

习题 3.3

1. 求函数 $y=x^2$ 在点 $x=1$ 的微分, 其中自变量 x 的增量 Δx 分别如下:

$$\Delta x = 0.1; \Delta x = 0.01; \Delta x = 0.001;$$

解: 由公式可得 $dy|_{\{x=1\}} = f'(1)\Delta x$, 分别代入 Δx 可得:

$$dy=0.2; dy=0.02; dy=0.002$$

2. 求下列函数的微分

$$(1) y = \frac{x^2-1}{x^2+1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解: } y &= \frac{x^2+1-2}{x^2+1} = 1 - \frac{2}{x^2+1} \quad \therefore y' = \left(0 - \frac{-2 \cdot 2x}{(x^2+1)^2}\right) = \frac{4x}{(x^2+1)^2} \\ &\therefore dy = \frac{4x}{(x^2+1)^2} dx \end{aligned}$$

$$(2) y = \tan x + \sec x$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解: } y' &= \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + \frac{1}{\cos x} \quad \therefore y' = \frac{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x}{\cos^2 x} + \frac{\sin x}{\cos^2 x} = \sec^2 x + \sec x \tan x \\ &\therefore dy = (\sec^2 x + \sec x \tan x) dx \end{aligned}$$

$$(3) y = \arccos \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\text{解: } y' = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{x^2}}} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{-x^2}\right) = \frac{1}{|x| \cdot \sqrt{x^2-1}}$$

$$\therefore dy = \frac{1}{|x| \cdot \sqrt{x^2-1}} dx \quad \text{且 } (|x|>1)$$

$$(4) y = \arcsin \sqrt{1-x^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解: } y' &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(\sqrt{1-x^2})^2}} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right) \cdot (-2x) \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2}} \cdot \frac{-x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \\ &= \frac{-x}{|x| \sqrt{1-x^2}} \\ &\therefore dy = \frac{-x}{|x| \sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \quad \text{且 } (|x|<1) \end{aligned}$$

$$(5) y = \arctan \frac{x^2-1}{x^2+1}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{解: } y' &= \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{x^2-1}{x^2+1}\right)^2} \cdot \left(\frac{x^2-1}{x^2+1}\right)' \\
 &= \frac{1}{2x^4+2} \cdot 4x = \frac{2x}{x^4+1} \\
 \therefore dy &= \frac{2x}{x^4+1} dx
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{由(1)知} \left(\frac{x^2-1}{x^2+1}\right)' = \frac{4x}{(x^2+1)^2}$$

$$(6) \quad y = (x^2 + 4x + 1)(x^2 - \sqrt{x})$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{解: } y' &= (2x+4)(x^2-\sqrt{x}) + (x^2+4x+1)\left(2x-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}\right) \\
 &= 2x^3 - 2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 4x^2 - 4x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 2x^3 - \frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 8x^2 - 2x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 2x - 2x^{-\frac{1}{2}} \\
 &= 4x^3 + 12x^2 - \frac{5}{2}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2x - 6x^{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}} \\
 \therefore dy &= \left(4x^3 + 12x^2 - \frac{5}{2}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2x - 6x^{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}}\right) dx
 \end{aligned}$$

3. 求下列复合函数的微分

$$(1) \quad y = \ln \sqrt{1+x^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{解: } y' &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1+x^2}} \cdot 2x = \frac{x}{1+x^2} \\
 \therefore dy &= \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(2) \quad y = \arcsin \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{解: } y' &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^2}} \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{x^2}\right) \\
 &= \sqrt{\frac{x^2}{x^2-1}} \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{x^2}\right) \\
 &= \frac{|x|}{\sqrt{x^2-1}} \cdot \frac{1}{-|x|^2} = \frac{1}{|x| \cdot \sqrt{x^2-1}} \\
 \therefore dy &= \frac{1}{|x|\sqrt{x^2-1}} dx \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4-x^2}} dx\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(3) \quad y = \arctan \sqrt{x}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{解: } y' &= \frac{1}{1+(\sqrt{x})^2} \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} = \frac{1}{2(1+x)\sqrt{x}} \\
 \therefore dy &= \frac{1}{2(1+x)\sqrt{x}} dx
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(4) \quad y = e^{\sin x}$$

$$\text{解: } y' = e^{\sin x} \cdot \cos x$$

$$\therefore dy = (e^{\sin x} \cdot \cos x) dx$$

4. 求下列各式的近似值

解: 由微分定义: $\Delta y = f'(x)\Delta x + o(\Delta x)$ ($\Delta x \rightarrow 0$), 即 $f(x + \Delta x) - f(x) \approx f'(x)\Delta x$

$$\therefore f(x + \Delta x) \approx f(x) + f'(x)\Delta x$$

$$(1) \quad \text{令 } \sqrt[3]{1.02} = \sqrt[3]{1 + 0.02} \quad \therefore f(x) = x^{\frac{1}{3}} \quad f'(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^{-\frac{2}{3}} \quad \Delta x = 0.02$$

$$\therefore f(1.02) \approx f(1) + f'(1) \cdot 0.02 = 1 + \frac{1}{3} \times 0.02 = 1.00666 \dots \approx 1.007$$

$$(2) \quad \text{令 } \ln 1.005 = \ln(1 + 0.005) \quad \therefore f(x) = \ln x, \quad f'(x) = \frac{1}{x} \quad \Delta x = 0.005$$

$$\therefore f(1.005) \approx f(1) + f'(1) \cdot 0.005 = 0 + 1 \times 0.005 = 0.005$$