

source code:
while len(unsureVertices_26) > 0:

unsureVertices_26
Read

0

len(unsureVertices_26)

>

```
graph TD; A([unsureVertices_26 Read]) --> B([len(unsureVertices_26)]); C([0]) --> D([>]); B --> D;
```

The diagram illustrates the control flow for the condition of a while loop. It starts with a 'Read' operation for the variable 'unsureVertices_26', which leads to an evaluation of 'len(unsureVertices_26)'. This value is then compared to the constant '0' using a greater-than ('>') operator. The entire logic is derived from the source code snippet 'while len(unsureVertices_26) > 0:'.