V - SEMESTER

B. Fech

END TERM EXAMINATION Nov/Dec-2022 HU 301 - ENGINEERING ECONOMICS

Time: 03:00 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

Note: Attempt any five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- Q.1 (a) A consumer consumes only two goods X&Y both priced at 3 per unit. If the consumer chooses a combination of these two goods with the marginal rate of substitution equal to 3. Is the consumer in equilibrium? Give reasons. What will a rational consumer do in this [CO:1][5 Marks] situation?
- behaviour of Output when all the inputs are increased in the (b) What do you mean by Production Function? Explain the likely [CO:1,2][5 Marks] production process.
- Q.2 (a) How are commercial banks different from the Central Bank? [CO:2][5 Marks] Discuss the mechanism of credit creation by commercial banks.
- (b) What causes the fluctuations in the Economic output over a period of time. Discuss phases of the business cycle. [CO:2,3][5 Marks]
- Q.3 (a) Investment A costs Rs.10,000 today and pays back Rs.11,500 two years from now. Investment B costs Rs.8000 today and pays back Rs.4500 each year for two years. If an interest rate of 5 % is used, [CO:4] [5Marks] which alternative is superior?
- (b) A company can make a particular component or purchase from the market. The cost detail is as below:

| If it purchases from the market. Rs.3050+GST @18% | Rs.3050+GST @18% |
|---|---------------------|
| The purchasing price per unit | |
| If it makes: | |
| Cost of the machine | Rs 1020300+GST @18% |
| | |

| Salary of the machine operator | |
|--|-------------------|
| per month Rent of the workshop per month | Rs25000 |
| Raw material-1 per unit | Rs 400+GST@18% |
| Raw material -2 per unit | Rs 1100 +GST @18% |
| Other cost per unit | Rs 300 |
| Office cost per | |

If the annual demand is 1500

Whether company should 'Make' or 'purchase'. Suggest
[CO:2,4] [5 Marks]

- Q.4 (a) A monopolist has the cost function $TC(y) = 200y + 15y^2$ and faces the demand function given by p = 1200 10y. On the basis of given information, calculate the following: [CO:1,4][5 Marks]
 - (i) What output maximizes its profit?
 - (ii) What is the profit-maximizing price?
 - (iii) What is its maximal profit?
 - (b) Discuss the guiding principles of Indian Five Year Plans.
 [CO:3][5 Marks]
- Q.5 (a) A person is planning for his retired life. He has 10 more years of service. He would like to deposit 20% of his salary which is 4000 at the end of the first year and thereafter he wishes to deposit the amount with an annual increase of Rs 500 for the next 9 years with an interest rate of 15%. Find the total amount at the end of the 10th year of the above series.

 [CO:4][5 Marks]
 - (b) What do you mean by Fiscal policy? How can Fiscal Policy be used to close an Inflationary and Recessionary gap? [CO:2,3][5 Marks]

Q.6 (a) A company invests in one of the two mutually exclusive alternatives. The life of both alternatives is estimated to be 5 years with the following investments, annual returns and salvage value.

| the contract | Alternatives | |
|--------------------------|--------------|-----------|
| | Α | В |
| Investment (Rs) | -1,50,000 | -1,75,000 |
| Annual equal return (Rs) | | +70,000 |
| Salvage value (Rs) | +15,000 | +35,000 |

Determine the best alternative based on the annual equivalent method if i = 25 % [CO:4] [5 Marks]

- (b) Discuss the major trade barriers imposed by countries to restrict trade. [CO:2,3] [5 Marks]
- O.7 (a) A company is planning to expand its business after 10 years. To meet the expansion expenditure, at the end of first year the company is planning to deposit Rs. 20,00,000 in the reserve and from the next year it will increase the amount to be deposited Rs. 15,000 from the previous deposit for the next 9 years with an interest rate of 12%. Calculate the total amount which the company will have for the expansion at the end of 10 years.

 [CO:4] [5 Marks]
- (b) From the following information calculate the break- even point and the turnover (sales) required to earn a profit of Rs 36000.

Fixed overheads Rs. 18000

Variable cost per unit Rs. 2

Selling price Rs. 20

If the company is earning a profit of Rs. 36000 express the margin of safety level. [CO:4][5 Marks]