

## **Enabling the low latency kernel and core isolation**

→Download the Xilinx linux kernel source at <petalinux-root>/components/  
git clone <https://github.com/Xilinx/linux-xlnx.git>

Go to linux-xilinx  
git checkout xlnx\_rebase\_v4.19

Get the appropriate linux-rt patch version for your kernel from  
<https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/projects/rt/>

-Patches for older kernel revisions can be found in the older/ directory

4.19 patch for peta 2019  
4.13 for 2018  
(see the kernel version of petalinux)

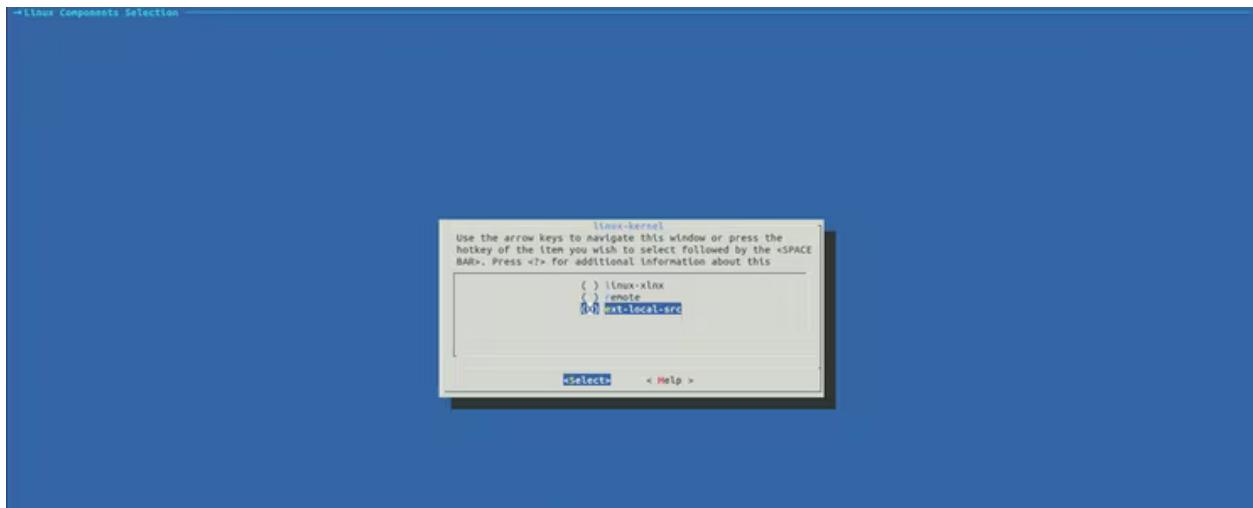
```
$ cd linux-kernel  
$ zcat ../*.patch.gz | patch -p1
```

Create peta linux project

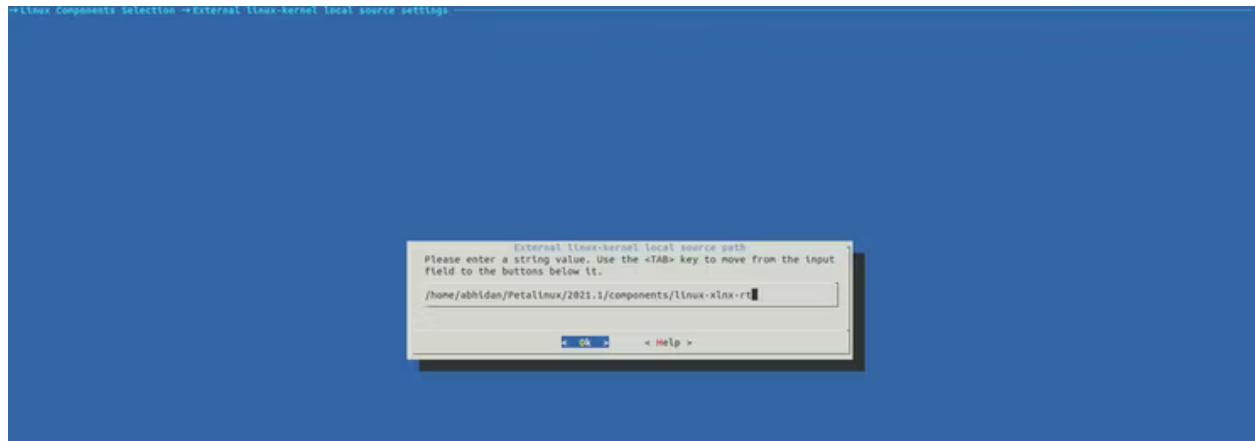
```
$ petalinux-config
```

Go to Components Selection -> linux-kernel  
and change option from linux-xlnx to ext-local-src

Go to Components Selection-> External linux-kernel local source settings-> External  
linux-kernel local source path



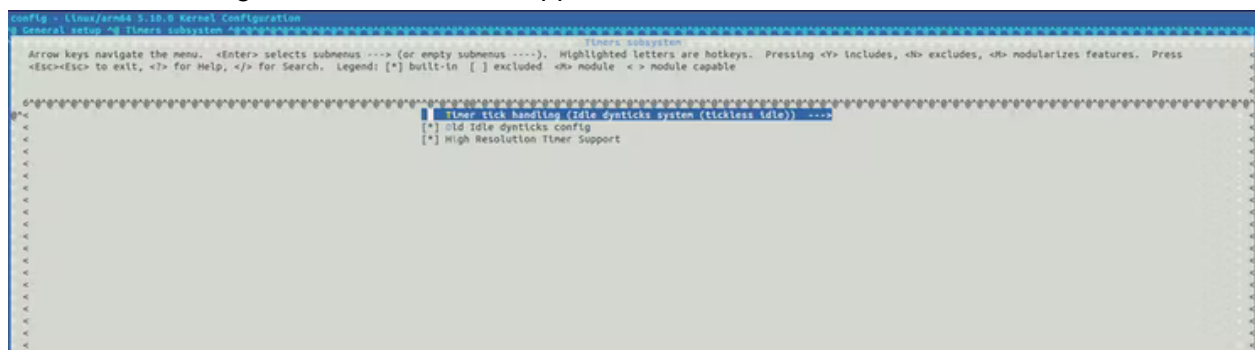
And add the path



Save and exit

petalinux-config -c kernel

Go to General setup -> Timers subsystem and make sure the "High Resolution Timer Support"



Enable preempt\_rt (low latency kernel for our hdf )

Go to Kernel Features -> select Timer frequency and set it to 1000 Hz

Go back to the main menu and select--> CPU power Management Disable the CPU frequency scaling

Save the configuration and exit from the program

Now next build the petalinux project

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For core isolation, include following line in system-user.dtsi file.

isolcpus = 3 (3 will be isolated , 1-3 (1 to 3 will be isolated , 1,2 (1 and 2 be isolated))

```
setenv bootargs 'console=ttyPS0,115200n8 root=/dev/mmcblk0p2 rw rootfstype=ext4 rootwait
earlycon clk_ignore_unused uio_pdrv_genirq.of_id=generic-uio cpuidle.off=1 isolcpus=3
maxcpus=4'
```

To see isolated or not

```
cat /sys/devices/system/cpu/isolated
```