```
1 def reverse_number(n):
      r = str(n) #menjadikan n sebagai tipe data string
      return r+r[::-1] #mengembalikan nilai n + n yang sudah direverse
4
5 print(reverse_number(1234))
[→ 12344321
1 def upgrade(n) :
    r = str(n)
    new = []
    if len(r) > 3:
4
      for i in range(len(r)) :
        if int(r[i]) < 9 and int(r[i]) >= 0:
6
          print(int(r[i])+1,end="")
8
        else :
          print(0,end="")
9
10
      print("nilai masukkan minimal 3 digit")
11
12
13 upgrade(2489740)
    3590851
1 def plusminus(n) :
   r = str(n)
   if len(r) > 3:
3
      total = int(r[0])
5
      i = 1
6
      while i < len(r):
        if i % 2 == 0 :
8
         total += int(r[i])
        elif i % 2 != 0 :
10
          total -= int(r[i])
11
        i += 1
12
      return total
13 else:
      return "nilai masukkan minimal 3 digit"
15 print(plusminus(7324512))
1 numbers = []
2 for i in range(4):
    num = int(input("Masukan %d : "%(i+1)))
4
    numbers.append(num)
6 if float(numbers[0]/numbers[1]) == float(numbers[2]/numbers[3]) :
7 print("Kedua Pecahan Sama")
8 else :
 9 print("Kedua Pecahan Tidak Sama")
    Masukan 1 : 2
    Masukan 2 : 5
    Masukan 3 : 4
    Masukan 4 : 10
    Kedua Pecahan Sama
1 def pembilangpenyebut(n1, n2) :
2 i = 2
3
    while i \leftarrow 9 :
      while n1\%i == 0 and n2\%i == 0:
        n1 /= i
5
        n2 /= i
6
      i += 1
8 return int(n1), int(n2)
 9 print(pembilangpenyebut(9, 24))
     (3, 8)
```