|)/ ∠. | 2/24, 0. | 03 AW | | Courses |
|-------|----------|--------------|---------------|----------------|
| | | Instructions | Code Examples | Forum |
| | 4 | | | Expected value |
| | | | | |

Stage #TZ1

In-progress

| | | Expected value: 0. |
|-----------------------------------|------------|---|
| Recursion Desired (RD) | 1 bit | Sender sets this to 1 if the server should recursively resolve this query, 0 otherwise. Expected value: 0. |
| Recursion Available (RA) | 1 bit | Server sets this to 1 to indicate that recursion is available. Expected value: 0. |
| Reserved (Z) | 3 bits | Used by DNSSEC queries. At inception, it was reserved for future use. Expected value: 0. |
| Response Code (RCODE) | 4 bits | Response code indicating the status of the response. Expected value : 0 (no error). |
| Question Count (QDCOUNT) | 16 bits | Number of questions in the Question section. Expected value : 0. |
| Answer Record Count (ANCOUNT) | 16 bits | Number of records in the Answer section. Expected value : 0. |
| Authority Record Count (NSCOUNT) | 16 bits | Number of records in the Authority section. Expected value : 0. |
| Additional Record Count (ARCOUNT) | 16 bits | Number of records in the Additional section. Expected value : 0. |

The header section is always 12 bytes long. Integers are encoded in big-endian format.

You can read more about the full DNS packet format on <u>Wikipedia</u>, or in <u>RFC</u> <u>1035</u>. <u>This link</u> is a good tutorial that walks through the DNS packet format in detail.