```
1 import java.util.Arrays;
 3 public class BinarySearchExample {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
4
           int[] arr = {20, 100, 70, 3, 50, 72, 15};
 5
           System.out.println("Original array: " + Arrays.toString(arr));
 6
           mergeSort(arr, 0, arr.length - 1);
 7
           System.out.println("Sorted array: " + Arrays.toString(arr));
 8
9
           int key = 15;
10
           long start = System.nanoTime();
           int elementIndex = binarySearch(arr, key);
11
           long end = System.nanoTime();
12
13
           if (elementIndex == -1) {
14
               System.out.println("Binary Search -" + " Index ");
15
           } else {
               System.out.println("Binary Search -" + " Index " + elementIndex + " = " +
16
   arr[elementIndex]);
17
           System.out.println("Time Binary search = " + (end - start) + " nanoseconds");
18
           start = System.nanoTime();
19
20
           int linearElementIndex = linearSearch(arr, key);
21
           end = System.nanoTime();
22
           if (linearElementIndex == -1) {
               System.out.println("Linear Search -" + " Index");
23
24
               System.out.println("Linear Search -" + " Index " + linearElementIndex + "
25
       + arr[linearElementIndex]);
26
           }
27
           System.out.println("Time Linear search = " + (end - start) + " nanoseconds");
28
       }
29
30
       public static void mergeSort(int[] arr, int 1, int r) {
31
           if (1 < r) {
32
               int m = (1 + r) / 2;
33
               mergeSort(arr, 1, m);
34
               mergeSort(arr, m + 1, r);
35
               merge(arr, 1, m, r);
36
           }
37
       }
38
39
       public static void merge(int[] arr, int l, int m, int r) {
40
           int n1 = m - 1 + 1;
41
           int n2 = r - m;
42
           int[] L = new int[n1];
43
44
           int[] R = new int[n2];
45
           for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++) {
46
47
               L[i] = arr[1 + i];
48
49
           for (int j = 0; j < n2; j++) {
50
               R[i] = arr[m + 1 + i];
51
           }
52
           int i = 0, j = 0, k = 1;
53
54
           while (i < n1 \&\& j < n2) {
55
               if (L[i] <= R[j]) {
56
                   arr[k] = L[i];
57
                   i++;
```

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58
                 } else {
 59
                     arr[k] = R[j];
 60
                     j++;
 61
                 }
 62
                 k++;
 63
            }
 64
 65
            while (i < n1) {
                 arr[k] = L[i];
 66
 67
                 i++;
 68
                 k++;
 69
            }
 70
 71
            while (j < n2) {
 72
                 arr[k] = R[j];
 73
                 j++;
 74
                 k++;
 75
            }
 76
        }
 77
 78
        public static int binarySearch(int[] arr, int key) {
 79
             int left = 0;
 80
            int right = arr.length - 1;
 81
            while (left <= right) {</pre>
                 int mid = (left + right) / 2;
 82
                 if (arr[mid] == key) {
 83
 84
                     return mid;
 85
                 } else if (arr[mid] < key) {</pre>
 86
                     left = mid + 1;
 87
                 } else {
 88
                     right = mid - 1;
 89
                 }
 90
             }
 91
            return -1;
 92
        }
 93
        public static int linearSearch(int[] arr, int key) {
 94
 95
            for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
 96
                 if (arr[i] == key) {
 97
                     return i;
 98
                 }
 99
            }
100
             return -1;
101
        }
102 }
```

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