Mid term election predictions

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Phi-Data-Kapa G16

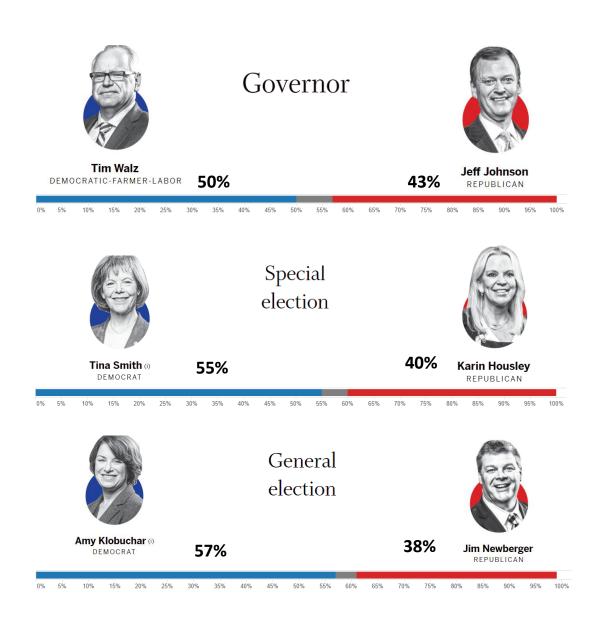
Minnesota is now ground zero in the 2018 midterm elections

STORY HIGHLIGHTS

Minnesota's move toward swing state status is part of the remaking of the US political map

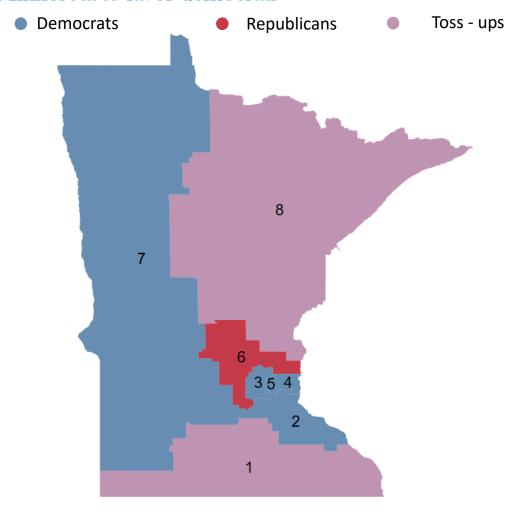
Minnesota joins California as one of the most important states in the 2018 elections

Minnesota to favor Democrats, with 65% turnout

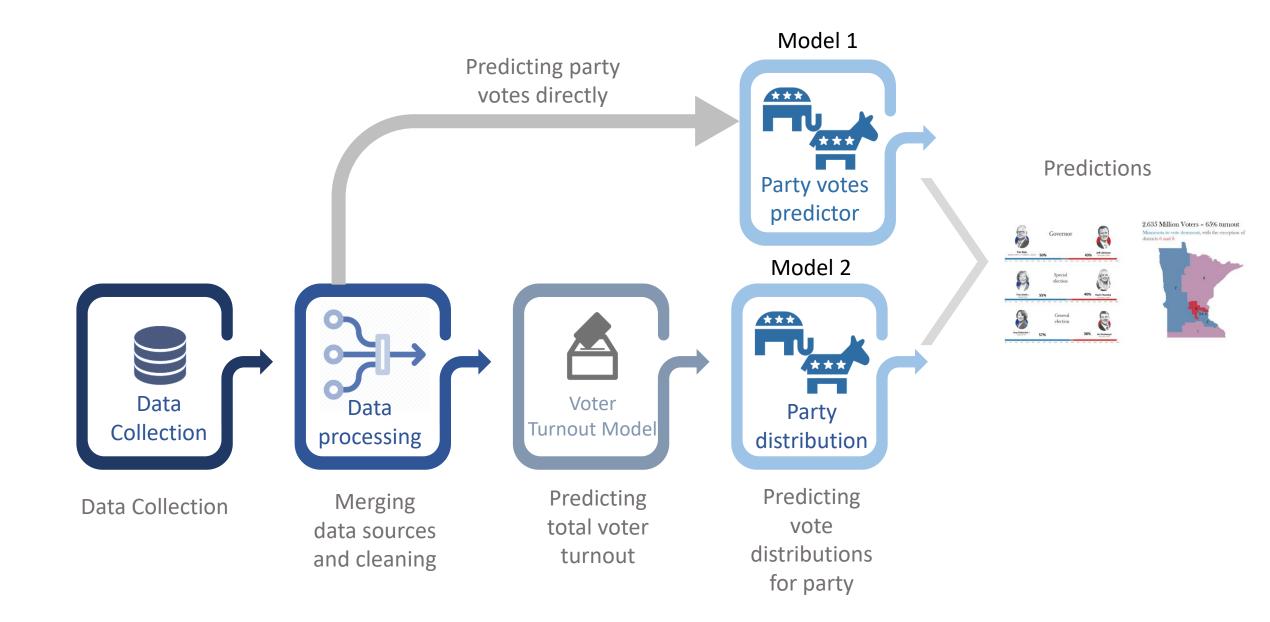


2.635 Million Voters to turn up - 65%

Minnesota to favor democrats



A two-model approach to predict voter turnout



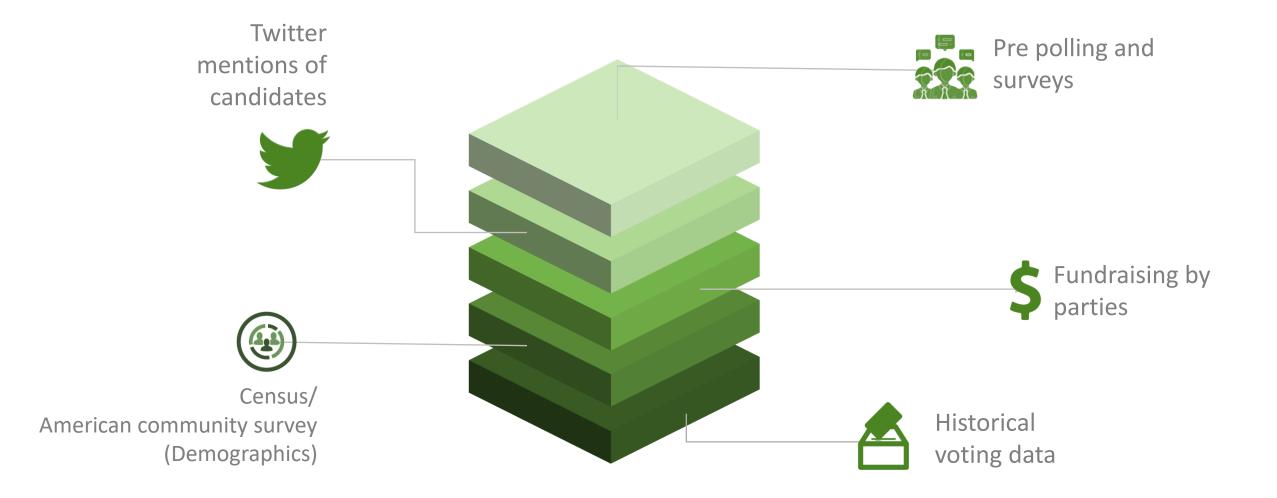
A Data stack was created by combining diverse sources











The datasets were merged after creating time-lagged and derived variables











American community survey (Census.gov)

- Education
- Health insurance
- Poverty
- Nativity
- Race
- Income level
- Veteran status



Twitter mentions of candidates using Twint and Vader

 Analyzed total negative and positive sentiment on the twitter mentions of candidates to create sentiment scores



Data from over 300 pollsters

 Aggregated data from over 300 pollsters



Derived and time-lagged variables

- President/senate/governor/ incumbent flag
- Last year margins
- Last year voting
- Change in voter registration
- Prior candidacy

We found districts similar to Minnesota districts to increase data volume

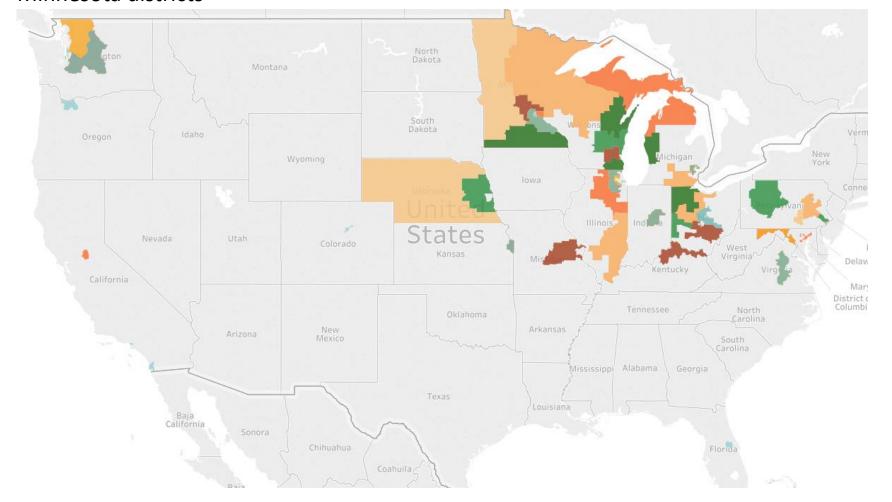








Combination of demographics and political features were used to find districts similar to Minnesota districts



Minnesota districts



A two-model approach to predict voter turnout





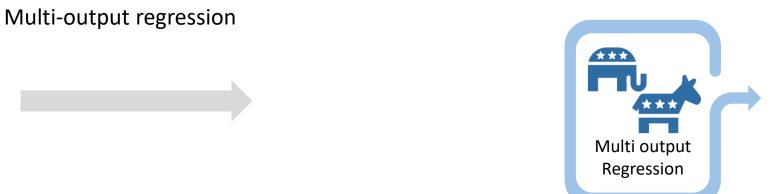






Final

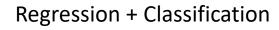
Analytical Dataset

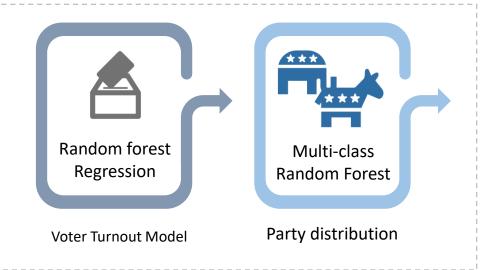


Party votes predictor

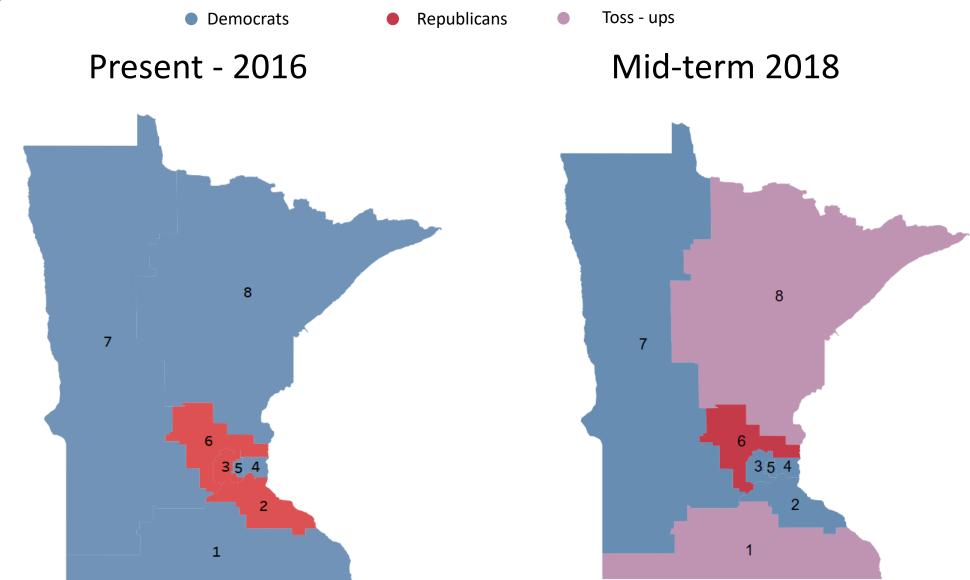






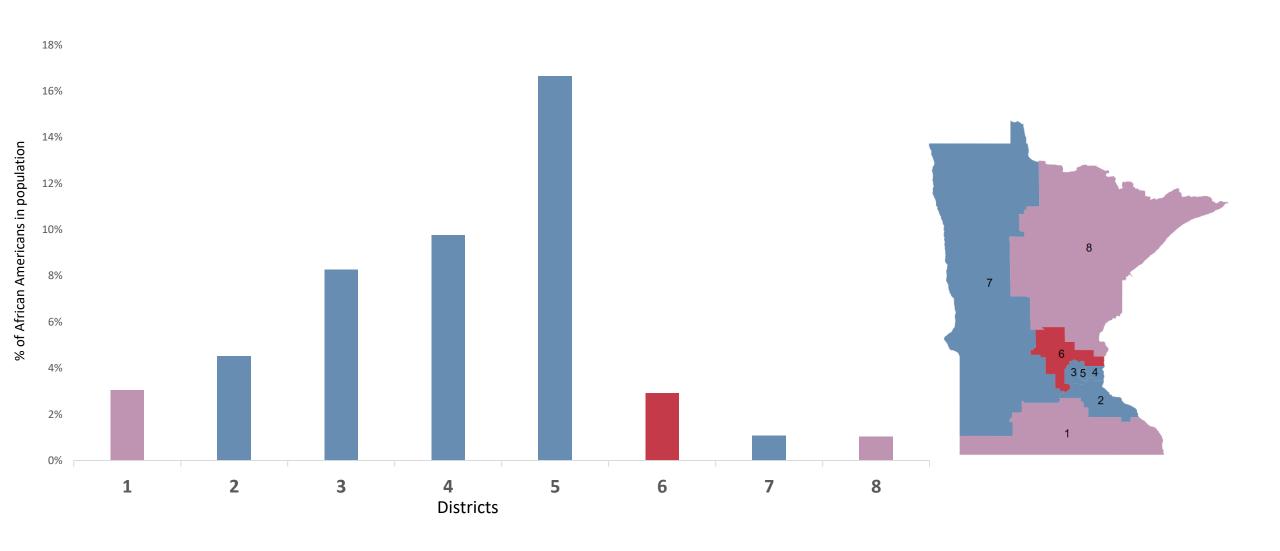


We predict flips in 2 districts and toss-ups in 2 districts



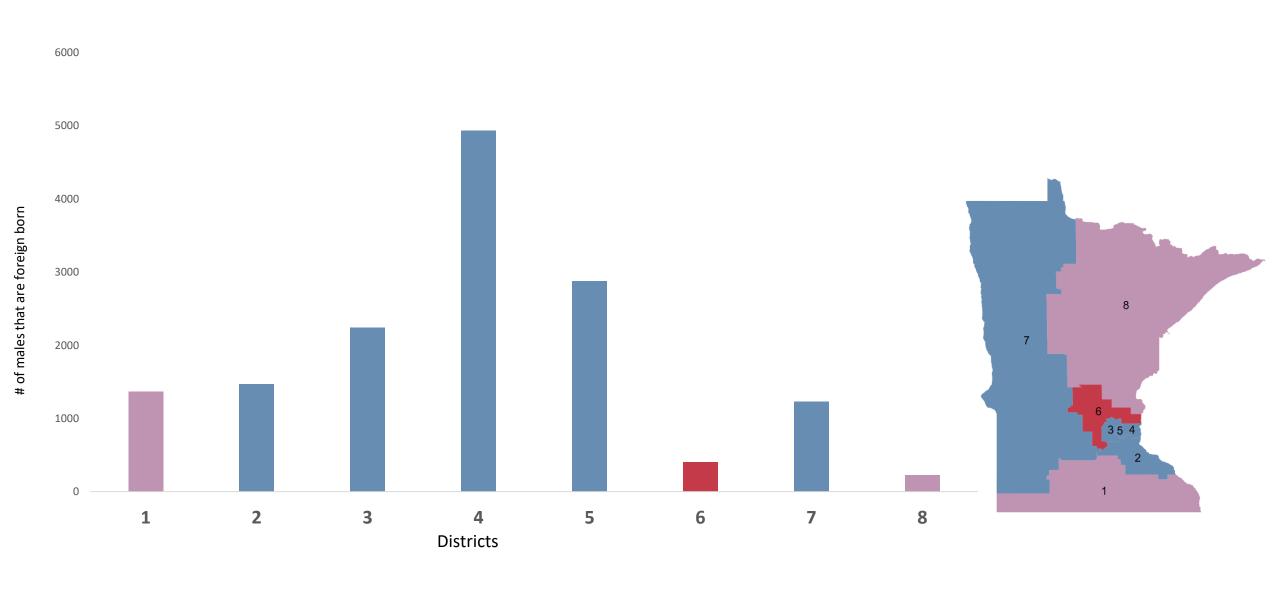
Race is predictive of votes distribution for parties

High African American populated districts tend to vote democrat



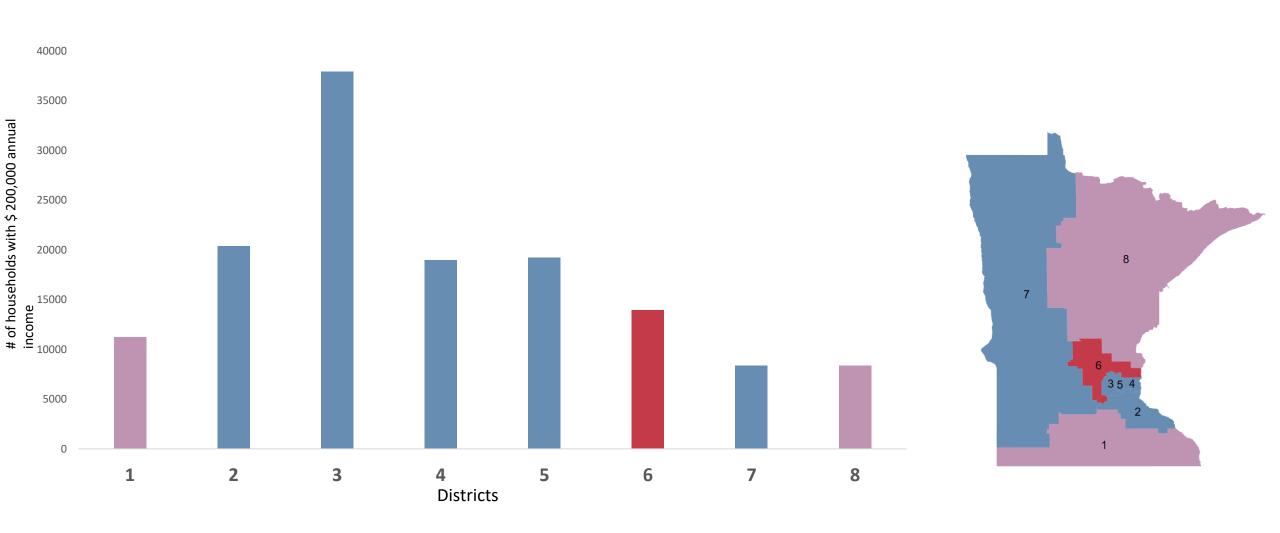
Foreign born citizens are predictive of votes distribution for parties

High non-native populated districts tend to vote democrat

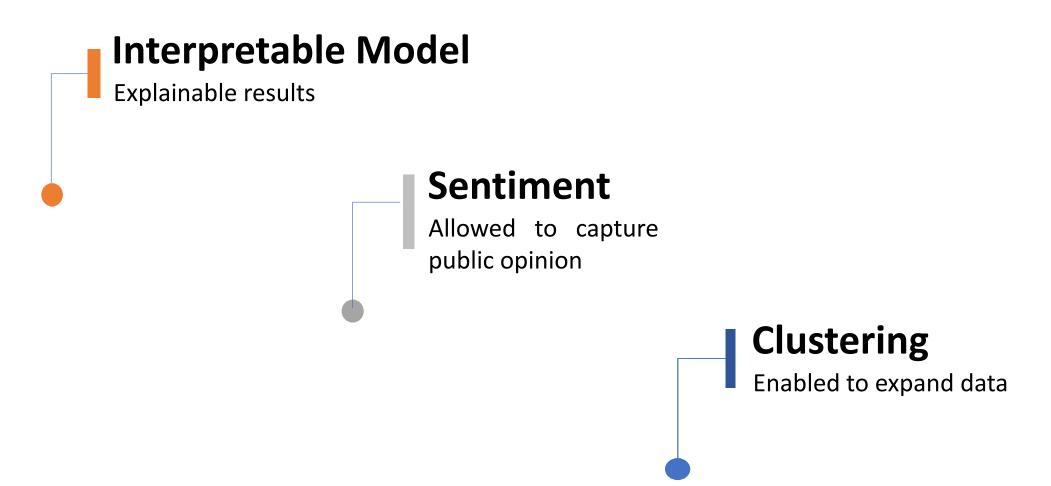


Household income is predictive of votes distribution for parties

Districts with higher household income seem to vote democrat



Key Takeaways



Questions?

Appendix

Why is this important?

Voting is the most basic tenet of our representative democracy.

 Voting in person on Election Day is only one option. No matter where you live in Minnesota, you can still ask for an absentee ballot.

• In Minnesota, we are known for our high voter turnout.

Data Sources - I

- Factfinder https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml
- American Community Survey -https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=acs
- IPUMS https://usa.ipums.org/usa/
- Census https://www.census.gov/ces/dataproducts/demographicdata.html
- Financial Data, Federal Election Commission https://www.fec.gov/data/advanced/?tab=bulk-data
- Secretary of State website for each state https://www.sos.state.mn.us/elections-voting/election-results

Data Sources – II

- Cook Political Report Partisan Voter Index https://www.cookpolitical.com/introducing-2017-cook-political-report-partisan-voter-index
- Google search API: https://pypi.org/project/google-search/
- Polling https://www.realclearpolitics.com/epolls/latest_polls/, https://useventing.com/survey, https://useventing.com/survey, https://useventing.com/survey, https://useventing.com/survey,
- Twitter Python Package https://github.com/twintproject/twint

American Community Survey

The ACS collects and produces population and housing information every year instead of every ten years. Collecting data every year provides more up-to-date information throughout the decade about the U.S. population at the local community level. About 3.5 million housing unit addresses are selected annually, across every county in the nation.

https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=acs

Twitter Data Collection Using Twint

Its an advanced Twitter scraping & OSINT tool written in Python that doesn't use Twitter's API, enabling scraping of user's followers, following, Tweets and more while evading most API limitations.

Twint utilizes Twitter's search operators to scrape Tweets from specific users, scrape Tweets relating to certain topics, hashtags & trends.

Source: https://github.com/twintproject/twint

Cook Political Report Partisan Voter Index

First introduced in 1997, the Cook PVI measures how each district performs at the presidential level compared to the nation as a whole.

This 2017 release incorporates the results of the November 2016 presidential election. A Partisan Voting Index score of D+2, for example, means that in the 2012 and 2016 presidential elections, that district performed an average of two points more Democratic than the nation did as a whole, while an R+4 means the district performed four points more Republican than the national average.

Source: https://www.docdroid.net/4vS5iWM/arranged-by-state-district-1.pdf

https://www.cookpolitical.com/introducing-2017-cook-political-report-partisan-voter-index

Redistricting in Minnesota

Following the 2010 United States Census, Minnesota neither gained nor lost congressional seats. At the time of redistricting, Republicans controlled both chambers of the state legislature but a Democrat, Mark Dayton, was governor. On May 19, 2011, Dayton vetoed the legislature's plan. The Minnesota Supreme Court appointed a judicial panel to draw the lines. The panel issued its map on February 21, 2012.

https://ballotpedia.org/Redistricting in Minnesota

Early Voting

• http://www.fox9.com/news/minnesota-early-voting-turnout-on-pace-with-presidential-election

Minnesota Primary Election Results

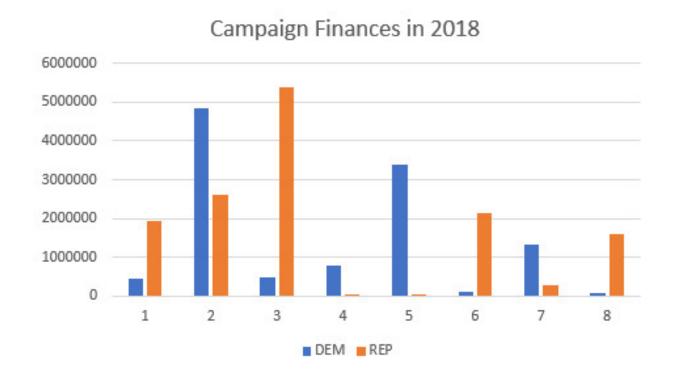
State Primary Election - August 14, 2018

Votes for U.S. Senator: 872,307

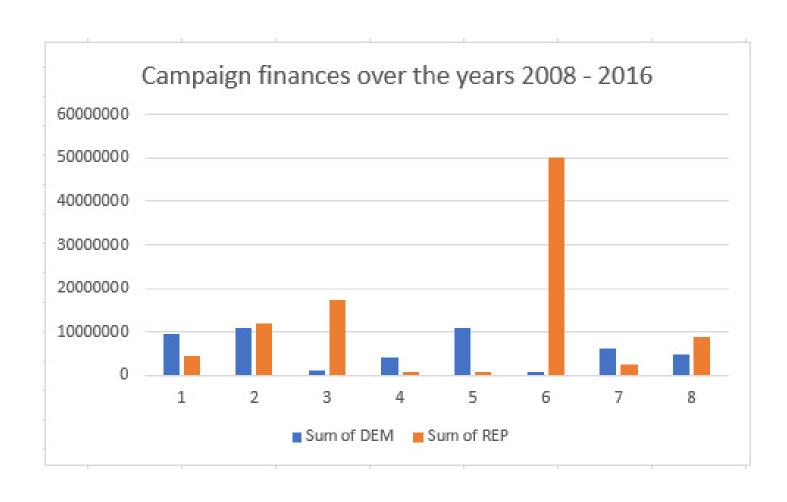
Votes for Governor and Lieutenant Governor: 904,649

- https://www.sos.state.mn.us/elections-voting/2018-primary-election-results/
- https://electionresults.sos.state.mn.us/20180814
- https://www.sos.state.mn.us/elections-voting/election-results

Finance Data



Finance Data



multi-output regression

• http://cig.fi.upm.es/articles/2015/Borchani-2015-WDMKD.pdf