

$$Q(s, a) = \sum_i^N k_i(s, a) Q_i$$

$$Q_i \leftarrow (1 - \alpha_i) Q_i + \alpha_i \left\{ r_{t+1} + \gamma \max_{a_{t+1}} Q(s_{t+1}, a_{t+1}) - Q(s_t, a_t) \right\}$$

$$\alpha_i = \beta(t) k_i(s, a)$$

Training

- ▶ Generate many controllers and initial conditions
- ▶ Batch-learn the Q-function

Testing

- ▶ Run learned controller
- ▶ Select gains based on state

Future Robustness

- ▶ sarsa update rule

sarsa

$$Q(s_t, a_t) \leftarrow (1-\alpha)Q(s_t, a_t) + \alpha \{r_{t+1} + \gamma Q(s_{t+1}, a_{t+1}) - Q(s_t, a_t)\}$$

- ▶ Uses the Q-value of the $t+1$ state **actually chosen** by the policy
- ▶ Accounts for stochasticity of ϵ -greedy control