LAPORAN AKHIR PRAKTIKUM

Mata Praktikum : PERANCANGAN DAN ANALISIS ALGORITMA

Kelas : 3IA11

Praktikum ke- : 2

Tanggal : 4/112/2024

Materi : Algoritma Devide dan Conquer

NPM : 51422161

Nama : MUHAMMAD TARMIDZI BARIQ

Ketua Asisten : MURAD

Jumlah Lembar : 4



LABORATORIUM TEKNIK INFORMATIKA UNIVERSITAS GUNADARMA 2024

Carikan contoh implementasi logika algoritma devide and conquer berikan visualisasinya
 Algoritma mengurutkan uang kertas dari terkecil ke terbesar menggunakan devide dan conquer

Mulai dengan array: [10000, 50000, 2000, 100000, 5000, 20000]

1. Divide:

[10000, 50000, 2000] [100000, 5000, 20000]

2. Divide lagi:

[10000, 50000] [2000] [100000, 5000] [20000]

3. Divide lagi:

[10000] [50000] [2000] [100000] [5000] [20000]

4. Conquer:

[10000, 50000] [2000] [5000, 100000] [20000]

5. Combine:

[2000, 10000, 50000] [5000, 20000, 100000]

6. Combine semua:

[2000, 5000, 10000, 20000, 50000, 100000]

```
[] <del>|</del>
                                                                             ∝ Share
main.cpp
                                                                                          Run
 1 #include <iostream>
 4 void merge(std::vector<int>& arr, int left, int mid, int right) {
       int n1 = mid - left + 1;
        int n2 = right - mid;
       std::vector<int> L(n1), R(n2);
       for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++)
           L[i] = arr[left + i];
        for (int j = 0; j < n2; j++)
            R[j] = arr[mid + 1 + j];
15
        int i = 0, j = 0, k = left;
        while (i < n1 \& j < n2) {
16
            if (L[i] <= R[j]) {
                arr[k] = L[i];
                arr[k] = R[j];
22
            k++;
        while (i < n1) {
28
            arr[k] = L[i];
29
30
```

```
::
                                                                          -<u>;</u>o;-
                                                                                 ∝ Share
                                                                                              Run
main.cpp
33
        while (j < n2) {
34
            arr[k] = R[j];
35
            j++;
36
38 }
39
40 void mergeSort(std::vector<int>& arr, int left, int right) {
        if (left >= right)
            return;
42
43
        int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
44
45
        mergeSort(arr, left, mid);
        mergeSort(arr, mid + 1, right);
46
47
        merge(arr, left, mid, right);
50 - int main() {
        std::vector<int> uang_kertas = {10000, 50000, 2000, 100000, 5000, 20000};
        std::cout << "Nominal uang kertas sebelum diurutkan: ";</pre>
53
        for (int num : uang_kertas)
            std::cout << num << " ";
54
        std::cout << std::endl;</pre>
56
57
        mergeSort(uang_kertas, 0, uang_kertas.size() - 1);
58
59
        std::cout << "Nominal uang kertas setelah diurutkan: ";</pre>
        for (int num : uang_kertas)
60
            std::cout << num << " ";
62
        std::cout << std::endl;</pre>
63
64
65 }
66
```

Output

