

Acute Kidney
Injury
prediction in
patient with
Sepsis.

### Team 4

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# Exploring urine lab data patterns in renal failure during sepsis

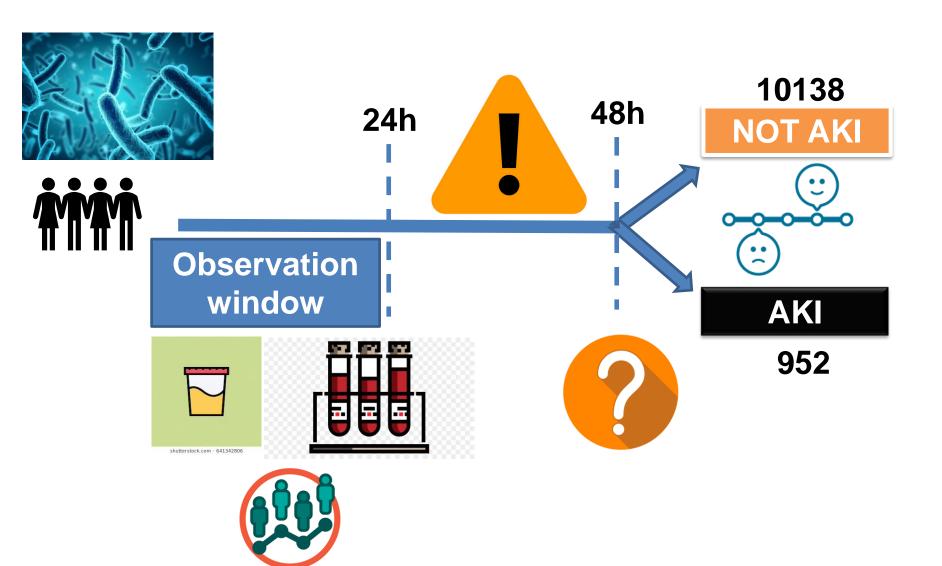
### **INTRODUCTION:**

There are no conclusive studies of the value of urinary biochemical patterns to predict outcome and RRT necessity (because of paucity of data) in the initial phase of sepsis

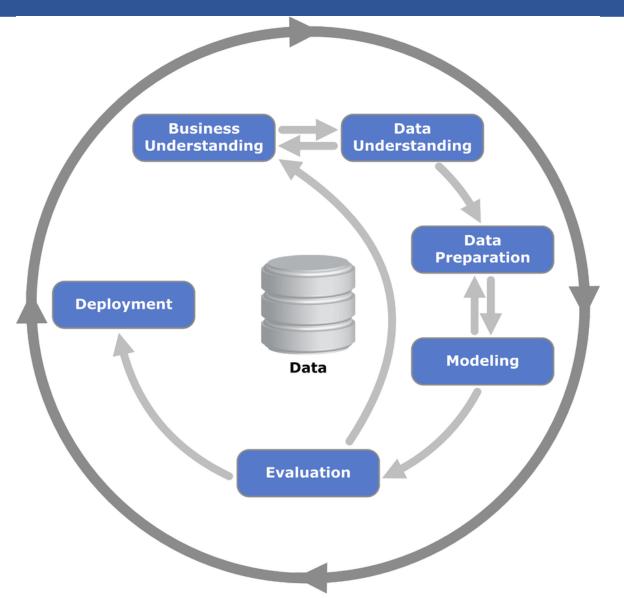
#### **OBJECTIVE:**

This project aims to review if conventional urine lab data in patients with sepsis predict which ones will develop AKI.

### **Overview**



### **HOW - CRISP-DM METHODOLOGY**



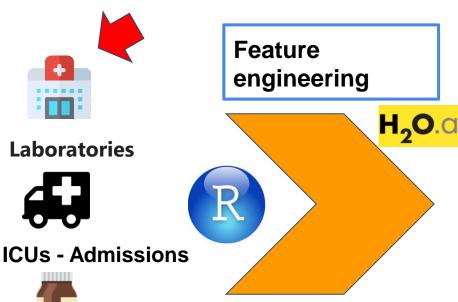
By Kenneth Jensen - Own work based on:

# **M** observations

### **DATA PREPARATION – THE GOAL!**

To put data together is challenging

(N) features (39)(M) observations (11090)



ID	AL	AGE	HEM	LAC	CRE	AKI
1	15	Υ	168	60	21.3	Υ
2	20	Υ	185	80	23.4	Υ
3	65	N	192	90	24.4	N
4	48	N	172	85	28.7	N
5	45	Υ	185	79	23.1	N
6	79	Z	182	71	21.4	Υ
7	22	Υ	186	79	22.8	Υ

**Demographics** 

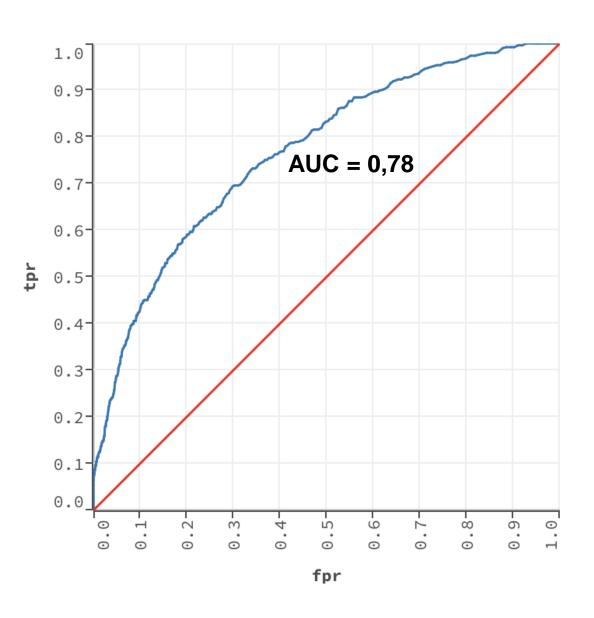


**Monitoring data** 

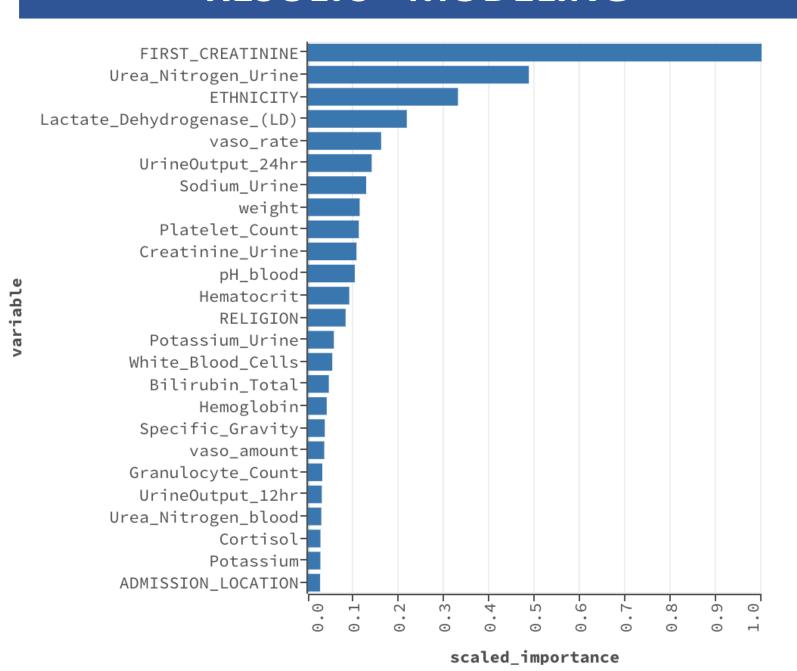
**Data engineering** 

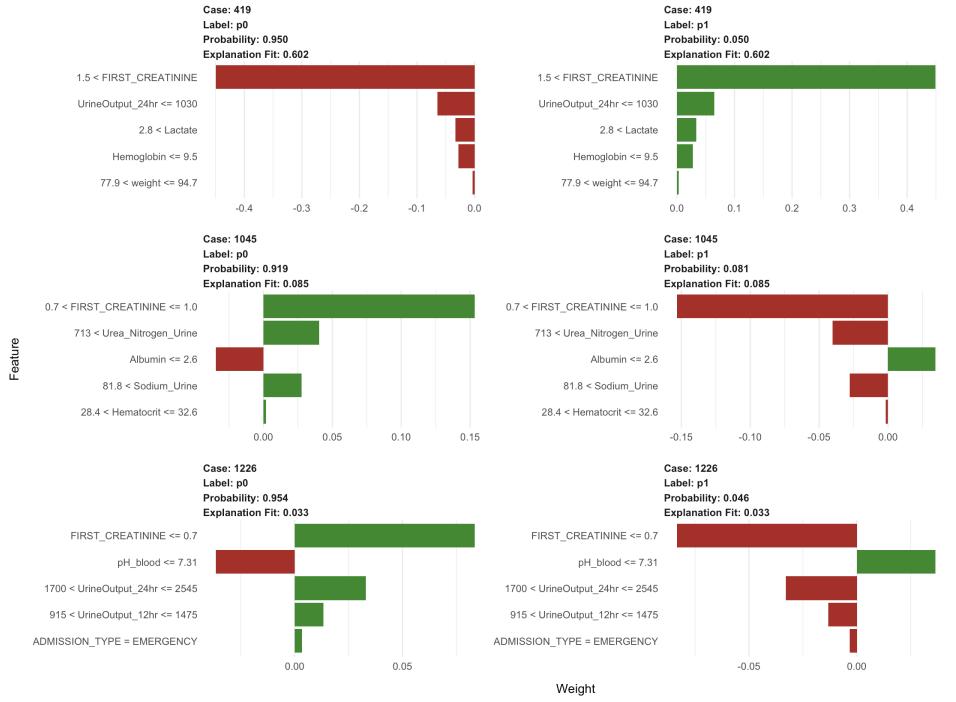
Data points this is the key (N\*M)! After a very expensive process TARGET -> AKI\_CREATININA

## **RESULTS - MODELING**



### **RESULTS - MODELING**





### **Conclusions**



It is feasible to make a good model to predict AKI development (AUC 0,78).



We should take into account evaluate urinary urea nitrogen and lactate dehydrogenase