

# Notes concerning article

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# 1 Role of $\gamma$

## 1.1 Introduction

$\mu$  is the renormalization scale,

$$m_0(\lambda) \equiv m_r(\lambda) Z_m(\epsilon, g_r) \quad (1.1)$$

RG equations

$$-\gamma_m \equiv \frac{\partial \log m_r(\lambda)}{\partial \log \mu} = -\frac{\partial \log Z_m}{\partial \log \mu} = \frac{\partial \log Z_m}{\partial \log \mu_0} \quad (1.2)$$

$$m_0(\lambda) = \lambda m_0, \quad \mu_0(\lambda) = \lambda \mu_0$$

We want to find how  $m_r(\lambda)$  transforms. Differentiating equation 1.1

$$\frac{\partial m_0(\lambda)}{\partial \log \lambda} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \log \lambda} (m_r(\lambda) Z_m) = Z_m \frac{\partial m_r(\lambda)}{\partial \log \lambda} + m_r(\lambda) \frac{\partial Z_m}{\partial \log \lambda}$$

$$\frac{1}{Z_m} \frac{\partial m_0(\lambda)}{\partial \log \lambda} = \frac{\partial m_r(\lambda)}{\partial \log \lambda} + \frac{m_r(\lambda)}{Z_m} \frac{\partial Z_m}{\partial \mu_0} \frac{\partial \mu_0}{\partial \log \lambda}$$

$$\frac{\partial m_0(\lambda)}{\partial \log \lambda} = \frac{\partial m_0(\lambda)}{\partial \lambda} \left( \frac{\partial \log \lambda}{\partial \lambda} \right)^{-1} = m_0 \lambda = m_0(\lambda)$$

$$\frac{m_0(\lambda)}{Z_m} = \frac{\partial m_r(\lambda)}{\partial \log \lambda} + \frac{m_r(\lambda)}{Z_m} \frac{\partial Z_m}{\partial \mu_0} \mu_0(\lambda)$$

$$\frac{\partial Z_m}{\partial \mu_0} = \frac{\partial \log Z_m}{\partial \log \mu_0} \frac{\partial \log \mu_0}{\partial \mu_0} \left( \frac{\partial \log Z_m}{\partial Z_m} \right)^{-1} = -\gamma_m \frac{Z_m}{\mu_0}$$

$$\frac{m_0(\lambda)}{Z_m} = m_r(\lambda) = \frac{\partial m_r(\lambda)}{\partial \log \lambda} - \gamma_m m_r(\lambda)$$

$$\frac{\partial m_r(\lambda)}{\partial \log \lambda} = (1 + \gamma_m) m_r(\lambda) \quad (1.3)$$

$$\frac{\partial m_r(\lambda)}{\partial \lambda} = \frac{(1 + \gamma_m)}{\lambda} m_r(\lambda) \Rightarrow m_r(\lambda) = \lambda^{1+\gamma_m} m_r \quad (1.4)$$