"foo" != "bar"	true
"foo" == "foo"	true
61 == "61"	false

The tester will assert that the stdout of your program matches the format above.

Notes

- This output format matches the spec in the **book's repository**

- In this stage, you can assume we will not test for error cases. Runtime errors will be introduced in later stages. For now, all equality operations will involve only two numbers or two strings.

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Hints   Filter by Rust ✔

Tests failed. ❓ [Show logs]