

## ACADEMIC WRITING STYLE

*Read the original academic sentences in Column 1.*

*Rewrite the stylistic imperfection to make the sentences effective in Column 2.*

Column 1: Faulty Sentences	Column 2: Effective Sentences
<b>0. In order to make such a methodology feasible, an accurate model of rockfall was required.</b>	<b>To make such a methodology feasible, an accurate model of rockfall was required.</b>
1. Sometimes malicious software isn't defective, but legitimate with malware inside.	
2. We end up with a detailed discussion about how AI implementation can be a huge advantage in combating various similar viruses.	
3. The system was not able to provide clear and reasonable warning.	
4. Not many detectors can compete with the IGP in terms of sensitivity.	
5. We don't know what structural parameters of photocatalysts govern the photocatalytic activity.	
6. Each and every movement of the robot will be recorded and can be viewed in a PC wirelessly by the operator.	
7. Researchers haven't fully used the measures that are available in the data to address theoretically driven studies.	
8. The robot chooses a different direction and follows it till the next border/obstacle and so on and so forth.	
9. First and foremost, the team aims to create a fully autonomous vehicle that is capable of safely and robustly meeting all of the criteria laid out in the Technical Evaluation Criteria document [1].	
10. Our future plans include implementing ultrasound-based local navigation and performing robotic mastoidectomy.	
11. The most significant change would have been to completely finish our	

drive system before continuing to the rest of the robot.	
12. A two-link robotic manipulator is a simple example to understand the basic fundamentals of such manipulators.	
13. However, in order to solve complex problems, these agents must work cooperatively with other agents in a heterogeneous environment.	
14. Clustering is the process of grouping similar data into a set of clusters.	
15. The issue of resource provisioning optimization is a complicated optimization issue that includes many uncertainty parameters.	
16. The proposed model provides a good solution to the security assurance of computer information systems.	
17. Bad smells are software patterns that are generally associated with bad design and bad programming.	
18. You should be aware of the drawbacks of the system.	
19. As you can see in Figure 1.2, most respondents chose the second option.	
20. The analysis of how X-factor impacts B gene expression was conducted.	
21. Their interpretation of the implementation of the institute's program was insightful.	
22. Commercial anti-virus or anti-spyware that used signature-based matching to detect malicious hardware cannot solve major security threats.	
23. It is clear that the processor must be fast enough to process the information in real-time.	