

```
USE[SQL_Retail data analysis]
```

```
-- Q1: What is the total no. of rows in each of the 3 tables in the database?
```

```
SELECT
(SELECT COUNT(transaction_id) FROM Transactions )as transaction_rows_count,
(SELECT COUNT(prod_cat_code) FROM prod_cat_info)as prod_cat_rows_count,
(SELECT COUNT(customer_id) FROM customer_table)as cust_details_rows_count;
```

```
-- Q2 What is the total number of transactions that have a return
```

```
SELECT COUNT(Qty) as Total_Return_transactions from Transactions where Qty<0;
```

```
-- Q3 Pls convert the date variables into valid date formats before proceeding ahead.
```

```
SELECT convert(date,tran_date,110) as date_of_txn from Transactions ;
```

```
--OR
```

```
SELECT CAST(tran_date as date) as date_of_txn from Transactions;
```

```
/*Q4 What is the time range of the transaction data available for analysis?
Show the output in number of days,months, years simultaneously in diff columns.
*/
```

```
select
DATEDIFF(year,min(tran_date),max(tran_date)) as timerange_years,
DATEDIFF(month,min(tran_date),max(tran_date)) as timerange_months,
DATEDIFF(day,min(tran_date),max(tran_date)) as timerange_days
from Transactions;
```

```
--Q5 Which product category does the sub-category "DIY" belong to?
```

```
select prod_cat from prod_cat_info
where prod_subcat='DIY';
```

```
--DATA ANALYSIS
```

```
--Q1 Which channel is most frequently used for transactions?
```

```
select top 1
count(store_type) as channel_txn_freq, Store_type
from Transactions
group by Store_type
```

```
order by channel_txn_freq desc;
```

--Q2 Count of Male and Female customers in data base?

```
select
count(Gender) as Count_Gender,Gender
from Customer_table
where Gender is not null
group by Gender;
```

--Q3 From which city do we have the maximum number of customers and how many?

```
select top 1
count(customer_Id) as count,city_code
from Customer_table
group by city_code
order by count desc;
```

--Q4 How many sub-categories are there under book category?

```
select
prod_cat='books', count(prod_subcat) as no_of_subcat
from prod_cat_info
where prod_cat='Books';
```

--Q5 What is the Maximum Quantity of products ever ordered?

```
select
max(Qty) as Max_Qty_Ever_Ordered
from Transactions;
```

--Q6 What is the net total revenue generated in categories Electronics and Books?

```
SELECT
ROUND(SUM(total_amt),2) AS NET_TOTAL_REVENUE
FROM
Transactions AS T JOIN prod_cat_info AS PCI
ON T.prod_cat_code=PCI.prod_cat_code AND T.prod_subcat_code=PCI.prod_sub_cat_code
WHERE
prod_cat in( 'Electronics','Books');
```

-- Q7 How many customers have > 10 Txn with us, excluding returns?

```
SELECT COUNT (*) AS Count_Customers_more_than_10txn FROM
(select
distinct cust_id
```

```
from Transactions
WHERE Qty>0
group by cust_id
having count(transaction_id)>10
) as C
```

-- Q8 What is the combined revenue earned from the "Electronics" & "Clothing" category, from "Flagship stores"?

```
SELECT round(sum(total_amt),2) as Combined_Revenue
from
Transactions as T join prod_cat_info as P
on T.prod_cat_code=P.prod_cat_code AND T.prod_subcat_code=P.prod_sub_cat_code
where
(P.prod_cat='Electronics' and T.Store_type='Flagship store') OR
(P.prod_cat='Clothing' and T.Store_type='Flagship store')
```

--Q9 What is the total revenue generated from 'Male' customers in 'Electronics' Category?

-- Output should display total revenue by prod sub-cat.

```
SELECT
SUM(total_amt) as Total_Revenue,
prod_subcat
from
Transactions as T join prod_cat_info as P
ON T.prod_cat_code=p.prod_cat_code and T.prod_subcat_code= P.prod_sub_cat_code
JOIN
Customer_table AS C
ON T.cust_id=C.customer_Id
WHERE
Gender='M' AND prod_cat='Electronics'
GROUP BY prod_subcat
```

--Q10 What is percentage of Sales and Returns by prod-sub-cat ?

-- Display only Top 5 sub-cat in terms of sales

---- for Sales ----

```
select prod_subcat_code, concat(percent_sales,'%') as Percent_of_Sales
from
(
SELECT TOP 5
prod_subcat_code, round((sum(total_amt)/(SELECT SUM(TOTAL_AMT) FROM Transactions
WHERE total_amt>0))*100,2) as Percent_Sales
from
```

Transactions

```
where total_amt>0
group by prod_subcat_code
ORDER BY Percent_Sales desc
) as pt
```

----- For Returns -----

```
select prod_subcat_code, concat(Percent_Returns, '%') as Percent_of_Returns
from
(
SELECT TOP 5
prod_subcat_code, round((sum(total_amt)/(SELECT SUM(TOTAL_AMT) FROM Transactions
WHERE total_amt<0))*100,2) as Percent_Returns
```

↗

```
from
Transactions
where total_amt<0
group by prod_subcat_code
ORDER BY Percent_Returns desc
) as pr
```

----Q11. For all customers aged btw 25 to 35 years, find what is the net total revenue generated

↗

----- by these customers in last 30 days of transactions from max transaction date available in data.

↗

```
select sum(total_amt)
from
(
select *,
datediff(year,DOB,getdate()) AS Age,
datediff(day,tran_date,(select max(tran_date) from Transactions )) as Txn_days
from
Transactions as T JOIN Customer_table as CT
ON T.cust_id=CT.customer_Id
) as New
where
Txn_days <= 30 and
Age between 25 and 35
```

---Q12. Which product category has seen the max value of returns in the last 3 months of transactions.

↗

```
SELECT top 1
prod_cat, sum(total_amt) as returns_value
from
Transactions as T join prod_cat_info as P
```

```
on T.prod_cat_code=P.prod_cat_code AND T.prod_subcat_code=P.prod_sub_cat_code
where total_amt<0 and datediff(month,tran_date,(select max(tran_date)from
    Transactions))<3
group by prod_cat
order by returns_value
```

----Q13. Which store type sell the maximum products; by value of sales amt and by Qty sold?

```
select top 1 store_type, sum(total_amt) as sales_value, count(Qty) as qty_sold
from Transactions
where total_amt>0 and Qty>0
group by Store_type
order by sales_value desc, qty_sold desc
```

----Q14. What are the categories for which average revenue is above the overall average.

```
select prod_cat, round(avg(total_amt),2) as average
from
Transactions as T join prod_cat_info as P
on T.prod_cat_code=P.prod_cat_code AND T.prod_subcat_code=P.prod_sub_cat_code
group by prod_cat
having avg(total_amt)>(select avg(total_amt) from Transactions)
```

----Q15. Find the average and total revenue by each subcategory for the categories which are
----- among top 5 categories in terms of Qty sold.

```
CREATE VIEW Topfive_cat as(
select prod_cat
from
(
select top 5 prod_cat, count(Qty) as Qty_Sold
from
Transactions as T join prod_cat_info as P
on T.prod_cat_code=P.prod_cat_code AND T.prod_subcat_code=P.prod_sub_cat_code
group by prod_cat
order by Qty_Sold desc
) as PP)
```

```
Select prod_cat, prod_subcat, avg(total_amt) as avg_revenue, sum(total_amt) as
total_revenue
```

```
from
Transactions as T join prod_cat_info as P
on T.prod_cat_code=P.prod_cat_code AND T.prod_subcat_code=P.prod_sub_cat_code
where prod_cat in (select * from Topfive_cat)
group by prod_cat,prod_subcat
```