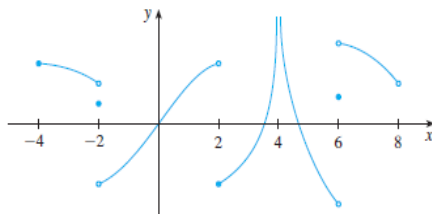


## Assignment 2 MT1003 (Calculus and Analytical Geometry)

National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences, Islamabad, Pakistan

**Q1.** Write the intervals on the function given in the graph is continuous and identify the points on which the function is discontinuous.



**Q2.** For what values of  $x$  the given function  $f(x) = \frac{x^2-9}{x^2-5x+6}$  is discontinuous? Justify your answer.

**Q3.** By using continuity of the function  $f(x) = x^3 - x - 1$ . Show that the equation  $f(x) = 0$  has one real root in the interval  $[1, 2]$ . Justify your answer.

**Q4.** Find the value(s) of  $x$  at which the function  $f(x) = \left| 4 - \frac{8}{x^4+x} \right|$  is not continuous. Justify your answer.

**Q5.** Find the value of  $h$  and  $m$  if possible that will make the function continuous everywhere

$$\varphi(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 5, & x > 2, \\ m(x+1) + h & -1 < x \leq 2 \\ 2x^3 + x + 7, & x \leq -1. \end{cases}$$

**Q6.** Determine whether the following functions have removable discontinuities or not? Justify in each case.

- $f(x) = \frac{|x|}{x}$ .
- $f(x) = \frac{x^2+3x}{x+3}$ .
- $f(x) = \frac{x-2}{|x|-2}$ .

**Q7.** Evaluate the following limits(if possible).

$$(i) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{4x^2 - x}{2x^3 - 5}, \quad (ii) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{5x^3 - 2x^2 + 1}{1 - 3x}.$$

Write a note about the limit at infinity and infinite limits, the differences if there are any with appropriate examples.

**Q8.** Recall asymptote of a function (both horizontal as well vertical). For the following function  $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 3x} - x$ , determine if there is any horizontal and vertical asymptote.

**Q9.** Discuss the limits and explain in your own words

- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \sin \frac{1}{x}$ .
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x}$ .

**Q10.** Discuss the continuity of the function  $\ln(\cos x + 1)$ .