

Mathematical Modeling and Simulation of a Zombie Epidemic

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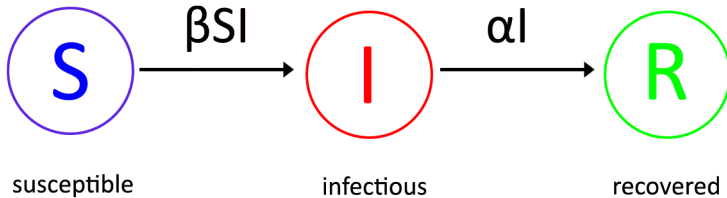
Universität Koblenz - Landau

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Mathematical Modeling for Infectious Disease

- Describe disease scenario in terms of mathematical language
- Study the outbreak dynamics
- Predict the future flow
- Take informed decisions effectively and efficiently

SIR Epidemic Model



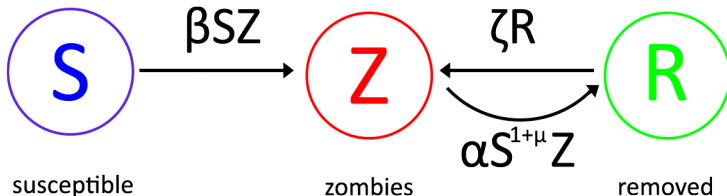
$$S'(t) = -\beta SI$$

$$I'(t) = \beta SI - \alpha I$$

$$R'(t) = \alpha I$$

Reference- [1]

SZR Model with Perturbation



$$S'(t) = -\beta SZ$$

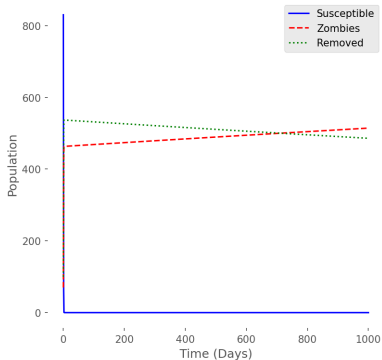
$$Z'(t) = \zeta R + \beta SZ - \alpha S^{1+\mu} Z$$

$$R'(t) = \alpha S^{1+\mu} Z - \zeta R$$

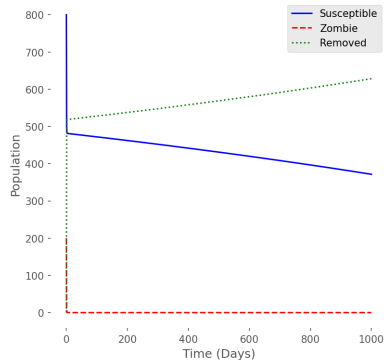
Reference- [2], [3]

SZR Model- Graph Comparison

Basic SZR Model for $t = 1000$ days

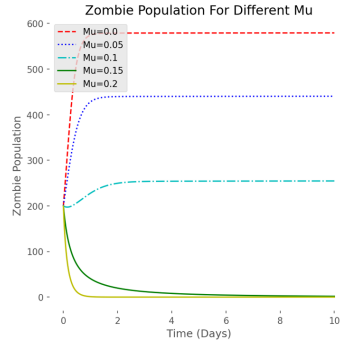
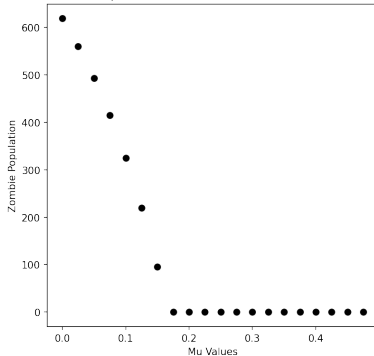


Perturbed SZR Model for $t = 1000$ days

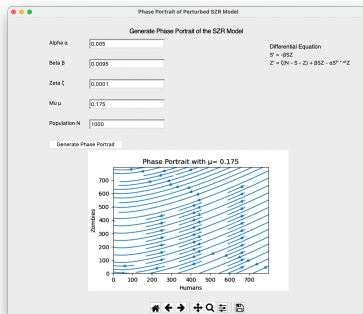
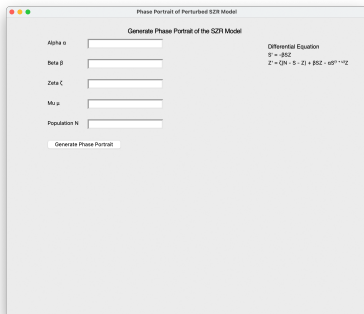


SZR Model with Perturbation- Perturbation Impacts

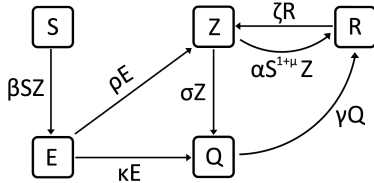
Decrease of Zombie Population With The Increase of Mu Values, at $t = 1000$ days



SZR Model with Perturbation- Graphical Interface Program



Quarantine Model



$$S' = -\beta SZ$$

$$E' = \beta SZ - (\rho + \kappa)E$$

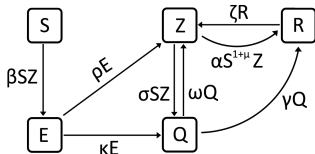
$$Z' = \rho E + \zeta R - \sigma Z - \alpha S^{1+\mu} Z$$

$$Q' = \kappa E + \sigma Z - \gamma Q$$

$$R' = \alpha S^{1+\mu} Z + \gamma Q - \zeta R$$

Reference- [3]

Modified Quarantine Model



$$S' = -\beta SZ$$

$$E' = \beta SZ - (\rho + \kappa)E$$

$$Z' = \rho E + \zeta R - \sigma SZ - \alpha S^{1+\mu} Z + \omega Q$$

$$Q' = \kappa E + \sigma SZ - \gamma Q - \omega Q$$

$$R' = \alpha S^{1+\mu} Z + \gamma Q - \zeta R$$

Modified Quarantine Model

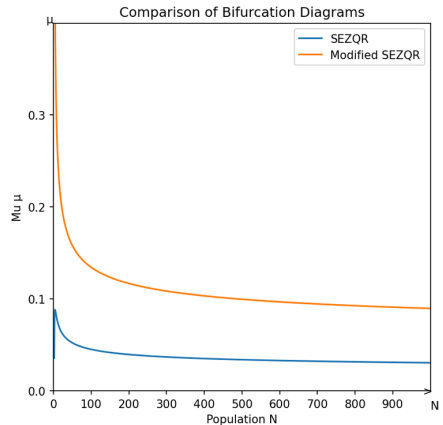
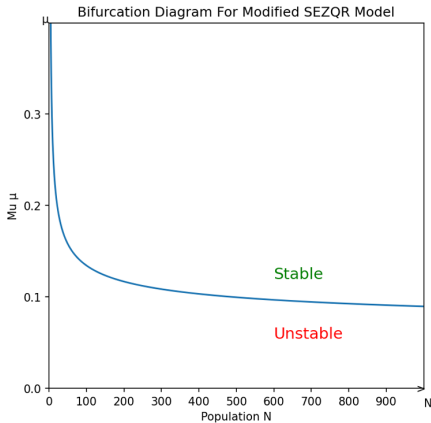
Basic Reproduction Number–

$$R_0(\mu) = \frac{-\beta N[(\zeta - \rho)(\gamma + \omega) + \kappa(\zeta - \omega)]}{(\rho + \kappa)[(\gamma + \omega)(\alpha N^{1+\mu} + \sigma N + \zeta) + \sigma N(\zeta - \omega)]}$$

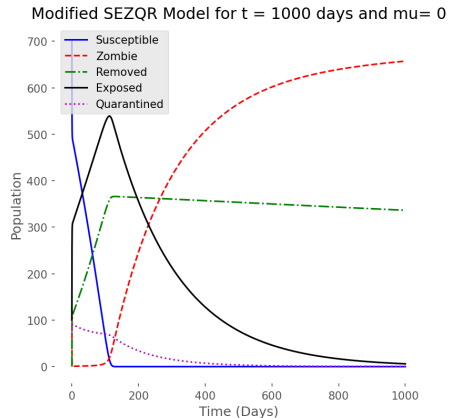
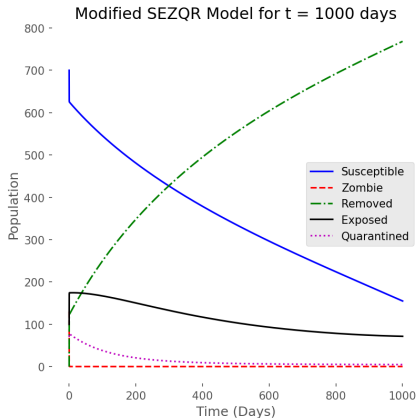
Condition for Disease Free Equilibrium–

$$\mu > \frac{\ln \left(\frac{\beta N[(\zeta - \rho)(\gamma + \omega) + \kappa(\zeta - \omega)] + (\rho + \kappa)[\sigma N(\zeta - \omega) + (\gamma + \omega)(\zeta + \sigma N)]}{-\alpha(\gamma + \omega)(\rho + \kappa)} \right)}{\ln(N)} - 1$$

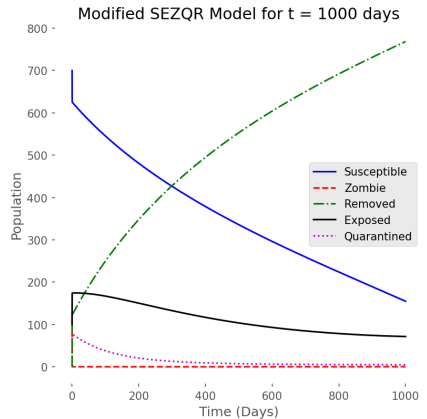
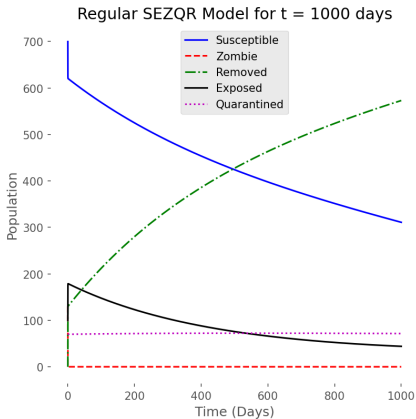
Modified Quarantine Model- Bifurcation Diagrams



Modified Quarantine Model- Graph Comparison 01

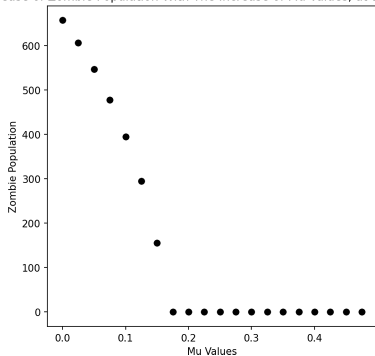


Modified Quarantine Model- Graph Comparison 02

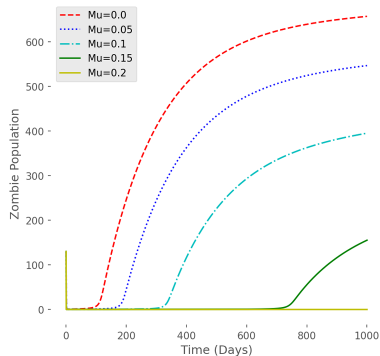


Modified Quarantine Model- Perturbation Impacts

Decrease of Zombie Population With The Increase of Mu Values, at $t = 1000$ days



Zombie Population For Different Mu



Conclusion

- Zombie epidemic can be a good approach to simulate real-world infectious disease outbreaks.
- Parameter estimates depend on real-world data.
- More variables and complications are needed to be considered to make the model more practical as well as pragmatic.

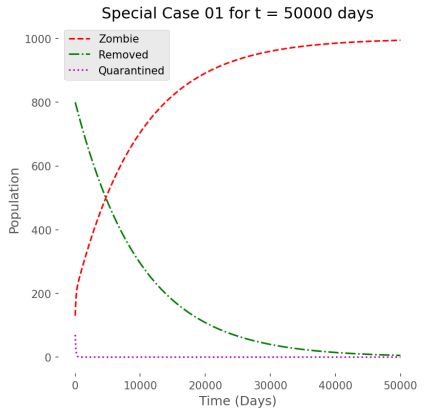
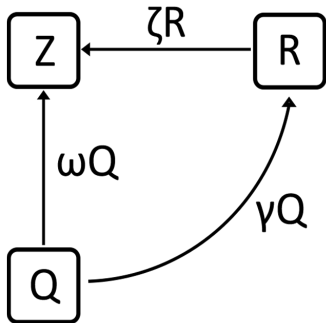
References

- [1] Kermack, W. O., & McKendrick, A. G. (1927). A contribution to the mathematical theory of epidemics. Proceedings of the royal society of london. Series A, Containing papers of a mathematical and physical character, 115(772), 700-721.
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- [2] Munz, P., Hudea, I., Imad, J., & Smith, R. J. (2009). When zombies attack!: mathematical modelling of an outbreak of zombie infection. Infectious disease modelling research progress, 4, 133-150.
URL- <https://webpace.science.uu.nl/~frank011/Classes/modsim/Handouts/Zombies.pdf>
- [3] Allen, R. F., Jens, C., & Wendt, T. J. (2014). Perturbations in Epidemiological Models. Letters in Biomathematics, 1(2), 173-180.
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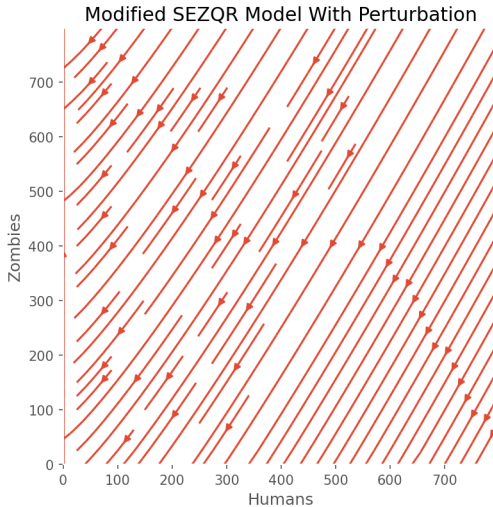
THANK YOU



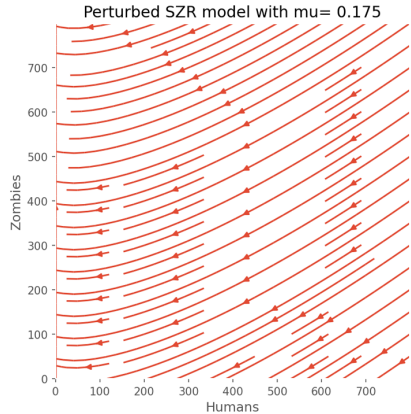
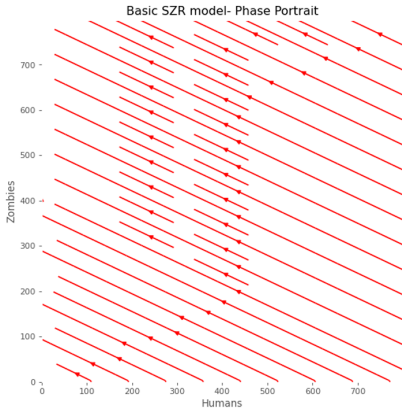
Backup Slide 01



Backup Slide 02



Backup Slide 03



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