

TYPEAWAY: A Linux Text Editor

A Mini Project Report

*Submitted in partial fulfilment of the
Requirements for the award of the Degree of*

BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING

IN

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

By

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DECLARATION BY THE CANDIDATE

We, **N TARUNI** and **J . PRANAVI** bearing hall ticket numbers, 1602-19-737-120, and 1602-19-737-184 respectively, hereby declare that the project report entitled **TYPEAWAY: A Linux Text Editor** is submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirement for the award of the degree of **Bachelor of Engineering in Information Technology**.

This is a record of bonafide work carried out by us and the results embodied in this project report have not been submitted to any other university or institute for the award of any other degree or diploma.

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Sincerely,

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ABSTRACT

Type Away, as the name suggests, is the recreation of a linux text editor, made using C language. It has exciting features like search, syntax highlighting and adding notes to your text file. The UI is very simple and the colours used catch the eye immediately. This editor allows the user to open, read and edit new and existing documents. The user can also search through the documents. We have also included an additional feature to write notes in a text file.

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. ABOUT THE PROJECT

TypeAway is a linux text editor. It's about 1000 lines of C in a single file with no dependencies, and it implements all the basic features you expect in a minimal editor, as well as syntax highlighting and a search feature.

1.2. PROJECT DOMAIN

The domain of the project is the targeted subject area of a computer program . It is a term most commonly used in software engineering. Formally, it represents the target subject of a specific programming project, whether narrowly or broadly defined. To be concise, a domain in the realm of software engineering commonly refers to the subject area on which the application is intended to apply. Domain consist of two categories:

1. Technical Domain
2. Functional Dom

1.2.1. TECHNICAL DOMAIN

" TypeAway" is a console based C project. It comes under the domain of a console application. A console application is a program designed to be used via a text-only computer interface, such as a text terminal, the command line interface of some operating systems or the text-based interface included with most GUI (Graphical User Interface) operating systems.

1.2.2. FUNCTIONAL DOMAIN

This project is a simple linux text editor which can perform all the functions of a text editor. In addition to this it has syntax highlighting and search features.

1.3. FEATURES

The main features of our text editor are:

→ **Colour:** We have used vibrant colours to convey meaning beyond the basic text.

→ **Syntax highlighting:** It helps to make the code more readable, especially when it's in the context of a document full of other kinds of text.

→ **Notes:** The user can take notes in a text document/file. In order to make a note, the user needs to type “note:” and the following sentence becomes highlighted as a note throughout the document.

2. TECHNOLOGY

In every computer software we need certain hardware components or other software resources to be present on a computer. These prerequisites are known as system requirements. We have two types - Software Requirements and hardware Requirements.

The entire project was made in C language. We used the built-in libraries in C to run our project smoothly.

2.1 Software requirements:

Software Requirements deal with defining software resource requirements and prerequisites that need to be installed on a computer to provide optimal functioning of an application. These requirements or prerequisites are generally not included in the software installation package and need to be installed separately before the software is installed.

The required software Requirements for our project:

→ **Operating system:** Linux Operating System or WSL (Windows subsystem for linux),

→ **C Compiler:** GNU Compiler Collection (GCC)

2.1 Hardware requirements:

Hardware Requirements defined by any operating system or software application is the physical computer resources.

The required Hardware Requirements for our project:

→ **Processor:** Intel Core i5 and above

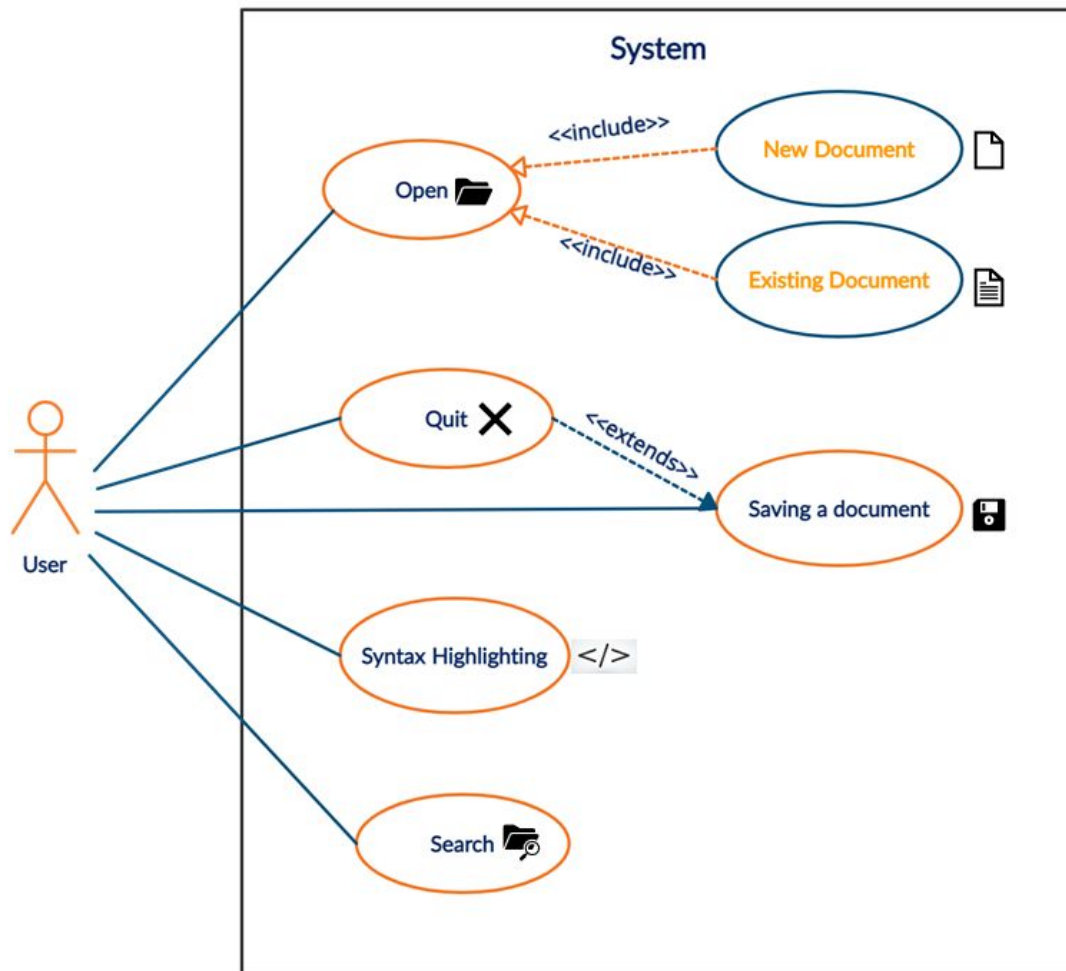
→ **Memory:** 8 GB

3. PROPOSED WORK

3.1. DESIGN

The user has access to the 5 functionalities: Open Document, Quit Document, Save Document, Syntax Highlighting and Search.

USER USE CASES



3.1.1.1. OPEN DOCUMENT

The user can open either new documents or existing documents. If the user specifies the filename, that existing document is opened for the user to edit and write in. If the user does not specify any filename, a new document is loaded for the user to write in.

3.1.1.2. QUIT DOCUMENT

The user can exit/quit the opened document. If the user hasn't made any changes, the document can directly be closed. If the user has made some modifications to the document, the user needs to save the document for the changes to be reflected, before quitting the document. Otherwise, if the user does not wish the changes to be reflected, then he/she can quit the document.

3.1.1.3. SAVE DOCUMENT

The save option is for the changes to be reflected when the file is opened next time. In case the opened document is an existing one, he/she can directly save the document. If the opened document is a new one, the user is prompted to enter a filename to save the current document as.

3.1.1.4. SYNTAX HIGHLIGHTING

The feature of syntax highlighting is only applicable when the file has been saved at least once. When a file is saved, the system detects its filetype and automatically highlights the necessary syntax. Therefore it is important for the user to save the document at least once. In case of a C file, the special keywords like “int”, “main” are highlighted along with single line and multiline comments. In the case of text files, only numbers are highlighted.

3.1.1.5. SEARCH

We have implemented an incremental search feature to progressively **search** for and filter through text. As the user types text, one or more possible matches for the text are found and immediately presented to the user. The user can use arrow keys to navigate through multiple occurrences of the word. The user can press the “ENTER” key to stop the search and point to the word, or press the “ESC” key to exit from search.

3.2. IMPLEMENTATION

3.2.1. CODE

```
#define _DEFAULT_SOURCE
#define _BSD_SOURCE
#define _GNU_SOURCE
#define TAB_STOP 4

/** Include statements**/
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h> //the POSIX Operating System API
#include <termios.h> //for terminal I/O interface
#include <ctype.h> //for iscntrl() method
#include <errno.h> //for handling errors
#include <sys/ioctl.h> //to get terminal dimensions
#include <string.h>
#include <time.h>
```

```

#include <stdarg.h>
#include <fcntl.h>

//#include "search.h"

/** defining our own macros***/
#define CTRL_KEY(key) ((key) & 0x1f) // ANDing with 31 i.e 1f in
hexadecimal ex: 'a' - 97, 'a' & 0x1f - 1
#define ABUF_INIT {NULL, 0}

enum keys {
    BACK_SPACE = 127,
    ARROW_LEFT = 1000,
    ARROW_RIGHT, ARROW_UP,
    ARROW_DOWN,
    DEL_KEY,
    HOME_KEY,
    END_KEY,
    PAGE_UP,
    PAGE_DOWN
};

enum highlight {
    HL_NORMAL = 0,
    HL_COMMENT,
    HL_MLCOMMENT,
    HL_KEYWORD1,
    HL_KEYWORD2,
    HL_STRING,
    HL_NUMBER,
    HL_TEXT,
    HL_MATCH
};

```

```

#define HL_HIGHLIGHT_NUMBERS (1 << 0)
#define HL_HIGHLIGHT_TEXT (1 << 0)
#define HL_HIGHLIGHT_STRINGS (1 << 1)

/**Data**/

struct editorSyntax {
    char *fileType;
    char **fileMatch;
    char **keywords;
    char *singleLineCommentStart;
    char *multiLineCommentsStart;
    char *multiLineCommentsEnd;
    int flags;
};

typedef struct editorRow {
    int index;
    int size, rsize;
    char *chars;
    char *render;
    char *hl; //highlighting
    int hlOpenComment;
} editorRow;

/** global variables */
struct configurations {
    int xCoord, yCoord;
    int rx;
    int rowOffset, colOffset;
    int terminalRows, terminalCols;
    int numRows;
    editorRow *row;
    int dirty; // to know if the changes are saved or not
    char *fileName;

```

```

    char statusmsg[80];
    time_t statusmsg_time;
    struct editorSyntax *syntax;
    struct termios originalTerminal;
};

struct configurations editor;

/**file types**/

char *C_HL_extensions[] = { ".c", ".h", ".c++", NULL };
char *C_HL_keywords[] = { "switch", "if", "while", "for", "break",
"continue", "return", "else",
    "struct", "union", "typedef", "static", "enum", "class",
"case",
    "int|", "long|", "double|", "float|", "char|", "unsigned|",
"signed|",
    "void|", NULL };
char *TEXT_HL_extension[] = { ".txt", ".docx", NULL };
char *TEXT_HL_keywords[] = { "", NULL };
struct editorSyntax HLDB[] = { // highlight database
    {
        "c/c++",
        C_HL_extensions,
        C_HL_keywords,
        "//", "/*", "*/",
        HL_HIGHLIGHT_NUMBERS | HL_HIGHLIGHT_STRINGS
    },
    {
        "text",
        TEXT_HL_extension,
        TEXT_HL_keywords,
        "note:", "", "",
        HL_HIGHLIGHT_NUMBERS
    }
};

```

```

#define HLDB_ENTRIES (sizeof(HLDB) / sizeof(HLDB[0]))

/** append buffer */
struct abuf {
    char *b;
    int len;
};

void abAppend(struct abuf *ab, const char *s, int len) {
    char *new = realloc(ab -> b, ab -> len + len);
    if (new == NULL) return;
    memcpy(&new[ab -> len], s, len);
    ab -> b = new;
    ab -> len += len;
}

void abFree(struct abuf *ab) {
    free(ab -> b);
}

/** prototypes */
int xCoordTorx(editorRow *row, int cx) {
    int rx = 0;
    for (int j = 0; j < cx; j++) {
        if (row -> chars[j] == '\t')
            rx += (TAB_STOP - 1) - (rx % TAB_STOP);
        rx++;
    }
    return rx;
}

int rxToxCoord(editorRow *row, int rx) {
    int currentRX = 0, x;
    for (x = 0; x < row->size; x++) {
        if (row -> chars[x] == '\t')
            currentRX += (TAB_STOP - 1) - (currentRX % TAB_STOP);
        currentRX++;
    }
}

```

```

        if (currentRX > rx) return x;
    }
    return x;
}

void editorSetStatusMessage(const char *fmt, ...);
char *prompt(char *message, void (*callback)(char *, int));
int colourCodes(int hl);

/**output screen**/
void editorScroll() {
    editor.rx = 0;
    if (editor.yCoord < editor.numrows) {
        editor.rx = xCoordTorx(&editor.row[editor.yCoord],
editor.xCoord);
    }

    if (editor.yCoord < editor.rowOffset) {
        editor.rowOffset = editor.yCoord;
    }
    if (editor.yCoord >= editor.rowOffset + editor.terminalRows) {
        editor.rowOffset = editor.yCoord - editor.terminalRows +
1;
    }
    if (editor.rx < editor.colOffset) {
        editor.colOffset = editor.rx;
    }
    if (editor.rx >= editor.colOffset + editor.terminalCols) {
        editor.colOffset = editor.rx - editor.terminalCols + 1;
    }
}

void indicateRows(struct abuf *ab) {
    for (int currRow = 0; currRow < editor.terminalRows; currRow
++) {
        int fileRow = currRow + editor.rowOffset;
        if (fileRow >= editor.numrows) {

```



```

        if (editor.numrows == 0 && currRow ==
editor.terminalRows / 3) {

            char welcome[80];

            int welcomelen = snprintf(welcome,
sizeof(welcome), "\x1b[33m T\x1b[35my\x1b[33mP\x1b[35me
Away!!\x1b[m");

            if (welcomelen > editor.terminalCols) welcomelen =
editor.terminalCols;

            int padding = (editor.terminalCols - welcomelen) /
2;

            if (padding) {
                abAppend(ab, "~", 1); //cyan
                padding--;
            }

            while (padding--) abAppend(ab, " ", 1);
            abAppend(ab, welcome, welcomelen);
        }
        else {
            abAppend(ab, "~", 1); //light blue
        }
    }
    else {
        int len = editor.row[fileRow].rsize -
editor.colOffset;

        if (len < 0) len = 0;

        if (len > editor.terminalCols) len =
editor.terminalCols;

        char *c =
&editor.row[fileRow].render[editor.colOffset];
        char *hl = &editor.row[fileRow].hl[editor.colOffset];
        int currentColour = -1;
        for (int j = 0; j < len; j++) {
            if (iscntrl(c[j])) {
                char sym = (c[j] <= 26) ? '@' + c[j] : '?';
                abAppend(ab, "\x1b[7m", 4);
                abAppend(ab, &sym, 1);
                abAppend(ab, "\x1b[m", 3);
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        if (currentColour != -1) {
            char buf[16];
            int clen = snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf),
"\x1b[%dm", currentColour);
            abAppend(ab, buf, clen);
        }
    }
    else if (hl[j] == HL_NORMAL) {
        if (currentColour != -1) {
            abAppend(ab, "\x1b[39m", 5);
            currentColour = -1;
        }
        abAppend(ab, &c[j], 1);
    }
    else {
        int colour = colourCodes(hl[j]);
        if (colour != currentColour) {
            currentColour = colour;
            char buf[16];
            int clen = snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf),
"\x1b[%dm", colour);
            abAppend(ab, buf, clen);
        }
        abAppend(ab, &c[j], 1);
    }
}
abAppend(ab, "\x1b[39m", 5);
}
abAppend(ab, "\x1b[K", 3);
abAppend(ab, "\r\n", 2);
}
}

void drawStatusBar(struct abuf *ab) {
    abAppend(ab, "\x1b[7m", 4);
    char status[80], rstatus[80];

```

```

    int len = snprintf(status, sizeof(status), "\x1b[35m %.20s -
%d lines %s\x1b[m", editor.fileName ?
        editor.fileName : "[Unknown File]",
editor.numrows, editor.dirty ? "(modified)" : "");

    int rlen = snprintf(rstatus, sizeof(rstatus), "%s | %d/%d",
editor.syntax ?
        editor.syntax -> fileType : "no file type",
editor.yCoord + 1, editor.numrows);

    if (len > editor.terminalCols) len = editor.terminalCols;
    if (len > editor.terminalCols) len = editor.terminalCols;
    abAppend(ab, status, len);
    while (len < editor.terminalCols) {
        if (editor.terminalCols - len == rlen) {
            abAppend(ab, rstatus, rlen);
            break;
        }
        else {
            abAppend(ab, " ", 1);
            len ++;
        }
    }
    abAppend(ab, "\x1b[m", 3);
    abAppend(ab, "\r\n", 2);
}

void setStatusMessage( const char *fmt, ...) { //variable number of
arguements
    va_list ap;
    //strcat(fmt, "\x1b[32m");
    va_start(ap, fmt);
    vsnprintf(editor.statusmsg, sizeof(editor.statusmsg), fmt,
ap);
    va_end(ap);
    editor.statusmsg_time = time(NULL);
}

void drawMessageBar(struct abuf *ab) {
    abAppend(ab, "\x1b[K", 3);

```

```

    //abAppend(ab, "\x1b[m", 3);

    int msgLen = strlen(editor.statusmsg);

    if ( msgLen > editor.terminalCols) msgLen =
editor.terminalCols;

    if ( msgLen && time(NULL) - editor.statusmsg_time < 5)
abAppend(ab, editor.statusmsg, msgLen);
}

void refreshScreen() {
    editorScroll();

    struct abuf ab = ABUF_INIT;

    abAppend(&ab, "\x1b[?25l", 6); // hide cursor
    //abAppend(&ab, "\x1b[2J", 4);
    abAppend(&ab, "\x1b[H", 3);

    indicateRows(&ab);
    drawStatusBar(&ab);
    drawMessageBar(&ab);

    char buf[32];
    snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "\x1b[%d;%dH", editor.yCoord -
editor.rowOffset + 1, editor.rx - editor.colOffset + 1);
    abAppend(&ab, buf, strlen(buf));

    abAppend(&ab, "\x1b[?25h", 6); // show cursor

    write(STDOUT_FILENO, ab.b, ab.len);
    abFree(&ab);
}

/** Terminal */
void handleError(const char *s) {
    refreshScreen();
    perror(s);
}

```

```

    exit(1);
}

void turnOffFlags(struct termios raw) {
    raw.c_iflag &= ~(IXON | ICRNL | INPCK | BRKINT); //'~'
    complementing and then '&' ANDing the bits

    raw.c_oflag &= ~(OPOST); //'~' complementing and then '&'
    ANDing the bits

    raw.c_cflag |= ~(CS8); //ORing this time and not ANDing

    raw.c_lflag &= ~(ECHO | ICANON | ISIG | IEXTEN); //'~'
    complementing and then '&' ANDing the bits

    //turning off a few needed flags
}

void disableRawMode() {
    tcsetattr(STDIN_FILENO, TCSAFLUSH, &editor.originalTerminal);
}

void enableRawMode() {
    struct termios raw = editor.originalTerminal;
    atexit(disableRawMode);

    if ( tcsetattr(STDIN_FILENO, &(editor.originalTerminal)) ==
-1) handleError("tcsetattr");

    turnOffFlags(raw);

    raw.c_cc[VMIN] = 0;
    raw.c_cc[VTIME] = 1;

    if ( tcsetattr(STDIN_FILENO, TCSAFLUSH, &raw) == -1 )
handleError("tcsetattr");
} // function to enable raw mode

int readKey() {
    int nread;
    char c;

    while ((nread = read(STDIN_FILENO, &c, 1)) != 1) {
        if (nread == -1 && errno != EAGAIN) handleError("read");
    }

    if (c == '\x1b') { //arrow keys have the escape sequence
'\x1b' at the beginning
        char seq[3];

```

```

if (read(STDIN_FILENO, &seq[0], 1) != 1) return '\x1b';
if (read(STDIN_FILENO, &seq[1], 1) != 1) return '\x1b';

if (seq[0] == '[') {
    if (seq[1] >= '0' && seq[1] <= '9') {
        if (read(STDIN_FILENO, &seq[2], 1) != 1) return
'\x1b';

        if (seq[2] == '~') {
            switch (seq[1]) {
                case '1': return HOME_KEY;
                case '3': return DEL_KEY;
                case '4': return END_KEY;
                case '5': return PAGE_UP;
                case '6': return PAGE_DOWN;
                case '7': return HOME_KEY;
                case '8': return END_KEY;
            }
        }
    }
}
else {
    switch (seq[1]) {
        case 'A': return ARROW_UP;
        case 'B': return ARROW_DOWN;
        case 'C': return ARROW_RIGHT;
        case 'D': return ARROW_LEFT;
        case 'H': return HOME_KEY;
        case 'F': return END_KEY;
    }
}

else if (seq[0] == 'O') {
    switch (seq[1]) {
        case 'H': return HOME_KEY;
        case 'F': return END_KEY;
    }
}

```

```

        }

    }

    return '\x1b';
}

else {
    return c;
}

} //separate function because we 're processing it only after we
read a valid key w/o errors

int getCursorPosition(int *rSize, int *cSize) {
    char buffer[32];
    unsigned int i = 0;
    if (write(STDOUT_FILENO, "\x1b[6n", 4) != 4) return -1;

    while (i < sizeof(buffer) - 1) {
        if (read(STDIN_FILENO, &buffer[i], 1) != 1) break;
        if (buffer[i] == 'R') break;
        i ++;
    }

    buffer[i] = '\0';
    if (buffer[0] != '\x1b' || buffer[1] != '[') return -1;
    if (sscanf( &buffer[2], "%d;%d", rSize, cSize) != 2) return
-1;

    return 0;
}

int getWindowSize(int *rSize, int *cSize) {
    struct winsize ws;
    if ( ioctl(STDOUT_FILENO, TIOCGWINSZ, &ws) == -1 || ws.ws_col
== 0) {
        if (write(STDOUT_FILENO, "\x1b[999C\x1b[999B", 12) != 12)
return -1;

        return getCursorPosition(rSize, cSize);
    }

    else {

```

```

        *cSize = ws.ws_col;
        *rSize = ws.ws_row;
        return 0;
    }
}

/** syntax highlighting */
int isSeparator(int c) {
    return isspace(c) || c == '\\0' || strchr(",.()+-/*=~%<>[];",
c) != NULL;
}

int colourCodes(int hl) {
    switch (hl) {
        case HL_MLCOMMENT:
        case HL_COMMENT: return 36; //cyan
        case HL_KEYWORD1: return 33; //Brown
        case HL_KEYWORD2: return 32; // Green
        case HL_NUMBER: return 31; //red
        case HL_TEXT: return 33;
        case HL_MATCH: return 32; //green // when we found the
search results
        case HL_STRING: return 34; //Blue
        default: return 37;
    }
}

void updateSyntax(editorRow *row) {
    row -> hl = realloc(row -> hl, row -> rsize);
    memset(row -> hl, HL_NORMAL, row -> rsize);

    if (editor.syntax == NULL) return;

    char **keywords = editor.syntax -> keywords;

    char *scStart = editor.syntax -> singleLineCommentStart;
    char *mcStart = editor.syntax -> multiLineCommentsStart;

```



```

char *mcEnd = editor.syntax -> multiLineCommentsEnd;

int scStartLen = scStart ? strlen(scStart) : 0;
int mcStartLen = mcStart ? strlen(mcStart) : 0;
int mcEndLen = mcEnd ? strlen(mcEnd) : 0;

int prevSeperator = 1;
int inString = 0;
int inComment = (row -> index > 0 && editor.row[row -> index -
1].hlOpenComment);

int i = 0;
while (i < row->rsize) {
    char c = row -> render[i];
    char prevhl = (i > 0) ? row -> hl[i - 1] : HL_NORMAL;

    if (scStartLen && !inString && !inComment) {
        if (!strncmp(&row->render[i], scStart, scStartLen)) {
            memset(&row->hl[i], HL_COMMENT, row->rsize - i);
            break;
        }
    }

    if (mcStartLen && mcEndLen && !inString) {
        if (inComment) {
            row -> hl[i] = HL_MLCOMMENT;
            if (!strncmp(&row -> render[i], mcEnd, mcEndLen))
            {
                memset(&row -> hl[i], HL_MLCOMMENT, mcEndLen);
                i += mcEndLen;
                inComment = 0;
                prevSeperator = 1;
                continue;
            }
        }
        else {

```

```

        i ++;
        continue;
    }
}
else if (!strcmp(&row -> render[i], mcStart,
mcStartLen)) {
    memset(&row ->hl[i], HL_MLCOMMENT, mcStartLen);
    i += mcStartLen;
    inComment = 1;
    continue;
}
}

if (editor.syntax -> flags & HL_HIGHLIGHT_STRINGS) {
    if (inString) {
        row -> hl[i] = HL_STRING;
        if (c == '\\\ ' && i + 1 < row -> rsize) {
            row -> hl[i + 1] = HL_STRING;
            i += 2;
            continue;
        }
        if (c == inString) inString = 0;
        i ++;
        prevSeperator = 1;
        continue;
    }
    else {
        if (c == '"' || c == '\\\'') {
            inString = c;
            row -> hl[i] = HL_STRING;
            i ++;
            continue;
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }

    if (editor.syntax -> flags & HL_HIGHLIGHT_NUMBERS) {
        if ( (isdigit(c) && (prevSeperator || prevhl ==
HL_NUMBER)) || (c == '.' && prevhl == HL_NUMBER)) { //decimal
numbers also

            row -> hl[i] = HL_NUMBER;
            i ++;
            prevSeperator = 0;
            continue;
        }
    }

    if (editor.syntax -> flags & HL_HIGHLIGHT_TEXT) {
        row -> hl[i] = HL_TEXT;
    }

    if (prevSeperator) {
        int j;
        for ( j = 0; keywords[j]; j++) {
            int klen = strlen(keywords[j]);
            int keyword2 = keywords[j][klen - 1] == '|';

            if (keyword2) klen --;
            if (!strncmp(&row->render[i], keywords[j], klen)
&& isSeparator(row->render[i + klen])) {
                memset(&row->hl[i], keyword2 ? HL_KEYWORD2 :
HL_KEYWORD1, klen);
                i += klen;
                break;
            }
        }

        if (keywords[j] != NULL) {
            prevSeperator = 0;
            continue;
        }
    }
}

```

```

        prevSeperator = isSeparator(c);
        i ++;
    }

    int changed = (row -> hlOpenComment != inComment);
    row -> hlOpenComment = inComment;
    if (changed && row -> index + 1 < editor.numrows)
        updateSyntax(&editor.row[row -> index + 1]);
}

void selectSyntaxHighlight() {
    editor.syntax = NULL;
    if (editor.fileName == NULL) return;

    char *ext = strrchr(editor.fileName, '.');

    for (int entry = 0; entry < HLDB_ENTRIES; entry ++) {
        struct editorSyntax *s = &HLDB[entry];
        int i = 0;
        while (s -> fileMatch[i]) {
            int isExtension = (s -> fileMatch[i][0] == '.');
            if ((isExtension && ext && !strcmp(ext, s ->
fileMatch[i])) || (!isExtension && strstr(editor.fileName, s ->
fileMatch[i]))) {
                editor.syntax = s;

                for ( int fileRow = 0; fileRow < editor.numrows;
fileRow ++) {
                    updateSyntax(&editor.row[fileRow]);
                }

                return;
            }
            i++;
        }
    }
}

```

```

}

/**manipulating row actions**/
void updateRow(editorRow *row) {
    free(row->render);
    row->render = malloc(row->size + 1);
    int index = 0, tabs = 0;

    for (int j = 0; j < row->size; j++) {
        if (row->chars[j] == '\t') tabs++;
    }

    free(row->render);
    row->render = malloc(row->size + tabs * (TAB_STOP - 1) +
1);

    for (int j = 0; j < row->size; j++) {
        if (row->chars[j] == '\t') {
            row->render[index++] = ' ';
            while (index % TAB_STOP != 0) row->render[index++] =
' ';
        }
        else row->render[index++] = row->chars[j];
    }
    row->render[index] = '\0';
    row->rsiz = index;
    updateSyntax(row);
}

void insertRow(int insertAt, char *s, size_t len) {
    if (insertAt < 0 || insertAt > editor.numrows) return;

    editor.row = realloc(editor.row, sizeof(editorRow) *
(editor.numrows + 1));

    memmove(&editor.row[insertAt + 1], &editor.row[insertAt],
sizeof(editorRow) * (editor.numrows - insertAt));

```

```

    for (int j = insertAt + 1; j <= editor.numrows; j++)
        editor.row[j].index++;

    editor.row[insertAt].index = insertAt;

    editor.row[insertAt].size = len;
    editor.row[insertAt].chars = malloc(len + 1);
    memcpy(editor.row[insertAt].chars, s, len);
    editor.row[insertAt].chars[len] = '\\0';

    editor.row[insertAt].rsiz = 0;
    editor.row[insertAt].render = NULL;
    editor.row[insertAt].hl = NULL;
    editor.row[insertAt].hlOpenComment = 0;
    updateRow(&editor.row[insertAt]);
    editor.numrows++;
    editor.dirty++;
}

void freeRow(editorRow *row) {
    free(row->render);
    free(row->chars);
    free(row->hl);
}

void delRow(int at) {
    if (at < 0 || at >= editor.numrows) return;
    freeRow(&editor.row[at]);
    memmove(&editor.row[at], &editor.row[at + 1],
sizeof(editorRow) * (editor.numrows - at - 1));
    for (int j = at + 1; j <= editor.numrows; j++)
        editor.row[j].index++;
    editor.numrows--;
    editor.dirty++;
}

void rowInsertChar(editorRow *row, int insertAt, int c) {

```

```

    if (insertAt < 0 || insertAt > row -> size) insertAt = row ->
size;

    row -> chars = realloc(row -> chars, row -> size + 2);
    memmove(&row -> chars[insertAt + 1], &row -> chars[insertAt],
row -> size - insertAt + 1);
    row -> size++;
    row -> chars[insertAt] = c;
    updateRow(row);
    editor.dirty ++;
}

void rowAppendString(editorRow *row, char *s, size_t len) {
    row -> chars = realloc(row -> chars, row -> size + len + 1);
    memcpy(&row -> chars[row -> size], s, len);
    row -> size += len;
    row -> chars[row -> size] = '\0';
    updateRow(row);
    editor.dirty ++;
}

void rowDelChar(editorRow *row, int at) {
    if (at < 0 || at >= row->size) return;
    memmove(& row -> chars[at], &row -> chars[at + 1], row -> size
- at);
    row -> size --;
    updateRow(row);
    editor.dirty ++;
}

/** editor operations */
void editorInsertChar(int c) {
    if (editor.yCoord == editor.numrows)
        insertRow(editor.numrows, "", 0);
    rowInsertChar(&editor.row[editor.yCoord], editor.xCoord, c);
    editor.xCoord ++;
}

void editorInsertNewline() {

```

```

    if (editor.xCoord == 0) {
        insertRow(editor.yCoord, "", 0);
    }
    else {
        editorRow * row = &editor.row[editor.yCoord];
        insertRow(editor.yCoord + 1, &row -> chars[editor.xCoord],
row -> size - editor.xCoord);
        row = &editor.row[editor.yCoord];
        row -> size = editor.xCoord;
        row -> chars[row -> size] = '\\0';
        updateRow(row);
    }
    editor.yCoord++;
    editor.xCoord = 0;
}

void editorDelChar() {
    if (editor.yCoord == editor.numrows) return;
    if (editor.xCoord == 0 && editor.yCoord == 0) return;

    editorRow * row = &editor.row[editor.yCoord];
    if (editor.xCoord > 0) {
        rowDelChar(row, editor.xCoord - 1);
        editor.xCoord--;
    }
    else {
        editor.xCoord = editor.row[editor.yCoord - 1].size;
        rowAppendString(&editor.row[editor.yCoord - 1], row ->
chars, row -> size);
        delRow(editor.yCoord);
        editor.yCoord--;
    }
}

}

/** file i/o */
void editorOpen(char *fileName) {

```



```

free(editor.fileName);
editor.fileName = strdup(fileName);

selectSyntaxHighlight();

FILE *fp = fopen(fileName, "r");
if (!fp) handleError("fopen");

char *line = NULL;
size_t lineCapacity = 0;
ssize_t linelen;
while ((linelen = getline(&line, &lineCapacity, fp)) != -1) {
    while (linelen > 0 && (line[linelen - 1] == '\n' ||
line[linelen - 1] == '\r'))
        linelen--;
    insertRow(editor.numrows, line, linelen);
}
free(line);
fclose(fp);
editor.dirty = 0;
}

char *rowsToString(int *bufferLen) {
    int totalLen = 0;
    for (int j = 0; j < editor.numrows; j++)
        totalLen += editor.row[j].size + 1;
    *bufferLen = totalLen;

    char *buf = malloc(totalLen);
    char *p = buf;
    for (int j = 0; j < editor.numrows; j++) {
        memcpy(p, editor.row[j].chars, editor.row[j].size);
        p += editor.row[j].size;
        *p = '\n';
        p++;
    }
}

```

```

    }

    return buf;
}

void editorSave() {
    if (editor.fileName == NULL) {
        editor.fileName = prompt("\x1b[34mSave as: %s (ESC to
cancel)", NULL);
        if (editor.fileName == NULL) {
            setStatusMessage("\x1b[36m Save aborted\x1b[m");
            return;
        }
        selectSyntaxHighlight();
    }

    int len;
    char *buf = rowsToString(&len);

    int fd = open(editor.fileName, O_RDWR | O_CREAT, 0644);
    if (fd != -1) {
        if (ftruncate(fd, len) != -1) {
            if (write(fd, buf, len) == len) {
                close(fd);
                free(buf);
                editor.dirty = 0;
                setStatusMessage("\x1b[32m %d bytes written to
disk\x1b[m", len);
                return;
            }
        }
        close(fd);
    }
    free(buf);

    setStatusMessage("\x1b[31m Can't save! I/O error: %s\x1b[m",
strerror(errno));
}

```

```

/**Find**/

void editorFindCallback(char *sequence, int key) { //for
incremental search

    static int last_match = -1;

    static int direction = 1;

    static int saved_hl_line;
    static char *saved_hl = NULL;
    if (saved_hl) {
        memcpy(editor.row[saved_hl_line].hl, saved_hl,
editor.row[saved_hl_line].rsize);
        free(saved_hl);
        saved_hl = NULL;
    }
    if ( key == '\r' || key == '\x1b') {
        last_match = -1;
        direction = 1;
        return;
    }
    else if (key == ARROW_RIGHT || key == ARROW_DOWN) {
        direction = 1;
    }
    else if ( key == ARROW_LEFT || key == ARROW_UP) {
        direction = -1;
    }
    else {
        last_match = -1;
        direction = 1;
    }

    if (last_match == -1) direction = 1;
    int current = last_match;

```

```

for ( int i = 0; i < editor.numrows; i++) {
    current += direction;
    if ( current == -1) current = editor.numrows - 1;
    else if (current == editor.numrows) current = 0;

    editorRow *row = &editor.row[current];
    char *match = strstr(row -> render, sequence);
    if (match) {
        last_match = current;
        editor.yCoord = current;
        editor.xCoord = rxToxCoord(row, match - row ->
render);
        editor.rowOffset = editor.numrows;

        saved_hl_line = current;
        saved_hl = malloc(row -> rsize);
        memcpy(saved_hl, row -> hl, row -> rsize);
        memset(&row -> hl[match - row -> render], HL_MATCH,
strlen(sequence));
        break;
    }
}

void editorFind() {
    int saved_cx = editor.xCoord;
    int saved_cy = editor.yCoord;
    int saved_colOff = editor.colOffset;
    int saved_rowOff = editor.rowOffset;

    char *sequence = prompt("\x1b[32mSearch: %s (Arrows to
navigate | Enter to search | ESC to cancel)\x1b[m",
editorFindCallback);
    if (sequence) free(sequence);
    else {
        editor.xCoord = saved_cx;

```

```

        editor.yCoord = saved_cy;
        editor.rowOffset = saved_rowOff;
        editor.colOffset = saved_colOff;
    }
}

/** input */
char *prompt(char *message, void (*callback)(char *, int)) {
    size_t bufferSize = 128;
    char *buffer = malloc(bufferSize);

    size_t bufferLen = 0;
    buffer[0] = '\0';

    while (1) {
        setStatusMessage(message, buffer);
        refreshScreen();

        int c = readKey();
        if (c == DEL_KEY || c == CTRL_KEY('h') || c == BACK_SPACE)
        {
            if (bufferLen != 0) buffer[--bufferLen] = '\0';
        }
        else if (c == '\x1b') {
            setStatusMessage("");
            if (callback) callback(buffer, c);
            free(buffer);
            return NULL;
        }
        else if (c == '\r') {
            if (bufferLen != 0) {
                setStatusMessage("");
                if (callback) callback(buffer, c);
                return buffer;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
}
else if (!iscntrl(c) && c < 128) {
    if (bufferLen == bufferSize - 1) {
        bufferSize *= 2;
        buffer = realloc(buffer, bufferSize);
    }
    buffer[bufferLen++] = c;
    buffer[bufferLen] = '\0';
}
if (callback) callback(buffer, c);
}
}

void moveCursor(int key) {
    editorRow *row = (editor.yCoord >= editor.numrows) ? NULL :
    &editor.row[editor.yCoord];

    switch (key) {
        case ARROW_LEFT:
            if (editor.xCoord != 0)
                editor.xCoord--;
            else if (editor.yCoord > 0) {
                editor.yCoord--;
                editor.xCoord = editor.row[editor.yCoord].size;
            }
            break;
        case ARROW_RIGHT:
            if (row && editor.xCoord < row->size)
                editor.xCoord++;
            else if (row && editor.xCoord == row->size) {
                editor.yCoord++;
                editor.xCoord = 0;
            }
            break;
    }
}

```

```

    case ARROW_UP:
        if (editor.yCoord != 0)
            editor.yCoord--;
        break;
    case ARROW_DOWN:
        if (editor.yCoord < editor.numrows)
            editor.yCoord++;
        break;
}

row = (editor.yCoord >= editor.numrows) ? NULL :
&editor.row[editor.yCoord];

int rowlen = row ? row->size : 0;
if (editor.xCoord > rowlen) {
    editor.xCoord = rowlen;
}
}

void processKey() {
    static int quit_times = 1;
    int c = readKey();

    switch (c) {
        case '\r':
            editorInsertNewline();
            break;
        case CTRL_KEY('q'):
            if (editor.dirty && quit_times) {
                setStatusMessage("\x1b[31m WARNING!! This file
contains unsaved changes. Press Ctrl+Q again to exit\x1b[m");
                quit_times--;
                return;
            }

            write(STDOUT_FILENO, "\x1b[2J", 4);
            write(STDOUT_FILENO, "\x1b[H", 3);
            exit(0);
            break;
    }
}

```

```

case CTRL_KEY('s'):
    editorSave();
    break;
case HOME_KEY:
    editor.xCoord = 0;
    break;
case END_KEY:
    if (editor.yCoord < editor.numrows)
        editor.xCoord = editor.row[editor.yCoord].size;
    break;
case CTRL_KEY('f'):
    editorFind();
    break;
case BACK_SPACE:
case CTRL_KEY('h'):
case DEL_KEY:
    if ( c == DEL_KEY) moveCursor(ARROW_RIGHT);
    editorDelChar();
    break;

case PAGE_UP:
case PAGE_DOWN:
    if (c == PAGE_UP)
        editor.yCoord = editor.rowOffset;
    else if (c == PAGE_DOWN)
        editor.yCoord = editor.rowOffset +
editor.terminalRows - 1;
    if (editor.yCoord > editor.numrows) editor.yCoord =
editor.numrows;

    int times = editor.terminalRows;
    while (times --)
        moveCursor(c == PAGE_UP ? ARROW_UP : ARROW_DOWN);
    break;
case ARROW_UP:
case ARROW_DOWN:

```



```

        case ARROW_LEFT:
        case ARROW_RIGHT:
            moveCursor(c);
            break;
        case CTRL_KEY('l'):
        case '\x1b':
            break;
        default :
            editorInsertChar(c);
            break;
    }
    quit_times = 1;
}

/** MAIN **/
void initEditor() {
    editor.xCoord = editor.yCoord = 0;
    editor.rx = 0;
    editor.rowOffset = editor.colOffset = 0;
    editor.numrows = 0;
    editor.dirty = 0;
    editor.row = NULL;
    editor.fileName = NULL;
    editor.statusmsg[0] = '\0';
    editor.statusmsg_time = 0;
    editor.syntax = NULL;

    if (getWindowSize(&editor.terminalRows, &editor.terminalCols)
== -1) handleError(" getWindowSize");

    editor.terminalRows -= 2; // one for status bar and one for
message
} // initializing all the fields of configurations
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    enableRawMode();
    initEditor();

```

```

    if ( argc >= 2) editorOpen(argv[1]);
    //editorOpen();

    //enabling raw mode to process every character as they're
    entered

    //like entering a password


    setStatusMessage("\x1b[34m [Ctrl+Q = quit | Ctrl+S = save |
Ctrl+F = find]\x1b[m");
    while (1) {
        refreshScreen();
        processKey();
    }
    //tcsetattr(STDIN_FILENO, TCSAFLUSH, &originalTerminal);
    //turning raw mode off once we're done
    return 0;
}

```

3.2.2. GITHUB/FOLDER STRUCTURE

The main code of the text editor is present in the typeAway.c file. The README file has a one-line description of our project. There is a folder named “textfiles” which contains the files we used to test our code.

GitHub Repo Link: <https://github.com/taruni-always/typeAway>

	taruni-always seperated textfiles	acdbbdf 3 minutes ago	🕒 29 commits
📁	textfiles	seperated textfiles	3 minutes ago
📄	.gitignore	Welcome screen set up, cursor movement	last month
📄	README.md	Update README.md	last month
📄	typeAway	reading files feature is added	25 days ago
📄	typeAway.c	seperated textfiles	3 minutes ago

Within the “textfiles” folder, we have,

taruni-always seperated textfiles			acdbbdf 6 minutes ago History
..			
abc.txt	seperated textfiles		6 minutes ago
test.c	seperated textfiles		6 minutes ago

3.3. TESTING:

Testing is a method to check whether the actual product matches the expected requirements and to ensure that the product is defect-free. This process involves execution of various parts of the product either using manual or automated tools. The purpose is to identify errors, gaps or missing requirements in contrast to the actual requirements

USER TEST CASES:

3.3.1. OPEN DOCUMENT

Test Case ID: TC01		Use Case ID: UC01
Test Case Title: Open Existing Document		
Test Case Description: User attempts to open an existing Document.		
Test Steps:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:

1. The user gives the name of the document to be opened.	System should display the contents of the document and the user should be able to read/write.	The document mentioned by the user is opened. The user can read/write.
---	--	---

Test Case ID: TC02		Use Case ID: UC01
Test Case Title: Open New Document		
Test Case Description:User attempts to open a new Document.		
Test Steps:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:
1. The user attempts to open a new document by not giving any filename.	System should open a new document for the user to write.	A new document is opened and the user can write into it.

3.3.2. QUIT DOCUMENT

Test Case ID: TC03	Use Case ID: UC02
Test Case Title: Quitting before saving	
Test Case Description: User attempts to quit from a document without saving the changes made.	

Test Steps:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:
1. The user presses the combination “Ctrl+q” to quit.	The system should warn the user that he/she is trying to quit before saving the changes made.	The System displays “WARNING!! This file contains unsaved changes. Press Ctrl+Q again to exit”.

Test Case ID: TC04		Use Case ID: UC02
Test Case Title:Quitting after saving		
Test Case Description: User attempts to quit from a document after saving the changes made.		
Test Steps:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:
1.The user presses the combination “Ctrl+q” to quit.	The system should quit from the file.	The document is closed successfully.

3.3.3. SAVE DOCUMENT

Test Case ID: TC05	Use Case ID: UC03
Test Case Title: Saving changes made to an existing document	
Test Case Description: User attempts to save the changes made to an existing document	

Test Steps:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:
1. The user presses the combination “Ctrl+s” to save the changes.	The changes made should be successfully saved.	The changes made are saved and the system displays “xyz bytes written to disk”, where xyz is the number of bytes written.

Test Case ID: TC06		Use Case ID: UC03
Test Case Title: Saving changes in a new document		
Test Case Description: User attempts to save the contents written into a new document		
Test Steps:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:
The user presses the combination “Ctrl+s” to save the changes. The user enters the filename for the document to be saved as.	The system should prompt the user for a name and the changes made should be successfully saved.	The system prompts “Save as:” for the user to enter the filename. The document is saved with the given filename.

3.3.4. SYNTAX HIGHLIGHTING

Test Case ID: TC07	Use Case ID: UC04
Test Case Title: Syntax Highlighting	

Test Case Description: Syntax Highlighting		
Test Steps:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:
1. User opens a document that has been saved at least once.	The system should detect the file type and highlight the necessary syntaxes.	The system detects the file type and highlights the necessary syntaxes.

3.3.5. SEARCH

Test Case ID: TC08		Use Case ID: UC05
Test Case Title: Searching for a word/words		
Test Case Description: The user attempts to search for a word in the opened document.		
Test Steps:	Expected Result:	Actual Result:
<p>1. The user presses the combination “Ctrl+F”.</p> <p>2. The User types the sequence of characters to find the word.</p> <p>The user can navigate through multiple occurrences of the word the user presses “Enter” key or “ESC” key.</p>	<p>The system should point the cursor to the first occurrence of the word,</p>	<p>The system prompts “Search:” for the user to enter the sequence. The user can navigate using arrow keys. When the user presses the “Enter” key, the search prompt is closed and the cursor points to the desired word. If the user presses the “ESC” key instead, he/she comes out of the search but the cursor doesn’t point to the desired word.</p>

4. RESULTS

We were successful in developing a text editor for linux using C language with attractive colour palettes.

USER TEST CASE RESULTS

Test Case 1: Open Existing Document

Harry Potter is a series of seven fantasy novels written by British author J. K. Rowling. The novels chronicle the lives of a young wizard, Harry Potter, and his friends Hermione Granger and Ron Weasley, all of whom are students at Hogwarts School of Witchcraft and Wizardry. The story is set in a magical world known as the Ministry of Magic and subjugate all wizards and Muggles (non-magical people). Since the release of the first book, the series has found immense popularity, positive reviews and commercial success worldwide. They have attracted a large audience as well as younger readers and are often considered cornerstones of modern young adult literature. As of February 2018, the books have sold more than 500 million copies worldwide, making them the best-selling book series in history, and have been translated into eighty languages.[3] The last four books consecutively set records for the fastest-selling books in history, with the final installment selling roughly eleven million copies in the United States within twenty-four hours of its release.

The series was originally published in English by two major publishers, Bloomsbury in the United Kingdom and Scholastic in the United States. A play, Harry Potter and the Cursed Child, based on a story co-written by Rowling, premiered in London on 30 July 2016 at the Lyric Theatre, and its script was published by Little, Brown. The original seven books were adapted into an eight-part film series, the Harry Potter films, which is the third highest-grossing film series of all time as of February 2020. In 2016, the total franchise was estimated at \$25 billion,[4] making Harry Potter one of the highest-grossing media franchises of all time.

A series of many genres, including fantasy, drama, coming of age, and the British school story (which includes elements of thriller, adventure, horror, and romance), the world of Harry Potter explores numerous themes and includes many cultural references.[5] According to Rowling, the main theme is death.[6] Other major themes in the series include prejudice, corruption, and the power of love. The success of the books and films has allowed the Harry Potter franchise to expand with numerous derivative works, a stage play that premiered in Chicago in 2009, a studio tour in London that opened in 2012, a digital platform on which J. K. Rowling has shared new information and insight, and a pentology of spin-off films premiering in November 2016 with Fantastic Beasts and Where to Find Them among many other developments. Most recently, themed attractions, collectively known as The Wizarding World of Harry Potter, have been built at several Universal Parks & Resorts amusement parks around the world.

Harry Potter is a series of seven fantasy novels written by British author J. K. Rowling. The novels chronicle the lives of a young wizard, Harry Potter, and his friends Hermione Granger and Ron Weasley, all of whom are students at Hogwarts School of Witchcraft and Wizardry. The story is set in a magical world known as the Ministry of Magic and subjugate all wizards and Muggles (non-magical people). Since the release of the first book, the series has found immense popularity, positive reviews and commercial success worldwide. They have attracted a large audience as well as younger readers and are often considered cornerstones of modern young adult literature. As of February 2018, the books have sold more than 500 million copies worldwide, making them the best-selling book series in history, and have been translated into eighty languages.[3] The last four books consecutively set records for the fastest-selling books in history, with the final installment selling roughly eleven million copies in the United States within twenty-four hours of its release.

The main story arc concerns Harry's struggle against Lord Voldemort, a dark wizard who intends to become immortal, overthrow the Ministry of Magic, and dominate the wizarding world.

textfiles/abc.txt - 103 lines text | 1/103
[Ctrl+Q = quit | Ctrl+S = save | Ctrl+F = find]


```
Testing this file (quitting before saving)

[Unknown File] - 1 lines (modified) no file type | 1/1
WARNING!! This file contains unsaved changes. Press Ctrl+Q again to exit
```

Test Case 4: Quitting After Saving

```
portkey@Taruni: /mnt/c/Users/Taruni/Desktop/TypeAway
Harry Potter is a series of seven fantasy novels written by British author J. K. Rowling. The novels chronicle the lives of a young wizard, Harry Potter, and his friends known as the Ministry of Magic and subjugate all wizards and Muggles (non-magical people).sssince the release of the first novel, Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone, the books have found immense popularity, positive reviews and commercial success worldwide. They have attracted a wide audience as well as younger readers and are often considered cornerstones of modern young adult literature. As of February 2018, the books have sold more than 500 million copies worldwide, making them the best-selling book series in history, and have been translated into eighty languages.[3] The last four books consecutively set records as the fastest-selling books in history, with the final installment selling roughly eleven million copies in the United States within twenty-four hours of its release. The series was originally published in English by two major publishers, Bloomsbury in the United Kingdom and Scholastic Press in the United States. A play, Harry Potter and the Cursed Child, based on a story co-written by Rowling, premiered in London on 30 July 2016 at the Palace Theatre, and its script was published by Little, Brown. The original seven books were adapted into an eight-part namesake film series by Warner Bros. Pictures, which is the third highest-grossing film series of all time as of February 2020. In 2016, the total value of the Harry Potter franchise was estimated at $25 billion,[4] making Harry Potter one of the highest-grossing media franchises of all time. A series of many genres, including fantasy, drama, coming of age, and the British school story (which includes elements of mystery, thriller, adventure, horror, and romance), the world of Harry Potter explores numerous themes and includes many cultural meanings and references.[5] According to Rowling, the main theme is death.[6] Other major themes in the series include prejudice, corruption, and madness. The success of the books and films has allowed the Harry Potter franchise to expand with numerous derivative works, a travelling exhibition that premiered in Chicago in 2009, a studio tour in London that opened in 2012, a digital platform on which J. K. Rowling updates the series with new information and insight, and a pentalogy of spin-off films premiering in November 2016 with Fantastic Beasts and Where to Find Them, among many other developments. Most recently, themed attractions, collectively known as The Wizarding World of Harry Potter, have been built at several Universal Parks & Resorts amusement parks around the world. Harry Potter is a series of seven fantasy novels written by British author J. K. Rowling. The novels chronicle the lives of a young wizard, Harry Potter, and his friends Hermione Granger and Ron Weasley, all of whom are students at Hogwarts School of Witchcraft and Wizardry. The main story arc concerns Harry's struggle against Lord Voldemort, a dark wizard who intends to become immortal, overthrow the wizard governing body known as the Ministry of Magic and subjugate all wizards and Muggles (non-magical people). Since the release of the first novel, Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone, on 26 June 1997, the books have found immense popularity, positive reviews and commercial success worldwide. They have attracted a wide adult audience as well as younger readers and are often considered cornerstones of modern young adult literature. As of February 2018, the books have sold more than 500 million copies worldwide, making them the best-selling book series in history, and have been translated into eighty languages.[3] The last four books consecutively set records as the fastest-selling books in history, with the final installment selling roughly eleven million copies in the United States within twenty-four hours of its release. The series was originally published in English by two major publishers, Bloomsbury in the United Kingdom and Scholastic Press in the United States. A play, Harry Potter and the Cursed Child, based on a story co-written by Rowling, premiered in London on 30 July 2016 at the Palace Theatre, and its script was published by Little, Brown. The original seven books were adapted into an eight-part namesake film series by Warner Bros. Pictures, which is the third highest-grossing film series of all time as of February 2020. In 2016, the total value of the Harry Potter franchise was estimated at $25 billion,[4] making Harry Potter one of the highest-grossing media franchises of all time.
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Test Case 8: Searching For A word/words

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5. ADDITIONAL KNOWLEDGE ACQUIRED

By implementing this project, we are being introduced to many other libraries like 'termios.h', 'time.h', 'errno.h', 'sys/ioctl.h', 'stdarg.h' and 'fcntl.h'. We were able to use our knowledge of structures, files, i/o handling and pointers to complete this project. We learnt how to make the terminal work in raw mode to process every character/key pressed.

Apart from this, we learn the value of teamwork, coordination and cooperation. We understand how important these skills are to work towards a common goal and successfully complete the project.

6. CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK

In conclusion, we have built a text editor for linux, using C language in which users can read or write into new or existing files. The intention behind this project was to enhance our knowledge in these crucial subjects and further provide the same to all users of our platform. We also wanted to inculcate the practise of Self-Learning, that is, without guidance of professors or institutions. Our motive is for students to take ownership of their learning and additionally build independence.

At present, we have only added syntax highlighting for C-type files. In future, we would add more file types like Python, HTML, Java etc. We would also like to add an auto indentation feature in our text editor to improve user comfort. One more thing we would work upon is adding line numbers for any document which improves readability for our users. We would also like to add the feature of copy-paste and cut-paste which lets the user reuse the existing text/code.

7. REFERENCES

C Language Documentation (For referring C libraries):

<https://devdocs.io/c/>

<https://viewsourcecode.org/snaptoken/kilo/>

Stack Overflow (For Debugging Errors):

<https://stackoverflow.com/>

<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/>

Reference for Setting Colours in Console:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows-server/administration/windows-commands/color>

<https://bluesock.org/~willkg/dev/ansi.html>

Reference for escape sequences

<https://vt100.net/docs/vt100-ug/chapter3.html>