



# Beer Finder

A database for finding **your** distributor



# Our team



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Just me

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# Problem Statement

# Background Information

- This database serves to close the gap between Distributors and Licensed Alcohol sellers so that the sellers can more easily pick a distributor that can match their needs
- Database requires locational data, names, descriptions, prices, beer types, inventory for a broad number of entities including breweries, sellers, and distributors
- Came up with this idea from a craft beer shop back home who was having issues with not having a singular place to find this sort of information





# Questions the database should be able to answer:

- What are the highest rated distributors near my store's location?
- What is the highest rated beer stocked by x distributor?
- Which distributor sells x beer for the cheapest price?
- Which distributor sells the most of x type of beer?
- Which distributor has the best variety of beer?



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# E-R Diagram



Brewery (Strong Entity)	
RU	brewery_ID
R	name
RU	location
	website
R	description

Beer (Weak Entity)	
RU	beer_ID
R	name
R	type
R	description
RU	brewery_ID

Distributor (Strong Entity)	
RU	distributor_ID
R	name
	rating
	website
RU	location
R	description

Seller (Strong Entity)	
RU	seller_ID
R	name
	website
RU	location
RU	PrimaryDistributor

Location (Weak Entity)	
RU	address
R	xCoord
R	yCoord

## Challenges:

- Representing Location.
- Things that I should have noticed before the table stage.







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# Table Diagram

Brewery (Strong Identity)	
PK	brewery_ID (INT)
R	name VARCHAR(30)
FK	location INT
	website VARCHAR(100)
R	description VARCHAR(500)

Beer	
PK	beer_ID (INT)
R	name VARCHAR(30)
FK	type INT
R	description VARCHAR(500)
FK	brewery_id (INT)

Distributes	
FK	distributor_ID
FK	beer_ID
	price (DECIMAL(19, 4))

beerType	
PK	type_ID INT
R	AmericanAle BOOLEAN
R	pilsner BOOLEAN
R	bock BOOLEAN
R	dunkel BOOLEAN
R	blondAle BOOLEAN
R	belgianTripel BOOLEAN
R	bitter BOOLEAN
R	barleyWine BOOLEAN
R	irishRed BOOLEAN
R	caskAle BOOLEAN
R	indianPaleAle BOOLEAN
R	hazy BOOLEAN
R	sour BOOLEAN
R	irishDryStout BOOLEAN
R	stout BOOLEAN
R	porter BOOLEAN

Location	
PK	location_ID INT
R	address VARCHAR(100)
R	State CHAR(2)
R	zipCode SMALLINT
R	city VARCHAR(30)
R	lat FLOAT
R	long FLOAT

Distributor	
PK	distributor_ID (INT)
R	name VARCHAR(30)
	rating CHAR(1)
	website VARCHAR(100)
FK	location INT
R	description VARCHAR(500)

Seller	
PK	seller_ID (INT)
R	name VARCHAR(30)
	website VARCHAR(100)
FK	location INT
FK	PrimaryDistributor INT

Notice the horrific beerType table, the many-to-many relationship between beer and distributors, and the expanded location table

# Query Examples



```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION getBestRatedBeerFromDistributor(distributorName
VARCHAR(50), numResults INT)
RETURNS TABLE (
    beer_id INT,
    beer_name VARCHAR(50),
    rating CHAR(1),
    beer_description VARCHAR(500)
)
LANGUAGE SQL
AS $$
    SELECT DISTINCT b.beer_id, b.name, b.rating, b.description
    FROM distributor d
    JOIN distributes dis ON dis.distributor_id = d.distributor_id
    JOIN beer b ON b.beer_id = dis.beer_id
    WHERE d.name = distributorName
    ORDER BY b.rating, b.beer_id
    LIMIT numResults;
$$;
```

Notice the differences between  
mySQL and postgreSQL?



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# CLI Interface



# Commands:

**results:** an integer representing the number of results you would like to be returned



**query:** an argument specifying the type of query you would like to do

**value:** the primary argument associated with the specified query

**-l:** a list of possible queries with their associated values


**-h:** help






```
Argument: nearest | info: getNearestDistributors | value = seller_name
Argument: topDistributors | info: getTopDistributorsByBeerType | value = beer_type
Argument: from | info: getDistributorsWhoSellBeerFrom | value = state in code format (XX)
Argument: local | info: getDistributorWithMostLocalBeers | value = seller_name
Argument: topBeer | info: getBestRatedBeerFromDistributor | value = distributor_name
Argument: cheapestDistributor | info: whichDistributorSellXBeerForCheapest | value = beer_name
Argument: bestVariety | info: getDistributorFromSameStateWithBestVariety | value = seller_name
```

```
EXAMPLE COMMAND: 15 topDistributors pilsner
Names are case sensitive!
-h for more help
```



```
C:\Users\creek\Desktop\dataBaseProjectScripts>python3 -m beerFinder 10 local "Hoppy Hut"
Connecting to the PostgreSQL database...
Connected to the PostgreSQL database
('PostgreSQL 15.1 (Ubuntu 15.1-1.pgdg20.04+1) on aarch64-unknown-linux-gnu, compiled by gcc (Ubuntu
64-bit',)
calling stored function...
```



distributor_Name	local_beer_count	total_stock	local_beer_percentage
Hop House	37	137	27.01
Malt Mania	37	139	26.62
Brewery Bridge	37	145	25.52
Beer Barn	39	160	24.38
Ale Annex	39	162	24.07
Beer Box	38	158	24.05
Ale Alley	36	150	24.0
Ale Attic	37	160	23.13
Brewery Bridge	42	184	22.83
Brewery Bay	36	162	22.22

```
C:\Users\creek\Desktop\dataBaseProjectScripts>
```

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# **Limitations/ Implications**



- There are around 10,000 breweries in the United States, getting legitimate data for a real version of this application would be a nightmare
- Different countries completely neglect alternative types of beer, so this project might not translate well outside of the United States
- Seasonal Beers mean that data will **constantly** be out of date
- I probably shouldn't store the database's password as a variable in my python file :(





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# Future Work





# Ideas:

- Create a full GUI for the application
- Figure out how to create accounts where distributors can only edit table entries associated with their ID and sellers can do the same
- Have some sort of community based data collection
- More queries
- Photos for Breweries, Beer, Sellers, and Distributors
- Travel the country and visit breweries to get a better idea of what data my database might need
- Refactor the beerType table!!!



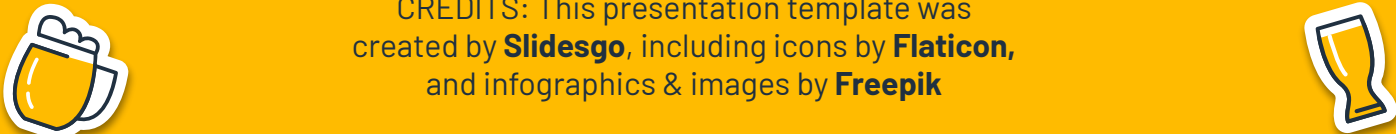


# Thanks!



**Remember: You should  
always drink on days  
that end in 'y'**

<https://github.com/tater-tot25/BeerFinder>



CREDITS: This presentation template was  
created by **Slidesgo**, including icons by **Flaticon**,  
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# Resources

<https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/index.html> - Documentation for query syntax

ChatGPT for synthetic data generation

<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/how-to-connect-and-run-sql-queries-to-a-postgresql-database-from-python/> - A good startup guide on how to use psycopg2