

17-05-2020

ME6230: END-SEMESTER

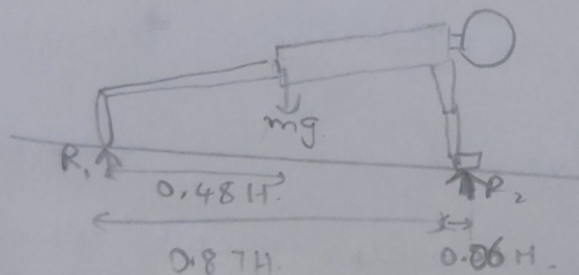
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ME17B114

TAKE-HOME EXAM.

- My Height: 170 cm.
- My Weight: 86 kg.

(1). (i) Plank:



Balancing moment about foot.

$$R_2 = \frac{mg \times 0.48}{0.87 + 0.06} = 434.99 \text{ N.}$$

$$\Rightarrow R_1 = mg - 434.99 \text{ N} = 407.81 \text{ N.}$$

$$\Rightarrow MF \sin 70^\circ \times 0.091 \text{ m}$$

$$= W_L \times 0.024 + \frac{R_1}{2} \times (0.191 - 0.0275) H$$

$$\rightarrow M.F \times 0.07 = 334.76 \times 0.07$$

$$\Rightarrow M.F = 571.91 \Rightarrow M.R = \frac{1048.17}{2} N, 521.91 N$$

$$\sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow J_x = -MF \cos 70^\circ = \frac{-362.20 \text{ N}}{-663.23 \text{ N}}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow W_2 - \frac{R_1}{2} - MF \sin 70^\circ = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow J_y = 334.76 - 407.81 - 571.91 \sin 70^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow J_y = -884.22 \text{ m}^4 \Rightarrow J_y = -311.74$$

Assuming flexor carpi ulnaris to be the sole stabilising muscle acting at the middle of the palm and the reaction force also acting at the middle of the palm. Assuming muscle force at  $45^\circ$  to palm.

$$\sum M_J = 0 \Rightarrow M \cdot F \sin 45^\circ = \frac{R_2}{2} - m_h g = \frac{R_2}{2} - 0.006 mg$$

$$\Rightarrow M.F = \sqrt{2} (434.99 - 0.006 \times 9.8 \times 86) = 608.82 \text{ N}$$

$$\Sigma F_y = 0 \Rightarrow J_y = 0$$

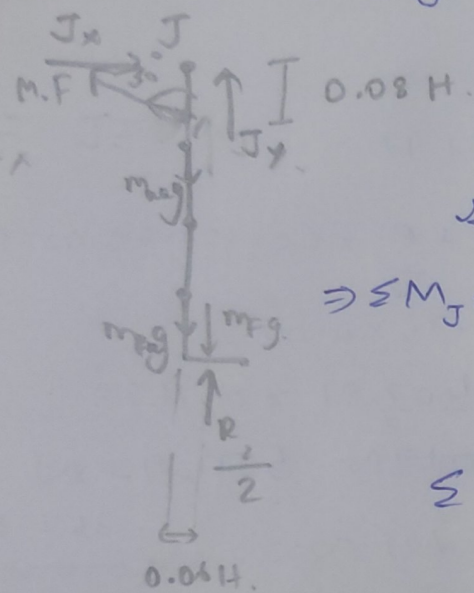
$$300.39 \text{ N}$$

$$\sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow T_x = MF \cos 45^\circ = 429.23 \text{ N}, 212.44 \text{ N}$$



## Shoulder analysis

Assuming latissimus dorsi to stabilise the shoulder with parameters as shown in the diagram.



$$\Rightarrow \sum M_J = 0 \Rightarrow MF \sin 30^\circ \times 0.08 H = 0.06 H \left( \frac{R_2}{2} - m_h g \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow MF = \cancel{644.89 \text{ N}} \quad 318.66 \text{ N}$$

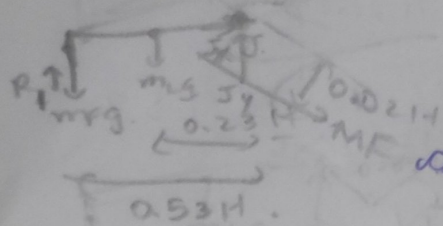
$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow J_y = - \left( MF \cos 30^\circ + \frac{R_2}{2} \right) + (m_u + m_F + m_h) g$$

$$\Rightarrow J_y = \begin{matrix} -266.65 \\ \cancel{-912.01} \end{matrix} + (0.0271 + 0.0162 + 0.0006) \times 86 \times 9.8$$

$$\Rightarrow J_y = \begin{matrix} -266.65 \\ \cancel{-912.01} \end{matrix} + 41.38 = \begin{matrix} \cancel{-810.63 \text{ N}} \\ -225.27 \end{matrix}$$

$$J_x = MF \sin 30^\circ = \cancel{322.45 \text{ N}} \quad 159.33 \text{ N}$$

## L5 Sacral Analysis:



In the plank position the ~~abdominal muscles~~ <sup>is</sup> the

major stabiliser

assuming the erector spinae to act.

$$M.F \times 0.02H = +R_1 \times 0.53H.$$

In the plank position

assuming the abdominal muscles to be the major stabilisers

$$\Rightarrow M.F \times 0.02H = +407.81 \times 0.53H$$

$$\Rightarrow \left[ \frac{1.37 \times 2}{100} \times 0.53 \right] + \left[ \frac{(14.16 + 4.33) \times 2}{100} \times 0.23 \right] \times 86 \times 9.8 \times H.$$

$$\Rightarrow M.F \times 0.02 = -0.1 \times 86 \times 9.8 + 216.14$$

$$\Rightarrow M.F = 6593N$$

$$\sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow J_x + M.F \cos 45^\circ = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow J_x = -\frac{6593}{\sqrt{2}} = -4661.96N$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow J_y + M.F \sin 45^\circ + R_1 = (m_L + m_F)g$$

$$\Rightarrow J_y + 4661.96 + 407.81 = \frac{(14.16 + 4.33 \times 2 + 1.37) \times 2 \times 86 \times 9.8}{100}$$

$$\Rightarrow J_y = 334.76 - 407.81 - 4661.96 = -4735.01N$$

## Ankle Analysis:

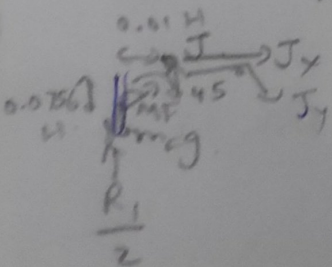
$$\sum M_J = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow M.F (\cos 45^\circ \times 0.0756H + \sin 45^\circ \times 0.01H)$$

$$= (R_1 - m_F g) \times 0.01H$$

$$\Rightarrow M.F \times 0.046 = \left( \frac{407.81}{2} - \frac{1.37 \times 86 \times 9.8}{100} \right) \times 0.01$$

$$\Rightarrow M.F = 8614.43N \quad 8614N \quad 41.82N$$

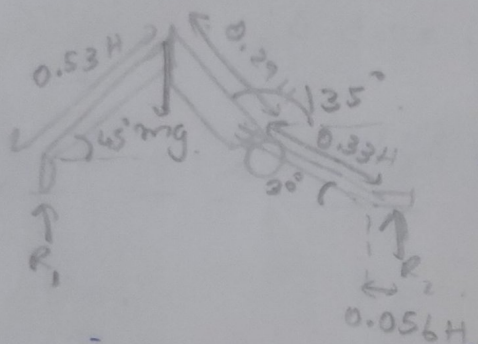




$$\sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow J_x = -M \cdot F \cos 45^\circ = -60.91 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot N, -29.57 N$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow J_y &= m \cdot g - \frac{R_1}{2} - M F \sin 45^\circ \\ &= \frac{1.37 \times 86 \times 9.8}{100} - \frac{407.81}{2} - \frac{86 \cdot \sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot 29.57 \\ &= -482.4074 - 221.93 N \end{aligned}$$

(ii) Dog-facing ground posture:



Assuming the posture to have the following values with references from slides anthropometric data & online photos

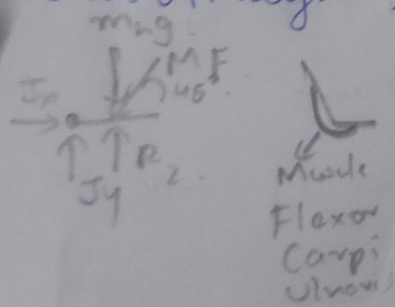
Balancing moment about foot:

$$\Rightarrow mg \times 0.53H \times \cos 45^\circ = R_2 \times [0.53H \cos 45^\circ + 0.29H \cos 45^\circ + 0.33H \cos 30^\circ + 0.056H]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow R_2 &= \frac{86 \times 9.8 \times 0.53}{0.922 \times \sqrt{2}} \\ &= 342.72 N \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow R_1 = mg - R_2 = 500.08 N$$

Wrist Analysis: All assumptions valid as per the wrist analysis in the plank part.



$$\sum M_J = 0 \Rightarrow MF \sin 45^\circ = \frac{R_2}{2} - m_h g$$

$$\Rightarrow MF = \sqrt{2} (342.72/2 - 0.006 \times 9.8 \times 86)$$

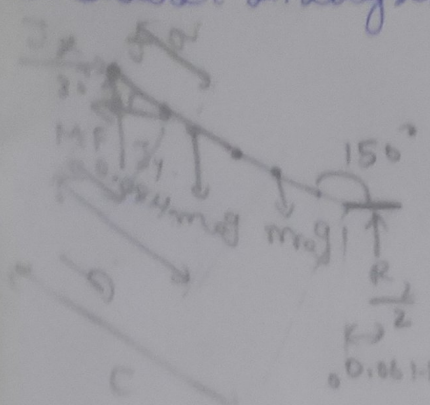
$$\Rightarrow MF = 417.53 N \cdot 235.19 N$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow J_y = 0$$

$$\sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow J_x = MF \cos 45^\circ = 337.66 N \cdot 166.30 N$$



Shoulder Analysis: Carrying forward the same assumptions from shoulder analysis in plank posture



$$a = \frac{57.72 \times 0.18611}{100} = 0.1074$$

$$b = 0.18611 + \frac{45.74 \times 0.146}{100} H = 0.253 H$$

$$c = 0.186 H + 0.146 H = 0.332 H$$

$$\sum M_J = 0 \Rightarrow m_{ua}g \times a \cos 30^\circ + m_{fa}g \times b \cos 30^\circ + MF \sin 30^\circ \times 0.0811 = \frac{R_2}{2} (c \cos 30^\circ + 0.0611)$$

$$\Rightarrow \left( 0.0271 \times 0.107 \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + 0.0162 \times 0.253 \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \times 86 \times 9.8 + MF \times 0.04 = \frac{342.72}{2} (0.332 \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + 0.06)$$

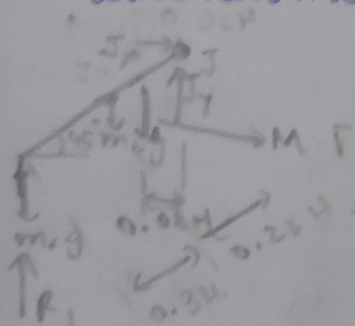
$$\Rightarrow MF = \frac{-5.11 + \frac{59.55}{2}}{0.04} = \frac{2849.81}{0.04} = 1361.03 N$$

$$\sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow J_x = MF = 2849.81 N$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow J_y = (m_{ua} + m_{fo})g - \frac{R_2}{2} = (0.0271 + 0.0162) \times 9.8 \times 86 - \frac{342.72}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow J_y = -362.23 N$$

L-5 Sacral Analysis:



going with the same assumptions for the sacral analysis in the plank part.

$$\sum M_J \Rightarrow MF \times 0.02 H + m_L g \times 0.23 \times \cos 45^\circ + m_P g \times 0.53 \times \cos 45^\circ = R_1 \times 0.53 \times \cos 45^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow M.F = \frac{560.08 \times 0.53 - \left( \frac{1.37 \times 2}{100} \times 0.53 + \frac{(14.16 + 4.33) \times 2 \times 23}{160} \right) \times 86 \times 9.8}{J_2 \times 0.02}$$

$$= 124.41 N$$



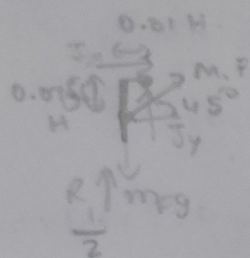
$$\sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow J_x = 0.$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow J_y = M.F + (m_L + m_F)g - R_1$$

$$\Rightarrow J_y = 6403.55 + \frac{(14.16 + 4.33 + 1.37) \times 2 \times 86 \times 9.8}{100} - 500.08$$

$$= 6238.23 \text{ N}$$

Ankle Analysis:



$$\sum M_J = 0$$

$$M.F. (\cos 45^\circ \times 0.0756 - \sin 45^\circ \times 0.01 \text{ m}) = (R_1 - m_F g) \times 0.01 \text{ m}$$

$$\Rightarrow M.F. \times 0.046 = \left( \frac{500.08}{2} - \frac{1.37 \times 86 \times 9.8}{100} \right) \times 0.01$$

$$\Rightarrow M.F. = ~~106.202~~ 51.85 \text{ N}$$

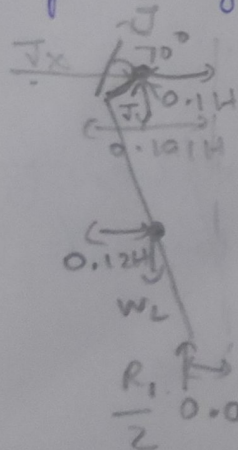
$$J_x = -M.F. \cos 45^\circ = -~~75.09~~ 36.66 \text{ N}$$

$$J_y = m_F g - \frac{R_1}{2} - M.F. \sin 45^\circ$$

$$= \frac{1.37 \times 86 \times 9.8}{100} - \frac{500.08}{2} - \frac{51.85}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow J_y = -~~563.63~~ 275.16 \text{ N}$$

Hip Analysis:



$$\sum M_J = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow M.F. \sin 70^\circ \times 0.091 \text{ m} = \frac{W_L}{2} \times 0.02 \text{ m} + R_1 \times (0.191 - 0.0275 \text{ m})$$

$$\Rightarrow M.F. \times 0.07 = 334.76 \times 0.02 + \frac{500.08 \times 0.16}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow M.F. = ~~1252.69~~ 667.16 \text{ N}$$

$$\sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow J_x = -M.F. \cos 70^\circ = -~~800.32~~ 422.53 \text{ N}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow J_y = W_L - \frac{R_1}{2} - M.F. \sin 70^\circ$$

$$= 334.76 - \frac{500.08}{2} - \frac{1252.69 \sin 70^\circ}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow J_y = -~~443.28~~ 431.59 \text{ N}$$