Variance

Numerical Descriptive Measures for a Population: The mean µ

 The population mean is the sum of the values in the population divided by the population size, N

$$\mu = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} X_{i}}{N} = \frac{X_{1} + X_{2} + \dots + X_{N}}{N}$$

Remember

$$\overline{X} = \frac{\displaystyle\sum_{i=1}^{n} X_{i}}{n}$$

= sample mean

Where
$$\mu = population mean (mu)$$

N = population size

 $X_i = i^{th}$ value of the variable X

Measures of Variation: The Variance

Sample variance:

$$S^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (X_i - \overline{X})^2}{n-1}$$

Where $\overline{X} = \text{mean}$

n = sample size

 $X_i = i^{th}$ value of the variable X

Numerical Descriptive Measures For A Population: The Variance σ^2

- Average of squared deviations of values from the mean
 - Population variance:

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} (X_i - \mu)^2}{N}$$

Where μ = population mean

N = population size

 $X_i = i^{th}$ value of the variable X