

CLOUD ARCHITECTURE (INT 364) – CA1

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QUES 1 : Create a Private Subnet With NAT Gateway.

The screenshot shows the 'Create VPC' configuration page in the AWS VPC console. The 'VPC settings' section is expanded, showing options for 'Resources to create': 'VPC only' (selected) and 'VPC and more'. A 'Name tag - optional' field contains 'vpc_ca1'. The 'IPv4 CIDR block' is set to '10.0.0.16'. The 'IPv6 CIDR block' section is collapsed. The 'Tenancy' is set to 'Default'. The 'Tags' section shows a single tag 'Name: vpc_ca1'. At the bottom right are 'Cancel', 'Preview code', and 'Create VPC' buttons.

The screenshot shows the 'Create subnet' configuration page in the AWS Subnets console. The 'Subnet settings' section is expanded, showing the 'Subnet name' as 'PublicSubnet-1', 'Availability Zone' as 'United States (N. Virginia) / us-east-1a1 (us-east-1a)', and the 'IPv4 VPC CIDR block' as '10.0.0.16'. The 'IPv4 subnet CIDR block' dropdown shows '10.0.1.0/24'. The 'Tags - optional' section shows a single tag 'Name: PublicSubnet-1'. At the bottom right are 'Cancel' and 'Create subnet' buttons.

AWS Search [Alt+S] United States (N. Virginia) v Account ID: 000700218b582d89 vocabularies/user5801515+tarun.nandigam-23@ipu.in

VPC > Subnets > subnet-000c7b0218b582d89 > Edit subnet settings

Edit subnet settings Info

Subnet	Name PublicSubnet-1
Subnet ID subnet-000c7b0218b582d89	
Auto-assign IP settings <small>Info</small> Enable AWS to automatically assign a public IPv4 or IPv6 address to a new primary network interface for an instance in this subnet.	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable auto-assign public IPv4 address <small>Info</small> <input type="checkbox"/> Enable auto-assign customer-owned IPv4 address <small>Info</small> <small>Option disabled because no customer owned pools found.</small>	
Resource-based name (RBN) settings <small>Info</small> Specify the hostname type for EC2 instances in this subnet and optional RBN DNS query settings.	
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable resource name DNS A record on launch <small>Info</small> <input type="checkbox"/> Enable resource name DNS AAAA record on launch <small>Info</small> Hostname type <small>Info</small> <input type="radio"/> Resource name <input checked="" type="radio"/> IP name	
DNS64 settings <small>Info</small> Enable DNS64 to allow IPv6-only services in Amazon VPC to communicate with IPv4-only services and networks.	
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable DNS64 <small>Info</small>	
Cancel Save	

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VPC Subnets

You have successfully created 1 subnet: subnet-080ee53eb2649fb04

Subnets (8) Info

Find subnets by attribute or tag

Name	Subnet ID	State	VPC	Block Public...	IPv4 CIDR	IPv6 CIDR	IPv6 CIDR association ID
-	subnet-01ea5e65916eaa4	Available	vpc-076c70cf1f276332f	Off	172.3.180.0/20	-	-
-	subnet-03ceff6f676a080dc0	Available	vpc-076c70cf1f276332f	Off	172.31.64.0/20	-	-
-	subnet-018bc977d990d7cb7	Available	vpc-076c70cf1f276332f	Off	172.31.132.0/20	-	-
-	subnet-083c05929ba3a46c1	Available	vpc-076c70cf1f276332f	Off	172.31.16.0/20	-	-
-	subnet-076ae179183e0157f	Available	vpc-076c70cf1f276332f	Off	172.31.48.0/20	-	-
-	subnet-05b709a0204cc2a7	Available	vpc-076c70cf1f276332f	Off	172.31.0.0/20	-	-
PublicSubnet-1	subnet-000c7b0218b582d89	Available	vpc-06486be4117f47703 vpc-06486be4117f47703	Off	10.0.10.0/24	-	-
PrivateSubnet-2	subnet-080ee53eb2649fb04	Available	vpc-06486be4117f47703 vpc-06486be4117f47703	Off	10.0.20.0/24	-	-

Select a subnet

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aws | Search [Alt+S] Account ID: 9677-7264-2137 United States (N. Virginia) v vocabs/user1801515-tarun.nandgum23@pnu.in

VPC > Internet gateways > Create internet gateway

Create internet gateway [Info](#)

An internet gateway is a virtual router that connects a VPC to the internet. To create a new internet gateway specify the name for the gateway below.

Internet gateway settings

Name tag
Creates a tag with a key of 'Name' and a value that you specify.

MyIGW_ca1

Tags - optional
A tag is a label that you assign to an AWS resource. Each tag consists of a key and an optional value. You can use tags to search and filter your resources or track your AWS costs.

Key Value - optional

Q Name Q MyIGW_ca1 X Remove

Add new tag You can add 49 more tags.

Cancel **Create internet gateway**

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aws | Search [Alt+S] Account ID: 9677-7264-2137 United States (N. Virginia) v vocabs/user1801515-tarun.nandgum23@pnu.in

VPC > Internet gateways > Attach to VPC (igw-0156061a82f056382)

The following internet gateway was created: igw-0156061a82f056382 - MyIGW_ca1. You can now attach to a VPC to enable the VPC to communicate with the internet. [Attach to a VPC](#)

Attach to VPC (igw-0156061a82f056382) [Info](#)

VPC
Attach an internet gateway to a VPC to enable the VPC to communicate with the internet. Specify the VPC to attach below.

Available VPCs
Attach the internet gateway to this VPC.

Q vpc-06486be1117f47703 X

AWS Command Line Interface command

Cancel **Attach internet gateway**

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Create route table Info

A route table specifies how packets are forwarded between the subnets within your VPC, the internet, and your VPN connection.

Route table settings

Name - optional
Create a tag with a key of 'Name' and a value that you specify.

VPC
The VPC to use for this route table.

Tags
A tag is a label that you assign to an AWS resource. Each tag consists of a key and an optional value. You can use tags to search and filter your resources or track your AWS costs.

Key	Value - optional
<input type="text" value="Q_ Name"/>	<input type="text" value="Q_ PublicRT"/> X

[Add new tag](#) X You can add 49 more tags.

[Cancel](#) [Create route table](#)

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Edit routes

Destination	Target	Status	Propagated	Route Origin
10.0.0.0/16	<input type="text" value="local"/> X	Active	No	CreateRouteTable
<input type="text" value="Q_ 0.0.0.0"/> X	<input type="text" value="Internet Gateway"/> X	-	No	CreateRoute
	<input type="text" value="Q_ igw-0156061a82f056382"/> X			Remove

[Add route](#) [Cancel](#) [Preview](#) [Save changes](#)

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Create route table Info

A route table specifies how packets are forwarded between the subnets within your VPC, the internet, and your VPN connection.

Route table settings

Name - optional
Create a tag with a key of 'Name' and a value that you specify.

VPC
The VPC to use for this route table.

Tags
A tag is a label that you assign to an AWS resource. Each tag consists of a key and an optional value. You can use tags to search and filter your resources or track your AWS costs.

Key **Value - optional**

You can add 49 more tags.

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Create NAT gateway Info

A highly available, managed Network Address Translation (NAT) service that instances in private subnets can use to connect to services in other VPCs, on-premises networks, or the internet.

NAT gateway settings

Name - optional
Create a tag with a key of 'Name' and a value that you specify.

The name can be up to 256 characters long.

Subnet
Select a subnet in which to create the NAT gateway.

Connectivity type
Select a connectivity type for the NAT gateway.
 Public
 Private

Elastic IP allocation ID Info
Assign an Elastic IP address to the NAT gateway.

Additional settings Info

Tags
A tag is a label that you assign to an AWS resource. Each tag consists of a key and an optional value. You can use tags to search and filter your resources or track your AWS costs.

Key **Value - optional**

You can add 49 more tags.

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Screenshot of the AWS VPC NAT gateway creation page.

Details

NAT gateway ID: nat-0650571658789cdaf	Connectivity type: Public	State: Pending	State message: Info
NAT gateway ARN: arn:aws:ec2:us-east-1:96777264217:natgateway/nat-0650571658789cdaf	Primary public IPv4 address: -	Primary private IPv4 address: -	Primary network interface ID: -
VPC: vpc-06486be4117f47703 / vpc_ca1	Subnet: subnet-00cc7b021bb582d89 / PublicSubnet-1	Created: Tuesday 18 November 2025 at 08:45:55 GMT+5:30	Deleted: -

Secondary IPv4 addresses

Private IPv4 address: -	Network interface ID: -	Status: -	Failure message: Secondary IPv4 addresses are not available for this nat gateway.
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Actions

- Edit secondary IPv4 address associations
- Cancel
- Save changes

Screenshot of the AWS VPC route table editing page.

Edit routes

Destination	Target	Status	Propagated	Route Origin
10.0.0.0/16	local	Active	No	CreateRouteTable
Q_ 0.0.0.0/0	NAT Gateway	-	No	CreateRoute
Q_ nat-0650571658789cdaf				Remove

Add route

Actions

- Cancel
- Preview
- Save changes

[Launch an instance](#) [Info]

Amazon EC2 allows you to create virtual machines, or instances, that run on the AWS Cloud. Quickly get started by following the simple steps below.

Name and tags

Private-EC2-ca1

Add additional tags

Application and OS Images (Amazon Machine Image)

An AMI contains the operating system, application server, and applications for your instance. If you don't see a suitable AMI below, use the search field or choose [Browse more AMIs](#).

Search our full catalog including 1000s of application and OS images

My AMIs Quick Start

Amazon Linux macOS Ubuntu Windows Red Hat SUSE Linux Debian

Browse more AMIs Including AMIs from AWS, Marketplace and the Community

Amazon Machine Image (AMI)

Amazon Linux 2023 kernel-6.1 AMI
ami-0cae6d6f6d64ca2c (64-bit (x86), uefi-preferred) / ami-023c74ab712153ab4 (64-bit (Arm), uefi)
Virtualization: hvm ENA enabled: true Root device type: cbs

Free tier eligible

Description

Amazon Linux 2023 (kernel-6.1) is a modern, general purpose Linux-based OS that comes with 5 years of long term support. It is optimized for AWS and designed to provide a secure, stable and high-performance execution environment to develop and run your cloud applications.

Amazon Linux 2023 AMI 2023.9.20251110.1 x86_64 HVM kernel-6.1

Architecture	Boot mode	AMI ID	Publish Date	Username	Verified provider
64-bit (x86)	uefi-preferred	ami-0cae6d6f6d64ca2c	2025-11-08	ec2-user	

Cancel Launch instance Preview code

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[Launch an instance](#) [Info]

Instance type

t3.micro

Family: t3 2 vCPU - 1 GB Memory Current generation true Free tier eligible

All generations Compare instance types

Additional costs apply for AMIs with pre-installed software

Key pair (login)

You can use a key pair to securely connect to your instance. Ensure that you have access to the selected key pair before you launch the instance.

Key pair name - required

Private-EC2-ca1-key Create new key pair

Network settings

VPC - required

vpc-06486be4117f47703 (vpc_ca1)

Subnet

subnet-080ee53eb2649fb94 PrivateSubnet-2

Auto-assign public IP

Disable Firewall (security groups)

Create security group Select existing security group

Security group name - required

SG-Private-ca1

This security group will be added to all network interfaces. The name can't be edited after the security group is created. Max length is 255 characters. Valid characters: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, spaces.

Cancel Launch instance Preview code

EC2 > Instances > Launch an instance

Firewall security group [Info](#)

1. Security group is a set of firewall rules that control the traffic for your instance. Add rules to allow specific traffic to reach your instance.

Create security group Select existing security group

Security group name - required
SG-Private-ca1

This security group will be added to all network interfaces. The name can't be edited after the security group is created. Max length is 255 characters. Valid characters: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, spaces, and _-./@!#\$%^&&^%\$^#^\$%

Description - required [Info](#)
Launch-wizard-1 created 2025-11-18T03:25:25.122Z

Inbound Security Group Rule
No security group rules are currently included in this template. Add a new rule to include it in the launch template.

Advanced network configuration

Configure storage [Info](#)

Advanced

1x 8 GiB gp3 Root volume, 3000 IOPS, Not encrypted

Free tier eligible customers can get up to 30 GB of EBS General Purpose (SSD) or Magnetic storage [X](#)

Click refresh to view backup information
The tags that you assign determine whether the instance will be backed up by any Data Lifecycle Manager policies.

0x File systems [Edit](#)

Advanced details [Info](#)

Summary

Number of instances [Info](#)
1

Software Image (AMI)
Amazon Linux 2023 AMI 2023.9.2... [read more](#)

Virtual server type (instance type)
t3.micro

Firewall (security group)
New security group

Storage (volumes)
1 volume(s) - 8 GiB

Free tier In your first year of opening an AWS account, you get 750 hours per month of t2.micro instance usage (or t3.micro where t2.micro isn't available) when used with free tier AMIs. 750 hours per month of public IPv4 address usage, 30 GiB of EBS storage, 2 million I/Os, 1 GB of snapshots, and 100 GiB of bandwidth to the internet. Data transfer charges are not included as part of the free tier allowance. [X](#)

[Preview code](#)

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EC2 > Instances

Instances (1/1) [Info](#)

Last updated less than a minute ago

Name	Instance ID	Instance state	Instance type	Status check	Alarm status	Availability Zone	Public IPv4 DNS	Public IPv4 IP	Elastic IP	IPv6 IP
Private-EC2-ca1	i-03f2e677ebd6cfcfa	Running	t3.micro	Initializing	View alarms +	us-east-1a	-	-	-	-

i-03f2e677ebd6cfcfa (Private-EC2-ca1)

[Details](#) [Status and alarms](#) [Monitoring](#) [Security](#) [Networking](#) [Storage](#) [Tags](#)

Instance summary [Info](#)

Instance ID	i-03f2e677ebd6cfcfa	Public IPv4 address	Private IPv4 addresses
IPv6 address	-	-	Public DNS
Hostname type	IP name: ip-10-0-2-98.ec2.internal	Private IP DNS name (IPv4 only)	Elastic IP addresses
Answer private resource DNS name	-	ip-10-0-2-98.ec2.internal	AWS Compute Optimizer finding
Auto-assigned IP address	-	VPC ID	-
		vpc-06486be4117f47705	

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Screenshot of the AWS EC2 Instances page showing two running t3.micro instances.

Name	Instance ID	Instance state	Instance type	Status check	Alarm status	Availability Zone	Public IPv4 DNS	Public IPv4 IP	Elastic IP	IPv6 IPs
Private-EC2-ca1	i-03f2e677ebd6c6fca	Running	t3.micro	3/3 checks passed	View alarms	us-east-1a	-	-	-	-
ca1-test-server	i-0911320252a7f265a	Running	t3.micro	Initializing	View alarms	us-east-1a	-	13.220.150.143	-	-

Security details

- AMI Role:** -
- Owner ID:** 967772642157
- Launch time:** Tue Nov 18 2025 08:58:40 GMT+0530 (India Standard Time)
- Security groups:** sg-0ea0263a7f0732eb7 (SG-Private-ca1)

Inbound rules: No rules to display.

Outbound rules: No rules to display.

Screenshot of the AWS Create bucket page.

General configuration

- AWS Region:** US East (N. Virginia) us-east-1
- Bucket type:** General purpose
- Bucket name:** my-log-bucket-ca1
- Copy settings from existing bucket - optional:** Choose bucket

Object Ownership

- Object Ownership:** Bucket owner enforced
- ACLs disabled (recommended):** This bucket is owned by this account. Access to this bucket and its objects is specified using only policies.
- ACLs enabled:** Objects in this bucket can be owned by other AWS accounts. Access to this bucket and its objects can be specified using ACLs.

Block Public Access settings for this bucket

- Block all public access:** Public access is granted to buckets and objects through access control lists (ACLs), bucket policies, access point policies, or all. In order to ensure that public access to this bucket and its objects is blocked, turn on Block all public access. These settings apply only to this bucket and its access points. AWS recommends that you turn on Block all public access, but before applying any of these settings, ensure that your applications will work correctly without public access. If you require some level of public access to this bucket or objects within, you can customize the individual settings below to suit your specific storage use cases. Learn more

The screenshot shows the 'Create bucket' wizard in the AWS Management Console. The 'Bucket Versioning' section is open, showing the 'Disable' option selected. The 'Tags - optional' section shows no tags associated with the bucket. The 'Default encryption' section indicates server-side encryption is automatically applied to new objects. The 'Encryption type' dropdown shows 'Server-side encryption with Amazon S3 managed keys (SSE-S3)' selected. The 'Bucket Key' section shows 'Disable' selected. A note at the bottom says 'After creating the bucket, you can upload files and folders to the bucket, and configure additional bucket settings.'

```

e2-user@ip-172-31-70-22 ~ + \ 
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.26200.7171]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\DELL>cd downloads

C:\Users\DELL\Downloads>ssh -i "Private-EC2-ca1-key.pem" ec2-user@ec2-13-220-15-7.compute-1.amazonaws.com
The authenticity of host 'ec2-13-220-15-7.compute-1.amazonaws.com (64:ff9b::ddc:f07)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:vL50o3utx6ziw+IS4+UumDDKE5RZrlaffFc2RB10eQ.
This key is not known by any other names.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added 'ec2-13-220-15-7.compute-1.amazonaws.com' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.

      _#
     /_#####
    /#/#/
   /#/#/  https://aws.amazon.com/linux/amazon-linux-2023
  /#/#/  /
 /#/#/  /
 /#/#/  /
/m/|` 

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-70-22 ~]$ ping google.com
PING google.com (142.251.111.139) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from bk-in-f139.1e100.net (142.251.111.139): icmp_seq=1 ttl=105 time=2.08 ms
64 bytes from bk-in-f139.1e100.net (142.251.111.139): icmp_seq=2 ttl=105 time=2.11 ms
64 bytes from bk-in-f139.1e100.net (142.251.111.139): icmp_seq=3 ttl=105 time=2.11 ms
64 bytes from bk-in-f139.1e100.net (142.251.111.139): icmp_seq=4 ttl=105 time=2.20 ms
64 bytes from bk-in-f139.1e100.net (142.251.111.139): icmp_seq=5 ttl=105 time=2.15 ms
64 bytes from bk-in-f139.1e100.net (142.251.111.139): icmp_seq=6 ttl=105 time=2.17 ms
64 bytes from bk-in-f139.1e100.net (142.251.111.139): icmp_seq=7 ttl=105 time=2.13 ms
64 bytes from bk-in-f139.1e100.net (142.251.111.139): icmp_seq=8 ttl=105 time=2.12 ms
64 bytes from bk-in-f139.1e100.net (142.251.111.139): icmp_seq=9 ttl=105 time=2.12 ms
^C
--- google.com ping statistics ---
9 packets transmitted, 9 received, 0% packet loss, time 8013ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 2.084/2.132/2.195/0.031 ms
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-70-22 ~]$ sudo yum update -y
Amazon Linux 2023 Kernel Livepatch repository
Dependencies resolved.
Nothing to do.
Complete!
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-70-22 ~]$ 

```

Tasks 2. Apply Lifecycle Rules

The screenshot shows the AWS S3 Buckets page. At the top, there's a search bar and navigation links for 'Amazon S3 > Buckets'. Below the header, there are two tabs: 'General purpose buckets' (selected) and 'All AWS Regions'. A sidebar on the left lists 'General purpose buckets (1)' with a table showing one entry: 'my-log-bucket-ca1' (US East (N. Virginia) us-east-1, November 18, 2025, 09:30:08 UTC+05:30). To the right of the table are three boxes: 'Account snapshot' (info), 'External access summary - new' (info), and 'External access findings help you identify bucket permissions that allow public access or access from other AWS accounts.' At the bottom of the page, there are links for 'CloudShell', 'Feedback', and copyright information: '© 2025, Amazon Web Services, Inc. or its affiliates. Privacy Terms Cookie preferences'.

The screenshot shows the 'Create lifecycle rule' configuration page. At the top, there's a breadcrumb trail: 'Amazon S3 > Buckets > my-log-bucket-ca1 > Lifecycle configuration > Create lifecycle rule'. The main section is titled 'Create lifecycle rule' with a sub-section 'Lifecycle rule configuration'. It includes fields for 'Lifecycle rule name' (set to 'MyLifecycleRule') and 'Choose a rule scope' (set to 'Apply to all objects in the bucket'). A note says: 'If you want the rule to apply to specific objects, you must use a filter to identify those objects. Choose "Limit the scope of this rule using one or more filters". [Learn more](#)' and a checkbox 'I acknowledge that this rule will apply to all objects in the bucket'. Below this is the 'Lifecycle rule actions' section, which contains several checkboxes for actions like 'Transition current versions of objects between storage classes' (checked), 'Transition noncurrent versions of objects between storage classes', 'Expire current versions of objects' (checked), 'Permanently delete noncurrent versions of objects', and 'Delete expired object delete markers or incomplete multipart uploads'. A note says: 'Transitions are charged per request' and 'For a lifecycle transition action, each request corresponds to an object transition. For details on lifecycle transition pricing, see requests pricing info on the [Storage & requests tab of the Amazon S3 pricing page](#)'. A checkbox 'I acknowledge that this lifecycle rule will incur a transition cost per request' is checked. At the bottom, a note says: 'By default, objects less than 128KB will not transition across any storage class' and 'We don't recommend transitioning objects less than 128 KB because the transition costs can outweigh the storage savings. If your use case requires transitioning objects less than 128 KB, specify a minimum object size filter for each applicable lifecycle rule with a transition action.' At the very bottom, there are links for 'CloudShell', 'Feedback', and copyright information: '© 2025, Amazon Web Services, Inc. or its affiliates. Privacy Terms Cookie preferences'.

Screenshot of the AWS Lambda function configuration page for the 'my-log-bucket-ca1' bucket. The 'Lifecycle configuration' tab is selected. A lifecycle rule named 'Glacier Flexible Retrieval (formerly Glacier)' is defined with a transition to 'Glacier Flexible Retrieval' after 90 days.

Glacier Flexible Retrieval (formerly Glacier)

90

Add transition

Expire current versions of objects

For version-enabled buckets, Amazon S3 adds a delete marker and the current version of an object is retained as a noncurrent version. For non-versioned buckets, Amazon S3 permanently removes the object. [Learn more](#)

Days after object creation

90

Review transition and expiration actions

Current version actions	Noncurrent versions actions
Day 0 <ul style="list-style-type: none">Objects uploaded	Day 0 No actions defined.
↓	
Day 30 <ul style="list-style-type: none">Objects move to Standard-IA	
↓	
Day 90 <ul style="list-style-type: none">Objects move to Glacier Flexible Retrieval (formerly Glacier)	
↓	
Day 100 <ul style="list-style-type: none">Objects expire	

Create rule

Screenshot of the AWS Lambda function configuration page for the 'my-log-bucket-ca1' bucket. The 'Management' tab is selected. It shows the lifecycle configuration, replication rules, and inventory configurations.

Lifecycle configuration

To manage your objects so that they are stored cost effectively throughout their lifecycle, configure their lifecycle. A lifecycle configuration is a set of rules that define actions that Amazon S3 applies to a group of objects. Lifecycle rules run once per day.

Default minimum object size for transitions

All storage classes 128K

Lifecycle rules (1)

Lifecycle rule name	Status	Scope	Current version actions	Noncurrent versions actions	Expired object delete marker	Incomplete multipart upload
MyLifecycleRule	Enabled	Entire bucket	Transition to Standard-IA, then	-	-	-

[View lifecycle configuration](#)

Replication rules (0)

No replication rules

You don't have any rules in the replication configuration.

[Create replication rule](#)

Inventory configurations (0)

You can create inventory configurations on a bucket to generate a flat file list of your objects and metadata. These scheduled reports can include all objects in the bucket or be limited to a shared prefix. [Learn more](#)

Name	Status	Scope	Destination	Frequency	Last export	Format

Screenshot of the AWS S3 Lifecycle configuration page for the bucket "my-log-bucket-ca1".

The "Choose storage class transitions" section shows two rules:

- From Standard-IA to Standard-IA after 30 days.
- From Standard-IA to Glacier Flexible Retrieval (formerly Glacier) after 90 days.

The "Expire current versions of objects" section shows a rule to expire objects after 180 days.

The "Review transition and expiration actions" section details the actions taken at different stages:

Day	Action
0	Objects uploaded
30	Objects move to Standard-IA
90	Objects move to Glacier Flexible Retrieval (formerly Glacier)
180	Objects expire

Screenshot of the AWS S3 Lifecycle configuration page for the bucket "my-log-bucket-ca1".

The "Lifecycle rule configuration" section includes:

- Lifecycle rule name: MyLifecycleRule
- Status: Enabled
- Scope: Entire bucket

The "Review transition and expiration actions" section details the actions taken at different stages:

Day	Action
0	Objects uploaded
30	Objects move to Standard-IA
90	Objects move to Glacier Flexible Retrieval (formerly Glacier)
180	Objects expire