

task 1a: The code reads two lines from an input file, checks if there exists a pair of numbers in the second line that sum up to the target value given in the first line. If such a pair is found, it writes the indices (1-based) of the numbers to an out file otherwise it writes Impossible. The time complexity of the code is  $O(n^2)$

task 1b: It is same as task 1a just a little modified to get  $O(n)$ . Because of only one for loop it contains  $O(n)$  time complexity.

task 2a: The code reads four lines from an input file  $m$ ,  $temp1$ ,  $n$ , and  $temp2$ . It performs a merge sort on  $temp1$  and  $temp2$  separately using the mergesort function. Then it merges the sorted arrays using the merge function. The time complexity of the code is  $O(n \log n)$

task 2b: This code also takes four input like task 2a and performs merge operation on  $temp-1$  and  $temp-2$  to create a new sorted array "new\_arr". And the elements are merged into one array. The time complexity is  $O(m+n)$  which can be denoted as  $O(n)$ .

task 3: The code reads two lines from an input file `n` and `arr`. it performs a merge sort which is done by `mid = len(arr) // 2`, then recursively doing the same thing and then finally by merging all the elements we get a sorted array. It follows the divide-and-conquer approach. And its time complexity is  $O(n \log n)$ .

task 4: The code reads a list of integers from an input file, recursively finds the maximum value using divide and conquer and writes the result in the output file. The time complexity of the code is  $O(\log n)$ .