

**7) AIM:** write an XML file which will display the book information which include the following:

1 Title of the book

2 Author name

3 publisher name

4 edition

5 price

Write a Document Type Definition (DTD) to validate the above XML file.

**PROGRAM:**

**.HTML File:**

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

<xsl:stylesheet version="1.0" xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform">

<xsl:template match="/">

<html>

<head>

<title>XML-14K15A0501</title>

</head>

<body>

<table border="2">

<tr>

<th align="center">Bookname</th>

<th align="center">Author</th>

<th align="center">Publisher</th>

<th align="center">Edition</th>

<th align="center">Price</th>

</tr>

<xsl:for-each select="library_details/library">
```

```

<tr>

<td><xsl:value-of select="Bookname"/></td>

<td><xsl:value-of select="Author"/></td>

<td><xsl:value-of select="Publisher"/></td>

<td><xsl:value-of select="Edition"/></td>

<td><xsl:value-of select="Price"/></td>

</xsl:for-each>

</table>

</body>

</html>

</xsl:template>

</xsl:stylesheet>

```

### **.XML File:**

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?> <?xml-
stylesheet type="text/xsl" href="example.xsl"?>

<library_details>

  <library>

    <Bookname>Web Technology</Bookname>

    <Author>Robet Roy</Author>

    <Publisher>Technical</Publisher>

    <Edition>7th</Edition>

    <Price>650</Price>

  </library>

  <library>

    <Bookname>Software Engineering</Bookname>

    <Author>Ugrasen Suman</Author>

    <Publisher>Technical</Publisher>

```

<Edition>8th</Edition>

<Price>450</Price>

</library>

<library>

<Bookname>DWDM</Bookname>

<Author>Vipin Kumar</Author>

<Publisher>Technical</Publisher>

<Edition>5th</Edition>

<Price>399</Price>

</library>

<library>

<Bookname>Computer Networks</Bookname>

<Author>Forouzan</Author>

<Publisher>Technical</Publisher>

<Edition>7th</Edition>

<Price>500</Price>

</library>

<library>

<Bookname>D.A.A</Bookname>

<Author>T.H Cormen</Author>

<Publisher>Technical</Publisher>

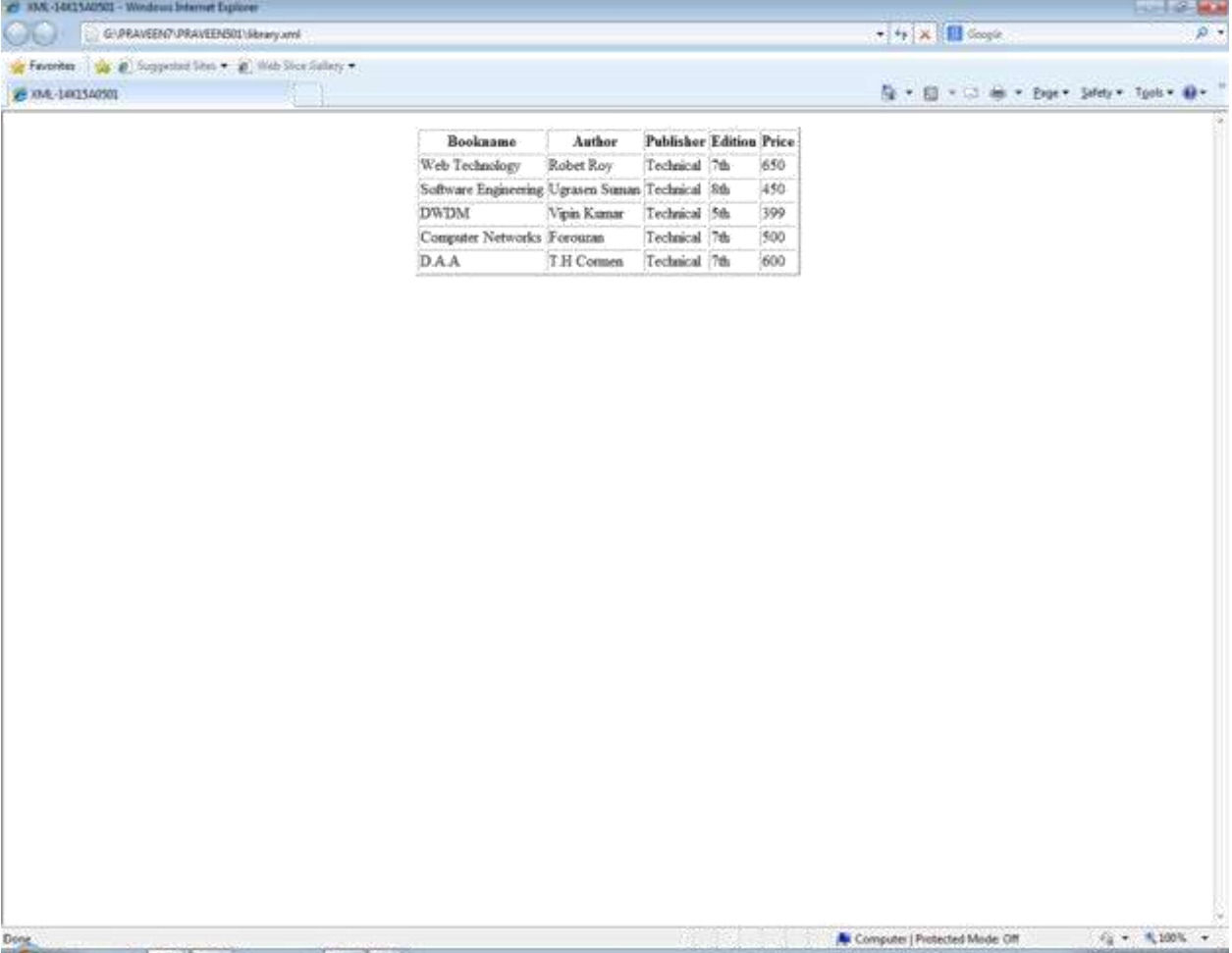
<Edition>7th</Edition>

<Price>600</Price>

</library>

</library\_details>

## OUTPUT:



The screenshot shows a Windows Internet Explorer browser window. The address bar displays the file path G:\PRAVEEN\PRAVEENS\library.xml. The browser's Favorites bar is visible below the address bar. The main content area displays a table with five columns: Bookname, Author, Publisher, Edition, and Price. The table contains five rows of data. The status bar at the bottom indicates 'Done' and 'Computer | Protected Mode: Off'.

Bookname	Author	Publisher	Edition	Price
Web Technology	Robert Roy	Technical	7th	650
Software Engineering	Ugrasen Suman	Technical	8th	450
DWDM	Vipin Kumar	Technical	5th	399
Computer Networks	Forouzan	Technical	7th	500
D.A.A	T.H. Comer	Technical	7th	600

**8) AIM:** Write a Ruby program reads a number and calculates the factorial value of it and prints the same.

**PROGRAM:**

```
puts "enter n value";

n=gets.to_i;

class A

  def fact(n)

    f=1

    for i in 1..n

      f=f*i;

    end

    return f

  end

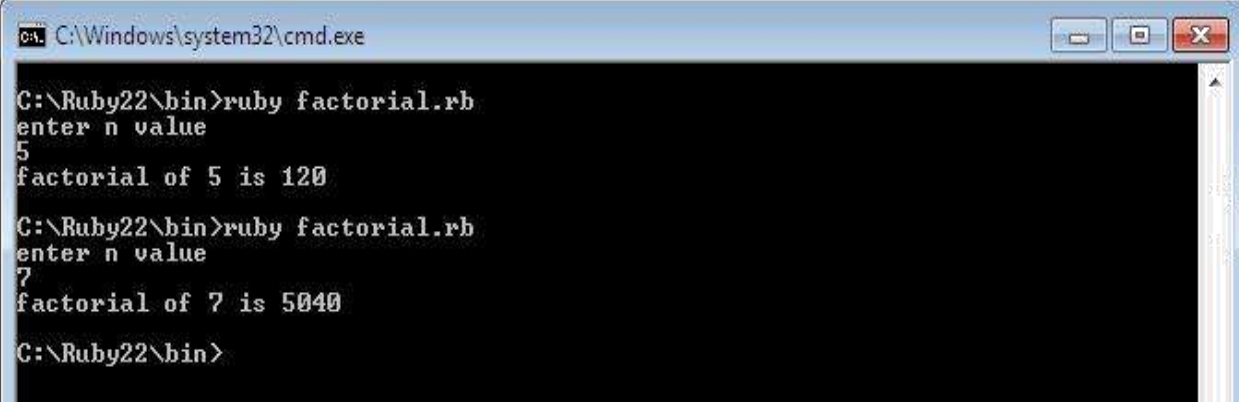
end

ob=A.new

r=ob.fact n

puts "factorial of #{n} is #{r}";
```

**OUTPUT:**



The screenshot shows a Windows command prompt window titled "C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe". The prompt is at "C:\Ruby22\bin>". The user enters "ruby factorial.rb", which prompts "enter n value". The user enters "5", and the output is "factorial of 5 is 120". The user enters "ruby factorial.rb" again, which prompts "enter n value". The user enters "7", and the output is "factorial of 7 is 5040". The prompt returns to "C:\Ruby22\bin>".

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
C:\Ruby22\bin>ruby factorial.rb
enter n value
5
factorial of 5 is 120
C:\Ruby22\bin>ruby factorial.rb
enter n value
7
factorial of 7 is 5040
C:\Ruby22\bin>
```

**9) AIM:** Write a Ruby program which counts number of line in a text file using its regular expression facility.

### **PROGRAM:**

#### **DYNAMIC READING FILE:**

```
i=0;

while line=gets

  puts line

  i =i+1;

end

print "the number of lines #{i}"
```

#### **TEXT FILE:H.TXT:**

```
File.open("h.txt") do |a1|

  a1=IO.readlines("h.txt")

  c=0;

  for i in 0..a1.length

    puts"#{a1[i]}"

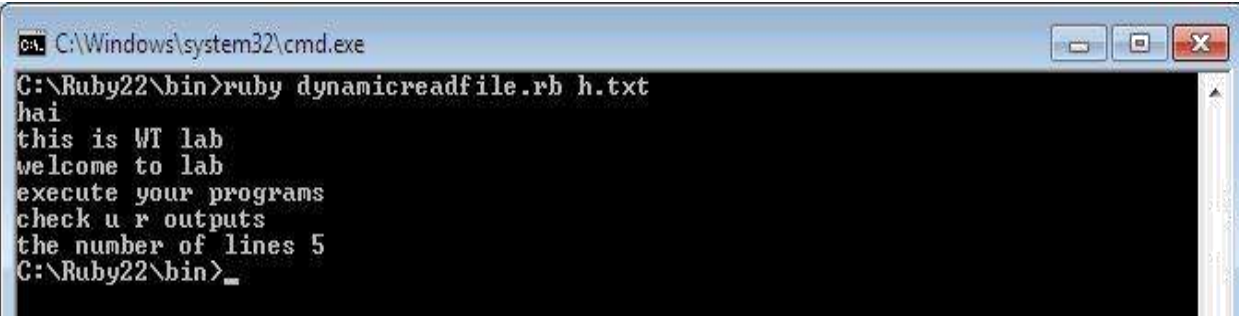
    c+=1;

  end

  puts"th no.of lines in a file#{c}";

end
```

### **OUTPUT:**



```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
C:\Ruby22\bin>ruby dynamicreadfile.rb h.txt
hai
this is WT lab
welcome to lab
execute your programs
check u r outputs
the number of lines 5
C:\Ruby22\bin>_
```

**10) AIM:** Write a Ruby program that uses iterator to find out the length of a string.

**PROGRAM:**

```
str="web technology"

len=0

  str.each_char do |ch|

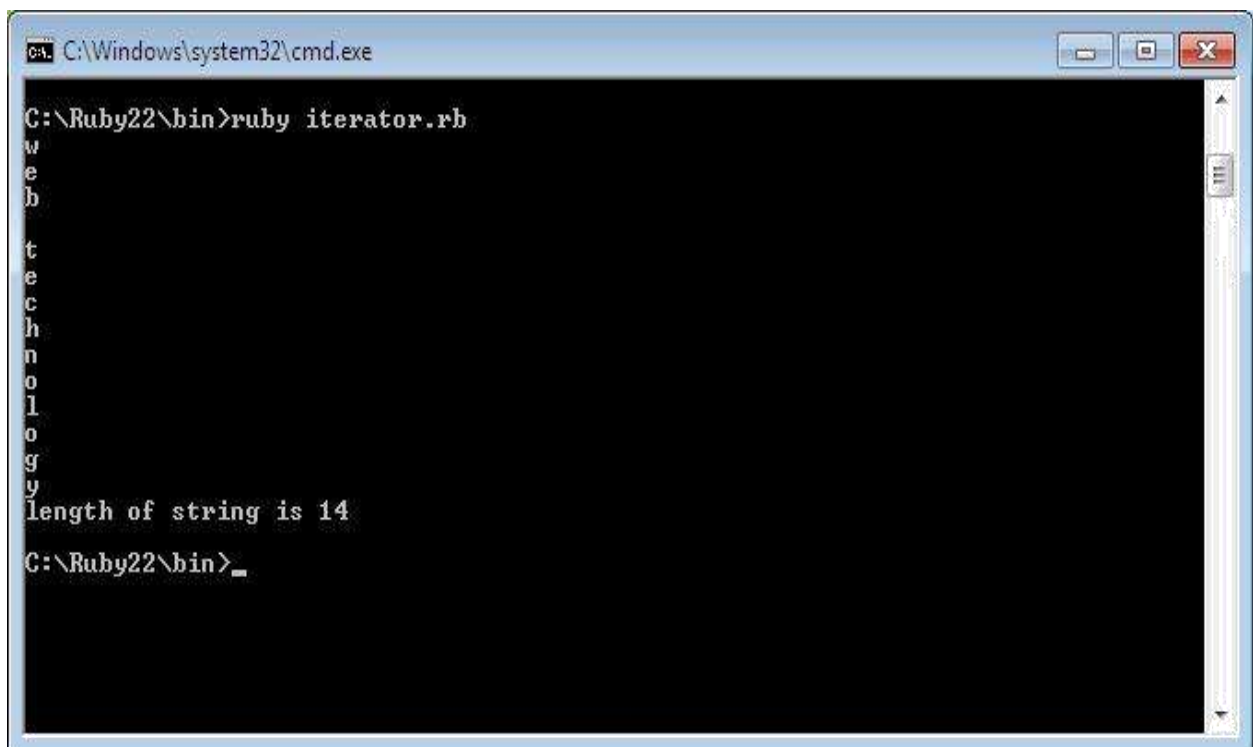
    puts ch

    len+=1;

  end

  puts "length of string is #{len}"
```

**OUTPUT:**



```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

C:\Ruby22\bin>ruby iterator.rb
w
e
b
t
e
c
h
n
o
l
o
g
y
length of string is 14
C:\Ruby22\bin>_
```

**11) a) AIM:** Write simple Ruby program that uses arrays in Ruby .

**PROGRAM:**

```
class Array

  def use

    array1=Array.new(3,"WT LAB")

    puts"#{ array1 }";

    array2=Array.new(10){|e|e=e*2}

    puts"#{ array2}"

    num=array2.at(3)

    puts"#{ num}"

    array3=Array[10,20,30,"hello"]

    puts"#{ array3}"

    array3.push("hai")

    puts"#{ array3}"

    a2=array3.pop(array3.at(2))

    puts "#{a2}"

    array=Array['u','n','e','r']

    a=array.reverse

    puts "#{a}"

    array5=Array.new(5)

    for i in 0..array5.length

      array5[i]=gets

    end

    puts array5

  end

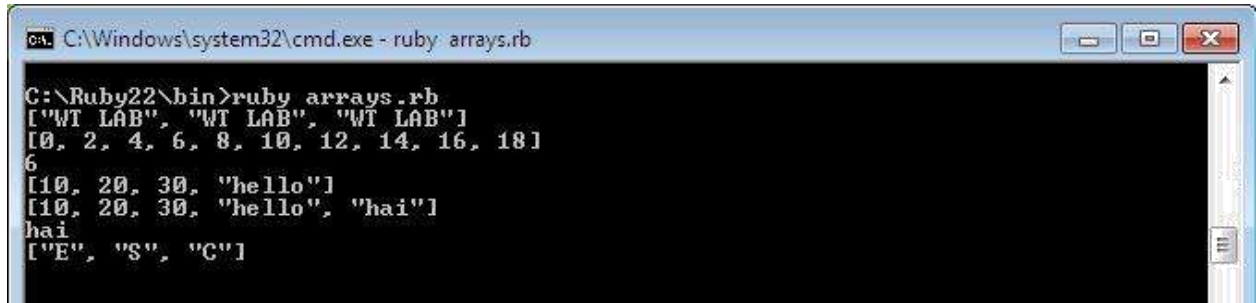
end
```



```
ob=Array.new
```

```
ob.use
```

## OUTPUT:

A screenshot of a Windows command prompt window. The title bar reads "C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - ruby arrays.rb". The command prompt shows the following output:

```
C:\Ruby22\bin>ruby arrays.rb
["WT LAB", "WT LAB", "WT LAB"]
[0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18]
6
[10, 20, 30, "hello"]
[10, 20, 30, "hello", "hai"]
hai
["E", "S", "C"]
```

**b) AIM:** Write programs which uses associative arrays (HASHES) concept of Ruby.

**PROGRAM:**

```
h1=Hash.new

h1['sno']='501'

h1['sname']='PRAVEEN'

h1['smarks']='98'

puts h1

s=h1.size

puts "hash size is #{s}"

#second way to create hashes

h2=Hash.new("hello")

puts h2

puts h2[100]

puts "#{h2[2]}"

#dynamically reading hashes

dh=Hash.new

puts "enter hash size"

n=gets.to_i

for i in 0..n

dh[i]=gets

end

#override the hash value

class Create

def display dh

hd=dh

hd['f']='PRASANTH'

hd['l']='YERNI'
```

```
hd['b']='CSE'

puts "#{hd}"

s1=hd.size

puts "hash size is #{s1}"

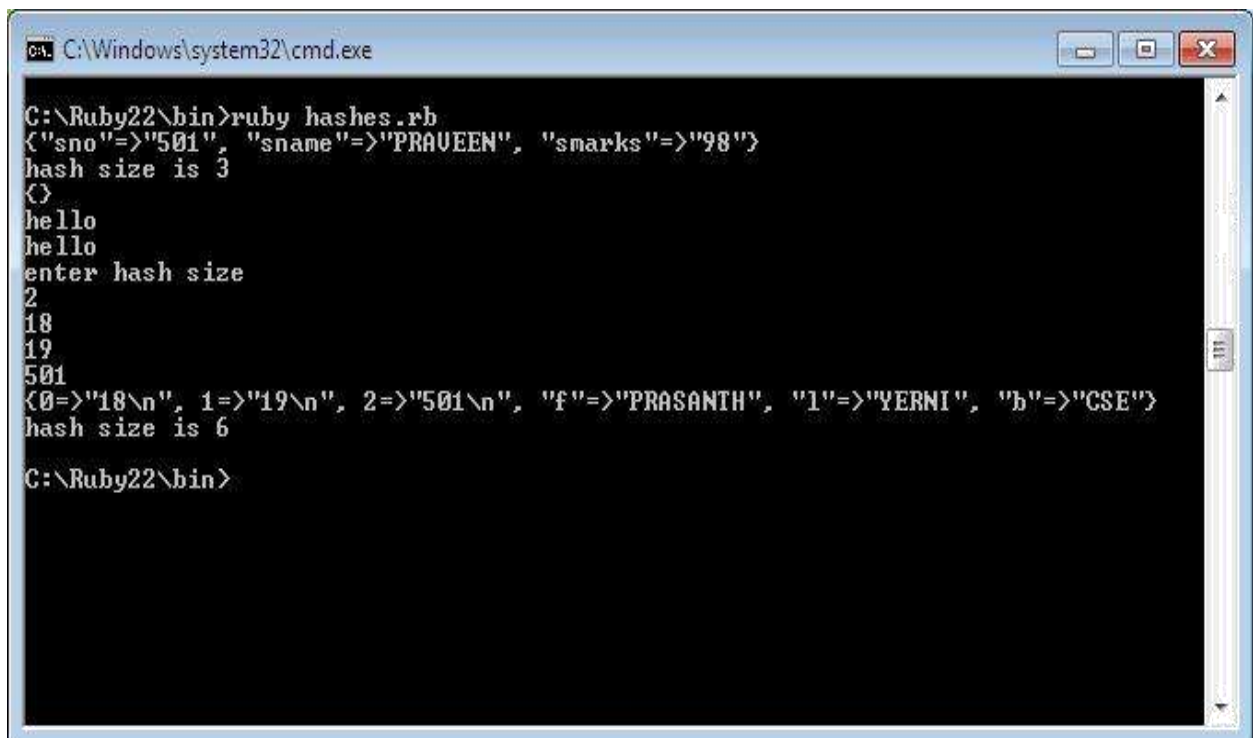
end

end

ob=Create.new

ob.display dh
```

## OUTPUT:



```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

C:\Ruby22\bin>ruby hashes.rb
{"sno"=>"501", "sname"=>"PRAVEEN", "smarks"=>"98"}
hash size is 3
{}
hello
hello
enter hash size
2
18
19
501
{0=>"18\n", 1=>"19\n", 2=>"501\n", "f"=>"PRASANTH", "l"=>"YERNI", "h"=>"CSE"}
hash size is 6

C:\Ruby22\bin>
```

**12) AIM:** Write ruby program which uses Math module to find area of a triangle.

**PROGRAM:**

```
puts "enter a,b,c values"

a=gets.to_i
b=gets.to_i
c=gets.to_i

class Traingle

  def initialize x,y,z

    @a=x

    @b=y

    @c=z

  end

  def area

    s=(@a+@b+@c)/2

    tarea=s*(s-@a)*(s-@b)*(s-@c)

    if(s==@a||s==@b||s==@c)

      puts "area of traingle is zero"

      elsif(tarea<=0)

        puts"area is a _ve value"

      else

        rec=Math.sqrt(tarea)

        puts "area of traingle is:#{rec}"

      end

    end

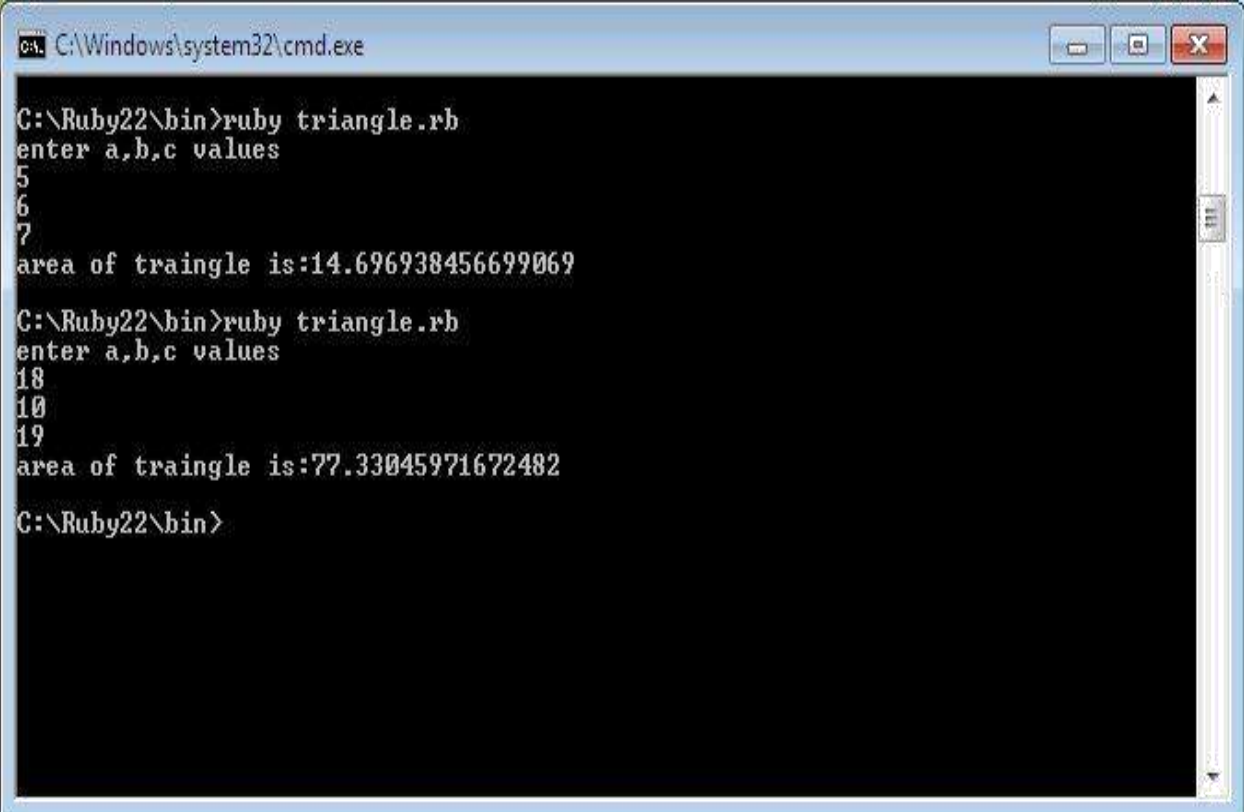
  end

end

ob=Traingle.new(a,b,c)

ob.area
```

## OUTPUT:



```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

C:\Ruby22\bin>ruby triangle.rb
enter a,b,c values
5
6
7
area of traingle is:14.696938456699069

C:\Ruby22\bin>ruby triangle.rb
enter a,b,c values
18
10
19
area of traingle is:77.33045971672482

C:\Ruby22\bin>
```

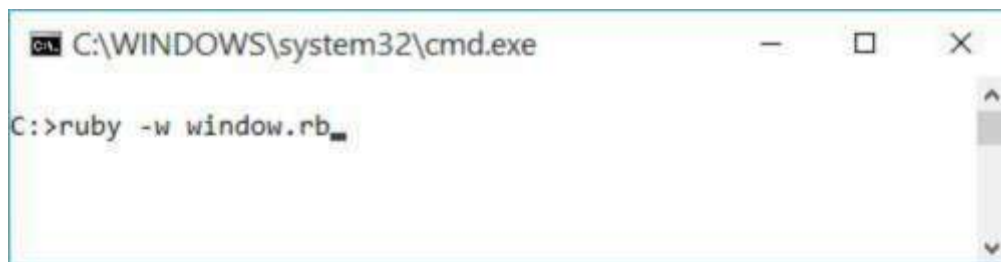
13) **AIM:** Write Ruby program which uses tk module to display a window.

**PROGRAM:**

**window.rb**

```
require 'tk'
root = TkRoot.new{ title "GUI
Window" }
TkLabel.new(root) dotext
'Hello, World!'
  pack("side" => "right", "padx"=>
"100", "pady"=> "100") end
Tk.mainloop
```

**OUTPUT:**



**14) AIM:** Define complex class in Ruby and do write methods to carry operations on complex objects.

**Program:**

```
class Cmplx

  attr_accessor :real, :imag

  def read

    @real=gets.to_i

    @imag=gets.to_i

  end

  def add(other)

    ob = Cmplx.new

    ob.real = @real+other.real;

    ob.imag = @imag+other.imag;

    return ob

  end

  def subtract(other)

    ob = Cmplx.new;

    ob.real = @real-other.real;

    ob.imag = @imag-other.imag;

    return ob;

  end

  def multiply(other)

    ob = Cmplx.new

    ob.real = (@real * other.real)-(imag*other.imag);

    ob.imag = (@real * other.imag)+(imag*other.real);

    return ob;

  end

  def divide(other)
```

```

t = Cmplx.new;
ob = Cmplx.new;
t.imag = -other.imag;
r=(other.real).abs; i
=(other.imag).abs; d
=(r*r)+(i*i);
ob.real = ((@real * other.real)-(imag*t.imag))/d;
ob.imag = ((@real *
t.imag)+(imag*other.real))/d; return ob;
end
def disp
if @imag<0
puts
"#{ @real}#{ @imag}i" else
puts
"#{ @real}+#{ @imag}i" end
end
end
t1 = Cmplx.new
t2 = Cmplx.new
t3 = Cmplx.new
t4 = Cmplx.new
t5 = Cmplx.new
t6 = Cmplx.new
puts "Enter first number"
t1.read
puts "Enter Second number"
t2.read

```

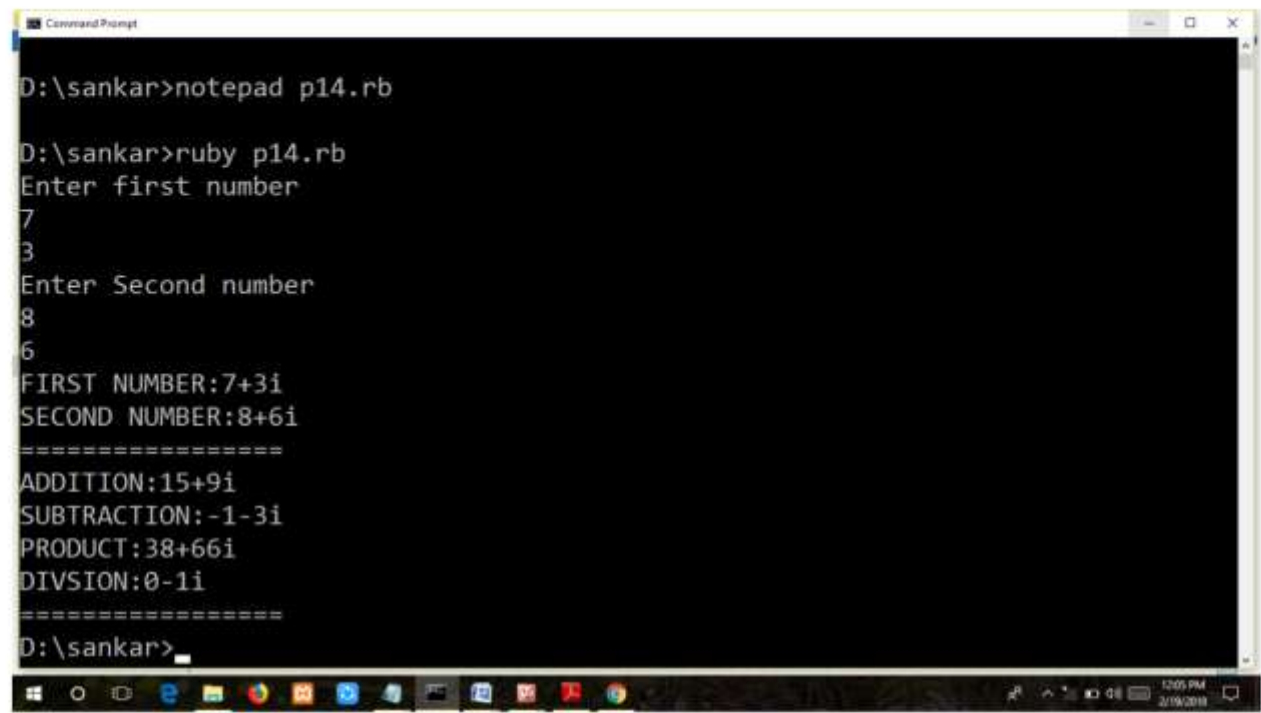


```
print "FIRST NUMBER:"  
  
t1.disp  
  
print "SECOND NUMBER:"  
  
t2.disp  
  
print "=====\n";  
  
print "ADDITION:"  
  
t3 = t1.add(t2)  
  
t3.disp  
  
print "SUBTRACTION:"  
  
t4 = t1.subtract(t2)  
  
t4.disp  
  
print "PRODUCT:"  
  
t5 = t1.multiply(t2)  
  
t5.disp  
  
print "DIVISION:"  
  
t6 = t1.divide(t2)  
  
t6.disp  
  
print "=====
```

**Output:**

```
Command Prompt
D:\sankar>notepad p14.rb

D:\sankar>ruby p14.rb
Enter first number
7
3
Enter Second number
8
6
FIRST NUMBER:7+3i
SECOND NUMBER:8+6i
=====
ADDITION:15+9i
SUBTRACTION:-1-3i
PRODUCT:38+66i
DIVISION:0-1i
=====
D:\sankar>
```

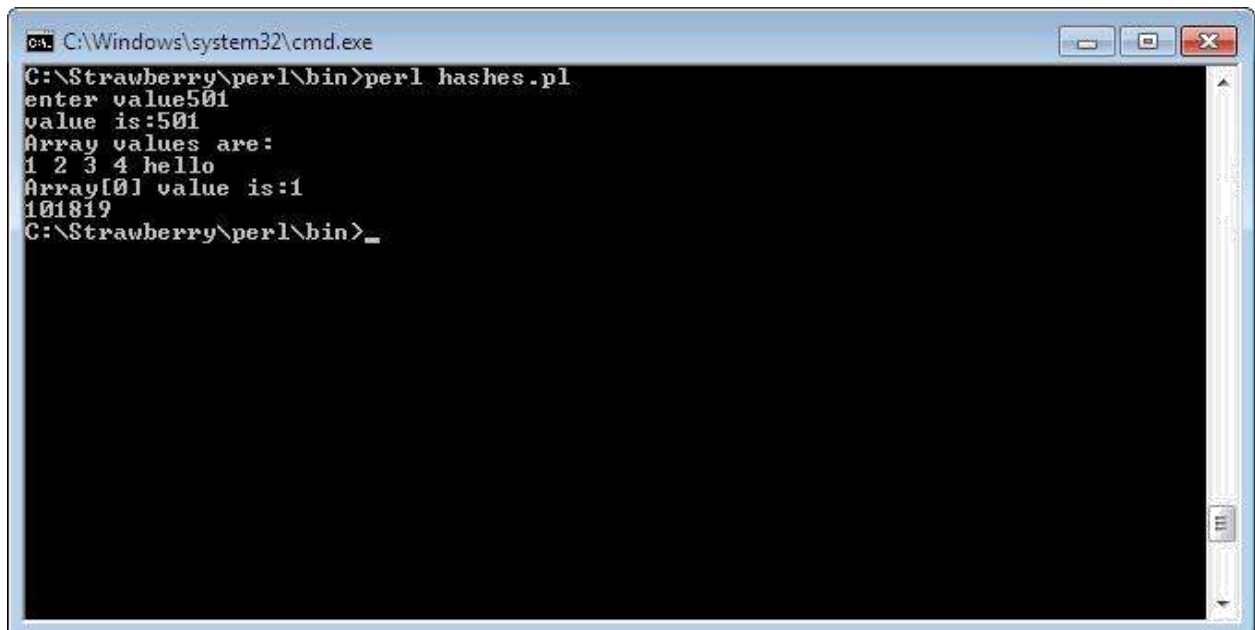


**15) a) AIM:** Write a program which illustrates the use of associative arrays (HASHES) in Perl.

**PROGRAM:**

```
print "enter value";  
  
$s=<>;  
  
print "value is:$s";  
  
@arr=(1,2,3,4,"hello");  
  
print "Array values are:\n@arr\n";  
  
print "Array[0] value is:$arr[0]\n";  
  
%pr=(10 ,18 ,19);  
  
print %pr;
```

**OUTPUT:**



```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe  
C:\Strawberry\perl\bin>perl hashes.pl  
enter value501  
value is:501  
Array values are:  
1 2 3 4 hello  
Array[0] value is:1  
101819  
C:\Strawberry\perl\bin>_
```

**15) b) AIM:** Write a program which illustrates the use of arrays in Perl.

## PROGRAM:

```
@name=("PRAVEEN","PRASANTH","YERNI");  
  
print "@name"."\\n";  
  
push(@name,"PRAV");  
  
print "@name\\n";  
  
pop(@name);  
  
print "@name\\n";  
  
shift(@name);  
  
print "@name\\n";  
  
unshift(@name,"PRAVEEN ROY");  
  
print "@name\\n";  
  
$s=scalar@name;  
  
print "the length is $s\\n";  
  
$max_index=$#name;  
  
print "$max_index";
```

## OUTPUT:



```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe  
C:\Strawberry\perl\bin>perl arrays.pl  
PRAVEEN PRASANTH YERNI  
PRAVEEN PRASANTH YERNI PRAV  
PRAVEEN PRASANTH YERNI  
PRASANTH YERNI  
PRAVEEN ROY PRASANTH YERNI  
the length is 3  
2  
C:\Strawberry\perl\bin>
```

**16) AIM: Write perl program takes a set names along the command line and prints whether they are regular files or special files**

**Program:**

```
$len = @ARGV;

for ($i=0;$i<$len;$i++)

{

    if(-e $ARGV[$i])

    {

        if(-T $ARGV[$i])

        {

            print "$ARGV[$i] is a text file\n";

        }

        else

        {

            print "$ARGV[$i] is a special file\n";

        }

    }

    else

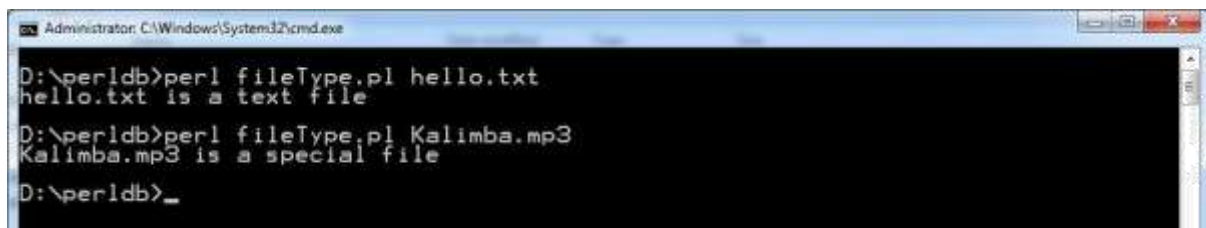
    {

        print "$ARGV[$i] does not exists";

    }

}
```

**OUTPUT:**

A screenshot of a Windows command prompt window titled "Administrator: C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe". The prompt is at "D:\perl\perl>". The user enters "perl fileType.pl hello.txt" and the output is "hello.txt is a text file". The user then enters "perl fileType.pl Kalimba.mp3" and the output is "Kalimba.mp3 is a special file". The prompt returns to "D:\perl\perl>".

```
Administrator: C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
D:\perl\perl>perl fileType.pl hello.txt
hello.txt is a text file
D:\perl\perl>perl fileType.pl Kalimba.mp3
Kalimba.mp3 is a special file
D:\perl\perl>
```

**17) Aim: Write a perl program to implement UNIX `passwd`**

**program Program:**

```
my $salt="";

my $encrypted="";

my $password="";

my $use = 'Usage: Please provide password for encrypt';

my @saltchars=('.', '/', 0..9, 'A'..'Z', 'a'..'z'); my

$args=@ARGV;

if ( $args < 1 || $args > 2 )

{

print "$use\n";

exit;

}

$password=$ARGV[0];

if( $args == 1 )

{

$salt = join(" ",@saltchars[rand(64),rand(64)]);

}

else

{

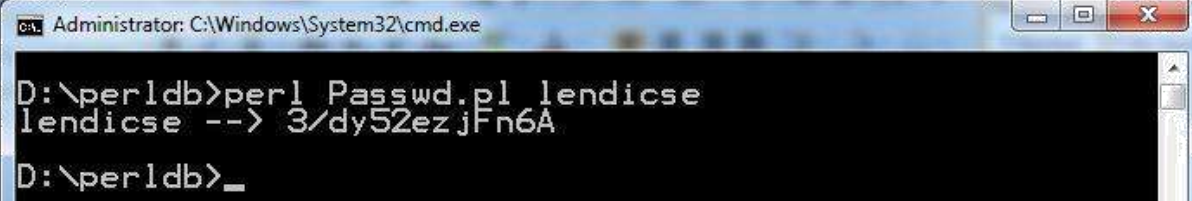
$salt=$ARGV[1];

}

$encrypted=crypt($password,$salt);

print "$password --> $encrypted\n";
```

**Output:**



The screenshot shows a Windows command prompt window titled "Administrator: C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe". The prompt is at "D:\perldb>". The user has entered the command "perl Passwd.pl lendicse", and the output is "lendicse --> 3/dy52ezjFn6A". The prompt is now "D:\perldb>\_".

**20)**

**a) AIM: Write a program to create a cookie and add these four user id's and passwords to this cookie.**

**PROGRAM :**

**REGISTRATION.HTML**

```
<html>

<head>

</head>

<body>

<form name="f" method="GET" action="registration.php">

<pre>

user name:<input type="text" name="un" />

pass word:<input type="password" name="pwd"/>

Email id:<input type="text" name="eid"/> phone

no:<input type="text" name="no"/>

Gender:<input type="radio" name="gen" value="male">male<input
type="radio" name="gen" value="female">female

</input>

Date:<select name="date">

<option value="1">1</option>

<option value="2">2</option>

<option value="3">3</option>

</select>

Month:<select name="month">

<option value="1">1</option>

<option value="2">2</option>

<option value="3">3</option>

</select>
```

Year:<select name="year">

<option value="1998">1998</option>

<option value="1999">1999</option>

<option value="2000">2000</option>

</select>

LanguagesKnown:<input type="checkbox" name="lang[]" value="English">English<input type="checkbox" name="lang[]" value="Telugu">Telugu<input type="checkbox" name="lang[]" value="Hindi">Hindi

</input>

<input type="submit" value="submit"/>


</pre>

</form>

</body>

</html>

## OUTPUT :



The screenshot shows a web browser with three tabs: 'localhost / 127.0.0.1 | phpMyAdmin', 'localhost/cse/count.php', and 'localhost/cse/registrationonclick.html'. The address bar shows 'localhost/cse/registrationonclick.html'. The form contains the following fields and controls:

- user name:
- pass word:
- Email id:
- phone no:
- Gender: ☐ male ☐ female
- Date:
- Month:
- Year:
- LanguagesKnown: ☒ English ☒ Telugu ☒ Hindi
- submit:



## REGISTRATION.PHP

<?php

```
$count=$_COOKIE["count"];

$un=$_GET["un"];

$pwd=$_GET["pwd"];

$eid=$_GET["eid"];

$no=$_GET["no"];

$gen=$_GET["gen"];

$date=$_GET["date"];

$month=$_GET["month"];

$year=$_GET["year"];

$lang=$_GET["lang"];

$langs=implode(" ",$lang);

$count=$count+1;

setcookie("User".$count,$un,time()+24*60*60);

setcookie("Password".$count,$pwd,time()+24*60*60);

setcookie("eid".$count,$eid,time()+24*60*60);

setcookie("no".$count,$no,time()+24*60*60);

setcookie("gen".$count,$gen,time()+24*60*60);

setcookie("langs".$count,$langs,time()+24*60*60);

setcookie("date".$count,$date,time()+24*60*60);

setcookie("month".$count,$month,time()+24*60*60);

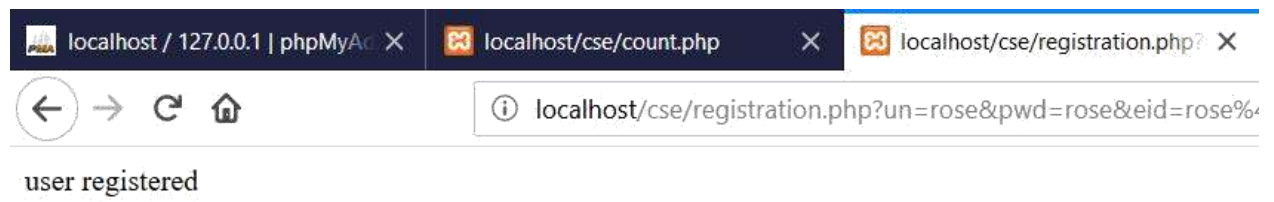
setcookie("year".$count,$year,time()+24*60*60);

setcookie("count",$count,time()+24*60*60);

print "user registered";
```

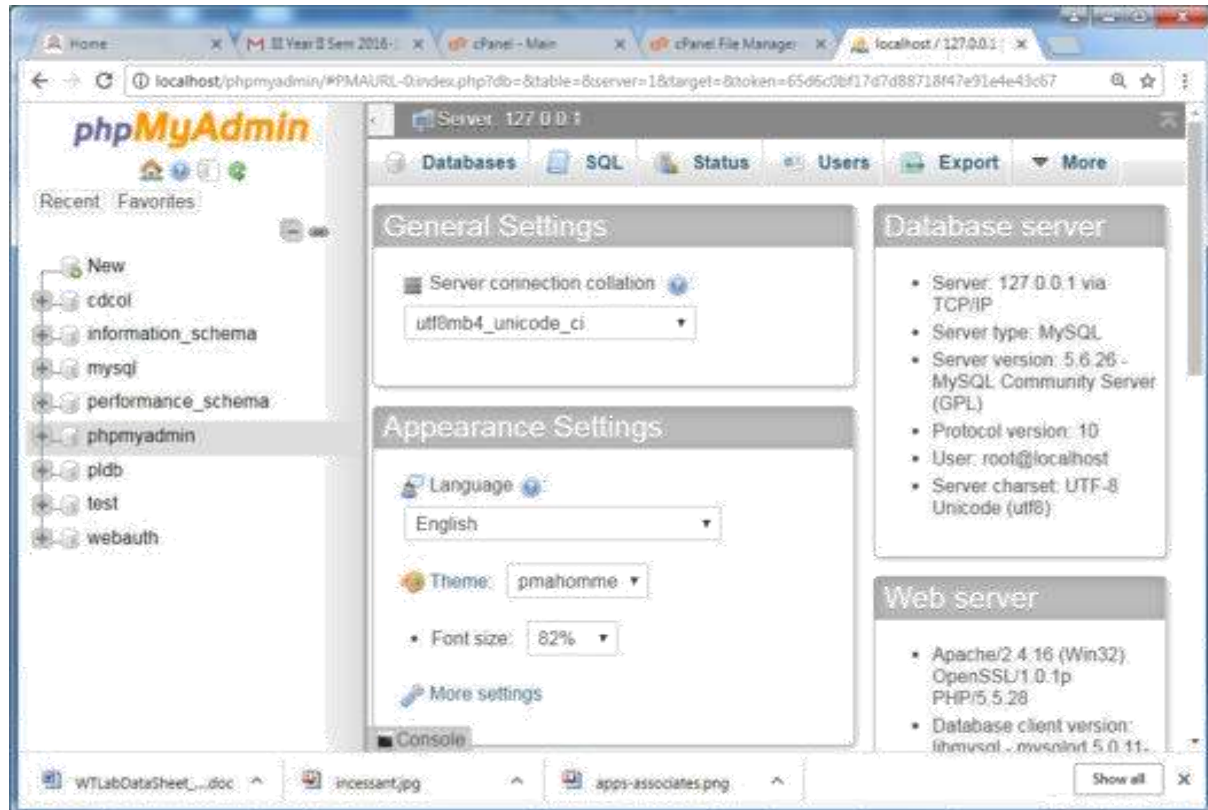
?>

## OUTPUT :

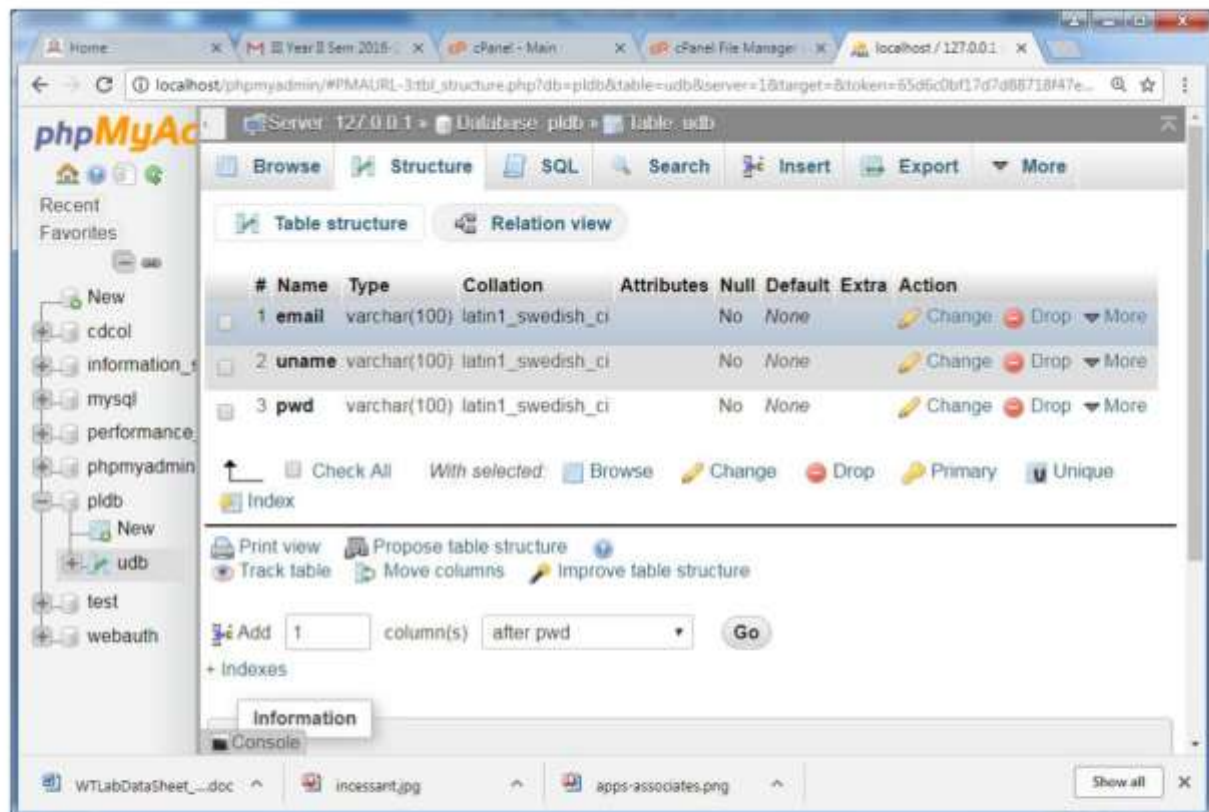


18) Aim: An example perl program to connect to a MySQL database table and executing simple commands.

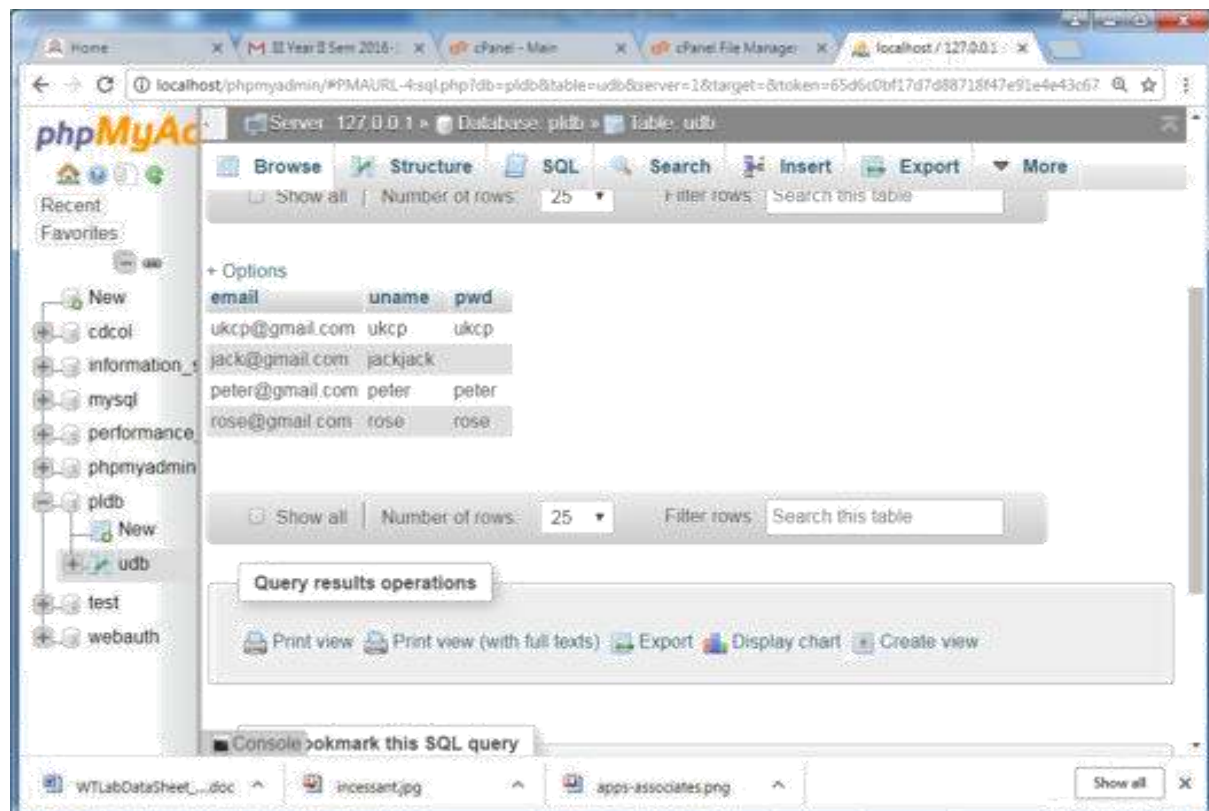
Step-1: Create Database “PLDB”



Step-2: Create Table “UDB”



### Step-3: Insert rows into table “UDB”



**Program:**

```
#!/D:\xampp\perl\bin\perl.exe"

use DBI;

#definition of variables

$db="pldb";

$host="localhost";

$user="plu";

$password="plu";

#connect to MySQL database

my $dbh = DBI->connect ("DBI:mysql:database=$db:host=$host",$user,$password) or
die "Can't connect to

database: $DBI::errstr\n";

#prepare the query

my $sth = $dbh->prepare( "SELECT *FROM udb");

#execute the query

$sth->execute();

## Retrieve the results of a row of data and print

print "\tQuery results:\n===== \n";

print("EMAIL\tUser

Name\tPassword\n===== \n"); while (my @row =

$sth->fetchrow_array()) {


    print "@row\n";

}

warn "Problem in retrieving results", $sth->errstr( ), "\n" if $sth->err();

exit;
```

## Output:



A screenshot of a Windows command prompt window titled "Administrator: C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe". The prompt is at "D:\perl\perl>". The user has entered "perl Dbb.pl". The output shows "Query results:" followed by a table of data. The table has three columns: "EMAIL", "User Name", and "Password". The data rows are: "ukcp@gmail.com ukcp ukcp", "jack@gmail.com jackjack", "peter@gmail.com peter peter", and "rose@gmail.com rose rose". The prompt returns to "D:\perl\perl>".

```
Administrator: C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
D:\perl\perl>perl Dbb.pl
Query results:
=====
EMAIL    User Name    Password
=====
ukcp@gmail.com ukcp ukcp
jack@gmail.com jackjack
peter@gmail.com peter peter
rose@gmail.com rose rose
D:\perl\perl>
```

## 19) AIM: Create a Contact Us page by forwarding to server side program

### Program:

#### contactus .php

```
<html>
<head><title>CONTACT US</title></head>
<body>
<div>
<br><br><br><br><br>
<h1 align="left">CONTACT US</h1>
<br><br><br>
<form method="post" action="contact.php">
<table align="left">
<tr><td> NAME</td><td><input type="text" name="sname"></td>
<tr><td>DEPARTMENT :</td><td><select name="dept"> <option
value="cse">CSE</option> <option value="civil">CIVIL</option>
<option value="mech">MECH</option>
<option value="ece">ECE</option>
<option value="it">IT</option>
<option value="eee">EEE</option>
<option value="bs">BS&H</option>
<option value="mca">MCA</option>
<option value="mba">MBA</option>
</select></td>
</tr>
<tr><td> MOBILE</td><td><input type="text" name="mobile"></td>
<tr><td> EMAIL ID</td><td><input type="text" name="email"></td>
<tr><td> Write your needs </td><td><textarea></textarea></td></tr>
<tr><td><input type="submit" class="myButton" name="submit11" value="submit"></td>
</tr>
</table>
</form>
</div>
</body>
```

</html>

<html>

## contact.php

<?php

```
$name=$_POST['sname'];
```

```
$email=$_POST['email'];
```

```
$mobile=$_POST['mobile'];
```

```
$dep=$_POST['dept'];
```

```
print "<h1> Name: ".$name."</h1>";
```

```
print "<h1> Dept: ".$dep."</h1>";
```

```
print "<h1> Mobile: ".$mobile."</h1>";
```

```
print "<h1> email: ".$email."</h1>";
```

```
print "<h1> Thanks for your mail us we will get back you soon."</h1>";
```

?>

## OUTPUT:





**20) a) AIM : Write a program to create a cookie and add these four user id's and passwords to this cookie.**

**Program :**

**Registration.Html**

```
<html>

<head>

</head>

<body>

<form name="f" method="GET" action="registration.php">

<pre>

user name:<input type="text" name="un" />

pass word:<input type="password" name="pwd"/>

Email id:<input type="text" name="eid"/> phone

no:<input type="text" name="no"/>

Gender:<input type="radio" name="gen" value="male">male<input

type="radio" name="gen" value="female">female

</input>

Date:<select name="date">

<option value="1">1</option>

<option value="2">2</option>

<option value="3">3</option>

</select>

Month:<select name="month">

<option value="1">1</option>

<option value="2">2</option>

<option value="3">3</option>

</select>

Year:<select name="year">

<option value="1998">1998</option>
```

```
<option value="1999">1999</option>
```

```
<option value="2000">2000</option>
```

```
</select>
```

```
LanguagesKnown:<input type="checkbox" name="lang[]"  
value="English">English<input type="checkbox" name="lang[]"  
value="Telugu">Telugu<input type="checkbox" name="lang[]" value="Hindi">Hindi
```

```
</input>
```

```
<input type="submit" value="submit"/>
```

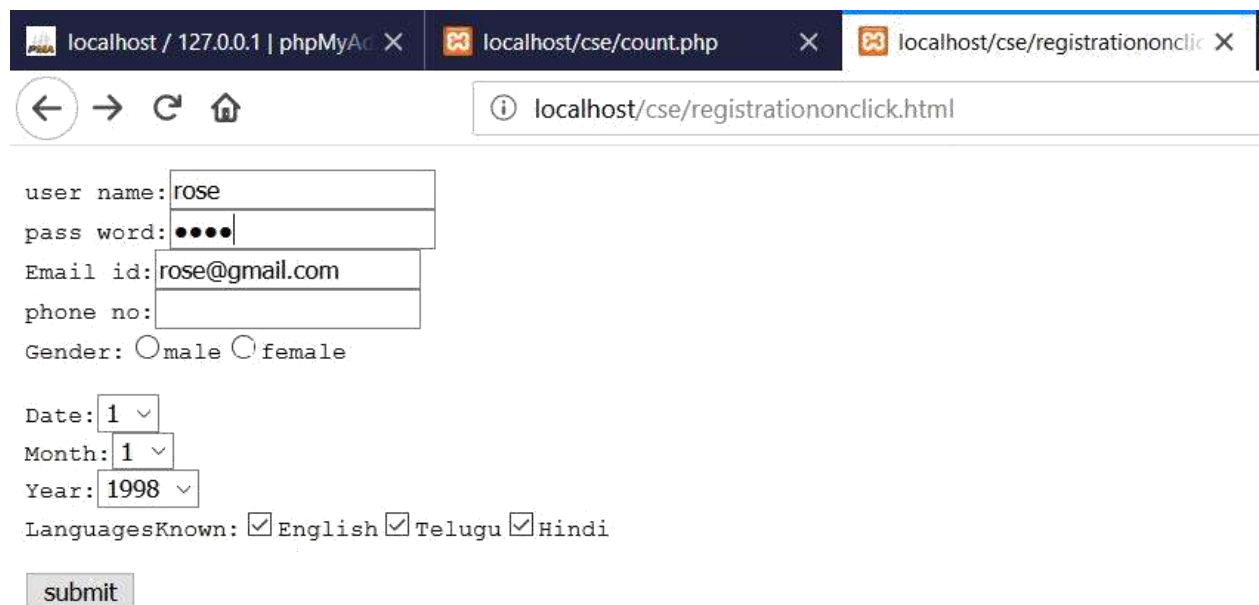
```
</pre>
```

```
</form>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

### Output :



localhost / 127.0.0.1 | phpMyAdmin X localhost/cse/count.php X localhost/cse/registrationonclick.html X

localhost/cse/registrationonclick.html

user name:

pass word:

Email id:

phone no:

Gender: ☒ male ☐ female

Date:

Month:

Year:

LanguagesKnown: ☒ English ☒ Telugu ☒ Hindi

## Registration.Php

<?php

```
$count=$_COOKIE["count"];

$un=$_GET["un"];

$pwd=$_GET["pwd"];

$eid=$_GET["eid"];

$no=$_GET["no"];

$gen=$_GET["gen"];

$date=$_GET["date"];

$month=$_GET["month"];

$year=$_GET["year"];

$lang=$_GET["lang"];

$langs=implode(" ", $lang);

$count=$count+1;

setcookie("User".$count,$un,time()+24*60*60);

setcookie("Password".$count,$pwd,time()+24*60*60);

setcookie("eid".$count,$eid,time()+24*60*60);

setcookie("no".$count,$no,time()+24*60*60);

setcookie("gen".$count,$gen,time()+24*60*60);

setcookie("langs".$count,$langs,time()+24*60*60);

setcookie("date".$count,$date,time()+24*60*60);

setcookie("month".$count,$month,time()+24*60*60);

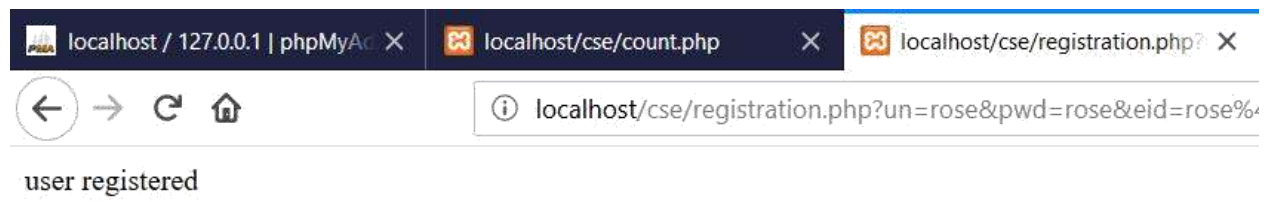
setcookie("year".$count,$year,time()+24*60*60);

setcookie("count",$count,time()+24*60*60);

print "user registered";
```

?>

## Output :



**20) b) AIM : Write a program to read the user id and passwords entered in the Login form and authenticate with the values (user id and passwords) available in the cookies.**

**PROGRAM :**

**LOGIN.HTML**

```
<html>

<head>

<style>

body{
text-align:center;
}

</style>

</head>

<body>

<form name="f" method="POST" action="login.php">

<table>

<tr>

<td>User Name:</td><td><input type="text" name="un" value=""/>

</td></tr>

<tr>

<td>Password:</td><td><input type="password" name="pwd" value=""/></td></tr>

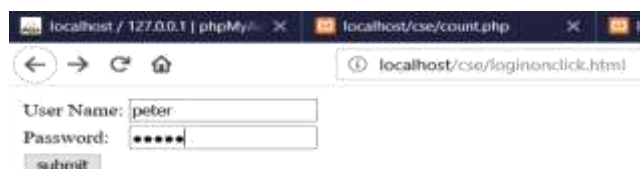
<tr><td><input type="submit" value="submit"/></td> </table>

</form>

</body>

</html>
```

**Output :**



## LOGIN.PHP

```
<?php

$un=$_POST["un"];

$pwd=$_POST["pwd"];

$cn=$_COOKIE["count"];


$c=0;

for($i=1;$i<=$cn;$i++) {

    if($_COOKIE["User".$i]==$un && $_COOKIE["Password".$i]==$pwd)

    {

        $c=1;

    }

}

if($c>0)

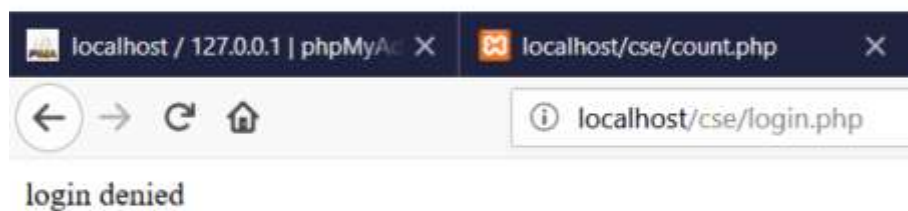
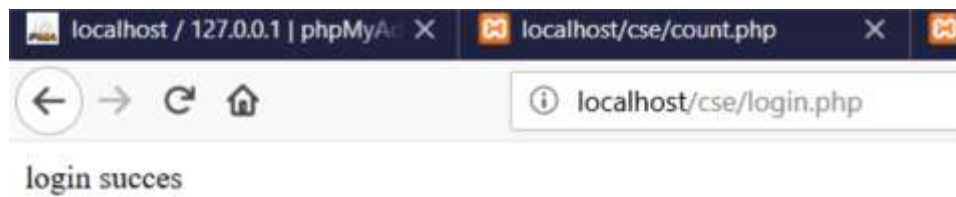
    print "login succes";

else

    print "login denied";

?>
```

## OUTPUT :



**21) AIM:**Write a php program for registering users of a website and login.

**PROGRAM :**

**REGISTRATION.PHP**

```
<?php

    $count=$_COOKIE["count"];

    $un=$_GET["un"];

    $pwd=$_GET["pwd"];

    $eid=$_GET["eid"];

    $no=$_GET["no"];

    $gen=$_GET["gen"];

    $date=$_GET["date"];

    $month=$_GET["month"];

    $year=$_GET["year"];

    $lang=$_GET["lang"];

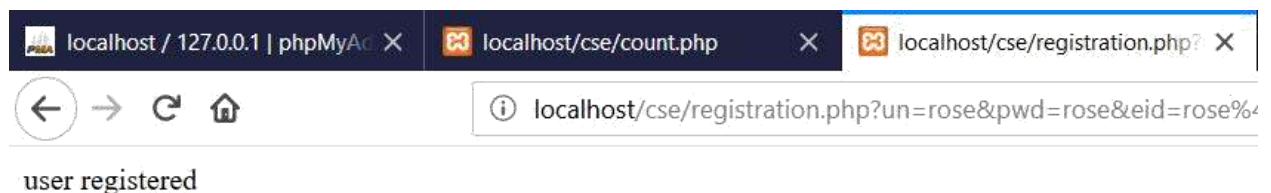
    $langs=implode(" ",$lang);

    $count=$count+1;

    print "user registered";

?>
```

**Output:**

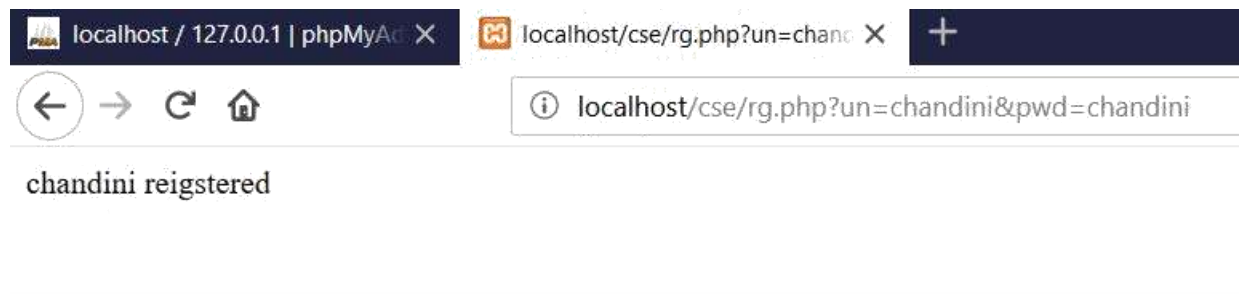




## LOGIN.PHP :

```
<?php
    $un=$_GET["un"];
    $pwd=$_GET["pwd"];
    echo $un."    ". "reigstered";
?>
```

## Output:



**22) AIM:- Install a database (Mysql or Oracle).**

**Create a table which should contain at least the following fields: name, password, email-id, phone number (these should hold the data from the registration form).**

**Write a PHP program to connect to that database and extract data from the tables and display them. Experiment with various SQL queries. Insert the details of the users who register with the web site, whenever a new user clicks the submit button in the registration page (Week 2).**

**PROGRAM :**

**REGISTRATION.HTML :**

```
<html>

<body bgcolor="cyan">

<h1>Registration Form</h1>

<fieldset>

<legend>Personal Details</legend>

<form method="post" action="register.php"> User
Name: <input type="text" name="un" /><br> Email ID:
<input type="text" name="em" /><br> password
:<input type="password" name="pwd" /><br> Phone
number :<input type="text" name="phno" /><br>

Languages Known: <input type="checkbox" name="langs[]" value="English"/>English
<input type="checkbox" name="langs[]" value="Telugu"/>Telugu
<input type="checkbox" name="langs[]" value="Hindi"/>Hindi

<br>

<input type="submit" value="Register" />

</form>

</fieldset>

</body>

</html>
```

## Output:



## REGISTRATION.PHP :

```
<?php
```

```
$un = $_POST["un"];
```

```
$em = $_POST["em"];
```

```
$pwd = $_POST["pwd"];
```

```
$phno = $_POST["phno"];
```

```
$ls = $_POST["langs"];
```

```
$langs = implode($ls, ",");
```

```
$con = mysql_connect("localhost", "chai", "chai");
```

```
mysql_select_db("usersDB", $con);
```

```
$sql = "insert into register values
```

```
(' $un', '$em', '$pwd', '$phno', '$langs')"; if(mysql_query($sql))
```

```
    print "Registration Done";
```

```
else
```

```
    print mysql_errno();
```

```
?>
```

## Output:



localhost/127.0.0.1/phpMyAdmin/

localhost:phpmyadmin - localhost:phpmyadmin2.php

localhost:phpmyadmin2.php

Current selection does not contain a unique column. Grid edit, checkbox, EIR, Copy and Delete features are not available.

Showing rows 9 - 9 (4 total). Query took 0.0007 seconds.

SELECT \* FROM `register`

Showing rows 9 - 9 (4 total). Query took 0.0007 seconds.

Options

id	email	password	phone	language
chandra	chandra@gmail.com	chandra	98352741	English, Telugu
jack	jack@gmail.com	jack	98352741	English, Telugu
peter	peter@gmail.com	peter	98352741	English, Telugu
nina	nina@gmail.com	nina	98352741	English, Telugu

Query results operations

Print view | Print view with full toolbar | Export | Display chart | Create view

Bookmark this SQL query

Let every user access this bookmark

**23) AIM: Write a PHP program in which we insert details of the 3 or 4 users who register with the web site by using registration form . Authenticate the user when he submits the login form using name and password from the database.**

**PROGRAM:**

**LOGIN.HTML**

```
<html>

<body bgcolor="cyan">

<h1>Login Form</h1>

<fieldset>

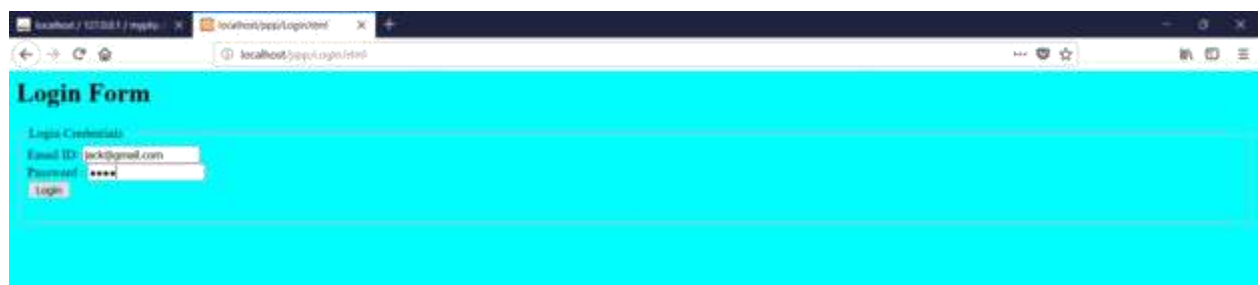
<legend>Login Credentials</legend> <form
method="post" action="login2.php"> Email ID: <input
type="text" name="em" /><br> Password :<input
type="password" name="pwd" /><br> <input
type="submit" value="Login" /> </form>

</fieldset>

</body>

</html>
```

**Output :**



## LOGIN.PHP :

<?php

```
$em = $_POST["em"];

$pwd = $_POST["pwd"];

$con = mysql_connect("localhost","chandini","chandini");

mysql_select_db("myphp",$con); $sql = "select * from

register";

$res = mysql_query($sql);

$c=0;

while($row = mysql_fetch_assoc($res)){

    if($row["em"]==$em&&

        $row["pwd"]==$pwd){ $c++;

    }

}

if($c>0)

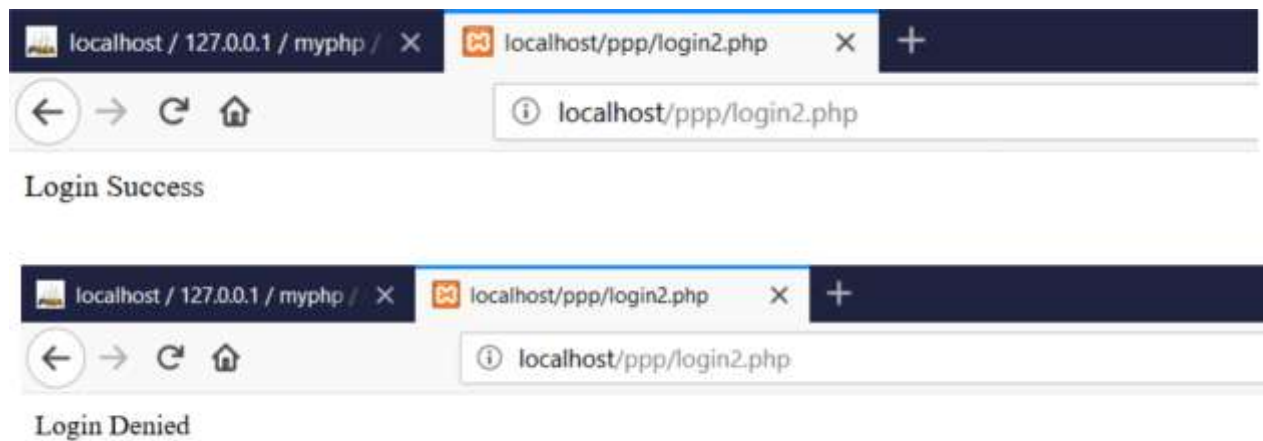
    print "Login Success";

else

    print "Login Denied";
```

?>

## Output :



**24) AIM : Write a PHP Script and insert and retrieve Book item data from MySQL database.**

**Program:**

**Inserting Books into DataBase:**

**Book.html**

```
<html>

<head>

<script type="text/javascript">

function getPrice(){

    var books = {

        "DWDM" : 245,

        "WT" : 456,

        "SE" : 342,

        "DAA" : 732,

        "CN" : 345,

        "IPR" : 321

    };


    var bn = document.getElementById('bk').value;

    var price = books[bn];

    document.getElementById('price').value = price;

}


function getAmount(){

    var p = document.getElementById('price').value;

    var q = document.getElementById('qt').value;

    var amt = p*q;

    document.getElementById('am').value = amt;

}
```

```
</script>

</head>

<body bgcolor="cyan">

<h1> Book Information </h1>

<fieldset>

<legend>III CSE-B</legend>

<form method="get" action="Book.php">

Book Name: <select id="bk" name="bk">

<option value="DWDM">DWDM</option>

<option value="WT">WT</option>

<option value="DAA">DAA</option>

<option value="SE">SE</option>

<option value="CN">CN</option>

<option value="IPR">IPR</option>

</select><br><br>

Book Price : <input type="text" id="price" name="price"

onClick="getPrice()"/><br> <br><br>

Quantity : <input type="text" id="qt"

name="qt"><br> <br><br>

Amount : <input type="text" id="am" name="am" onClick="getAmount()"/><br>

<br><br>

<input type="submit" value="Purchase"/>

</form>

</fieldset>

</body>

</html>
```



## Book.php

```
<?php
    $bname = $_GET["bk"];
    $price = $_GET["price"];
    $qt = $_GET["qt"];
    $amt = $_GET["am"];

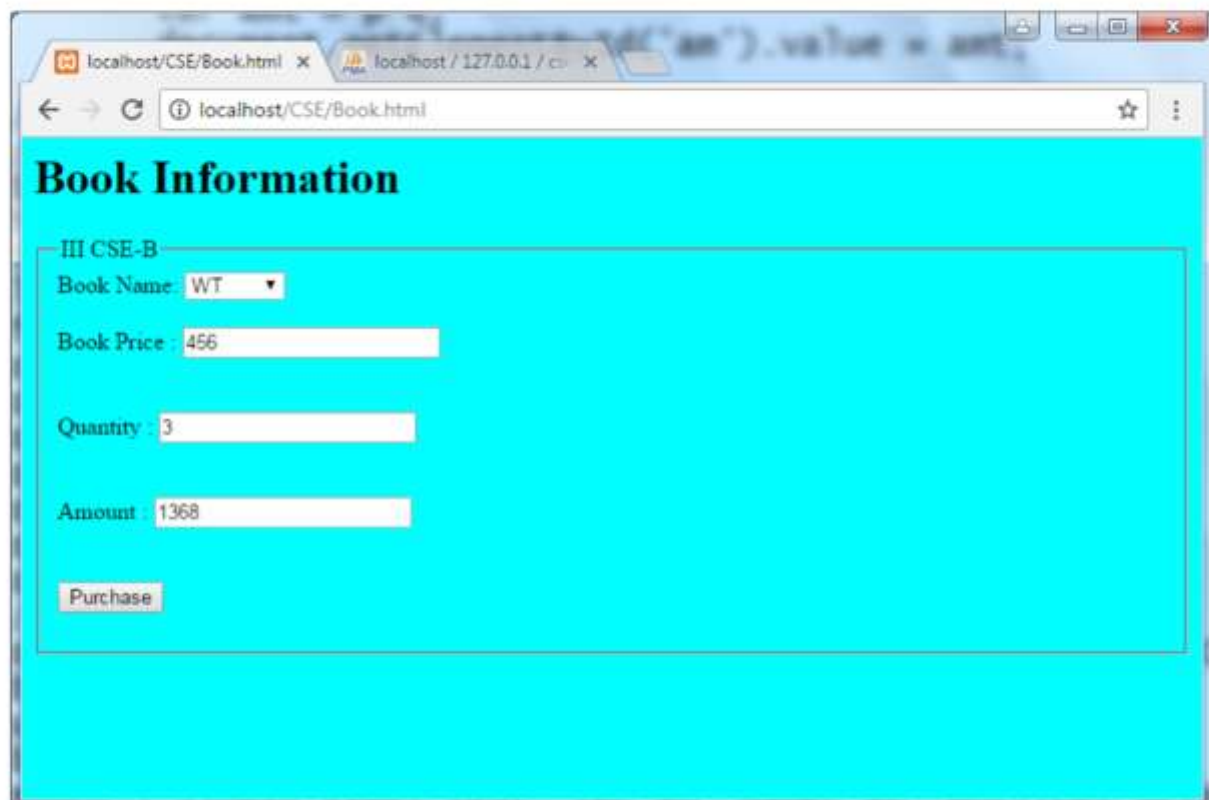
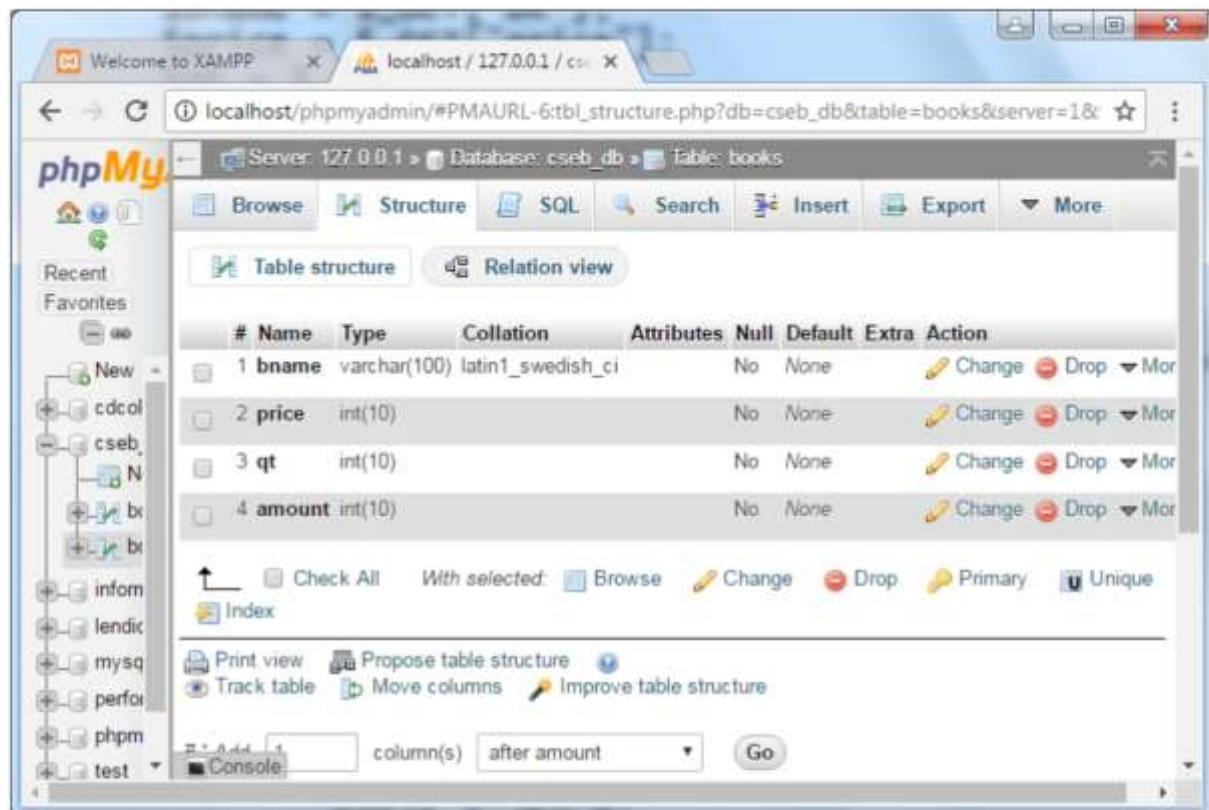
    $con = mysql_connect("localhost","cseb","cseb"); //step-1
    mysql_select_db("cseb_db",$con); //step-2

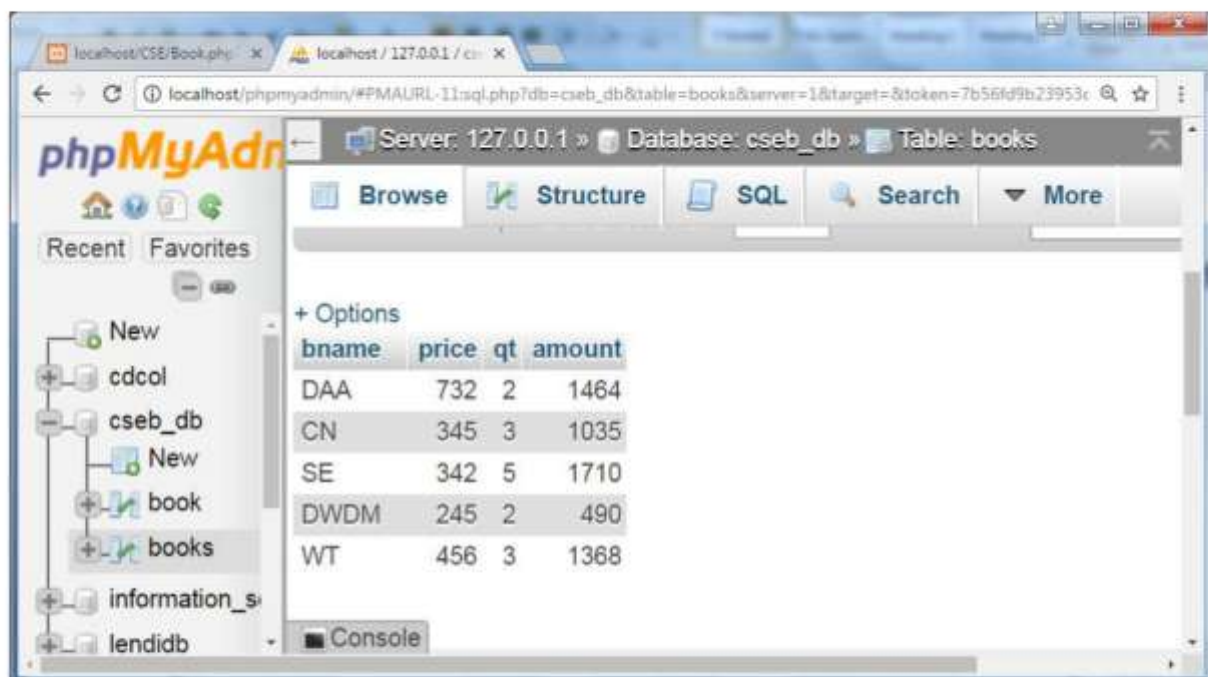
    //step-3

    $sql = "insert into books values('$bname','$price','$qt','$amt)";

    print "<h1>Book Purchased :</h1>";

    if(mysql_query($sql))
    {
        print $qt." quantity of ".$bname." purchased for"." Rs.".$amt;
    }else{
        print mysql_error();
    }
?>
```





## Retrieving Books from Database:

BR.php

<?php

```
$con = mysql_connect("localhost","cseb","cseb");//step-1
```

```
mysql_select_db("cseb_db",$con);//step-2
```

```
//step-3

$sql = "select * from books";

print "<h1>Books in daatbase are:</h1>";

$res = mysql_query($sql);

print "<table border='1'>";

print "<tr><th>Book Name</th><th>Quantity</th><th>Amount</th></tr>";

while($row = mysql_fetch_row($res)){

    print "<tr>";

    print "<td>$row[0]</td>";

    print "<td>$row[2]</td>";

    print "<td>$row[3]</td>";

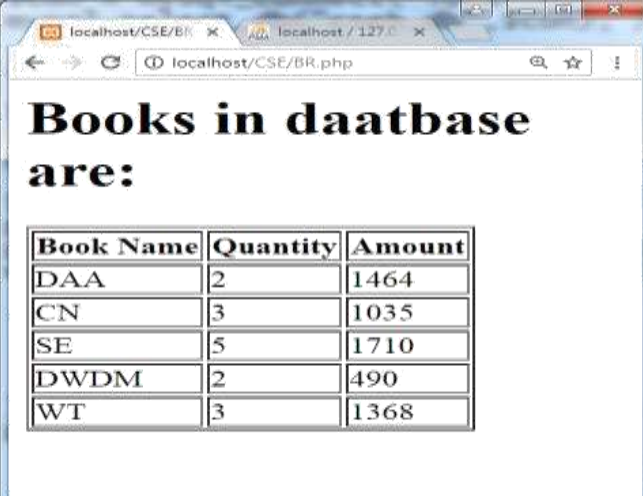
    print "</tr>";

}

print "</table>";

?>
```

## Output:



| Book Name | Quantity | Amount |
|-----------|----------|--------|
| DAA       | 2        | 1464   |
| CN        | 3        | 1035   |
| SE        | 5        | 1710   |
| DWDM      | 2        | 490    |
| WT        | 3        | 1368   |

**25) AIM: Create a PHP Script to create a HttpSession by using \$\_SESSION and also retrieve and delete the user session variable.**

**Program:**

**SessionCreation.html:**

```
<html>
<body>
<h1> User Information </h1>
<fieldset>
<legend>Department Users</legend>
<form method="get" action="UserSession.php">
Book Name: <select name="dept"> <option
value="CSE">CSE</option>
<option value="ECE">ECE</option>
<option value="EEE">EEE</option>
<option value="MECH">MECH</option>
</select><br><br>
User Name : <input type="text" name="un"/><br>
<br><br>
Email ID : <input type="text" name="em"><br>
<br><br>
Phone Number: <input type="text"
name="phno"><br> <br><br>
<input type="submit" value="Register"/>
</form>
</fieldset>
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

**UserSession.php:**

```
<?php
    session_start();
    $user = $_GET;
    $_SESSION["us"]=$user;
    print "<h1>User Created...</h1>";
    print "<a href='UserPage.php'>Click here to User Page</a>";
?>
```


**UserPage.php**

```
<?php
    session_start();
    $usr = $_SESSION["us"];
```

```
print "<h1>Welcome:". $usr["un"]. "</h1>";  
session_destroy();
```

?>

**Output:**



A screenshot of a web browser window displaying a registration form. The browser's address bar shows the URL `localhost/CSE/SessionCreation.html`. The form is titled "User Information" in a large, bold, black serif font. Below the title, there is a section labeled "Department Users" with a thin black border. Inside this section, the form contains four input fields: a dropdown menu for "Book Name" with "CSE" selected, a text input for "User Name" containing "kartheek", a text input for "Email ID" containing "cse.lendi@gmail.com", and a text input for "Phone Number" containing "6764572359". At the bottom left of the form section is a "Register" button. The browser window has standard navigation buttons and a search icon in the top right.

