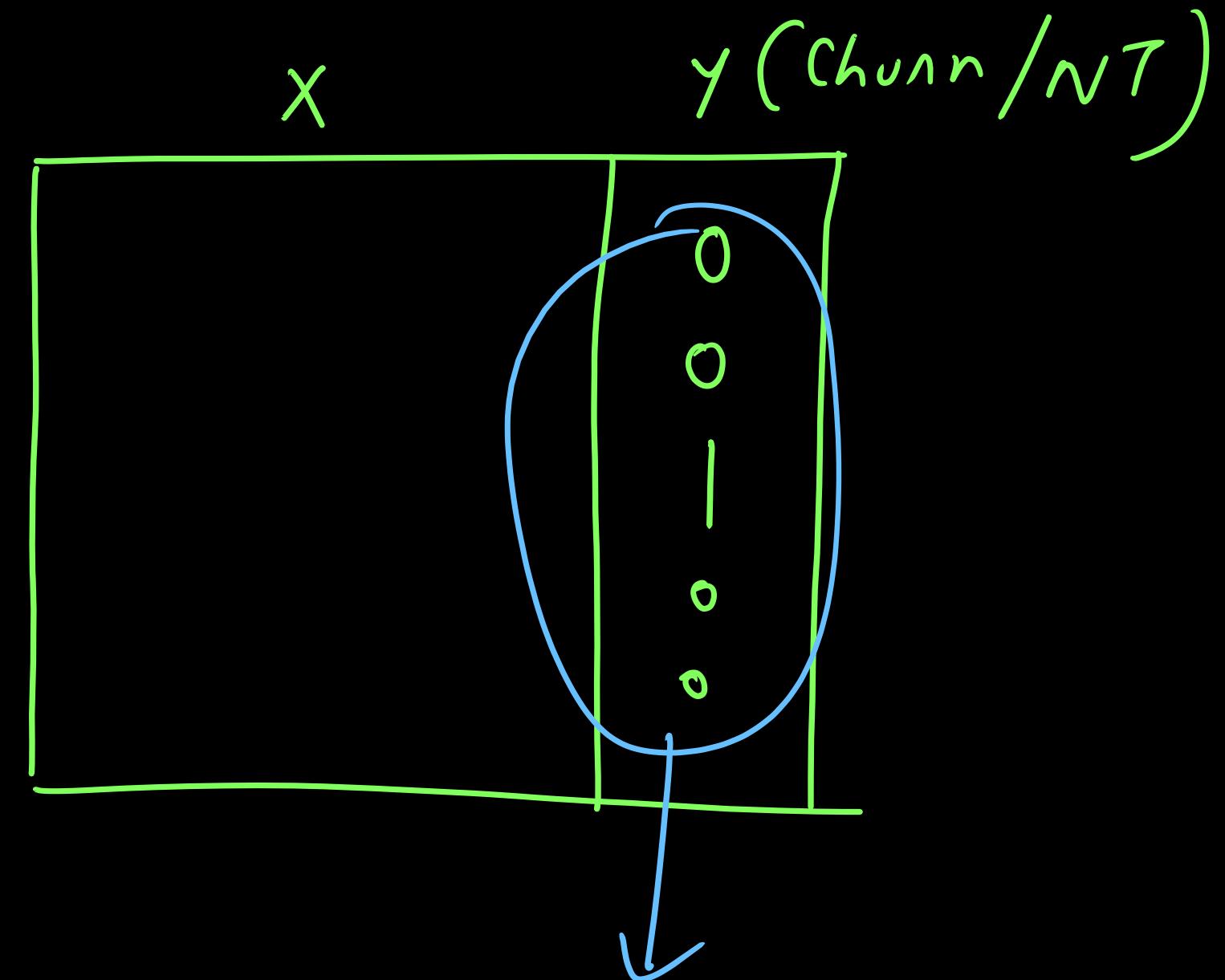


→ Logistic Regression

AT&T

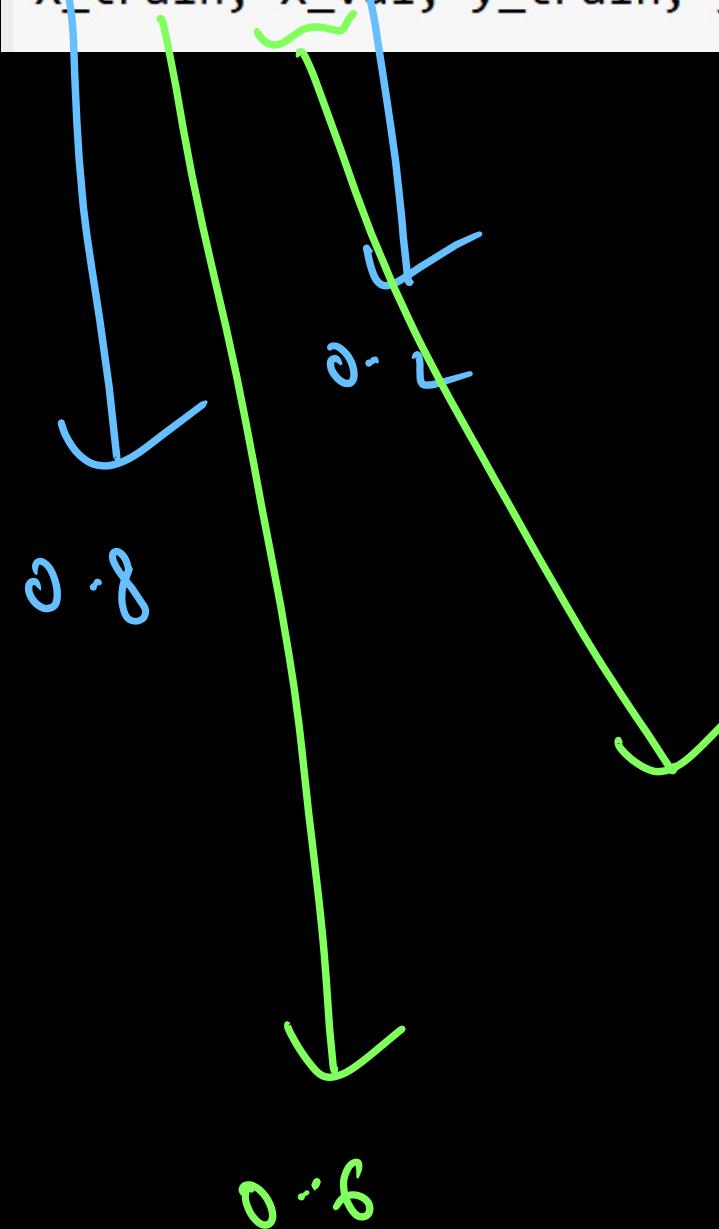
↳ Bad Net

↳ Poor Customer

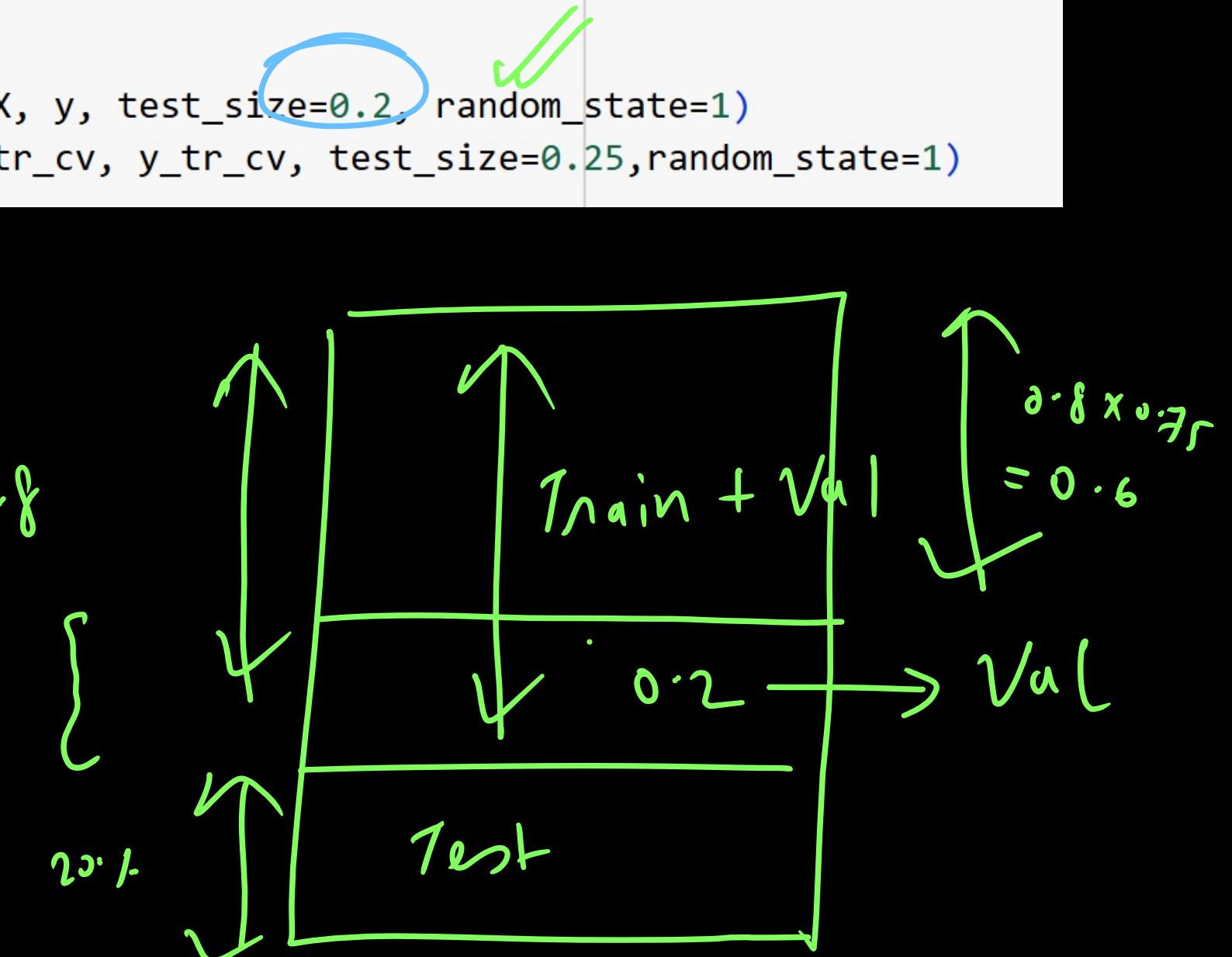


Classification

```
#0.6, 0.2, 0.2 split
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_tr_cv, X_test, y_tr_cv, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=1)
X_train, X_val, y_train, y_val = train_test_split(X_tr_cv, y_tr_cv, test_size=0.25, random_state=1)
```



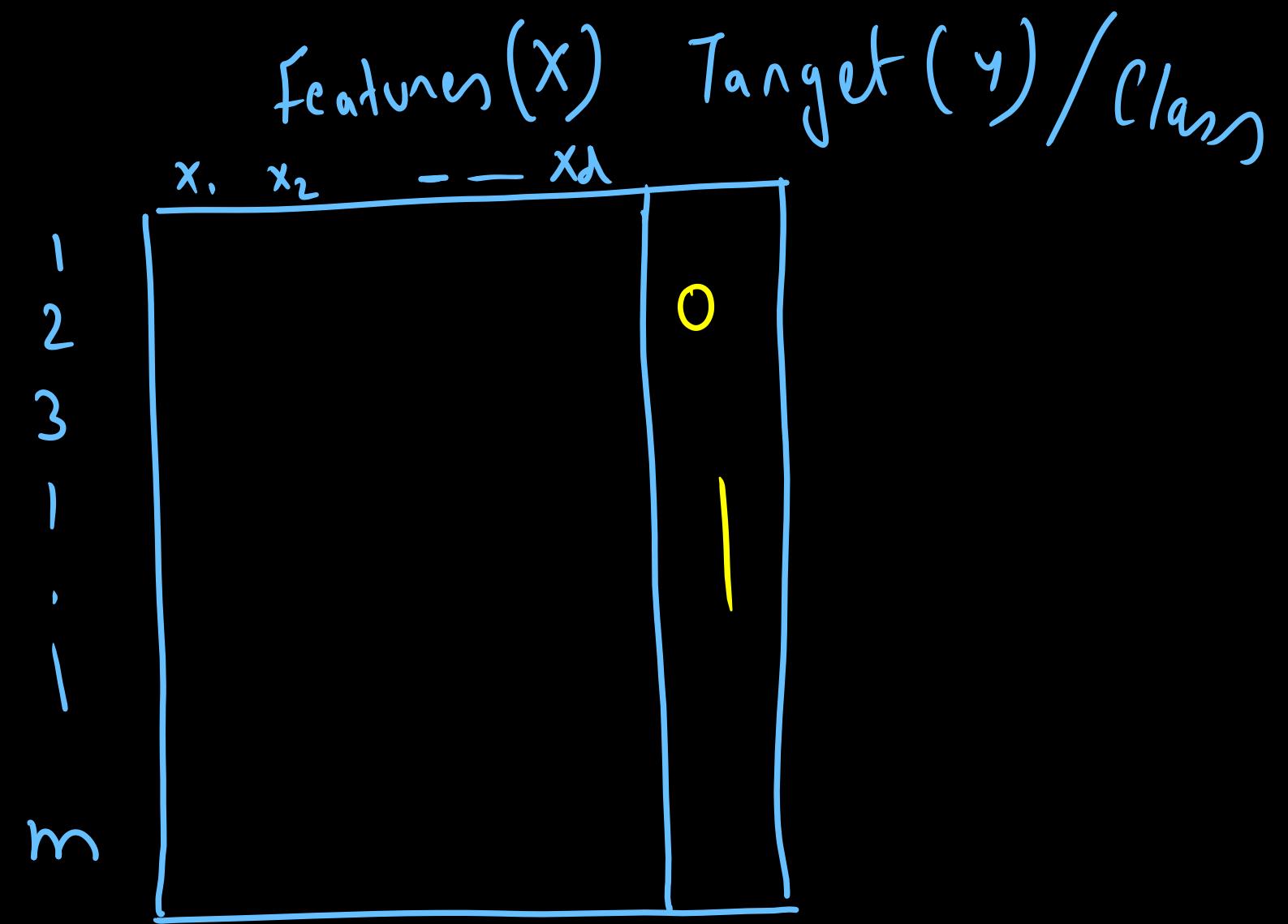
$$0.25 \times 0.8 = 0.2$$



Classification

↳ Binary 0 or 1

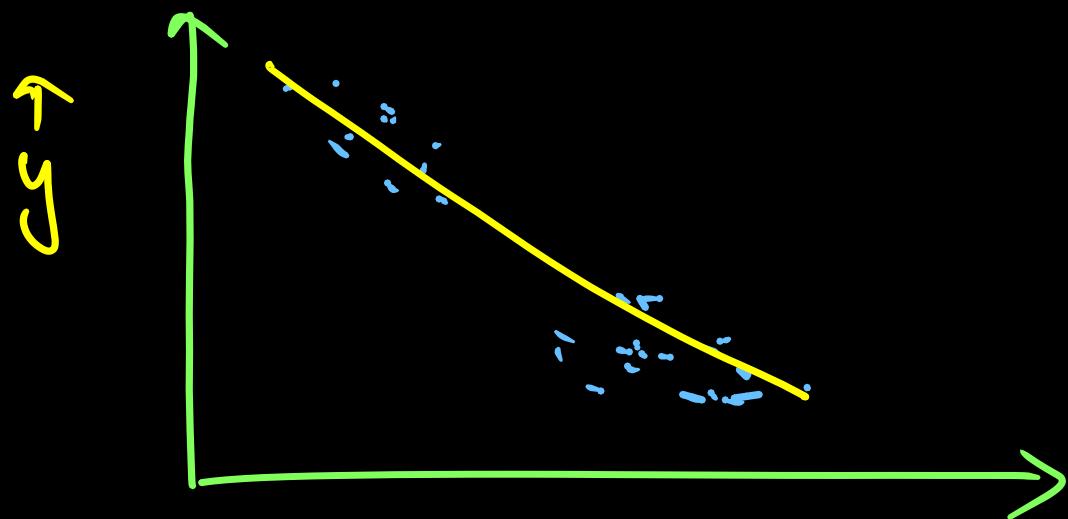
↳ Multi-class More than 2



$$X \rightarrow (m, d) \quad Y \rightarrow (m, 1)$$

Linear Regression

→ line of best fit



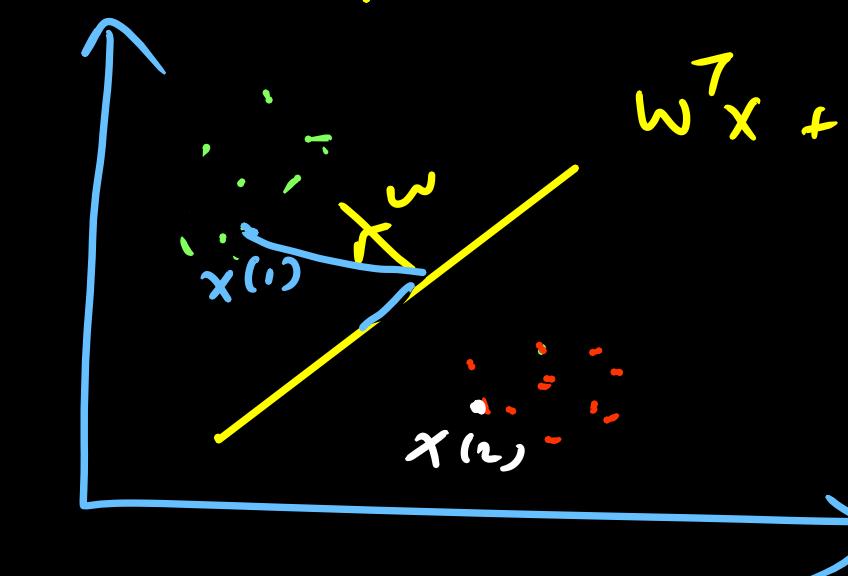
$$\hat{y} \in R(-\alpha, \alpha)$$

↓ dist

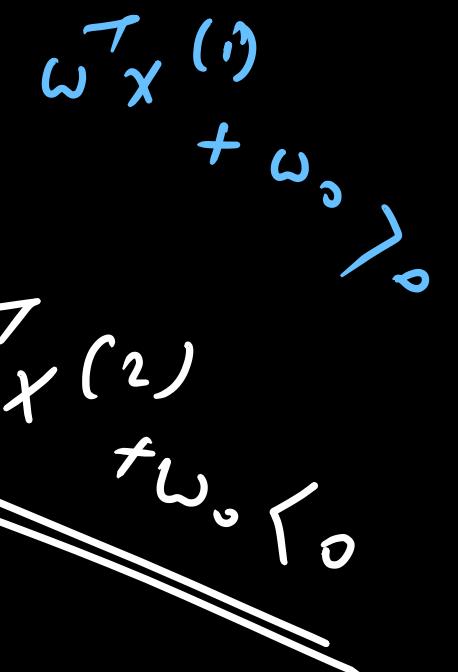
$$= \frac{\omega^T x + \omega_0}{\|\omega\|}$$

Logistic Regression

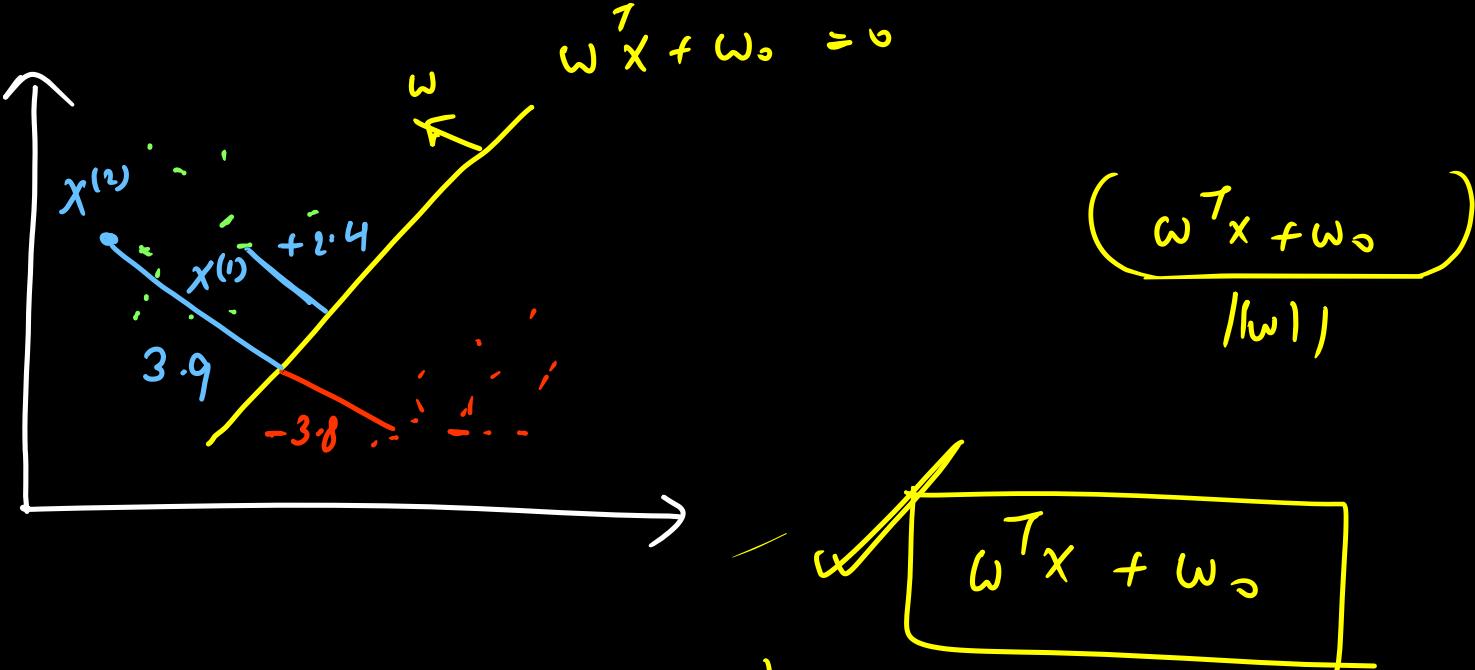
→ Best hyperplane to separate the data



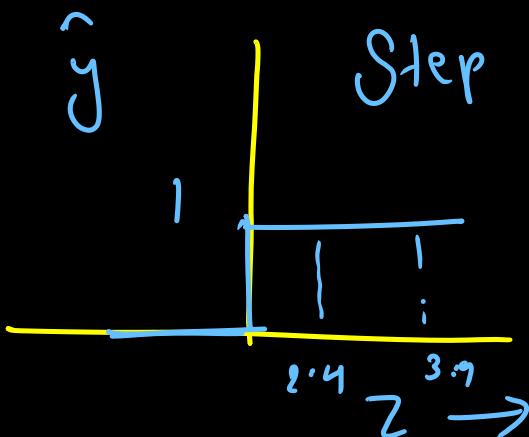
$$y \in \{0, 1\}$$



$x^{(1)}$ & $x^{(2)}$
 \sim
+ve
 \times



$$\rightarrow z = (w^T x + w_0) \rightarrow (-\alpha, \alpha) \\ \rightarrow (1, 0)$$



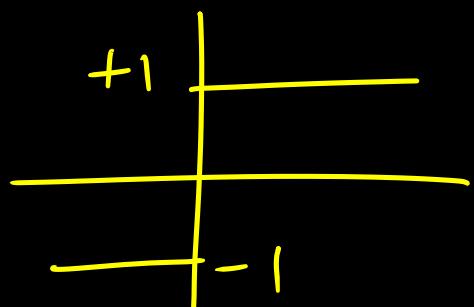
$$\hat{y} = \begin{cases} 1 & z \geq 0 \\ 0 & z < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$x^{(2)} > x^{(1)}$$

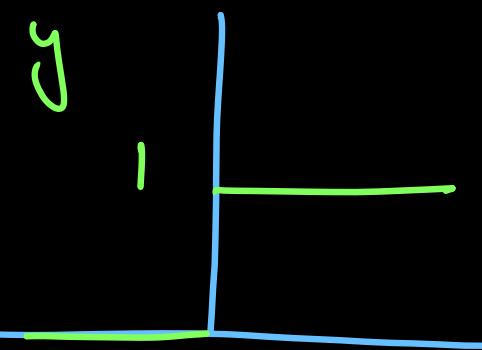
$\text{sgn}(w^T x + w_0)$

$\hookrightarrow w^T x + w_0 > 0 \rightarrow 1$

$< 0 \rightarrow -1$



→ Step

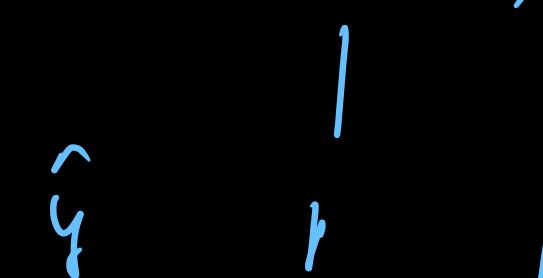


$$z = \vec{w}^T x + w_0 \quad z \rightarrow$$

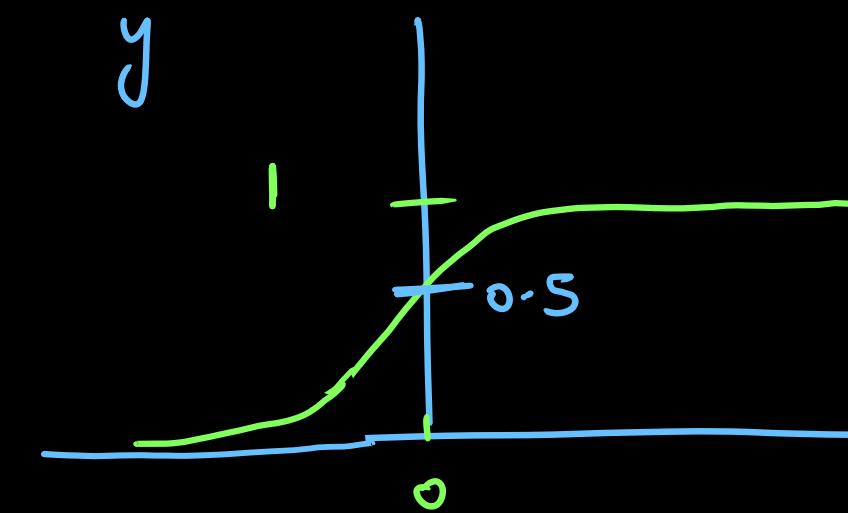
$$y = \begin{cases} 1 & z > 0 \\ 0 & z \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

① Not diff $z = 0$

② Even when $x^{(2)} > x^{(1)}$



→ Sigmoid



$z \rightarrow$

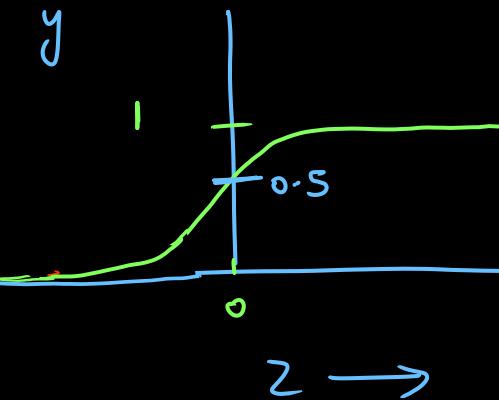
$$z \rightarrow \infty \rightarrow \hat{y} = 1$$

$$z \rightarrow -\infty \rightarrow \hat{y} = 0$$

$$z = 0 \rightarrow \hat{y} = 0.5$$

$$\boxed{\hat{y} = \sigma(z) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}}$$

→ Sigmoid



$$\hat{y} = \frac{1}{1+e^{-z}}$$
$$z = \omega^T x + b$$

$$z=0 \quad \hat{y} = \frac{1}{1+e^0} = \frac{1}{1+1} = 0.5$$

$$z=\alpha \quad \hat{y} = \frac{1}{1+e^{-\alpha}} = \frac{1}{1+0} = 1$$

$$z=-\alpha \quad \hat{y} = \frac{1}{1+e^\alpha} = \frac{1}{1+\alpha} = \frac{1}{\infty} = 0$$
$$z = \omega^T x + w_0$$

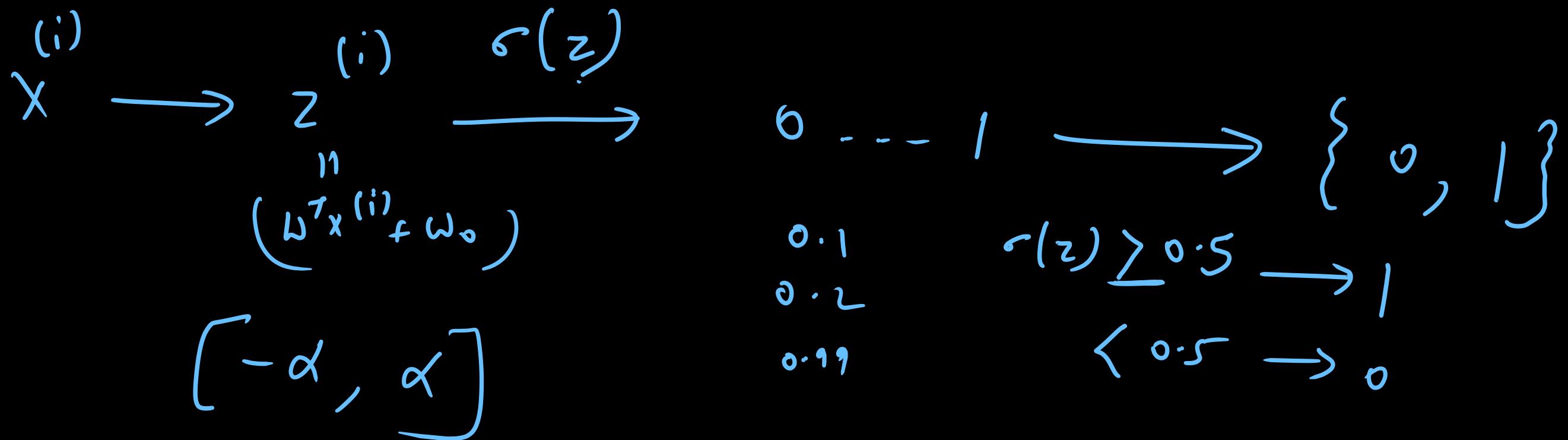
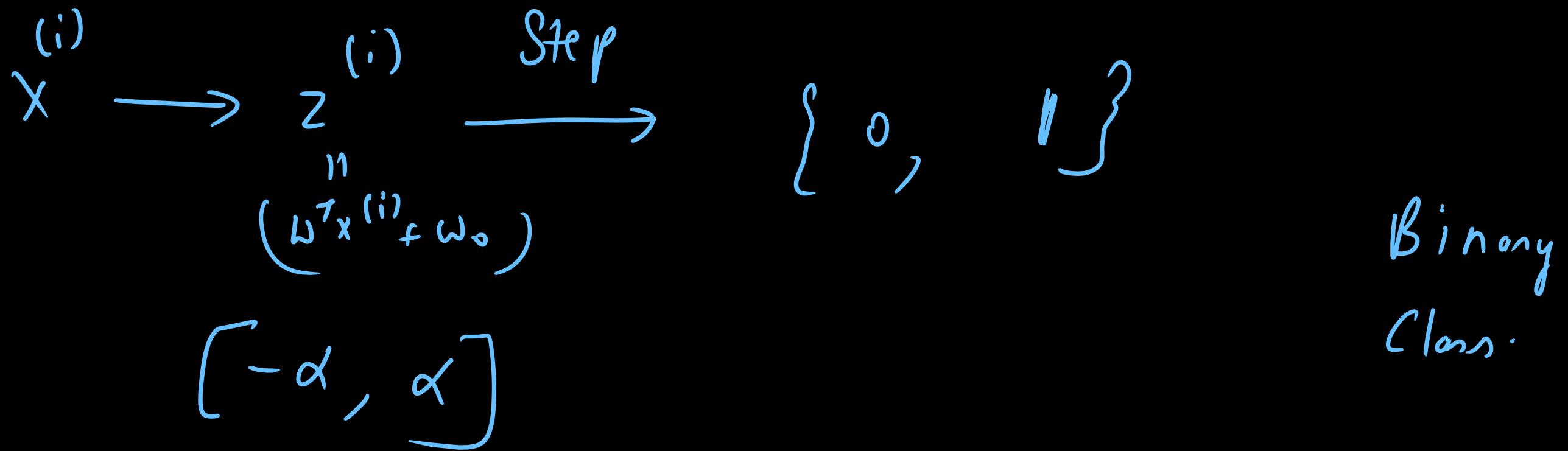
$$\sigma(z) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-z}}$$

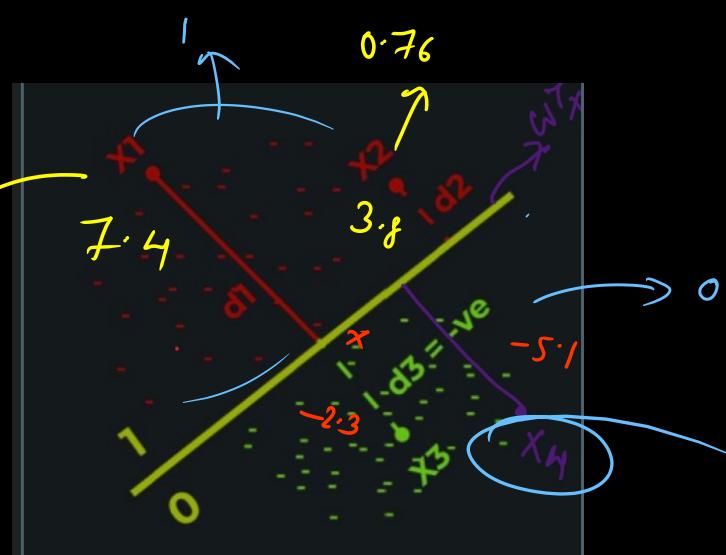
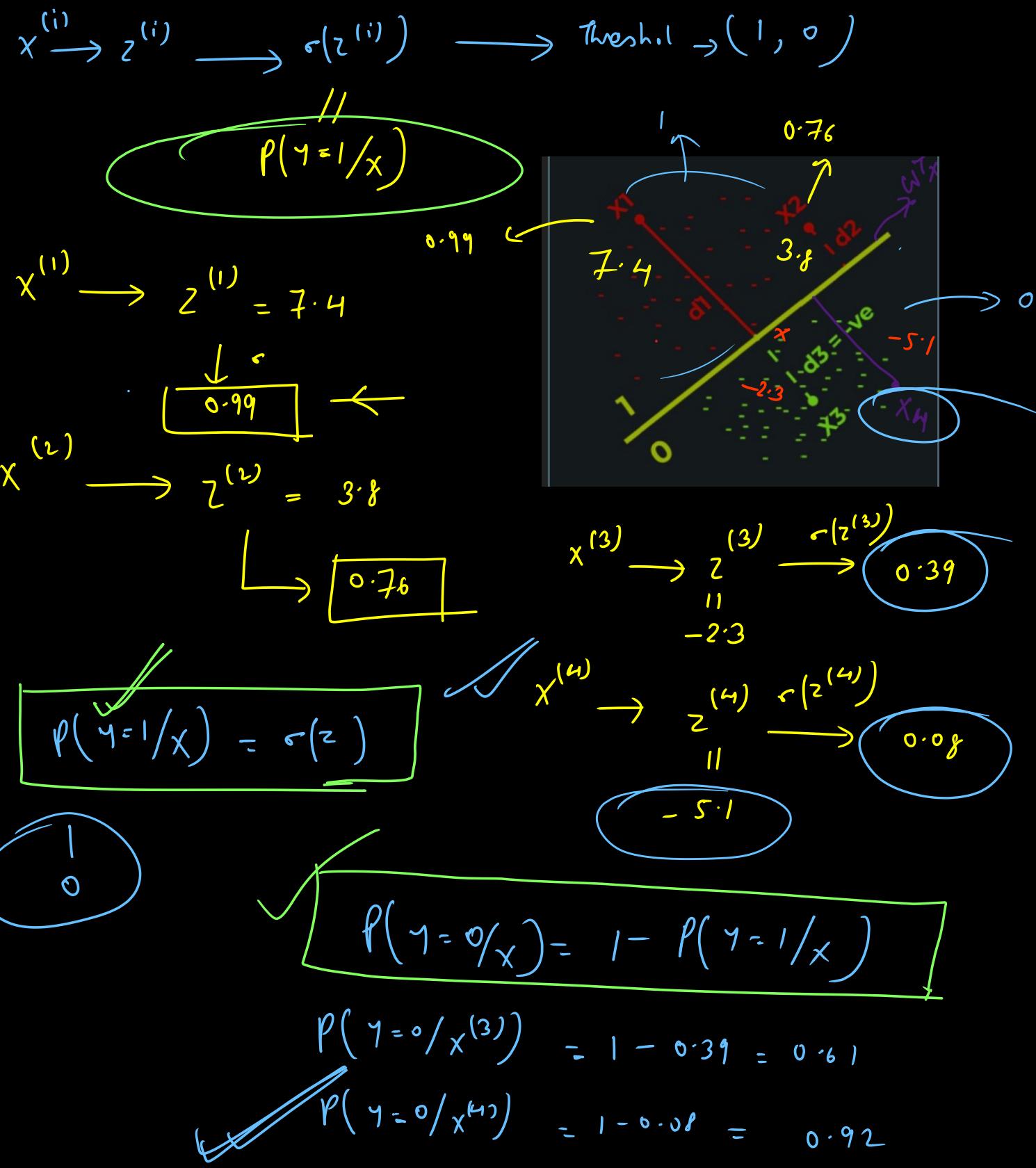
$$\rightarrow \sigma(z) = 0 \dots 1$$

= Probability of class 1
 $= P(y=1/x)$

$$P(y=1/x) = \sigma(z)$$

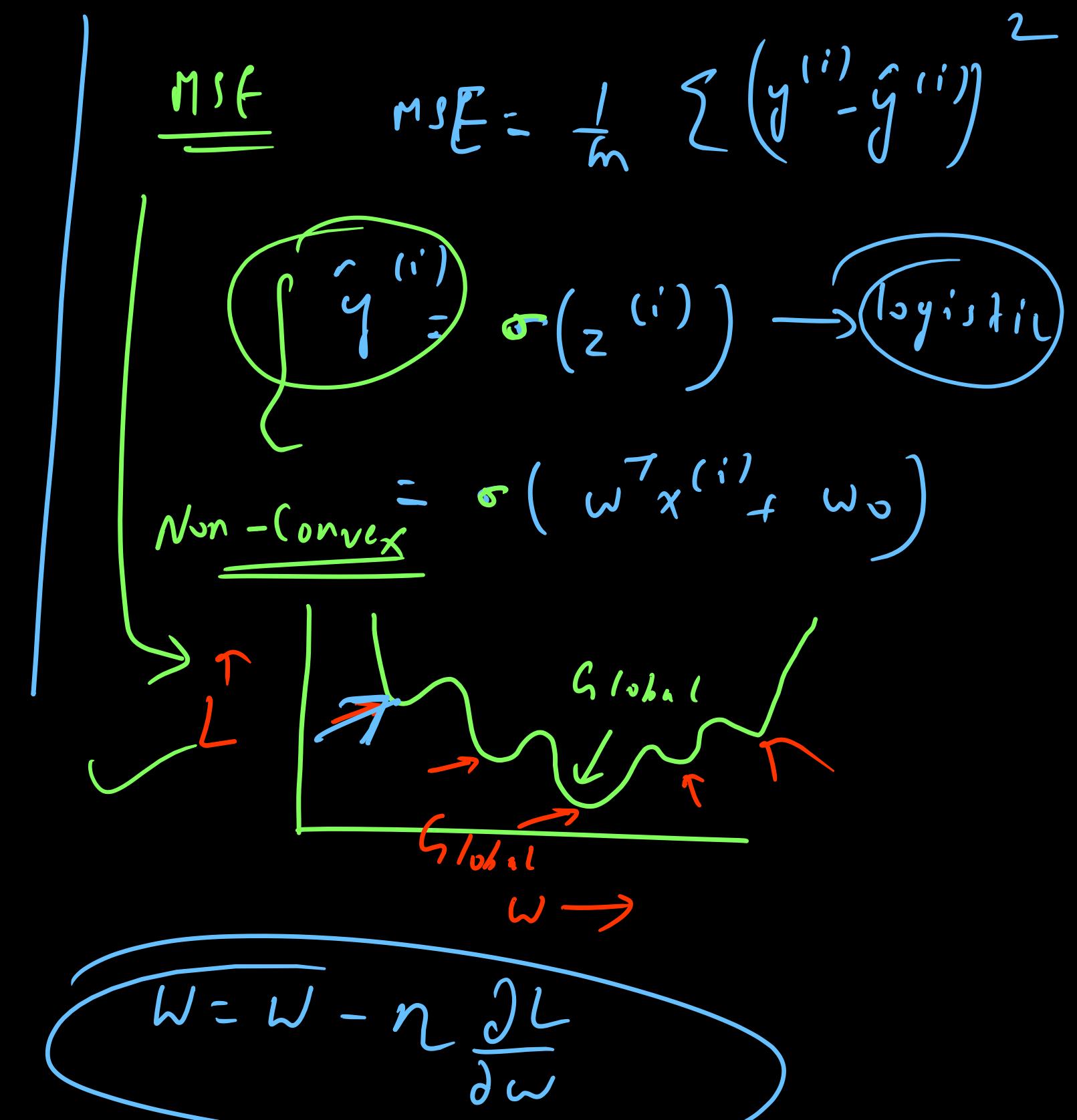
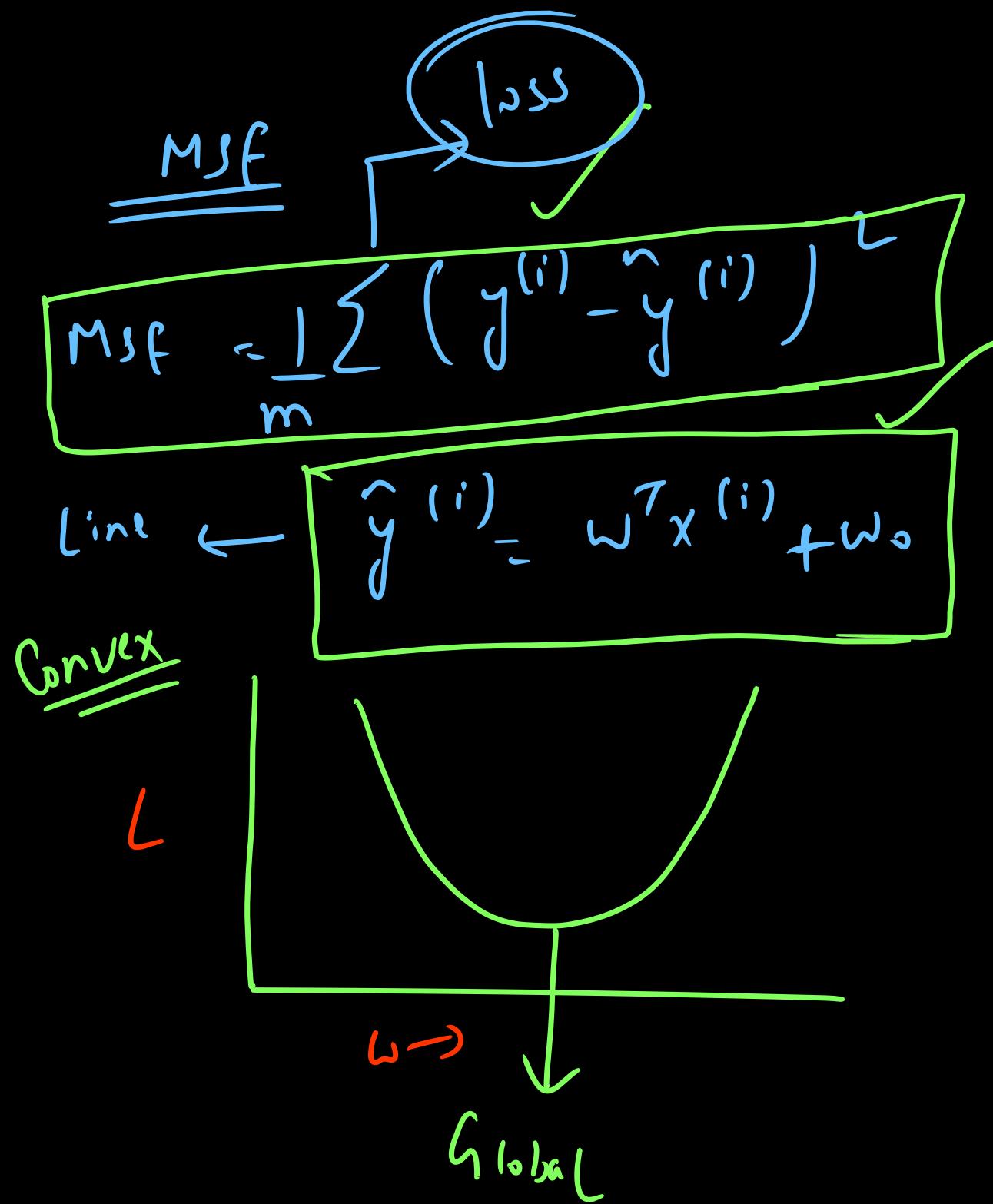
$$P(y=0/x) = 1 - P(y=1/x) = 1 - \sigma(z)$$

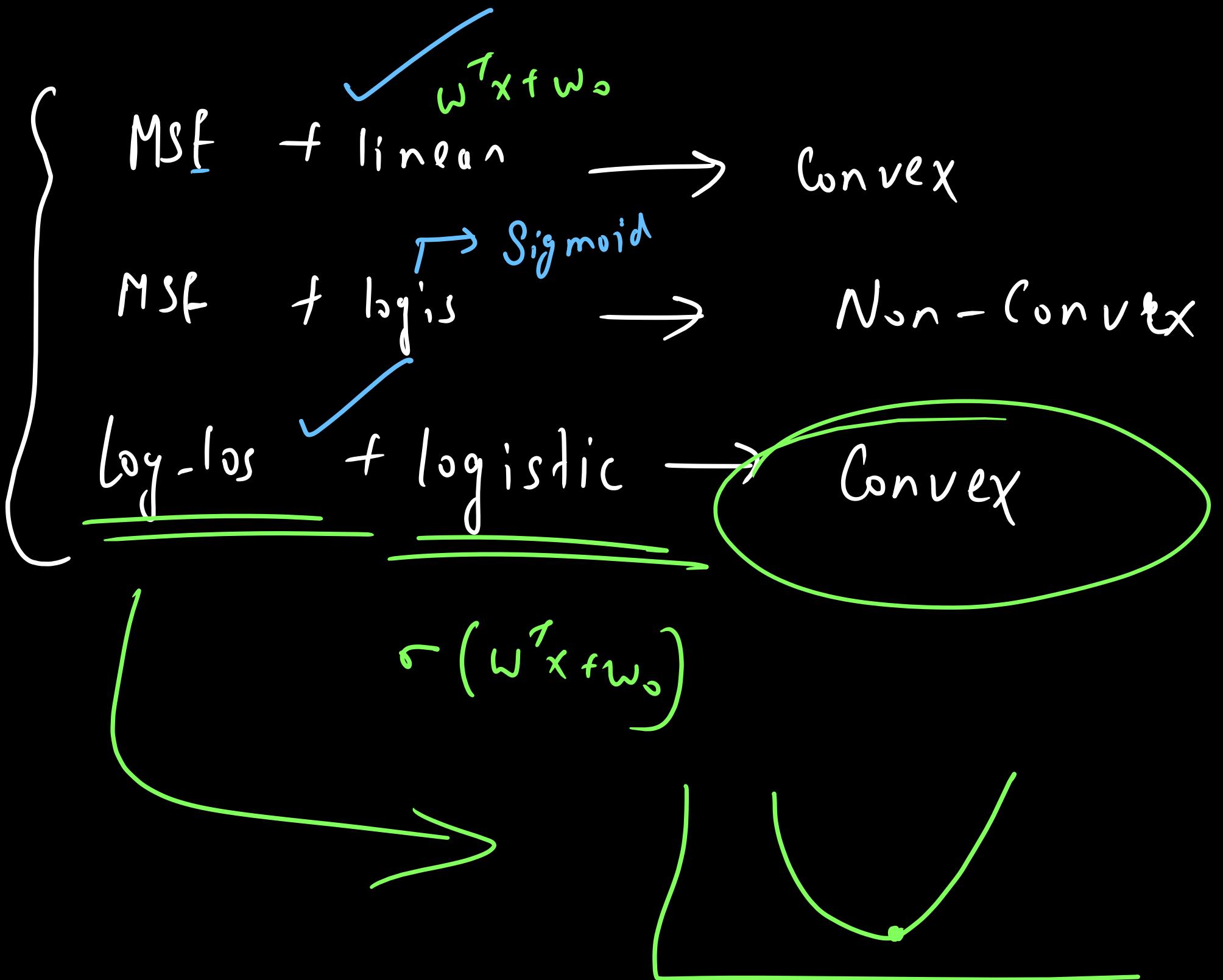




$$z = \underline{w^T x + b}$$

→ Break until 22:35





\rightarrow log-loss (loss for Logistic Reg.) $\xrightarrow{\text{Probab}} \text{target}$ $= \sigma(z^{(i)})$

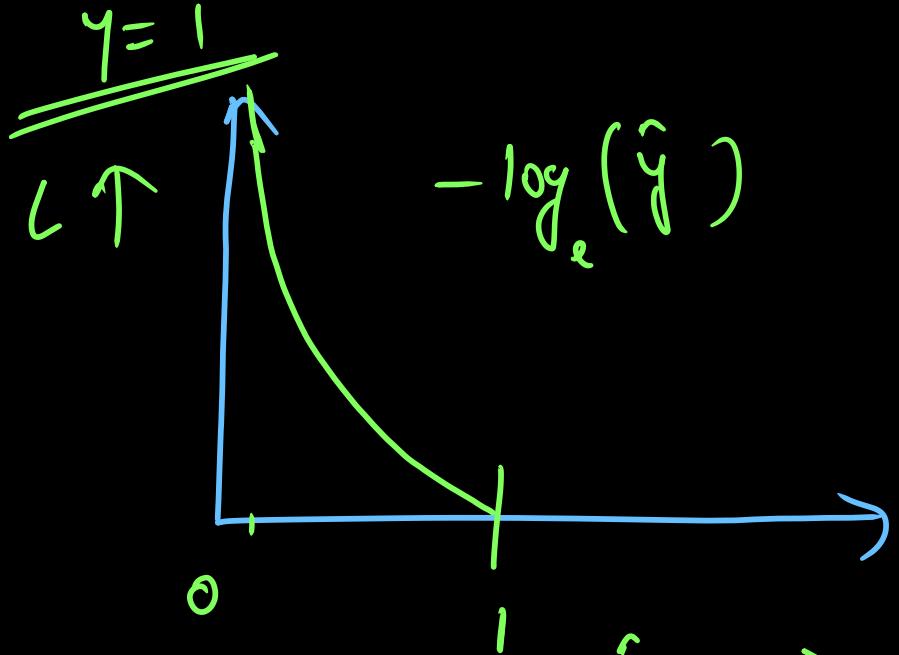
$$\text{log-loss} = \begin{cases} -\log \hat{y}^{(i)} & y^{(i)} = 1 \\ -\log (1 - \hat{y}^{(i)}) & y^{(i)} = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\hat{y}^{(i)} = \sigma(z^{(i)})$$

$$\hat{y}^{(i)} = \sigma(z^{(i)})$$

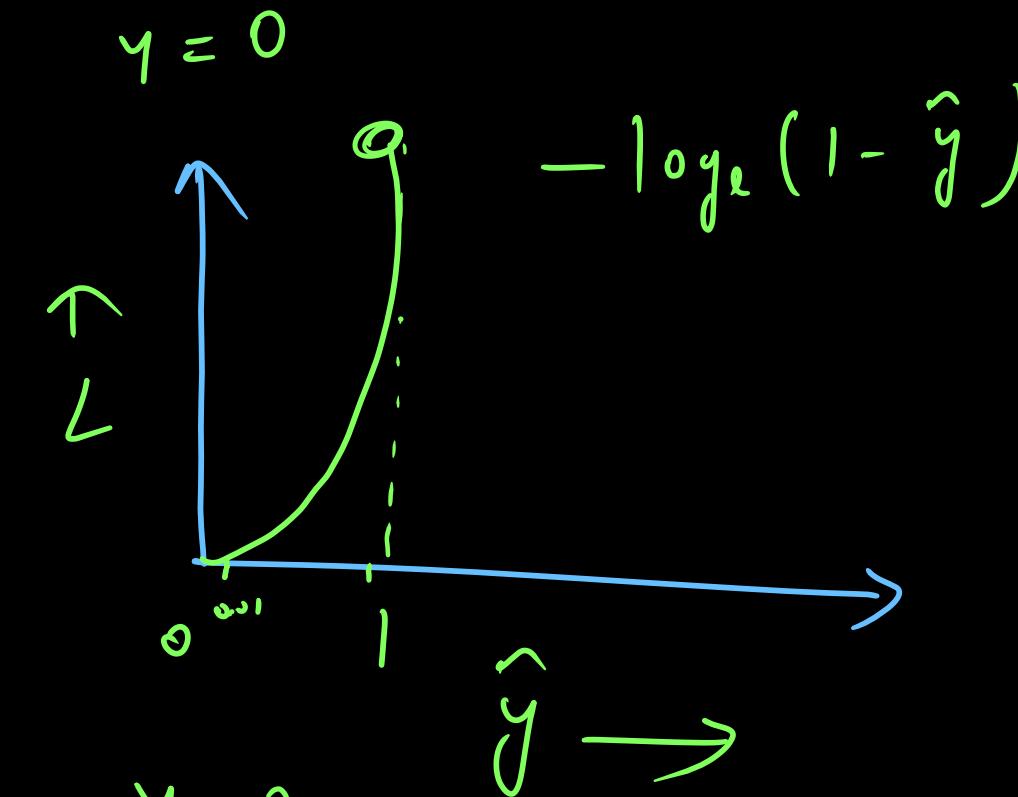
$$z^{(i)} = \omega^T x^{(i)} + w_0$$

$$(0-1)$$



$\gamma = 1$
 $\hat{y} = 0.999$

$\gamma = 1$
 $\hat{y} = 0.001$



$\gamma = 0$
 $\hat{y} = 0.01$
 $-\log(1 - 0.01)$
 $\approx -\log_e(0.99)$

$$L = - \left[\gamma^{(i)} \log(\hat{y}^{(i)}) + (1 - \gamma^{(i)}) \log(1 - \hat{y}^{(i)}) \right]$$

$\log - \text{loss}(L)$ Probability target
↙
 $\begin{cases} -\log \hat{y}^{(i)} & y^{(i)} = 1 \\ -\log (1 - \hat{y}^{(i)}) & y^{(i)} = 0 \end{cases}$

$$L = \frac{-1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \left[\underbrace{y^{(i)} \log (\hat{y}^{(i)})}_{A} + \underbrace{(1 - y^{(i)}) \log (1 - \hat{y}^{(i)})}_{B} \right]$$

$y^{(i)} = 0$

$y^{(i)} = 1$

β
 $y^{(i)} = 0$

$L = -\log \hat{y}^{(i)}$

$L = -\log (1 - \hat{y}^{(i)})$

→ Optimization

→ Randomly initialize w, w_0

→ Repeat until convergence

$$\frac{MSE}{\frac{1}{2m} \sum_{i=1}^m (y^{(i)} - \hat{y}^{(i)})^2} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} w = w - n \frac{\partial L}{\partial w} \\ + (w^T x + w_0) \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_d} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (y^{(i)} - \hat{y}^{(i)}) x_d^{(i)} \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_0} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (y^{(i)} - \hat{y}^{(i)}) \end{array} \right\}$$

Line → MSE
Log → log-loss
 $+ e^{(w^T x + w_0)}$

$$w^T x + w_0$$

$$w_1 x_1 + w_2 x_2 - \dots - w_d x_d + w_0$$

```
[23] model.coef_
→ array([[0.68445262, 0.29104301, 0.1363756 , 0.79630985, 0.06125924]])

▶ model.intercept_
→ array([-0.01220319])
```

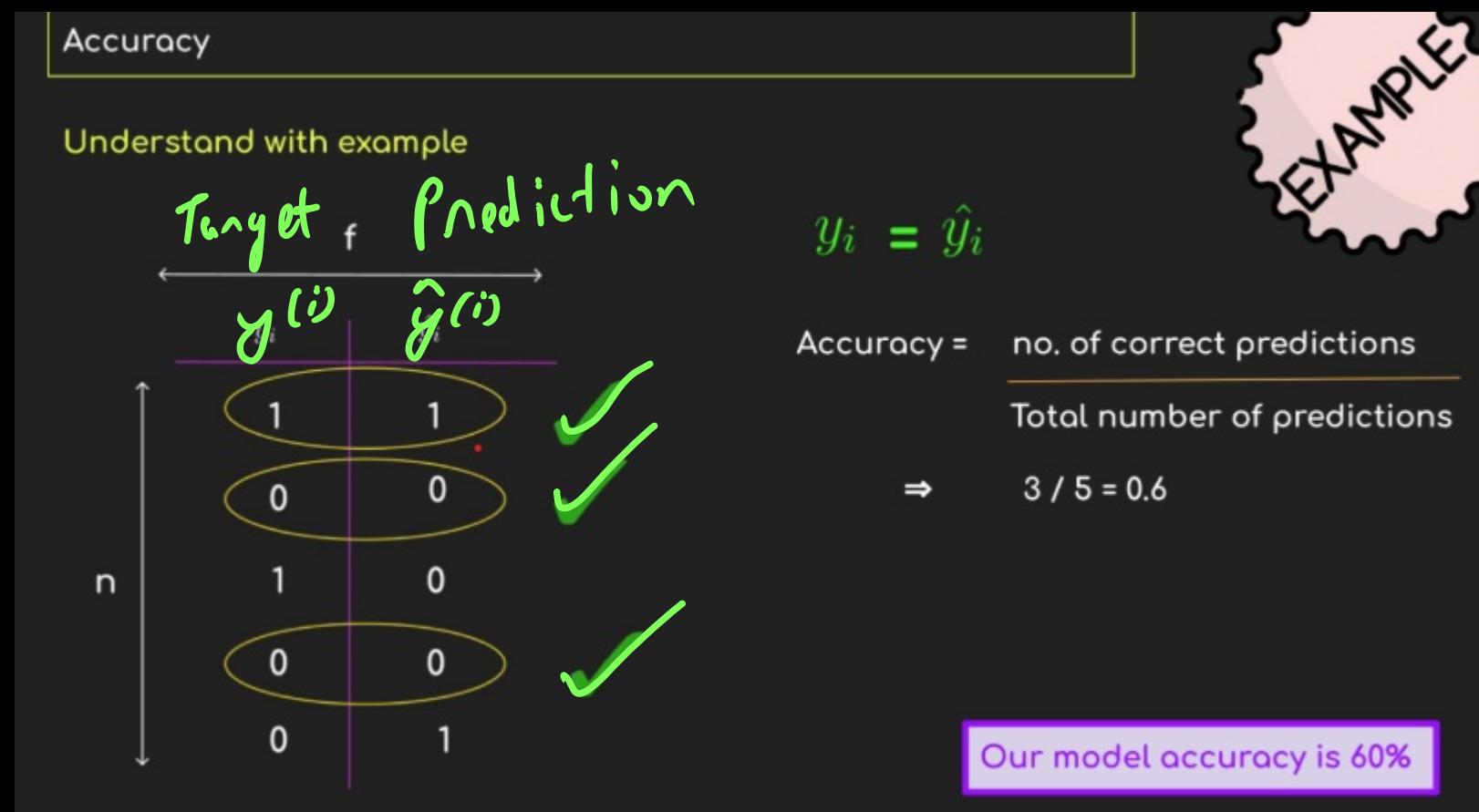
$$w_1 \quad w_2$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$$

$$w_0$$

$$R^2 \rightarrow y^{(i)} \hat{y}^{(i)} (-\alpha, \alpha)$$

Accuracy



$$\frac{3}{5} = 0.6$$

- 60 %

V1 fthes 5

$$\underline{R_{\mu s} = 75.8}$$

> 5 < 10

8x

> 10

MSE + logistic

(1) Non convex



(2)

$$y^{(i)} = 1$$

$$\hat{y}^{(i)} = 0.01$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{log-loss} &= - \left[y^{(i)} \log \hat{y}^{(i)} + (1 - y^{(i)}) \log (1 - \hat{y}^{(i)}) \right] \\ &= - [1 \cdot \log (0.01) + 0] \\ &= -4.605 \end{aligned}$$

For incorrect prediction, log-loss penalizes more than MSE