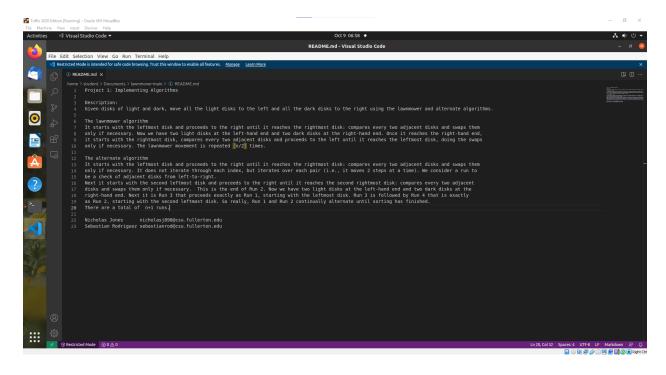
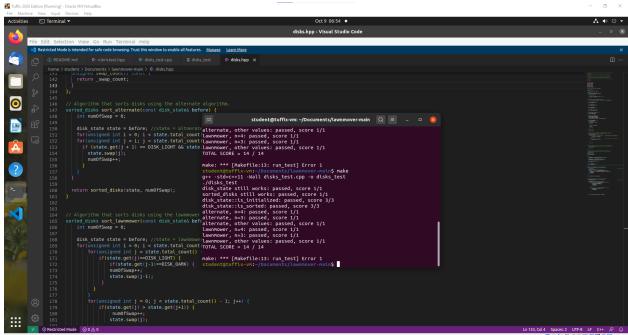
# **Project 1: Implementing Algorithms**





## **Lawnmower Algorithm Pseudo Code:**

Create local variable to count the swaps 1 tu

Create temp disk state 1 tu

For i from 0 to n/2 n/2 + 1 tu

For j total count - 1 1-n tu

If j is less than total count - 1 2 tu

Increment 1 tu

Swap states 1 tu

Swap j-1 and j 3 tu

For j from 0 to n-1 n-1 tu

If j is greater than j+1 2 tu

Increment 1 tu

Swap states 1 tu

Swap j and j+1 3 tu

## **Mathematical Analysis**

### **Step Count:**

### O(n^2)

$$SC = 1 + 1 + outer for loop(SC first for loop + SC second for loop) + 1$$

$$SC = 1 + 1 + ((n/2) + 1) ((1-n)(2 + max(6, 0)) + n(2 + max(5, 0))$$

$$= 2 + ((n/2) + 1) (8 - 6n + 5n)$$

$$= 2+((n/2) + 1) (8 - 1n)$$

$$= 2 + ((8n/2) + 1)(8 - 1n)$$

$$= 2 + (8n/2) - (n^2/2) + 8 - n$$

$$= 10 + (8n/2) - (n^2/2) + 8 - n$$

$$= 10 + 3n-(n^2/2)$$

$$= O((n^2/2) - 3n - 10)$$

$$= O((n^2/2))$$

$$= O(n^2)$$

## **Proof:**

$$8n^2 + 3n + 8 \in O(n^2)$$

lim n to inf 
$$(8n^2 + 3n + 8)/(n^2)$$

= 
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} n \text{ to inf } (8n^2/n^2) + \lim_{n \to \infty} n \text{ to inf } (8n/n^2) + \lim_{n \to \infty} n \text{ to inf } (3/n^2)$$

= 
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} n$$
 to  $\inf_{n \to \infty} (8n) + \lim_{n \to \infty} n$  to  $\inf_{n \to \infty} (3/n^2)$ 

$$= 8 >= 0$$
 and is a constant

$$8n^2 + 3n + 8 \in O(n^2)$$

## **Alternate Algorithm Pseudo Code:**

Create local variable to count the swaps

1 tu

Create temp disk state

1 tu

For i from 0 total count

n/(2n+1) tu

For j = 1 total count - 1

n tu

If j+1 and j

2 tu

Swap states

1 tu

Increment

1 tu

## **Mathematical Analysis**

## **Step Count:**

### O(n^2)

$$SC = 1 + 1 + (n/2 + 1)n(2 + max(3, 0))$$

$$= 2 + (n/2 + 1)(n)(5)$$

$$= 2 + (n/2 + 1)(5n)$$

$$= 2 + (5n^2)/2 + 5n = (5n^2)/2 + 5n + 2$$

$$= O((5n^2)/2 + 5n + 2)$$

$$= O((5n^2)/2)$$

$$= O(n^2)$$

### **Proof:**

$$5n^2 + 5n + 2 \subseteq O(n^2)$$

lim n to inf 
$$(5n^2 + 5n + 2)/(n^2)$$

= lim n to inf  $(5n^2/n^2)$  + lim n to inf  $(5n/n^2)$  + lim n to inf  $(2/n^2)$ 

=  $\lim_{n \to \infty} n$  to  $\inf_{n \to \infty} (2) + \lim_{n \to \infty} n$  to  $\inf_{n \to \infty} (5/n^2)$ 

= 5 >= 0 and is a constant

$$5n^2 + 5n + 2 \in O(n^2)$$