Analytics: Data→ Intelligence→ Insight

Analytics is the transformation of data to insight. The transformation involves:

- ➤ Understanding the past and current performance to predict future performance.
- ➤ Understanding the the relations, identifying patterns and translating them to meaningful, Useful and relevant business insights, and intelligent strategies
- Laying the foundation for a data driven decision making processs in an enterprise

Business Intelligence (BI)

- BI implies transformation of data to generate meaningful, relevant, and actionable intelligence about the business
- BI addresses an organization's need to answer:
 - What happened? Status of business
 - How many, how often, and where? Transaction summaries
 - What exactly is the problem? Trends and alerts
 - What actions are needed? Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)

BI: Vanity Cosmetics

Standard Report: Daily Sales

	Daily Sales		
Region	<u>Sales</u> \$ (000's)	Sales %	
Toronto	12,180	27%	
Montreal	6,355	14%	
Ottawa	4,674	10%	
Edmonton	3,602	8%	
Vancouver	3,582	8%	
Halifax	3,221	7%	
Quebec City	2,846	6%	
Windsor	2,799	6%	
Burlington	2,792	6%	
Richmond	2,483	6%	

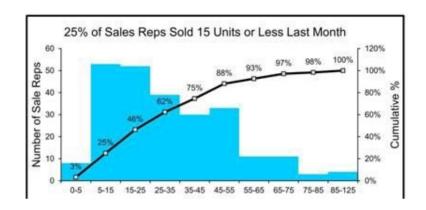
KPI Summary Snapshot			Last 3 Month	Last 12 Month		% of
		Current Month	Average	Average	Target	Target
Finance Metrics	\$ Revenues	\$18,134 K	\$17,985 K	\$17,728 K	\$18,000 K	101%
	\$ Expenses	\$11,358 K	\$11,186 K	\$11,580 K	\$12,600 K	90%
	\$ Profits	\$6,776 K	\$6,799 K	\$6,147 K	\$5,400 K	125%
	% Market Share	44%	46%	45%	52%	85%

Data Analysis

- Data analysis answers the key business question of "Why is this happening?"
- Data analysis is done primarily for events that have already occurred and the data is available for the same
- The nature of data analysis can be
 - Descriptive: Use data to describe why events occurred
 - Inferential/Confirmatory: Use data to infer or confirm assumptions about relationships between data or events

Data Analysis: Vanity Cosmetics

- From the monthly KPI Dashboard, it was observed that there was a lot of variation in sales from Stores in the Richmond region
- Data Analysis (Histogram) revealed that 25% of sales representatives sold less than 15 Units
 or less in the last month
- Further analysis from the field reports revealed that the competitor was running a sale (50% off) that impacted performance of sales representatives



Data Mining

- Practice of examining large preexisting databases to generate new information
- Non-trivial extraction of implicit, previously unknown, and potentially useful information from data
- Exploration and analysis by automatic or semi-automatic means of large quantities of data in order to discover meaningful patterns



Customer Segmentation: Vanity Cosmetics

- Vanity Cosmetics wants to launch a new range of herbal beauty care products and wants to understand the customer segments
- A segmentation analysis creates segments that can be targeted for specific products



Analytics

Analytics is discovering, understanding, and enriching historical patterns to predict and improve business performance.

Patterns of data are not discovered in isolation. Analytics is an all encompassing term as it:

- Uses Data Mining techniques
- Builds on statistical data analysis
- Complements BI
- Uses some aspects of OLAP
- Uses data visualization
- Employs supervised and unsupervised machine learning techniques

