

## Linux Commands Cheat Sheet

## **Hardware Information** dmesg show bootup messages cat /proc/cpuinfo show CPU information show free and used memory (-m flag free -h indicates memory in MB) list information about hardware Ishw configuration lsblk list information about block devices show PCI devices in a tree-like diagram lspci -tv show USB devices in a tree-like lsusb -tv diagram show hardware information from the dmidecode BIOS hdparm -i /dev/[disk] show information about disk data hdparm -tT /dev/[disk] conduct a read speed test on disk test for unreadable blocks on disk badblocks -s /dev/[disk]

## tar cf [compressed\_file. tar] [file\_name] tar xf [compressed\_file. extract archived file tar] tar czf create an archived file from a file create an archived file from a file extract archived file create a gzip compressed tar file [compressed\_file.tar.gz] gzip [file\_name] compress a file with the .gz

Package	Installation	
yum search [keyword]	find a package by a relate keyword	ed
yum info [package_name]	show package informatio summary	n and
yum install [package_name. rpm]	install a package using th package manager	e YUM
dnf install [package_name. rpm]	install a package using th package manager	e DNF
rpm -i [package_name. rpm]	install an rpm package fro	om a local
rpm -e [package_name. rpm]	remove an rpm package	
tar zxvf [source_code.tar.gz] cd [source_code] ./configure make make install	install software from sou	rce code

SS	SH Login
ssh user@host	connect to host as user
ssh host	securely connect to host via SSH default port 22
ssh -p [port] user@host	connect to host using a particular port
telnet host	connect to host via telnet default port 23

Se	arching
500	
grep [pattern] [file_name]	search for a specific pattern in a file
grep -r [pattern] [directory_name]	search recursively for a specific pattern in a directory
locate [name]	find all files and directories by a specific name
find [/folder/location] -name [a]	list names that begin with [a] in [/folder/location]
find [/folder/location] -size [+100M]	list files larger than 100M in a particular folder

	File Transfer	
scp [file_name.txt] [server/tmp]	securely copy a specific file to a server directory	
rsync -a [/your/directory] [/backup/]	synchronize the contents of a specific directory with a backup directory	

	Dyeses	Poloted
	Process	s Related
ps		show a snapshot of active processes
pstree		show processes as a tree
pmap		shows a memory usage map of processes
top		show all running processes
kill [pro	cess_id]	kill a process under a given ID
pkill [pr	oc_name]	kill a process under the specified name
killall [p	roc_name]	kill all processes labelled proc
bg		list and resume stopped jobs in the background
fg		bring the most recent suspended job to the foreground
fg [job]		bring a particular job to the foreground
lsof		list files opened by processes

	File Permission		
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chmod 777	' [file_name]	give read, write, and execute permission to everyone	
chmod 755	i [file_name]	give full permission to owner, and read and execute permission to group and others	
chmod 766	[file_name]	give full permission to owner, and read and write permission to group and others	
chown [use [file_name	_	change the file ownership	
chown [us [file_name	er]: [group] ]	change the owner and group ownership of a file	

File Commands		
ls	list files in directory	
ls -a	list all files, including hidden	
pwd	show the directory currently working in	
mkdir [directory]	create a new directory	
rm [file_name]	remove a file	
rm -r [directory_name]	remove a directory recursively	
rm -rf [directory_name]	remove a directory recursively without requiring confirmation	
cp [file_name1] [file_name2]	copy the contents of the first file to the second file	
cp -r [directory_name1] [directory_name2]	recursively copy the contents of the first directory into the second directory	
mv [file_name1] [file_name2]	rename file_name1 to file_name2	
ln -s /path/to/[file_name] [link_name]	create a symbolic link to a file	
touch [file_name]	create a new file	
more [file_name]	show the contents of a file	
head [file_name]	show the first 10 lines of a file	
tail [file_name]	show the last 10 lines of a file	
gpg -c [file_name]	encrypt a file	
gpg [file_name.gpg]	decrypt a file	
wc	print the number of words, lines,	

	System Information
	System information
uname -r	show system information
uname -a	show kernel release information
uptime	show how long the system has been running, including load average
hostname	show system hostname
hostname -i	show the IP address of the system
last reboot	show system reboot history
date	show current time and date
timedatectl	query and change the system clock
cal	show current calender month and day
w	show logged in users in the system
whoami	show user you are using
finger	show information about a user

[username]

	Network
ip addr show	show IP addresses and network interfaces
ip address add [IP_address]	assign an IP address to interface eth0
ifconfig	show IP addresses of all network interfaces
netstat -pnltu	show active (listening) ports
netstat -nutlp	show tcp and udp ports and their programs
whois [domain]	show more information about a domain
dig [domain]	show DNS information about a domain
dig -x host	reverse lookup on domain
dig -x [ip_address]	reverse lookup of an IP address
host [domain]	do an IP lookup for a domain
hostname -I	show the local IP address
wget [file_name]	download a file from a domain

	Directo	ry Navigation
cd		move up one level in the directory tree structure
cd		change directory to \$HOME
cd /chose	en/directory	change to specified directory

	U:	sers
id		show details of the active user
last		show the last logins onto the system
who		show who is logged into the system
w		show who is logged in and their activity
groupadd [group_nam	ne]	add a new group
adduser [us	ser_name]	add new user
usermod -a [group_nam [user_name	ne]	add a user to a group
userdel [us	er_name]	delete a user
usermod		use for changing / modifying user information

	Disk Usage
df -h	show free and used space on mounted systems
df -i	show free inodes on mounted filesystems
fdisk -l	show disk partitions, sizes, and types
du -ah	show disk usage for all files and directory
du -sh	show disk usage of current directory
findmnt	show target mount point for all filesystems
mount [device_path] [mount_point]	mount a device

	Keyboard Shortcuts
Ctrl + C	kill current process running in the terminal
Ctrl + Z	stop current process (can be resumed in the foreground with fg or in the background with bg)
Ctrl + W	cut one word before the cursor and add it to clipboard
Ctrl + U	cut part of the line before the cursor and add it to clipboard
Ctrl + K	cut part of the line after the cursor and add it to clipboard
Ctrl + Y	paste from clipboard
Ctrl + R	recall last command that matches the provided characters
Ctrl + O	run the previously recalled command
Ctrl + G	exit command history without running a command
!!	repeat the last command
exit	log out of current session