## ME 318M Homework #8

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### **Problem 1:**

## MATLAB Code:

```
function value = f(x, y)
value = x^2 + y^2 - 16;
function value = g(x, y)
value = \exp(x*1/3) + (1/3)*y - 1;
function out = Jacobian(x guess, y guess)
partial circle_y = 2*y_guess;
partial_circle_x = 2*x_guess;
partial curve y = 1/3;
partial curve x = (1/3) \exp(x \text{ guess} 1/3);
out = [partial circle x, partial circle y; partial curve x, partial curve y];
function [out, count] = VectNewR(x guess, y guess)
x 0 = x guess;
y_0 = y_{guess};
count = 0;
while (sqrt((f(x 0, y 0))^2 + (g(x 0, y 0))^2) >= 10e-7) || (sqrt((x 0 - y 0))^2) || (sqrt((x 
x nm1)^2 + (y 0 - y nm1)^2) >= 10e-6
               count = count + 1;
              A = [x \ 0; \ y \ 0];
               J = Jacobian(x_0, y_0);
               F = [f(x_0, y_0); g(x_0, y_0)];
              var New = A - (inv(J))*F;
              x nm1 = x 0;
               y nm1 = y 0;
              x_0 = var_New(1);
               y_0 = var_New(2);
end
out = [x_0; y_0];
count = count;
```

#### Command Window:

```
>> [out, count] = VectNewR(4,-4)
out =
```

```
2.2343
-3.3178
```

count =

5

I wrote a function to implement the Vectorial Newton-Raphson method. To do this, I wrote separate functions for the two given curves and a function to compute the Jacobian given an input. Then, the next x-value and y-value was found using the formula from class. The intersection of these two curves was found to be at x = 2.2343 and y = -3.3178.

#### **Problem 2:**

a) Not sure what this question was asking so I just linearized the given equations. However, I could've also written this question as [JacobianMatrix( $x_0, y_0$ )]\*[ $x_1 - x_0$ ;  $y_1 - y_0$ ] = - [equation1( $x_0, y_0$ ); equation2( $x_0, y_0$ )]

Jacobian = 
$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{x}{17298} & \frac{-\frac{1}{2}}{27702} \\ -\frac{1}{172159} (2x - 60) & \frac{1}{77991} (2y - 1000) \end{bmatrix}$$

c)

#### MATLAB code:

```
function value = f(x, y)
value = (x^2/186^2) + (y^2)/(300^2-186^2) - 1;

function value = g(x,y)
value = (y - 500)^2/(279^2) + (x-300)^2/(500^2-279^2) - 1;

function out = Jacobian(x_guess, y_guess)
partial_f_y = -y_guess/27702;
partial_f_x = x_guess/17298;
partial g y = 1/77841*(2*y guess - 1000);
```

```
partial g x = -1/172159*(2*x guess - 600);
out = [partial f x, partial f y; partial g x, partial g y];
function [out, count] = VectNewR(x_guess, y_guess)
x 0 = x guess;
y_0 = y_guess;
count = 0;
while count < 10</pre>
   count = count + 1;
    A = [x_0; y_0];
    J = Jacobian(x_0, y_0);
    F = [f(x_0, y_0); g(x_0, y_0)];
    var New = A - (inv(J))*F;
    x nm1 = x 0;
    y_nm1 = y_0;
    x_0 = var_New(1);
    y_0 = var_New(2);
end
out = [x \ 0; y \ 0];
count = count;
Command Window:
>> [out, count] = VectNewR(4,-4)
out =
    -8.4286499e+26
    -2.6618638e+34
count =
    10
```

# **Problem 3:**

Reaction dist (liner)

$$x \mid y_1 \rightarrow x^2 \rightarrow xy_1$$
 $30 \mid 5.4 \mid 900 \mid 162 \quad m = 6(34650) - (420)^2 = 0.18858$ 
 $45 \mid 8.9 \mid 2025 \mid 400.5$ 
 $40 \mid 1.2 \mid 5600 \mid 672 \quad b = \frac{78.7 - m}{6} \frac{(420)}{6} = -0.07$ 
 $45 \mid 1.4 \mid 5625 \mid 1057.5$ 
 $46 \mid 1.2 \mid 1400 \mid 1458$ 
 $470 \mid 78.7 \mid 34650 \mid 6498$ 

# Braking