

Command Line Forensics For Linux

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Introduction

What you will learn:

Checking Linux systems for suspicious activity using basic tools.

What you will not learn:

Finding North Korean zero day exploits.



1000:1 Rule

Defenders need to know thousands of ways for a system to get compromised. Attackers need to be right just once.

Attackers need to know about thousands of ways to cover their tracks. Defenders need to spot something wrong just once.



Simple First

"Common problems are surprisingly common."

- Don't worry about Advanced Persistent Threats (APT)
- Worry about Commonly Run Attacks Preferred (CRAP)
- If you can't spot common problems, why worry about sophisticated attacks?



What About Zero Day Attacks?

- Zero day attacks are rare and expensive
- Common attacks work and have total deniability
- Advanced attacks are particular about how and where they work
- 1000:1 Rule: They still need to hide once in!



Basic Concepts

Computers are not spontaneous

Focus first on what got your attention



Basic Concepts

Look for suspicious directories

Look for suspicious files

Look for suspicious processes



Basic Linux Commands

```
Is
Isattr
cat
strings
last
lastb
```

```
lastlog
utmpdump
ps
file
rpm
debsums
```





Targeted Directories

/tmp, /var/tmp /usr/lib, /usr/lib64, /usr/lib32

/dev /etc

/dev/shm /var

/bin /var/log

/sbin /var/spool/cron

/usr/bin Web server directories

/usr/sbin Privileged/system user

/lib, /lib64, /lib32



- Tries to look like a system directory
- Hidden directory in system areas
- Weird permissions, attributes, or creation dates
- Doesn't match what a duplicate virtual OS image shows
- Contains suspicious files and data



```
total 17120
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Jul 25 21:45
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Sep 7 09:52.
drwxr-xr-x 10 root root 12288 Sep 7 09:52.
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Mar 25 2017.
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Mar 25 2017...
drwxr-xr-x 24 root root 4096 Oct 11 04:01 ...
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Jun 4 01:56 ...
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Jun 4 02:25 ...
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Jun 7 00:46 ..%
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 1037528 May 16 12:49 bash
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 520992 Jun 15 23:46 btrfs
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 249464 Jun 15 23:46 btrfs-calc-size
Irwxrwxrwx 1 root root 5 Jun 15 23:46 btrfsck -> btrfs
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 278376 Jun 15 23:46 btrfs-convert
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 249464 Jun 15 23:46 btrfs-debug-tree
```

root@ubuntu16-dirty:~# Is -al /bin



```
root@ubuntu16-dirty:~# Is -al /bin total 17120
```

```
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Jul 25 21:45
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Sep 7 09:52 .
drwxr-xr-x 10 root root 12288 Sep 7 09:52 .
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Mar 25 2017 .
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Mar 25 2017 .
drwxr-xr-x 24 root root 4096 Oct 11 04:01 ..
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Jun 4 01:56 ..
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Jun 4 02:25 ...
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Jun 7 00:46 ..%
```

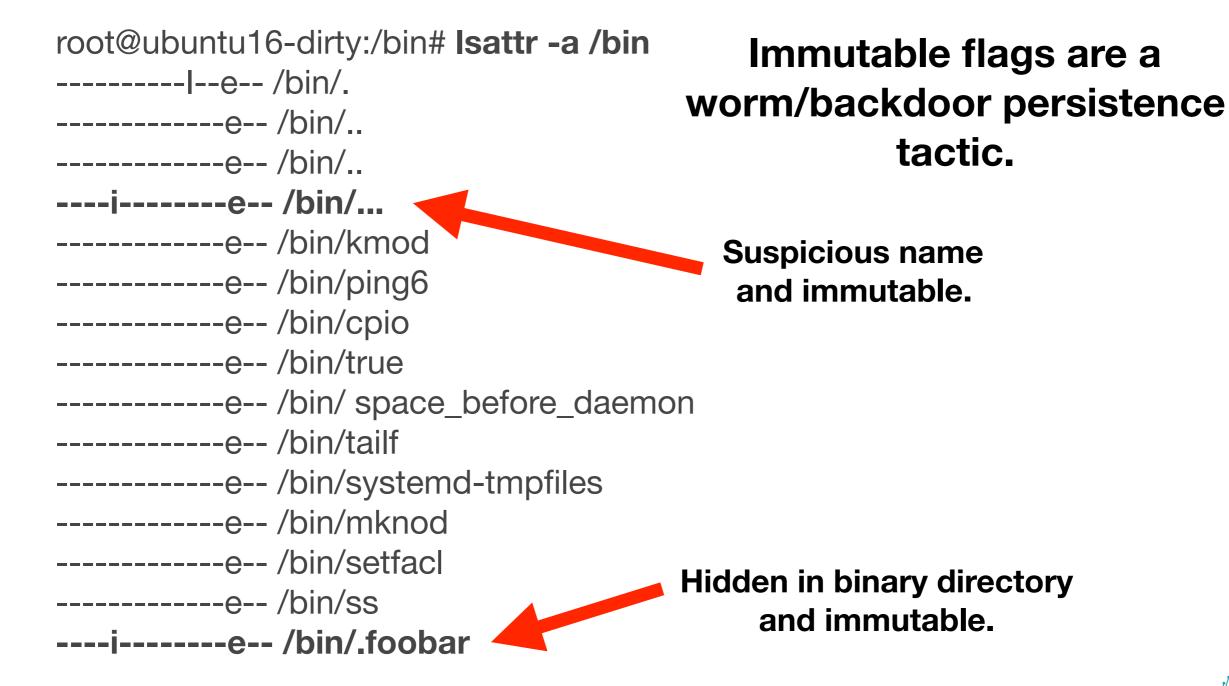
What is this?

-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 1037528 May 16 12:49 bash -rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 520992 Jun 15 23:46 btrfs -rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 249464 Jun 15 23:46 btrfs-calc-size Irwxrwxrwx 1 root root 5 Jun 15 23:46 btrfsck -> btrfs -rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 278376 Jun 15 23:46 btrfs-convert -rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 249464 Jun 15 23:46 btrfs-debug-tree



```
"space"
root@ubuntu16-dirty:~# Is -lap /bin
                                                              "space" dot
total 17120
                         4096 Jul 25 21:45
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root
                                                               dot "space"
                         4096 Sep 7 09:52 ./
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root
drwxr-xr-x 10 root root
                        12288 Sep 7 09:52 ./
                         4096 Mar 25 2017.
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root
                                                               dot dot "space"
drwxr-xr-x 24 root root
                         4096 Oct 11 04:01 ../
                                                                Trying to look
                         4096 Jun 4 01:56 .. /
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root
                                                                    legit
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root
                         4096 Jun 4 02:25 .../
                         4096 Jun 7 00:46 ..%/
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root
                                                                 Special
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 1037528 May 16 12:49 bash
                                                               characters
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 520992 Jun 15 23:46 btrfs
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 249464 Jun 15 23:46 btrfs-calc-size
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 278376 Jun 15 23:46 btrfs-convert
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 249464 Jun 15 23:46 btrfs-debug-tree
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 245368 Jun 15 23:46 btrfs-find-root
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 270136 Jun 15 23:46 btrfs-image
```







Suspicious Files



Suspicious Files

- Tampered or missing audit logs
- Files that are not the type they claim to be or are out of place
- Binaries that are modified or in strange locations



Suspicious Files Audit Log Tampering

High value and frequently targeted files:

```
/var/log/wtmp - All valid past logins
/var/log/lastlog - Last login for each user
/var/log/btmp - All bad logins
/var/run/utmp - All current logins
/var/log/* - Various logs
```



Suspicious Files Zero Byte Logs

root@ubuntu16-dirty:~# Is -al /var/log total 104

```
drwxrwxr-x 8 root syslog
                           4096 Oct 24 06:25.
                                                                Zero byte
drwxr-xr-x 17 root root
                         4096 Jul 25 23:18 ...
                                                               audit logs?
                            0 Oct 25 00:55 auth.log
-rw-r--- 1 syslog adm
                            0 Oct 25 00:55 auth.log.1
-rw-r--- 1 syslog adm
-rw-r--- 1 syslog adm
                            0 Oct 25 00:55 auth.log.2.gz
                                                                No bad logins?
-rw-rw---- 1 root utmp
                           0 Oct 25 00:55 btmp
                           0 Oct 25 00:55 btmp.1
-rw---- 1 root utmp
                                                                 No kernel
                                                                messages?
                           0 Oct 25 00:55 kern.log
-rw-r — 1 syslog adm
-rw-r--- 1 syslog adm
                            0 Oct 25 00:55 kern.log.1
                                                                    Log rotate
-rw-r--- 1 syslog adm
                            0 Oct 25 00:55 kern.log.2.gz
                                                                  compressed a
                                                                   zero byte file?
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 292292 Oct 24 21:09 lastlog
                            0 Oct 25 00:55 syslog
-rw-r--- 1 syslog adm
-rw-r--- 1 syslog adm
                            0 Oct 25 00:55 sulpg 1
                                                         Date/time all
-rw-r--- 1 syslog adm
                            0 Oct 25 00:55 syslog.2.gz
                                                          identical?
```

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Suspicious Files Temp Files Left Behind

root@ubuntu16-dirty:~# **Is -al /tmp** total 44

```
drwxrwxrwt 8 root root 12288 Sep 5 00:12.

drwxr-xr-x 23 root root 4096 Sep 5 00:03 ..

drwxrwxrwt 2 root root 4096 Sep 5 00:03 .font-unix

drwxrwxrwt 2 root root 4096 Sep 5 00:03 .ICE-unix

drwxrwxrwt 2 root root 4096 Sep 5 00:03 .Test-unix

-rw-r--r- 1 root root 2304 Sep 5 00:12 utmp.bak

drwxrwxrwt 2 root root 4096 Sep 5 00:03 .X11-unix

drwxrwxrwt 2 root root 4096 Sep 5 00:03 .XIM-unix
```

File left by poorly written or crashed log cleaner.



Suspicious Files Null Erased Current Logins

Someone overwrote this entry with nulls.



Suspicious Files Null Erased Bad Logins

```
root@ubuntu16-dirty:~# utmpdump < /var/log/btmp
Utmp dump of /dev/stdin
                    [ssh:notty][13.78.176.165
                                                  [13.78.176.165] [Mon Sep 11 20:52:56 2017 UTC]
[6] [23367] [ ] [cbm
                                                  [13.78.176.165] [Mon Sep 11 20:52:58 2017 UTC]
                   [ssh:notty][13.78.176.165
[6] [23367] [ ] [cbm
                   ] [ssh:notty ] [13.78.176.165
                                                  [13.78.176.165] [Mon Sep 11 20:55:30 2017 UTC]
[6] [23515] [ ] [cbm
                   ] [ssh:notty ] [13.78.176.165
                                                  [13.78.176.165] [Mon Sep 11 20:55:33 2017 UTC]
[6] [23515] [ ] [cbm
                                      ] [0.0.0.0
[0] [000000] [0]
                                       0.0.0.0
[0] [00000] [0]
                                      0.0.0.0
[00000] [0]
[0] [00000] [ ] [
                                      0.0.0.0
   Type 0 (null)
                                                                   No date.
                            Entries are empty.
```

utmpdump works on wtmp, utmp, and btmp



Suspicious Files Null Erased Bad Logins

```
root@ubuntu16-dirty:~# lastb
cbm ssh:notty 13.78.176.165 Mon Sep 11 20:58 - 20:58 (00:00)
cbm ssh:notty 13.78.176.165 Mon Sep 11 20:58 - 20:58 (00:00)
cbm ssh:notty 13.78.176.165 Mon Sep 11 20:52 - 20:52 (00:00)
cbm ssh:notty 13.78.176.165 Mon Sep 11 20:52 - 20:52 (00:00)
Thu Jan 1 00:00 - 00:00 (00:00)
```

Thu Jan 1 00:00 - 00:00 (00:00) Thu Jan 1 00:00 - 00:00 (00:00)



These two entries are nulled.

Overwritten after intruder logged in.



Suspicious Files Erased Audit Logs

Deleting these files disables login auditing on Linux:

```
/var/log/wtmp
/var/log/lastlog
/var/log/btmp
/var/run/utmp
```



Suspicious Files File not what it is named

root@ubuntu16-dirty:~/html# file * upload.html: HTML document, ASCII text download.html: HTML document, ASCII text disk.html: HTML document, ASCII text index.html: HTML document, ASCII text

erase.html: HTML document, ASCII text

. . .

update.html: ELF 64-bit LSB executable, ...,

This is not a html file.



Suspicious Files System files modified

```
[root@centos-6-2 ~]# rpm -Va | grep ^..5.
```

SM5....T. c /etc/ssh/sshd_config

S.5....T. c /etc/ssh/ssh_config

S.5....T. c /root/.bashrc

Manually inspect these.

root@ubuntu16-dirty:/bin# debsums -c /usr/sbin/nologin

Very strange!





- Processes named to look legit
- Open ports you don't recognize
- Outbound connections you don't recognize
- Deleted processes
- Deleted processes with open network ports



root@ubuntu16-dirty:/lib# netstat -nalp

Active Internet connections (servers and established)

Proto Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address 0.0.0.0:22222 tcp 0.0.0.0:22 tcp 0 0 332 192.168.1.122 tcp tcp6 :::22 0.0.0.0:555 udp 0 0.0.0.0:1 raw

Foreign Address
0.0.0.0:*
0.0.0.0:*
120.136.1.1:56639
:::*
0.0.0.0:*
0.0.0.0:*

State PID
LISTEN 22251/apache
LISTEN 1293/sshd
ESTABLISHED 11022/2
LISTEN 1293/sshd
32481/t
7 22251/apache

port 22222



"apache"

Raw socket

ICMP Protocol



```
root@ubuntu16-dirty:/lib# ps -auxwf
        PID %CPU %MEM VSZ
                                           STAT START TIME COMMAND
USER
                                RSS TTY
root
        2 0.0 0.0
                       0?
                                  Sep20 0:00 [kthreadd]
                                 Sep20 0:24 \_ [ksoftirqd/0]
        3 0.0 0.0
                       0?
root
                   0 0?
                              S< Sep20 0:00 \_ [kworker/0:0H]
        5 0.0 0.0
root
                   0 0?
    7 0.0 0.0
                                  Sep20 0:43 \_ [rcu_sched]
root
                       0?
                                  Sep20 0:00 \_ [rcu_bh]
        8 0.0 0.0
root
       667 0.0 0.0 102968 352 ?
                                              0:00 /sbin/lvmetad -f
root
                                   Ss Sep20
                                              0:07 /lib/systemd/systemd-udevd
       700 0.0 0.5 42592 2796 ?
root
                                       Sep20 0:00 /dev/apache
      22251 0.0 0.1 9184 688 ?
                                   S
root
```







root@ubuntu16-dirty:~# **Is -al /proc/22251** total 0

PID from previous.

```
dr-xr-xr-x 9 root root 0 Sep 23 23:50 .
dr-xr-xr-x 127 root root 0 Sep 20 01:06 ..
dr-xr-xr-x 2 root root 0 Oct 25 02:01 attr
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 0 Oct 25 02:01 autogroup
```

-r---- 1 root root 0 Oct 25 02:01 auxv

-r--r-- 1 root root 0 Oct 25 02:01 cgroup

. . .

Irwxrwxrwx 1 root root 0 Oct 25 04:11 exe -> /dev/apache (deleted)

dr-x---- 2 root root 0 Oct 25 04:15 fd

dr-x---- 2 root root 0 Oct 25 01:59 fdinfo

-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 0 Oct 25 02:01 gid_map





root@ubuntu16-dirty:~# strings /dev/suspicious_binary

/lib64/ld-linux-x86-64.so.2

libc.so.6

socket

execl

htons

perror

daemon

listen

bind

dup2

atoi

accept

GLIBC_2.4

bind() failed

/bin/sh



listen(), bind(), accept()
Holy Trinity of bindshells

Not good!



Conclusions

- Focus on simple first
- Remember the 1000:1 rule works in your advantage once a host is compromised
- Look for suspicious directories, files, and processes
- Simple tools and careful attention can find many problems





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