

**SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION****Sep-2019****CO324 PATTERN RECOGNITION****Time: 3:00 Hours****Max. Marks: 50****Note: Answer ALL questions.**

Assume suitable missing data, if any.

**USE ONLY OPTIMAL NUMBER OF WORDS TO ANSWER**

- 1[a] Discuss the design steps of a pattern recognition system using a block diagram. [consider a practical example] [2]
- [b] Consider a tumor detection system using medical imaging. The probability of occurrence of tumor is 0.05. There may be two type of error is detection: the system detects a tumor, and there is no tumor in reality (Type-I error); it fails to detect and there is a tumor (Type-II error). Let the probability of the system detecting a tumor given there is no tumor is 0.1, and probability of the system does not detect any tumor given there is a tumor is 0.01. Find the probability of Type-I error, Type-II error, probability of the system detects a tumor, and the probability of presence of a tumor given the system has detected a tumor. [2+2+2+2]
2. Answer *any TWO* of the followings
- [a] What is meant by support vector? Explain, with an example in 2-D feature space. Consider a hyperplane  $w^T x + w_0 = 0$ . The hyperplane acts as decision surface between class  $i$  and class  $j$ . Calculate margin of an object  $x$  from the decision surface. [5]
- [b] Consider a fictional dataset that describes the weather conditions for playing a game of golf. Given the weather conditions, each tuple classifies the conditions as fit("Yes") or unfit("No") for playing golf. Design a classifier based on Naïve Bayes approach and find if there is a play or no play for feature vector  $X=[\text{Rainy, Cool, Normal, True}]$ . [5]

Table-1

Day	Outlook	Temperature	Humidity	Windy	Play
0	Rainy	Hot	High	False	No
1	Rainy	Hot	High	True	No
2	Overcast	Hot	High	False	Yes
3	Sunny	Mild	High	False	Yes
4	Sunny	Cool	Normal	False	Yes
5	Sunny	Cool	Normal	True	No
6	Overcast	Cool	Normal	True	Yes
7	Rainy	Mild	High	False	No
8	Rainy	Cool	Normal	False	Yes
9	Sunny	Mild	Normal	False	Yes
10	Rainy	Mild	Normal	True	Yes
11	Overcast	Mild	High	True	Yes
12	Overcast	Hot	Normal	False	Yes
13	Sunny	Mild	High	True	No

- [c] A common issue in the design of pattern recognition systems is of noisy and missing feature. Briefly discuss a strategy to deal with noisy and missing features. [5]

3. Answer any TWO of the followings

- [a] Compute the principal axes of the distribution. The covariance matrix of the distribution is given as [5]

$$\Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} 2.0 & 0.8 \\ 0.8 & 0.6 \end{bmatrix}$$

- [b] The five observations of two dimensional data are given in Table II. Reduce the dimensionality of data using PCA. [5]

Table II

x	10	12	13	14	16
y	16	18	20	22	24

**Hint:** the eigenvalues of covariance matrix of data are: 0.0670, 14.9330 and the eigenvectors are:  $[-0.8174 \ 0.5760]^T$ ,  $[0.5760 \ 0.8174]^T$ .

- [c] Consider the problem of binary classification using the Naive Bayes classifier. You are given two dimensional features ( $X_1, X_2$ ) and the categorical class conditional distributions in the tables below. The entries

in Table III correspond to  $P(X_1 = x_1|C_i)$  and  $P(X_2 = x_2|C_i)$  respectively. Given a data point  $(-1, 1)$ , calculate the following posterior probabilities:  $P(C_1|X_1 = -1, X_2 = 1)$ . [5]

**Table III**

Class	X <sub>1</sub>			X <sub>2</sub>		
	-1	0	1	-1	0	1
C <sub>1</sub>	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.1
C <sub>2</sub>	0.3	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.6

4. Answer *any TWO* of the followings

- [a] How would a sample with a feature vector  $(1, 1)$  be classified if samples from class A are at  $(3, 0)$   $(4, 1)$  and  $(3, 2)$  and sample from class B are at  $(1, -1)$  and  $(1, -1.5)$  using the K means. [5]
- [b] Use KNN algorithm and predict the type of fruit or food type to which Tomato (Sweet = 6, Crunch = 4) belongs

**Table IV**

Ingredient	Sweet	Crunch	Food Type
Grape	8	5	Fruit
Greenbean	3	7	Vegetable
Nuts	3	6	Protein
Orange	7	3	Fruit

- [c] Explain working of a perception (in ANN) using a block diagram. Also, design XOR gate using ANN. [5]
- 5[a] Consider a neural network with following set of input and desired output training vectors: [5]

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{X}^{(1)} &= [-1, 2, 0, 1]^T; \quad t^{(1)} = 1, \\ \mathbf{X}^{(2)} &= [0.5, -0.5, 2, -1]^T; \quad t^{(2)} = -1, \\ \mathbf{X}^{(3)} &= [-1.5, 0, 0.5, -1]^T; \quad t^{(3)} = +1, \end{aligned}$$

With initial weight vector  $\mathbf{w}^{(0)} = [0.1, 0.4, 0, 0.3]^T$ , and the learning rate  $\eta = 0.1$ . Activation function of neuron is Sigmoid function and learning rule is  $\mathbf{w}^{(n+1)} = \mathbf{w}^{(n)} + \eta[t^{(n)} - o^{(n)}]\mathbf{x}^{(n)}$ . Find out whether ANN will give produce target outputs in two iterations or not. Show each step clearly.



- [b] Explain the working of simulated annealing algorithm and compare it with steepest descent algorithm in terms of global vs local search. [5]
- [c] Describe the exploitation and exploration phenomenon in Particle Swarm Optimization (PSO) along with adequate mathematical expressions. [5]

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