CV Assignment Conditional GANs

October 16, 2024

1 Conditional Generative Advesarial Networks - Fashion MNIST

- Name: Tarun Kumar Reddy
- School: Computing and Data Science
- Computer Vision Assignment-1

Importing the necessary libraries

```
[38]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
```

```
[39]: # Setting the seeds for both numpy and tensorflow for reproducibility tf.random.set_seed(42) np.random.seed(42)
```

Declaring the variables and hyperparameters

```
[40]: batch_size = 64
num_channels = 1
num_classes = 10
image_size = 28
latent_dim = 100
```

Loading and processing the data

```
[41]: # Load the Fashion MNIST dataset
  (X_train, y_train), (X_test, y_test) = keras.datasets.fashion_mnist.load_data()
  all_fashions = np.concatenate([X_train, X_test]) # Concatenate all images
  all_labels = np.concatenate([y_train, y_test]) # Concatenate all labels

# Scale the pixel values to [0, 1] range, add a channel dimension to the images
  all_fashions = all_fashions.astype(np.float32) / 255
  all_fashions = np.reshape(all_fashions, (-1, image_size, image_size, umage_size, umage_size))

#Encode the labels using One-Hot Encoding
  all_labels = keras.utils.to_categorical(all_labels, num_classes)
```

```
print(f"Shape of all images: {all_fashions.shape}")
      print(f"Shape of all labels: {all_labels.shape}")
     Shape of all images: (70000, 28, 28, 1)
     Shape of all labels: (70000, 10)
[42]: print("First 5 one-hot encoded labels:")
      print(all_labels[:5])
     First 5 one-hot encoded labels:
     [[0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1.]
      [1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
      [1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
      [0. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
      [1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
     Declaring the input shapes
[43]: generator_in_channels = latent_dim + num_classes
      discriminator_in_channels = num_channels + num_classes
      print(generator_in_channels, discriminator_in_channels)
     110 11
     Building the generator and discriminator
[44]: # Reverse Convolutions for Generator (Constructor method)
      generator = keras.models.Sequential([
          keras.layers.Dense(7 * 7 * 128, input shape=[generator in channels]),
          keras.layers.Reshape([7, 7, 128]),
          keras.layers.BatchNormalization(),
          keras.layers.Conv2DTranspose(64, kernel_size=5, strides=2, padding="SAME",
                                        activation="relu"),
          keras.layers.BatchNormalization(),
          keras.layers.Conv2DTranspose(1, kernel_size=5, strides=2, padding="SAME",
                                       activation="tanh"),
      ])
      # CNN for Discriminator (Constructor method)
      discriminator = keras.models.Sequential([
          keras.layers.Conv2D(64, kernel_size=5, strides=2, padding="SAME",
                              activation=tf.keras.layers.LeakyReLU(0.2),
                              input_shape=[image_size, image_size,__

→discriminator_in_channels]),
          keras.layers.Dropout(0.4),
          keras.layers.Conv2D(128, kernel size=5, strides=2, padding="SAME",
```

activation=tf.keras.layers.LeakyReLU(0.2)),

```
keras.layers.Dropout(0.4),
  keras.layers.Flatten(),
  keras.layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")
])
```

Compile the Discriminator CNN model

Combine generator and discriminator along with class labels to obtain CGAN

Declare a function that uses generator and produce images of all classes

Declare a function to generate images for the given class

```
[48]: def generate_plot_class(generator,n_images=32, class_label=0):
          class_names = ['T-shirt/top', 'Trouser', 'Pullover', 'Dress', 'Coat',
                         'Sandal', 'Shirt', 'Sneaker', 'Bag', 'Ankle boot']
          # Generate noise
          noise = tf.random.normal(shape=[n_images, latent_dim])
          # Create one-hot encoded labels for the class
          labels = np.zeros((n_images, 10))
          labels = np.array([[1 if i == class_label else 0 for i in_
       arange(num_classes)] for _ in range(n_images)])
          # Concatenate noise and labels
          generator_input = tf.concat([noise, labels], axis=1)
          # Generating images
          generated_images = generator(generator_input, training=False)
          plt.figure(figsize=(n_images*1.5, 10))
          # Plotting generated images with title
          for i in range(n_images):
              plt.subplot(class_label, n_images, i + 1)
              plt.imshow(generated_images[i, :, :, 0], cmap='gray')
              plt.axis('off')
```

```
if i == 0:
    plt.title(class_names[class_label], fontsize=40)

# Adjusting spacing between subplots
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

Declare a function for training the CGAN

```
[49]: def train_cgan(batch_size, epochs=5):
          for epoch in range(epochs):
              print(f"Epoch {epoch + 1}/{epochs}")
              for i in range(len(all_fashions) // batch_size):
                  # Get the real images and labels
                  real_images = all_fashions[i * batch_size:(i + 1) * batch_size]
                  real_labels = all_labels[i * batch_size:(i + 1) * batch_size]
                  # Phase 1: Train the Discriminator
                  noise = tf.random.normal(shape=[batch size, latent dim])
                  noise_with_labels = np.concatenate((noise, real_labels), axis=1)
                  generated_images = generator(noise_with_labels, training=False)
                  # Create one-hot labels for the generated images
                  image_one_hot_labels = np.reshape(real_labels, (-1, 1, 1, 1, 1)
       →num_classes))
                  image_one_hot_labels = np.tile(image_one_hot_labels, (1,__
       →image_size, image_size, 1))
                  # Concatenate generated images and their one-hot labels
                  generated_images_with_labels = np.concatenate((generated_images,__
       ⇔image_one_hot_labels), axis=-1)
                  # Concatenate real images and labels
                  real_images_with_labels = np.concatenate((real_images,__
       →image_one_hot_labels), axis=-1)
                  # Prepare the combined dataset for the discriminator
                  X fake and real = np.concatenate((generated_images_with_labels,_
       →real_images_with_labels), axis=0)
                  y_fake_and_real = np.array([[0.]] * batch_size + [[1.]] *_{\sqcup}
       ⇒batch_size)
                  # Train the Discriminator
                  discriminator.trainable = True
```

```
d_loss = discriminator.train_on_batch(X_fake_and_real,_

y_fake_and_real)

          # Phase 2: Train the Generator
          noise = tf.random.normal(shape=[batch_size, latent_dim])
          noise_with_labels = np.concatenate((noise, real_labels), axis=1)
          y_gen = np.array([[1.]] * batch_size)
          discriminator.trainable = False
          g_loss = cgan.train_on_batch(noise_with_labels, y_gen)
      print(f"D Loss: {d_loss}, G Loss: {g_loss}")
```

```
Train the CAGN for 10 epochs
[50]: train_cgan(epochs=10, batch_size=batch_size)
     Epoch 1/10
     D Loss: 0.44443559646606445, G Loss: 1.1991162300109863
     Epoch 2/10
     D Loss: 0.4937587380409241, G Loss: 1.8254495859146118
     Epoch 3/10
     D Loss: 0.46167898178100586, G Loss: 1.7863895893096924
     Epoch 4/10
     D Loss: 0.40088704228401184, G Loss: 1.998464584350586
     Epoch 5/10
     D Loss: 0.45990806818008423, G Loss: 2.167250156402588
     Epoch 6/10
     D Loss: 0.40690845251083374, G Loss: 1.6779038906097412
     Epoch 7/10
     D Loss: 0.39026427268981934, G Loss: 1.3798714876174927
     Epoch 8/10
     D Loss: 0.41625040769577026, G Loss: 1.9683369398117065
     Epoch 9/10
     D Loss: 0.45043468475341797, G Loss: 1.4733612537384033
     Epoch 10/10
     D Loss: 0.4846753478050232, G Loss: 1.6148008108139038
     Plot images for all the classes
```

```
[51]: generate_and_plot_fashion_mnist(generator = generator, n_images=32,__
       →n_classes=10)
```

[52]: generate_plot_class(generator = generator, n_images=32, class_label=6)

