Total No. of Pages	2
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Roll No.....

VI-SEMESTER EXAM(Supplementary)

B.Tech.(SE) Aug-2018

SE-306 Compiler Design

Time: 3:00 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

Note: Attempt any Five questions

Q.No. 1

- A. Construct DFA accepting strings of binary digits which are even numbers. [4]
- B. Compute FIRST and FOLLOW sets and Construct a predictive parsing table for the following grammar, where S is the start symbol. [6]

S→aBDh

 $B \rightarrow cC \mid \epsilon$

C→bC | €

 $D \rightarrow EF$

 $E \rightarrow g \mid \epsilon$

 $F \rightarrow f \mid \epsilon$

(where 'e' denotes epsilon)

Q.No. 2

- A. What are the different error recovery strategies adopted in complier ?explain [4]
- B. Construct parsing table for the following grammar, where S is the start symbol [6]

S→AaAb

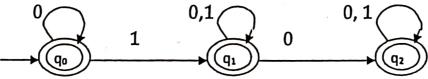
S→BbBa

 $A \rightarrow \epsilon$

 $B \rightarrow \epsilon$

Q.No. 3

A. Construct a regular expression(RE) corresponding to the following FA using Arden's theorem [4]



B. Consider following grammar

S→aAb| bB

[6]

 $A \rightarrow Aa \mid \epsilon$

B→ Bb| €

and test whether the grammar is LL(1) or not?

0.No. 4

- A. What is the advantage of left recursive grammar over right recursive grammar in LR parsing . Explain with suitable example. [4]
- B. Consider the program fragment and Generate three address code for it [6]

sum=0

for(i=1;i<=20; i++)

sum=sum+a[i]+b[i];

Q.No. 5

- A. What is the use of FA in lexical analysis? Design a DFA for strings over {0, 1} having an even number of 0's and any no. of 1's. [4]
- B. Design a PDA for Language $L=\{0^n 1^n 1 \text{ for } n>=0\}$ [6]

Q.No. 6

- A. What is loop jamming ?Explain code optimization by eliminating induction variables and code motion with suitable examples. [4]
- B. Write SDD for generating three address code for Boolean expressions with &&, || (OR) and ! Operators. [6]

O.No. 7

- A. What are the various approaches for symbol table organization? Explain with examples. [4]
- B. Give syntax tree, Directed acyclic graph (DAG) And three address code for expression if (a>0) then a=3*(b+1) else b=b+1. [6]