- 3. Based on Program 8.8:
  - Identify which showValue function applies the overriding and overloading concept.
  - b. Trace the output of the program.
  - c. Define the difference between method overriding and method overloading.

```
//Program 8.8
    #include <iostream>
   using namespace std;
    class Superclass3{
        public:
 7
           void showValue(int a) {
              cout<<a<<end1;
 9
10
11
12
    class Subclass3:public Superclass3{
13
        public:
14
           void showValue(int a) {
              cout<<"The subclass: \t"<<a<<endl;
15
16
17
18
           void showValue (double a) {
19
              cout<<a<<endl;
20
21
   };
22
23
   int main() {
24
        Subclass3 obj;
25
        obj.showValue(8);
26
        obj.showValue(8.97);
27
        return 0;
28
```

4. Consider the following two classes in Program 8.9.

```
//Program 8.9
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

class B{
    private:
        int k;

protected:
    int i;
    int j;
```

```
void printMe();
 13
        public:
14
15
          B(int j) {
               this->j=j;
16
17
18
19
          void changeValue(int);
20
21
22
    void B::printMe(){
       cout<<"i:"<<i<<" j:"<<j<<" k:"<<k<<endl;
23
24
25
    void B::changeValue(int j) {
26
27
        this->j = j;
28
29
    class C:public B{
30
31
        private:
32
           int j;
33
34
        public:
35
           C(int value) {
36
               i = 6;
37
                j = 10;
38
39
           void printMe();
40
41
        protected:
42
           void changeValue(int);
43
    };
44
45
    void C::printMe(){
46
        B::printMe();
47
         cout<<"j: "<<j;
48
49
50
    void C::changeValue(int j){
51
        B::changeValue(j);
 52
         this->i=25;
 53
 54
55
     int main(){
 56
         C obj (12);
 57
         obj.changeValue(45);
 58
         obj.printMe();
 59
```

The Program 8.9 will result in a compilation errors. You are required to:

- a. Identify which line(s) of code result in s compilation error(s).
- b. Give a reason(s) for the error(s).

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c. Correct the statement(s).

Write the output of the program once the error(s) have been corrected.