```
/*max equilibrium array o(n^2)*/
import java.io.*;
class GFG {
       static int findMaxSum(int []arr, int n)
       {
               int res = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
               for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
               {
                        int prefix sum = arr[i];
                        for (int j = 0; j < i; j++)
                                prefix_sum += arr[j];
                       int suffix_sum = arr[i];
                       for (int j = n - 1; j > i; j--)
                               suffix_sum += arr[j];
                       if (prefix_sum == suffix_sum)
                                res = Math.max(res, prefix_sum);
               }
               return res;
       }
       // Driver Code
        public static void main (String[] args)
        {
               int arr[] = {-2, 5, 3, 1, 2, 6, -4, 2 };
               int n = arr.length;
               System.out.println(findMaxSum(arr, n));
       }
}
```

```
/*max equilibrium array o(n)*/
import java.lang.Math.*;
import java.util.stream.*;
class GFG {
       // Function to find maximum equilibrium
       // sum.
       static int findMaxSum(int arr[], int n)
       {
               int sum = IntStream.of(arr).sum();
               int prefix_sum = 0,
               res = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
               for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
               {
                       prefix_sum += arr[i];
                      if (prefix_sum == sum)
                              res = Math.max(res, prefix_sum);
                       sum -= arr[i];
               }
               return res;
       }
       // Driver Code
       public static void main(String[] args)
       {
               int arr[] = { -2, 5, 3, 1,
                                      2, 6, -4, 2 };
               int n = arr.length;
               System.out.print(findMaxSum(arr, n));
       }
}
```

```
int arr[] = new int[]{16, 17, 4, 3, 5, 2};
                int size = arr.length;
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
                {
                        int j;
                        for (j = i + 1; j < size; j++)
                        {
                                if (arr[i] <=arr[j])
                                        break;
                        if (j == size) // the loop didn't break
                System.out.print(arr[i] + " ");
                }
/*leaders with o(n)*/
                int arr[] = new int[]{16, 17, 4, 3, 5, 2};
                int n = arr.length;
    int max_from_right=0;
    for (int i = size-1; i >= 0; i--)
                {
                        if (max_from_right < arr[i])</pre>
                        max from right = arr[i];
                        System.out.print(max_from_right + " ");
                        }
                }
/*majority element o(n^2)*/
import java.util.Scanner;
public class majorityele {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
    int arr[]={2,3,3,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,3,3,3,3,3};
    int n= arr.length;
    int index=0,max=0,count;
    for(int i =0;i<n;i++){
      count=0;
      for(int j=0;j<n;j++){
         if(arr[i]==arr[j]){
           count++;
        }
      if(count>max){
         max=count;
         index=i;
      }
    }
    if(max>n/2)
    System.out.println("Majority element "+arr[index]);
    else
    System.out.println("No majority element");
  }
}
/*majority element o(n)*/
import java.io.*;
import java.util.HashMap;
public class majorityele1 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    HashMap<Integer,Integer> map=new HashMap<>();
    int ct=0;
    int arr[]={2,4,3,4,4};
    int n=arr.length;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
      map.put(arr[i], 0);
    int max=0,index=0;
```

```
for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
      ct=map.get(arr[i])+1;
      map.put(arr[i],ct);
      if(ct>max){
         max=ct;
         index=i;
      }
    }
    if(max>n/2)
    System.out.println("Majority element "+arr[index]);
    System.out.println("No majority element");
  }
}
Majority element Boyer Moore
import java.io.*;
class majelt2
{
// Function to find majority element
public static int findMajority(int[] nums)
{
  int count = 0, candidate = -1;
  // Finding majority candidate
  for (int index = 0; index < nums.length; index++) {</pre>
  if (count == 0) {
    candidate = nums[index];
    count = 1;
  }
  else {
    if (nums[index] == candidate)
    count++;
```

```
else
    count--;
  }
  count = 0;
  for (int index = 0; index < nums.length; index++) {</pre>
  if (nums[index] == candidate)
    count++;
  }
  if (count > (nums.length / 2))
  return candidate;
  return -1;
}
public static void main(String[] args)
  int arr[] = { 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 3, 4 };
  int majority = findMajority(arr);
  System.out.println(" The majority element is: "
           + majority);
}
}
Selection Sort
```

```
import java.io.*;
public class selectionsort
{
    void sort(int arr[])
    {
        int n = arr.length;
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < n-1; i++)
        {
            int min idx = i;
            for (int j = i+1; j < n; j++)
                 if (arr[j] < arr[min idx])</pre>
                     min idx = j;
            int temp = arr[min idx];
            arr[min idx] = arr[i];
            arr[i] = temp;
        }
    }
    void printArray(int arr[])
    {
        int n = arr.length;
        for (int i=0; i<n; ++i)</pre>
            System.out.print(arr[i]+" ");
        System.out.println();
    }
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        selectionsort ob = new selectionsort();
        int arr[] = \{64, 25, 12, 22, 11\};
        ob.sort(arr);
        System.out.println("Sorted array");
        ob.printArray(arr);
}
Quick Sort
public class quicksort {
    static void Pivotrecursion(int[] arr,int low,int high){
        if (low<high) {</pre>
        int pivotp=getpivot(arr,low,high);
        Pivotrecursion(arr, pivotp+1, high);
        Pivotrecursion(arr, low, pivotp-1);
        }
```

```
}
    static int getpivot(int []arr,int low, int high) {
         int pivtelt=arr[high];
         int pivotp=low;
         for(int i=low;i<=high;i++) {</pre>
             if(arr[i] < pivtelt) {</pre>
                  int temp=arr[i];
                 arr[i]=arr[pivotp];
                 arr[pivotp]=temp;
                 pivotp++;
             }
         }
         int tmp=arr[pivotp];
         arr[pivotp] = arr[high];
         arr[high]=tmp;
         return pivotp;
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
         int[] arr= new int[]{20,81,43,98,82,28,66};
         Pivotrecursion(arr,0,arr.length-1);
         for(int i=0;i<arr.length;i++)</pre>
             System.out.print(arr[i]+" ");
    }
}
Sorted Unique Permutation
Method 1: O(N*N!)
// Java program to print all the permutation
// of the given String.
//include <algorithm>
//include <String>
```

```
import java.util.*;
class GFG{
// Count of total permutations
static int total = 0;
static void permute(int i, String s)
{
       // Base case
       if (i == (s.length() - 1))
       {
               System.out.print(s + "\n");
               total++;
               return;
        }
        char prev = '*';
       // Loop from j = 1 to length of String
       for(int j = i; j < s.length(); j++)
       {
               char []temp = s.toCharArray();
               if (j > i \&\& temp[i] == temp[j])
                       continue;
               if (prev != '*' && prev == s.charAt(j))
               {
                       continue;
               }
               // Swap the elements
```

```
temp = swap(temp,i,j);
               prev = s.charAt(j);
               // Recursion call
               permute(i + 1, String.valueOf(temp));
       }
}
static char[] swap(char []arr, int i, int j)
{
       char temp = arr[i];
       arr[i] = arr[j];
       arr[j] = temp;
       return arr;
}
static String sortString(String inputString)
{
       // Convert input string to char array
       char tempArray[] = inputString.toCharArray();
       // Sort tempArray
       Arrays.sort(tempArray);
       // Return new sorted string
       return new String(tempArray);
}
// Driver code
public static void main(String[] args)
{
```

```
String s = "abca";
       // Sort
       s = sortString(s);
       // Function call
       permute(0, s);
       System.out.print("Total distinct permutations = " +
                                     total +"n");
}
}
Method 2: O(N!)
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Map;
import java.util.TreeMap;
public class StringPermutation {
  public List<String> permute(char input[]) {
    Map<Character, Integer> countMap = new TreeMap<>();
    for (char ch : input) {
      countMap.compute(ch, (key, val) -> {
         if (val == null) {
           return 1;
         } else {
           return val + 1;
         }
      });
    }
```

```
char str[] = new char[countMap.size()];
  int count[] = new int[countMap.size()];
  int index = 0;
  for (Map.Entry<Character, Integer> entry: countMap.entrySet()) {
    str[index] = entry.getKey();
     count[index] = entry.getValue();
    index++;
  }
  List<String> resultList = new ArrayList<>();
  char result[] = new char[input.length];
  permuteUtil(str, count, result, 0, resultList);
  return resultList;
}
public void permuteUtil(char str[], int count[], char result[], int level, List<String> resultList) {
  if (level == result.length) {
    resultList.add(new String(result));
    return;
  }
  for(int i = 0; i < str.length; i++) {
    if(count[i] == 0) {
       continue;
    }
    result[level] = str[i];
    count[i]--;
     permuteUtil(str, count, result, level + 1, resultList);
    count[i]++;
  }
}
private void printArray(char input[]) {
```

```
for(char ch : input) {
        System.out.print(ch);
    }
    System.out.println();
}

public static void main(String args[]) {
    StringPermutation sp = new StringPermutation();
    sp.permute("AABC".toCharArray()).forEach(s -> System.out.println(s));
}
```

Manuevering

```
class manuevering {
  static int numberOfPaths(int m, int n){
    if (m == 1 | | n == 1)
      return 1;
    return numberOfPaths(m - 1, n)+ numberOfPaths(m, n - 1);
  }
  public static void main(String args[])
  {
     System.out.println(numberOfPaths(3, 3));
  }
}
```

Combinations

```
import java.io.*;
```

```
static void combinationUtil(int arr[], int n, int r, int index, int data[], int i)
    if (index == r)
       for (int j=0; j<r; j++)
         System.out.print(data[j]+" ");
       System.out.println("");
    return;
    }
    if (i >= n)
     return;
    data[index] = arr[i];
    combinationUtil(arr, n, r, index+1, data, i+1);
     combinationUtil(arr, n, r, index, data, i+1);
public static void main (String[] args) {
     int arr[] = \{1, 2, 3\};
    int r = 2;
    int n = arr.length;
    int data[]=new int[r];
    combinationUtil(arr, n, r, 0, data, 0);
  }
}
Josephus trap
import java.io.*;
```

class josephustrap {

```
static int josephus(int n, int k)
{
    if (n == 1)
        return 1;
    else
        return (josephus(n - 1, k) + k - 1) % n + 1;
}

public static void main(String[] args)
{
    int n = 5;
    int k = 2;
    System.out.println("The chosen place is " + josephus(n, k));
}
```

Rate in maze

```
public class RatMazeSolving{
     static int sol[][], cont=0;
     static boolean MazeSolve(int maze[][],int x,int y){
          if(x==maze.length-1 && y==maze[0].length-1){
               sol[x][y]=1;
               return true;
          }
          if(ispassible(maze,x,y)){
               sol[x][y]=1;
               if (MazeSolve (maze, x, y+1))
                     return true;
               if (MazeSolve (maze, x+1, y))
                     return true;
               sol[x][y]=0;
          }
               return false;
```

```
}
     static boolean ispassible(int maze[][], int x, int y){
     cont++;
          if (x>=0 \&\& y>=0 \&\& x<maze.length \&\& y<maze[0].length &&
maxe[x][y] == 1)
           return true;
       return false;
     }
     public static void main(String[] args) {
          int maze[][]={ \{1, 1, 1, 1, 0\},
                          \{0, 0, 0, 1, 1\},\
                          {1, 1, 1, 1, 1},
                          {1, 0, 0, 0, 1},
                          {1, 1, 1, 1, 1}};
          sol= new int[maze.length][maze[0].length];
          if (MazeSolve (maze, 0,0))
                for (int i=0;i<sol.length;i++) {</pre>
                     for (int j=0;j<sol[0].length;j++)</pre>
                          System.out.print(" "+sol[i][j]+" ");
                     System.out.println();
                }
          else
          System.out.println("Solution is not possible");
     }
}
N Queens
public class NQueens {
        static int N = 4;
        static boolean isSafe(int board[][], int row, int col){
            int i, j;
```

```
for (j = col; j >= 0; j--)
        if (board[row][j] == 1)
            return false;
    for (i=row, j=col; i>=0 && j>=0; i--, j--)
        if (board[i][j] == 1)
            return false;
    for (i = row, j = col; j >= 0 && i < N; i++, j--)
        if (board[i][j] == 1)
            return false;
    return true;
}
static boolean solveNQUtil(int board[][], int col){
    if (col >= N)
        return true;
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
        if (isSafe(board, i, col)) {
            board[i][col] = 1;
            if (solveNQUtil(board, col+1))
                return true;
        board[i][col] = 0;
    }
   return false;
}
public static void main(String args[]) {
    int board[][] = new int[N][N];
    if (solveNQUtil(board, 0)){
        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < N; j++)
            System.out.print(" " + board[i][j]+ " ");
        System.out.println();
    }
```

Warnsdorff's Algorithm

```
public class KnightTour {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int chess_board_size = 8;
        KnightTour knightTour = new KnightTour(chess board size);
        knightTour.solveKnightTourProblem();
    }
    int BOARD SIZE;
    int[][] visited;
    int[] xMoves = { 2, 1, -1, -2, -2, -1, 1, 2 };
    int[] yMoves = { 1, 2, 2, 1, -1, -2, -2, -1 };
    public KnightTour(int chessBoardSize) {
        this.BOARD SIZE = chessBoardSize;
        this.visited = new int[BOARD SIZE][BOARD SIZE];
        this.initializeBoard();
    }
    private void initializeBoard() {
        for (int i = 0; i < BOARD SIZE; i++)</pre>
            for (int j = 0; j < BOARD SIZE; j++)
                this.visited[i][j] = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
    }
    public void printSolution() {
        for (int i = 0; i < BOARD SIZE; i++) {</pre>
            for (int j = 0; j < BOARD SIZE; j++) {
                System.out.print(visited[i][j] + "\t");
            System.out.println();
        }
```

```
public void solveKnightTourProblem() {
        visited[0][0] = 0;
        // start knight tour from top left corner square (0, 0)
        if( solveProblem(1, 0, 0)) {
            printSolution();
        } else {
            System.out.println("No feasible solution found...");
        }
    }
    public boolean solveProblem(int moveCount, int x, int y) {
        // Base Case : We were able to move to each square exactly once
        if (moveCount == BOARD SIZE * BOARD SIZE) {
            return true;
        }
        for (int i = 0; i < xMoves.length; ++i) {</pre>
            int nextX = x + xMoves[i];
            int nextY = y + yMoves[i];
            // check if new position is a valid and not visited yet
            if ( isValidMove(nextX, nextY) && visited[nextX][nextY] ==
Integer.MIN VALUE) {
                visited[nextX][nextY] = moveCount;
                if ( solveProblem(moveCount + 1, nextX, nextY) ) {
                    return true;
                }
                // BACKTRACK !!!
                visited[nextX][nextY] = Integer.MIN VALUE;
            }
        }
        return false;
    }
    public boolean isValidMove(int x, int y) {
        if (x < 0 \mid | x >= BOARD SIZE \mid | y < 0 \mid | y >= BOARD SIZE) {
            return false;
        } else {
        return true;
```

}

```
}
```

Hamiltonian Cycle

```
class HamiltonianCycle
{
      final int V = 5;
      int path[];
     boolean isSafe(int v, int graph[][], int path[], int pos)
      {
           if (graph[path[pos - 1]][v] == 0)
                 return false;
           for (int i = 0; i < pos; i++)
                 if (path[i] == v)
                       return false;
           return true;
      }
     boolean hamCycleUtil(int graph[][], int path[], int pos)
      {
           if (pos == V)
            {
                 if (graph[path[pos - 1]][path[0]] == 1)
                       return true;
                 else
                       return false;
            }
           for (int v = 1; v < V; v++)
            {
                 if (isSafe(v, graph, path, pos))
                       path[pos] = v;
                       if (hamCycleUtil(graph, path, pos + 1) == true)
```

```
return true;
                 path[pos] = -1;
           }
      }
     return false;
}
int hamCycle(int graph[][])
     path = new int[V];
      for (int i = 0; i < V; i++)
           path[i] = -1;
     path[0] = 0;
      if (hamCycleUtil(graph, path, 1) == false)
      {
           System.out.println("\nSolution does not exist");
           return 0;
     printSolution(path);
      return 1;
}
void printSolution(int path[])
      System.out.println("Solution Exists: Following" +
                             " is one Hamiltonian Cycle");
      for (int i = 0; i < V; i++)
           System.out.print(" " + path[i] + " ");
      System.out.println(" " + path[0] + " ");
}
// driver program to test above function
```

```
public static void main(String args[])
      {
            HamiltonianCycle hamiltonian =
                                               new HamiltonianCycle();
            int graph1[][] = \{\{0, 1, 0, 1, 0\},
                  {1, 0, 1, 1, 1},
                  {0, 1, 0, 0, 1},
                  {1, 1, 0, 0, 1},
                  {0, 1, 1, 1, 0},
            };
            hamiltonian.hamCycle(graph1);
            int graph2[][] = \{\{0, 1, 0, 1, 0\},
                  {1, 0, 1, 1, 1},
                  {0, 1, 0, 0, 1},
                  {1, 1, 0, 0, 0},
                  \{0, 1, 1, 0, 0\},\
            };
            hamiltonian.hamCycle(graph2);
      }
}
```