

RAG System Implementation: Vector Store, Retrieval, Generation, and Evaluation Components

Based on your progress with document processing, chunking, and embedding components, I'll provide you with the complete implementations for the remaining four core components of your RAG system.

Step 4: Vector Store Implementation

4.1 Create Vector Store Base Class

Create a base class for vector stores in src/vector store/base.py:

```
from abc import ABC, abstractmethod
from typing import List, Dict, Any, Optional, Tuple
import numpy as np
from src.embedding.base import EmbeddingResult
from src.chunking.base import Chunk
class VectorStoreResult:
    """Class representing a vector search result."""
    def __init__(
        self,
        chunk_id: str,
        score: float,
        chunk: Optional[Chunk] = None,
        metadata: Optional[Dict[str, Any]] = None
    ):
        Initialize a vector store result.
        Args:
            chunk_id: ID of the retrieved chunk
            score: Similarity/relevance score
            chunk: The actual chunk object (if available)
            metadata: Additional metadata about the result
        self.chunk id = chunk id
        self.score = score
        self.chunk = chunk
        self.metadata = metadata or {}
    def __repr__(self) -> str:
        return f"VectorStoreResult(chunk_id={self.chunk_id}, score={self.score:.4f})"
```

```
class BaseVectorStore(ABC):
    """Base class for vector store implementations."""
    @abstractmethod
    def add_embeddings(self, embeddings: List[EmbeddingResult]) -> None:
        Add embeddings to the vector store.
        Args:
            embeddings: List of embedding results to add
        pass
    @abstractmethod
    def search(
        self,
        query_embedding: np.ndarray,
       top_k: int = 5,
       filters: Optional[Dict[str, Any]] = None
    ) -> List[VectorStoreResult]:
        Search for similar vectors.
        Args:
            query_embedding: Query vector to search for
            top_k: Number of results to return
            filters: Optional metadata filters
        Returns:
           List of search results
        pass
    @abstractmethod
    def delete_by_document_id(self, doc_id: str) -> bool:
        Delete all chunks belonging to a document.
        Args:
            doc_id: Document ID to delete
        Returns:
           True if deletion was successful
        pass
    @abstractmethod
    def get_collection_info(self) -> Dict[str, Any]:
        Get information about the vector store collection.
        Returns:
            Dictionary containing collection metadata
```

pass

4.2 Implement Chroma Vector Store

Create a Chroma implementation in src/vector_store/chroma_store.py:

```
import json
import logging
from typing import List, Dict, Any, Optional
import numpy as np
from datetime import datetime
import chromadb
from chromadb.config import Settings
from src.vector_store.base import BaseVectorStore, VectorStoreResult
from src.embedding.base import EmbeddingResult
from src.chunking.base import Chunk
logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
class ChromaVectorStore(BaseVectorStore):
    """Chroma vector store implementation."""
    def init (
        self,
        collection name: str = "rag documents",
        persist_directory: str = "./data/chroma_db",
        distance_function: str = "cosine"
    ):
        Initialize Chroma vector store.
        Args:
            collection_name: Name of the collection
            persist_directory: Directory to persist the database
            distance_function: Distance function to use ('cosine', 'euclidean', 'manhatta
        self.collection_name = collection_name
        self.persist_directory = persist_directory
        self.distance_function = distance_function
        try:
            # Initialize Chroma client
            self.client = chromadb.PersistentClient(
                path=persist_directory,
                settings=Settings(anonymized_telemetry=False)
            )
            # Get or create collection
            self.collection = self.client.get_or_create_collection(
                name=collection_name,
                metadata={"hnsw:space": distance_function}
```

```
logger.info(f"Initialized ChromaVectorStore with collection '{collection_name
    except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f"Failed to initialize ChromaVectorStore: {str(e)}")
        raise
def add_embeddings(self, embeddings: List[EmbeddingResult]) -> None:
    """Add embeddings to Chroma collection."""
   try:
        if not embeddings:
            logger.warning("No embeddings provided to add")
            return
        # Prepare data for Chroma
        ids = []
        vectors = []
        metadatas = []
        documents = []
        for emb in embeddings:
            ids.append(emb.chunk_id)
            vectors.append(emb.embedding.tolist())
            # Prepare metadata (Chroma requires string values)
            metadata = {}
            for key, value in emb.metadata.items():
                if isinstance(value, (str, int, float, bool)):
                    metadata[key] = value
                else:
                    metadata[key] = json.dumps(value)
            metadata['added at'] = datetime.now().isoformat()
            metadatas.append(metadata)
            # Use chunk text if available, otherwise use chunk_id
            documents.append(
                getattr(emb, 'chunk_text', emb.chunk_id)
            )
        # Add to collection
        self.collection.add(
            ids=ids,
            embeddings=vectors,
            metadatas=metadatas,
            documents=documents
        )
        logger.info(f"Added {len(embeddings)} embeddings to Chroma collection")
    except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f"Error adding embeddings to Chroma: {str(e)}")
def search(
    self,
```

```
query_embedding: np.ndarray,
   top_k: int = 5,
   filters: Optional[Dict[str, Any]] = None
) -> List[VectorStoreResult]:
    """Search Chroma collection for similar vectors."""
   try:
        # Prepare query
        query_vector = query_embedding.tolist()
        # Prepare where clause for filtering
       where_clause = None
        if filters:
           where_clause = {}
            for key, value in filters.items():
                if isinstance(value, list):
                    where_clause[key] = {"$in": value}
                else:
                    where_clause[key] = {"$eq": value}
        # Query collection
        results = self.collection.query(
            query_embeddings=[query_vector],
            n_results=top_k,
           where=where clause,
            include=["metadatas", "documents", "distances"]
        )
        # Process results
        search_results = []
        if results['ids'] and results['ids'][^0]:
            for i, chunk_id in enumerate(results['ids'][^0]):
                # Convert distance to similarity score (for cosine distance)
                distance = results['distances'][^0][i]
                if self.distance_function == "cosine":
                    score = 1.0 - distance
                else:
                    score = 1.0 / (1.0 + distance) # Convert distance to similarity
                # Get metadata
                metadata = results['metadatas'][^0][i] if results['metadatas'][^0] e]
                document = results['documents'][^0][i] if results['documents'][^0] e]
                # Create chunk object from stored data
                chunk = None
                if document and metadata:
                    chunk = Chunk(
                        text=document,
                        doc_id=metadata.get('doc_id', ''),
                        chunk_id=chunk_id,
                        metadata=metadata
                    )
                search_results.append(VectorStoreResult(
                    chunk id=chunk id,
                    score=score,
                    chunk=chunk,
```

```
metadata=metadata
                ))
       logger.debug(f"Found {len(search_results)} results for query")
        return search_results
   except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f"Error searching Chroma collection: {str(e)}")
        raise
def delete_by_document_id(self, doc_id: str) -> bool:
    """Delete all chunks belonging to a document."""
   try:
       # Query for chunks with the specified doc_id
        results = self.collection.get(
           where={"doc_id": {"$eq": doc_id}},
            include=["metadatas"]
        )
        if results['ids']:
           # Delete the chunks
            self.collection.delete(ids=results['ids'])
            logger.info(f"Deleted {len(results['ids'])} chunks for document {doc_id}'
            return True
        else:
            logger.info(f"No chunks found for document {doc id}")
            return False
   except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f"Error deleting document {doc_id} from Chroma: {str(e)}")
        return False
def get_collection_info(self) -> Dict[str, Any]:
    """Get information about the Chroma collection."""
   try:
        count = self.collection.count()
        return {
            "name": self.collection_name,
            "count": count,
            "distance_function": self.distance_function,
            "persist_directory": self.persist_directory
   except Exception as e:
       logger.error(f"Error getting collection info: {str(e)}")
        return {"error": str(e)}
```

4.3 Implement Qdrant Vector Store

Create a Qdrant implementation in src/vector_store/qdrant_store.py:

```
import json
import logging
from typing import List, Dict, Any, Optional
import numpy as np
from datetime import datetime
```

```
import uuid
from qdrant_client import QdrantClient
from gdrant client.models import (
    Distance, VectorParams, PointStruct,
    Filter, FieldCondition, MatchValue
)
from src.vector_store.base import BaseVectorStore, VectorStoreResult
from src.embedding.base import EmbeddingResult
from src.chunking.base import Chunk
logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
class QdrantVectorStore(BaseVectorStore):
    """Qdrant vector store implementation."""
    def __init__(
        self,
        collection_name: str = "rag_documents",
        url: str = "http://localhost:6333",
        api_key: Optional[str] = None,
        vector_size: int = 384,
        distance: str = "Cosine"
    ):
        Initialize Qdrant vector store.
        Args:
            collection_name: Name of the collection
            url: Odrant server URL
            api_key: Optional API key for authentication
            vector size: Dimension of vectors
            distance: Distance metric ('Cosine', 'Euclidean', 'Manhattan')
        self.collection_name = collection_name
        self.url = url
        self.vector_size = vector_size
        try:
            # Initialize Odrant client
            self.client = QdrantClient(
                url=url,
                api_key=api_key
            # Map distance string to Qdrant enum
            distance map = {
                "Cosine": Distance.COSINE,
                "Euclidean": Distance.EUCLID,
                "Manhattan": Distance.MANHATTAN
            self.distance = distance_map.get(distance, Distance.COSINE)
            # Create collection if it doesn't exist
            self. ensure collection exists()
```

```
logger.info(f"Initialized QdrantVectorStore with collection '{collection_name
   except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f"Failed to initialize QdrantVectorStore: {str(e)}")
        raise
def _ensure_collection_exists(self):
    """Create collection if it doesn't exist."""
   try:
        # Check if collection exists
        collections = self.client.get_collections().collections
        collection_names = [col.name for col in collections]
        if self.collection name not in collection names:
           # Create collection
            self.client.create collection(
                collection_name=self.collection_name,
                vectors_config=VectorParams(
                    size=self.vector_size,
                    distance=self.distance
                )
            logger.info(f"Created Qdrant collection '{self.collection_name}'")
        else:
            logger.info(f"Using existing Qdrant collection '{self.collection_name}'")
   except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f"Error ensuring collection exists: {str(e)}")
def add_embeddings(self, embeddings: List[EmbeddingResult]) -> None:
    """Add embeddings to Odrant collection."""
   try:
        if not embeddings:
            logger.warning("No embeddings provided to add")
            return
        # Prepare points for Odrant
        points = []
        for emb in embeddings:
           # Create payload (metadata)
            payload = dict(emb.metadata)
            payload['chunk_id'] = emb.chunk_id
            payload['added_at'] = datetime.now().isoformat()
           # Ensure vector dimension matches
            vector = emb.embedding
            if len(vector) != self.vector size:
                logger.warning(
                    f"Vector size mismatch: expected {self.vector_size}, "
                    f"got {len(vector)} for chunk {emb.chunk_id}"
                )
                continue
```

```
# Create point
            point = PointStruct(
                id=str(uuid.uuid4()), # Generate UUID for Qdrant
                vector=vector.tolist(),
                payload=payload
            points.append(point)
        if points:
            # Upload points
            self.client.upsert(
                collection_name=self.collection_name,
                points=points
            logger.info(f"Added {len(points)} embeddings to Qdrant collection")
    except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f"Error adding embeddings to Qdrant: {str(e)}")
        raise
def search(
    self,
    query_embedding: np.ndarray,
    top k: int = 5,
    filters: Optional[Dict[str, Any]] = None
) -> List[VectorStoreResult]:
    """Search Qdrant collection for similar vectors."""
    try:
        # Prepare filter
        filter obj = None
        if filters:
            conditions = []
            for key, value in filters.items():
                if isinstance(value, list):
                    # Handle list of values (OR condition)
                    for v in value:
                        conditions.append(
                            FieldCondition(key=key, match=MatchValue(value=v))
                else:
                    conditions.append(
                        FieldCondition(key=key, match=MatchValue(value=value))
                    )
            if conditions:
                filter_obj = Filter(must=conditions)
        # Search
        search_results = self.client.search(
            collection name=self.collection name,
            query_vector=query_embedding.tolist(),
            limit=top_k,
            query filter=filter obj,
            with_payload=True
        )
```

```
# Process results
        results = []
        for result in search results:
            chunk_id = result.payload.get('chunk_id', str(result.id))
            score = result.score
            # Create chunk object from payload
            chunk = None
            if 'doc id' in result.payload:
                chunk = Chunk(
                    text=result.payload.get('text', ''),
                    doc_id=result.payload['doc_id'],
                    chunk_id=chunk_id,
                    metadata=result.payload
                )
            results.append(VectorStoreResult(
                chunk_id=chunk_id,
                score=score,
                chunk=chunk,
                metadata=result.payload
            ))
        logger.debug(f"Found {len(results)} results for query")
        return results
    except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f"Error searching Qdrant collection: {str(e)}")
        raise
def delete_by_document_id(self, doc_id: str) -> bool:
    """Delete all chunks belonging to a document."""
    try:
        # Create filter for document ID
        filter obj = Filter(
            must=[FieldCondition(key="doc_id", match=MatchValue(value=doc_id))]
        )
        # Delete points
        result = self.client.delete(
            collection name=self.collection name,
            points_selector=filter_obj
        )
        logger.info(f"Deleted chunks for document {doc_id}")
        return True
    except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f"Error deleting document {doc_id} from Qdrant: {str(e)}")
        return False
def get_collection_info(self) -> Dict[str, Any]:
    """Get information about the Qdrant collection."""
    try:
        info = self.client.get_collection(self.collection_name)
        return {
```

```
"name": self.collection_name,
    "count": info.points_count,
    "vector_size": self.vector_size,
    "distance": self.distance.name,
    "url": self.url
}
except Exception as e:
    logger.error(f"Error getting collection info: {str(e)}")
    return {"error": str(e)}
```

4.4 Vector Store Factory

Create a factory in src/vector_store/factory.py:

```
from typing import Dict, Type, Optional
import logging
from src.vector_store.base import BaseVectorStore
from src.vector_store.chroma_store import ChromaVectorStore
from src.vector store.qdrant store import QdrantVectorStore
logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
class VectorStoreFactory:
    """Factory for creating vector store instances."""
    def __init__(self, config=None):
        Initialize vector store factory.
        Args:
            config: Optional configuration dictionary
        self.config = config or {}
        self._stores: Dict[str, Type[BaseVectorStore]] = {}
        # Register default stores
        self.register_store("chroma", ChromaVectorStore)
        self.register_store("qdrant", QdrantVectorStore)
    def register_store(self, name: str, store_class: Type[BaseVectorStore]) -> None:
        """Register a vector store class."""
        self._stores[name.lower()] = store_class
        logger.debug(f"Registered vector store {store_class.__name__} as '{name}'")
    def get_store(self, store_type: str) -> Optional[BaseVectorStore]:
        Get a vector store instance.
        Args:
            store_type: Type of vector store to create
        Returns:
            Configured vector store instance or None
```

```
store_type = store_type.lower()
    store_class = self._stores.get(store_type)
    if not store_class:
       logger.error(f"No vector store found for type '{store_type}'")
        return None
    # Get configuration for this store type
    store_config = {}
    if self.config and "options" in self.config:
        store_config = self.config.get("options", {}).get(store_type, {})
    try:
        return store_class(**store_config)
    except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f"Error creating vector store '{store_type}': {str(e)}")
        return None
def get_default_store(self) -> BaseVectorStore:
    """Get the default vector store as specified in config."""
    default_type = "chroma"
    if self.config:
        default_type = self.config.get("default", default_type)
    store = self.get store(default type)
    if not store:
       logger.warning(f"Default store '{default_type}' failed. Falling back to 'chrc
        store = self.get_store("chroma")
        if not store:
            raise RuntimeError("Could not create any vector store")
    return store
```

Step 5: Retrieval Implementation

5.1 Create Retrieval Base Class

Create a base class in src/retrieval/base.py:

```
from abc import ABC, abstractmethod
from typing import List, Dict, Any, Optional
import numpy as np

from src.vector_store.base import VectorStoreResult

class RetrievalResult:
    """Class representing a retrieval result."""

def __init__(
    self,
    query: str,
```

```
results: List[VectorStoreResult],
        metadata: Optional[Dict[str, Any]] = None
   ):
        Initialize a retrieval result.
        Args:
           query: The original query
           results: List of retrieved results
           metadata: Additional metadata about the retrieval
        self.query = query
        self.results = results
        self.metadata = metadata or {}
   def get_context(self) -> str:
        """Get concatenated context from all results."""
        contexts = []
        for result in self.results:
            if result.chunk and result.chunk.text:
                contexts.append(result.chunk.text)
        return "\n\n".join(contexts)
   def __len__(self) -> int:
        return len(self.results)
   def __repr__(self) -> str:
        return f"RetrievalResult(query='{self.query[:50]}...', results={len(self.results)
class BaseRetriever(ABC):
    """Base class for retrieval strategies."""
   @abstractmethod
   def retrieve(
        self,
        query: str,
        top_k: int = 5,
        filters: Optional[Dict[str, Any]] = None
   ) -> RetrievalResult:
        Retrieve relevant documents for a query.
        Args:
            query: The search query
           top_k: Number of results to return
            filters: Optional metadata filters
        Returns:
            Retrieval result object
        0.00
        pass
```

5.2 Implement Semantic Retriever

Create a semantic retrieval strategy in src/retrieval/semantic_retriever.py:

```
import logging
from typing import Dict, Any, Optional
from datetime import datetime
from src.retrieval.base import BaseRetriever, RetrievalResult
from src.vector_store.base import BaseVectorStore
from src.embedding.base import BaseEmbedder
logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
class SemanticRetriever(BaseRetriever):
    """Semantic retrieval using vector similarity search."""
    def __init__(
        self,
        vector_store: BaseVectorStore,
        embedder: BaseEmbedder,
        similarity_threshold: float = 0.0
    ):
        Initialize semantic retriever.
        Args:
            vector_store: Vector store instance
            embedder: Embedder instance for query encoding
            similarity_threshold: Minimum similarity score threshold
        self.vector_store = vector_store
        self.embedder = embedder
        self.similarity threshold = similarity threshold
    def retrieve(
        self,
        query: str,
        top_k: int = 5,
        filters: Optional[Dict[str, Any]] = None
    ) -> RetrievalResult:
        """Retrieve documents using semantic similarity."""
        start_time = datetime.now()
        try:
            # Generate query embedding
            query_embedding = self.embedder.embed_query(query)
            # Search vector store
            search_results = self.vector_store.search(
                query_embedding=query_embedding,
                top_k=top_k,
                filters=filters
            )
```

```
# Filter by similarity threshold
    filtered_results = [
        result for result in search results
        if result.score >= self.similarity_threshold
    ]
    # Calculate retrieval time
    retrieval_time = (datetime.now() - start_time).total_seconds()
    # Create metadata
   metadata = {
        "strategy": "semantic",
        "retrieval_time": retrieval_time,
        "total_candidates": len(search_results),
        "filtered_results": len(filtered_results),
        "similarity_threshold": self.similarity_threshold,
        "timestamp": datetime.now().isoformat()
    }
    logger.debug(
        f"Semantic retrieval: {len(filtered_results)} results "
        f"in {retrieval_time:.3f}s for query: {query[:100]}"
    )
    return RetrievalResult(
        query=query,
        results=filtered results,
        metadata=metadata
    )
except Exception as e:
    logger.error(f"Error in semantic retrieval: {str(e)}")
    raise
```

5.3 Implement Hybrid Retriever

Create a hybrid retrieval strategy in src/retrieval/hybrid_retriever.py:

```
import logging
from typing import Dict, Any, Optional, List
from datetime import datetime
import re
from collections import Counter

from src.retrieval.base import BaseRetriever, RetrievalResult
from src.vector_store.base import BaseVectorStore, VectorStoreResult
from src.embedding.base import BaseEmbedder

logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)

class HybridRetriever(BaseRetriever):
    """Hybrid retrieval combining semantic and keyword-based search."""

def __init__(
```

```
self,
    vector_store: BaseVectorStore,
    embedder: BaseEmbedder,
    semantic_weight: float = 0.7,
    keyword_weight: float = 0.3,
    similarity_threshold: float = 0.0
):
    Initialize hybrid retriever.
    Args:
        vector store: Vector store instance
        embedder: Embedder instance for query encoding
        semantic_weight: Weight for semantic similarity scores
        keyword weight: Weight for keyword matching scores
        similarity_threshold: Minimum similarity score threshold
    self.vector store = vector store
    self.embedder = embedder
    self.semantic_weight = semantic_weight
    self.keyword_weight = keyword_weight
    self.similarity_threshold = similarity_threshold
    # Normalize weights
    total_weight = semantic_weight + keyword_weight
    if total_weight > 0:
        self.semantic_weight = semantic_weight / total_weight
        self.keyword_weight = keyword_weight / total_weight
def _extract_keywords(self, text: str) -> List[str]:
    """Extract keywords from text."""
    # Simple keyword extraction (remove stopwords, punctuation)
    stopwords = {
        'a', 'an', 'and', 'are', 'as', 'at', 'be', 'by', 'for', 'from',
        'has', 'he', 'in', 'is', 'it', 'its', 'of', 'on', 'that', 'the',
        'to', 'was', 'will', 'with', 'what', 'when', 'where', 'who', 'how'
    }
    # Clean and tokenize
    words = re.findall(r'\b[a-zA-Z]+\b', text.lower())
    keywords = [word for word in words if word not in stopwords and len(word) > 2]
    return keywords
def _calculate_keyword_score(self, query_keywords: List[str], chunk_text: str) -> flc
    """Calculate keyword matching score using TF-IDF-like approach."""
    if not query_keywords or not chunk_text:
        return 0.0
    chunk_keywords = self._extract_keywords(chunk_text)
    if not chunk_keywords:
        return 0.0
    # Calculate keyword frequencies
    chunk freq = Counter(chunk keywords)
    query freq = Counter(query keywords)
```

```
# Calculate score based on keyword overlap
    score = 0.0
    for keyword in query_keywords:
        if keyword in chunk_freq:
            # TF-IDF-like score: term frequency * inverse document frequency
            tf = chunk_freq[keyword] / len(chunk_keywords)
            # Simplified IDF (could be improved with corpus statistics)
            idf = 1.0 + (1.0 / (1.0 + chunk freq[keyword]))
            score += tf * idf * query_freq[keyword]
    # Normalize by query length
    return score / len(query_keywords)
def retrieve(
    self,
    query: str,
   top k: int = 5,
    filters: Optional[Dict[str, Any]] = None
) -> RetrievalResult:
    """Retrieve documents using hybrid approach."""
    start_time = datetime.now()
    try:
        # Step 1: Semantic retrieval (get more candidates for reranking)
        initial k = min(top k * 3, 50) # Get more candidates
        query_embedding = self.embedder.embed_query(query)
        semantic_results = self.vector_store.search(
            query_embedding=query_embedding,
            top k=initial k,
            filters=filters
        )
        # Step 2: Extract query keywords
        query_keywords = self._extract_keywords(query)
        # Step 3: Calculate hybrid scores
        hybrid results = []
        for result in semantic_results:
            if not result.chunk or not result.chunk.text:
                continue
            # Get semantic score
            semantic score = result.score
            # Calculate keyword score
            keyword_score = self._calculate_keyword_score(
                query_keywords,
                result.chunk.text
            )
            # Combine scores
            hybrid_score = (
                self.semantic_weight * semantic_score +
                self.keyword weight * keyword score
```

```
# Create new result with hybrid score
        hybrid_result = VectorStoreResult(
            chunk_id=result.chunk_id,
            score=hybrid_score,
            chunk=result.chunk,
            metadata={
                **result.metadata,
                'semantic_score': semantic_score,
                'keyword_score': keyword_score,
                'hybrid_score': hybrid_score
            3
        hybrid_results.append(hybrid_result)
    # Step 4: Sort by hybrid score and take top_k
    hybrid_results.sort(key=lambda x: x.score, reverse=True)
    final_results = hybrid_results[:top_k]
    # Step 5: Filter by similarity threshold
    filtered_results = [
        result for result in final results
        if result.score >= self.similarity_threshold
    ]
   # Calculate retrieval time
    retrieval_time = (datetime.now() - start_time).total_seconds()
    # Create metadata
    metadata = {
        "strategy": "hybrid",
        "retrieval_time": retrieval_time,
        "semantic_weight": self.semantic_weight,
        "keyword_weight": self.keyword_weight,
        "query_keywords": query_keywords,
        "initial_candidates": len(semantic_results),
        "final_results": len(filtered_results),
        "similarity threshold": self.similarity threshold,
        "timestamp": datetime.now().isoformat()
    }
    logger.debug(
        f"Hybrid retrieval: {len(filtered_results)} results "
        f"in {retrieval_time:.3f}s for query: {query[:100]}"
    )
    return RetrievalResult(
        query=query,
        results=filtered results,
        metadata=metadata
    )
except Exception as e:
    logger.error(f"Error in hybrid retrieval: {str(e)}")
    raise
```

5.4 Implement Reranking Retriever

Create a reranking strategy in src/retrieval/reranking_retriever.py:

```
import logging
from typing import Dict, Any, Optional, List
from datetime import datetime
import torch
from sentence transformers import CrossEncoder
from src.retrieval.base import BaseRetriever, RetrievalResult
from src.vector store.base import BaseVectorStore, VectorStoreResult
from src.embedding.base import BaseEmbedder
logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
class RerankingRetriever(BaseRetriever):
    """Retrieval with cross-encoder reranking for improved relevance."""
    def __init__(
        self,
        vector_store: BaseVectorStore,
        embedder: BaseEmbedder,
        rerank_model: str = "cross-encoder/ms-marco-MiniLM-L-6-v2",
        initial k: int = 20,
        similarity threshold: float = 0.0,
        device: Optional[str] = None
    ):
        Initialize reranking retriever.
        Args:
            vector_store: Vector store instance
            embedder: Embedder instance for query encoding
            rerank_model: Cross-encoder model for reranking
            initial_k: Number of candidates to retrieve before reranking
            similarity_threshold: Minimum similarity score threshold
            device: Device to run reranking model on
        self.vector store = vector store
        self.embedder = embedder
        self.initial_k = initial_k
        self.similarity_threshold = similarity_threshold
        try:
            # Initialize cross-encoder for reranking
            self.cross_encoder = CrossEncoder(rerank_model, device=device)
            logger.info(f"Initialized cross-encoder: {rerank_model}")
        except Exception as e:
            logger.error(f"Failed to initialize cross-encoder: {str(e)}")
            self.cross_encoder = None
    def retrieve(
        self,
       query: str,
```

```
top k: int = 5,
   filters: Optional[Dict[str, Any]] = None
) -> RetrievalResult:
    """Retrieve documents with reranking."""
   start_time = datetime.now()
   try:
        # Step 1: Initial semantic retrieval
        query embedding = self.embedder.embed query(query)
        initial_results = self.vector_store.search(
            query_embedding=query_embedding,
            top_k=self.initial_k,
            filters=filters
        )
        if not initial_results:
           logger.warning("No initial results found")
            return RetrievalResult(
                query=query,
                results=[],
                metadata={"strategy": "reranking", "error": "no_initial_results"}
            )
       # Step 2: Reranking with cross-encoder (if available)
        if self.cross encoder:
            reranked_results = self._rerank_with_cross_encoder(
                query, initial_results
        else:
            logger.warning("Cross-encoder not available, using semantic scores")
            reranked_results = initial_results
        # Step 3: Take top_k results
        final_results = reranked_results[:top_k]
        # Step 4: Filter by similarity threshold
        filtered_results = [
           result for result in final results
            if result.score >= self.similarity_threshold
        ]
        # Calculate retrieval time
       retrieval_time = (datetime.now() - start_time).total_seconds()
        # Create metadata
        metadata = {
            "strategy": "reranking",
            "retrieval_time": retrieval_time,
            "rerank_model": getattr(self.cross_encoder, 'model_name', 'none'),
            "initial_candidates": len(initial_results),
            "final_results": len(filtered_results),
            "similarity_threshold": self.similarity_threshold,
            "timestamp": datetime.now().isoformat()
        }
```

```
logger.debug(
            f"Reranking retrieval: {len(filtered_results)} results "
            f"in {retrieval_time:.3f}s for query: {query[:100]}"
        )
        return RetrievalResult(
            query=query,
            results=filtered_results,
            metadata=metadata
        )
    except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f"Error in reranking retrieval: {str(e)}")
        raise
def _rerank_with_cross_encoder(
    self,
    query: str,
    results: List[VectorStoreResult]
) -> List[VectorStoreResult]:
    """Rerank results using cross-encoder."""
    if not results or not self.cross_encoder:
        return results
    try:
        # Prepare query-document pairs for reranking
        pairs = []
        valid_results = []
        for result in results:
            if result.chunk and result.chunk.text:
                pairs.append([query, result.chunk.text])
                valid_results.append(result)
        if not pairs:
            logger.warning("No valid pairs for reranking")
            return results
        # Get reranking scores
        rerank_scores = self.cross_encoder.predict(pairs)
        # Create new results with reranking scores
        reranked_results = []
        for i, (result, score) in enumerate(zip(valid_results, rerank_scores)):
            # Convert score to float if it's a tensor
            if torch.is_tensor(score):
                score = score.item()
            new_result = VectorStoreResult(
                chunk id=result.chunk id,
                score=float(score),
                chunk=result.chunk,
                metadata={
                    **result.metadata,
                    'original_score': result.score,
                    'rerank_score': float(score)
```

```
}
)
reranked_results.append(new_result)

# Sort by reranking score
reranked_results.sort(key=lambda x: x.score, reverse=True)

logger.debug(f"Reranked {len(reranked_results)} results")
return reranked_results

except Exception as e:
   logger.error(f"Error during reranking: {str(e)}")
return results # Fall back to original results
```

5.5 Retrieval Factory

Create a factory in src/retrieval/factory.py:

```
from typing import Dict, Type, Optional
import logging
from src.retrieval.base import BaseRetriever
from src.retrieval.semantic_retriever import SemanticRetriever
from src.retrieval.hybrid_retriever import HybridRetriever
from src.retrieval.reranking retriever import RerankingRetriever
from src.vector_store.base import BaseVectorStore
from src.embedding.base import BaseEmbedder
logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
class RetrieverFactory:
    """Factory for creating retriever instances."""
    def __init__(self, config=None):
        Initialize retriever factory.
        Args:
            config: Optional configuration dictionary
        self.config = config or {}
        self._retrievers: Dict[str, Type[BaseRetriever]] = {}
        # Register default retrievers
        self.register_retriever("semantic", SemanticRetriever)
        self.register_retriever("hybrid", HybridRetriever)
        self.register_retriever("reranking", RerankingRetriever)
    def register_retriever(self, name: str, retriever_class: Type[BaseRetriever]) -> None
        """Register a retriever class."""
        self._retrievers[name.lower()] = retriever_class
        logger.debug(f"Registered retriever {retriever_class.__name__} as '{name}'")
    def get retriever(
```

```
self,
   strategy: str,
   vector store: BaseVectorStore,
   embedder: BaseEmbedder
) -> Optional[BaseRetriever]:
   Get a retriever instance.
   Args:
        strategy: Retrieval strategy name
        vector_store: Vector store instance
        embedder: Embedder instance
   Returns:
        Configured retriever instance or None
   strategy = strategy.lower()
   retriever_class = self._retrievers.get(strategy)
   if not retriever_class:
       logger.error(f"No retriever found for strategy '{strategy}'")
       return None
   # Get configuration for this strategy
   strategy_config = {}
   if self.config and "strategies" in self.config:
        strategy_config = self.config.get("strategies", {}).get(strategy, {})
   try:
       return retriever_class(
            vector store=vector store,
            embedder=embedder,
           **strategy_config
   except Exception as e:
       logger.error(f"Error creating retriever '{strategy}': {str(e)}")
        return None
def get_default_retriever(
   self,
   vector store: BaseVectorStore,
   embedder: BaseEmbedder
) -> BaseRetriever:
    """Get the default retriever as specified in config."""
   default_strategy = "semantic"
   if self.config:
        default_strategy = self.config.get("default_strategy", default_strategy)
   retriever = self.get_retriever(default_strategy, vector_store, embedder)
   if not retriever:
        logger.warning(
            f"Default retriever '{default_strategy}' failed. "
            f"Falling back to 'semantic'."
        retriever = self.get_retriever("semantic", vector_store, embedder)
```

```
if not retriever:
     raise RuntimeError("Could not create any retriever")
return retriever
```

Step 6: Generation Implementation

6.1 Create Generation Base Class

Create a base class in src/generation/base.py:

```
from abc import ABC, abstractmethod
from typing import Dict, Any, Optional, List
from dataclasses import dataclass
@dataclass
class GenerationResult:
    """Class representing a generation result."""
    query: str
    response: str
    context: str
   metadata: Optional[Dict[str, Any]] = None
    def __post_init__(self):
        if self.metadata is None:
            self.metadata = {}
    def __repr__(self) -> str:
        return f"GenerationResult(query='{self.query[:50]}...', response_len={len(self.re
class BaseGenerator(ABC):
    """Base class for text generation."""
    @abstractmethod
    def generate(
        self,
        query: str,
        context: str,
       **kwargs
    ) -> GenerationResult:
        Generate a response based on query and context.
        Args:
            query: The user query
            context: Retrieved context for augmentation
            **kwargs: Additional generation parameters
        Returns:
            Generation result object
```

```
pass

@abstractmethod
def get_model_info(self) -> Dict[str, Any]:
    """
    Get information about the generation model.

Returns:
        Dictionary containing model metadata
    """
    pass
```

6.2 Implement OpenAl Generator

Create an OpenAI generator in src/generation/openai_generator.py:

```
import logging
import os
from typing import Dict, Any, Optional
from datetime import datetime
import openai
from openai import OpenAI
from src.generation.base import BaseGenerator, GenerationResult
logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
class OpenAIGenerator(BaseGenerator):
    """OpenAI API-based text generator."""
    def __init__(
        self,
        model: str = "gpt-3.5-turbo",
        api_key: Optional[str] = None,
        temperature: float = 0.2,
        max_tokens: int = 1024,
        system_prompt: Optional[str] = None
    ):
        Initialize OpenAI generator.
        Args:
            model: OpenAI model name
            api_key: OpenAI API key (defaults to OPENAI_API_KEY env var)
            temperature: Sampling temperature
            max_tokens: Maximum tokens to generate
            system_prompt: Optional system prompt
        self.model = model
        self.temperature = temperature
        self.max_tokens = max_tokens
        # Set up API key
        api_key = api_key or os.environ.get("OPENAI_API_KEY")
```

```
if not api_key:
            raise ValueError(
                "OpenAI API key not provided and OPENAI_API_KEY not set"
            )
        # Initialize client
        self.client = OpenAI(api_key=api_key)
        # Default system prompt
        self.system_prompt = system_prompt or """
You are a helpful AI assistant. Answer the user's question based on the provided context.
If the context doesn't contain enough information to fully answer the question, say so cl
Be accurate, concise, and helpful.
        logger.info(f"Initialized OpenAI generator with model '{model}'")
    def generate(
        self,
        query: str,
        context: str,
        temperature: Optional[float] = None,
        max_tokens: Optional[int] = None,
        **kwargs
    ) -> GenerationResult:
        """Generate response using OpenAI API."""
        start_time = datetime.now()
        # Use instance defaults if not provided
        temperature = temperature or self.temperature
        max_tokens = max_tokens or self.max_tokens
        try:
            # Construct messages
            messages = [
                {"role": "system", "content": self.system_prompt},
                {"role": "user", "content": f"Context:\n{context}\n\nQuestion: {query}"}
            ]
            # Make API call
            response = self.client.chat.completions.create(
                model=self.model,
                messages=messages,
                temperature=temperature,
                max_tokens=max_tokens,
                **kwargs
            )
            # Extract response
            generated_text = response.choices[^0].message.content
            # Calculate generation time
            generation_time = (datetime.now() - start_time).total_seconds()
            # Create metadata
            metadata = {
```

```
"model": self.model,
            "temperature": temperature,
            "max_tokens": max_tokens,
            "generation_time": generation_time,
            "usage": {
                "prompt_tokens": response.usage.prompt_tokens,
                "completion_tokens": response.usage.completion_tokens,
                "total_tokens": response.usage.total_tokens
            "finish_reason": response.choices[^0].finish_reason,
            "timestamp": datetime.now().isoformat()
        }
        logger.debug(
            f"Generated response ({response.usage.completion tokens} tokens) "
            f"in {generation_time:.3f}s"
        )
        return GenerationResult(
            query=query,
            response=generated_text,
            context=context,
            metadata=metadata
        )
    except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f"Error generating response with OpenAI: {str(e)}")
        raise
def get_model_info(self) -> Dict[str, Any]:
    """Get OpenAI model information."""
    return {
        "provider": "OpenAI",
        "model": self.model,
        "temperature": self.temperature,
        "max_tokens": self.max_tokens,
        "type": "api"
    }
```

6.3 Implement Local LLM Generator

Create a local LLM generator in src/generation/local_generator.py:

```
import logging
from typing import Dict, Any, Optional, Union
from datetime import datetime
import requests
import json

from src.generation.base import BaseGenerator, GenerationResult

logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)

class LocalLLMGenerator(BaseGenerator):
```

```
"""Local LLM generator using Ollama or similar local APIs."""
    def init (
        self,
        model: str = "llama2",
        base_url: str = "http://localhost:11434",
        temperature: float = 0.2,
        max_tokens: int = 1024,
        system prompt: Optional[str] = None,
        timeout: int = 120
    ):
        0.00
        Initialize local LLM generator.
        Args:
            model: Local model name
            base url: Base URL for the local LLM API
            temperature: Sampling temperature
            max_tokens: Maximum tokens to generate
            system_prompt: Optional system prompt
            timeout: Request timeout in seconds
        self.model = model
        self.base url = base url.rstrip('/')
        self.temperature = temperature
        self.max_tokens = max_tokens
        self.timeout = timeout
        # Default system prompt
        self.system_prompt = system_prompt or """
You are a helpful AI assistant. Answer the user's question based on the provided context.
If the context doesn't contain enough information to fully answer the question, say so cl
Be accurate, concise, and helpful.
11 11 11
        # Test connection
        self._test_connection()
        logger.info(f"Initialized local LLM generator with model '{model}'")
    def test connection(self) -> None:
        """Test connection to local LLM API."""
        try:
            response = requests.get(
                f"{self.base_url}/api/tags",
                timeout=10
            )
            response.raise_for_status()
            logger.info("Successfully connected to local LLM API")
        except requests.exceptions.RequestException as e:
            logger.warning(f"Could not connect to local LLM API: {str(e)}")
    def generate(
        self,
        query: str,
        context: str,
```

```
temperature: Optional[float] = None,
   max_tokens: Optional[int] = None,
   **kwargs
) -> GenerationResult:
    """Generate response using local LLM."""
   start_time = datetime.now()
   # Use instance defaults if not provided
   temperature = temperature or self.temperature
   max_tokens = max_tokens or self.max_tokens
   try:
        # Construct prompt
        prompt = f"{self.system_prompt}\n\nContext:\n{context}\n\nQuestion: {query}\r
        # Prepare request payload (Ollama format)
        payload = {
            "model": self.model,
            "prompt": prompt,
            "options": {
                "temperature": temperature,
                "num_predict": max_tokens,
                **kwargs
            "stream": False
        3
       # Make API call
        response = requests.post(
            f"{self.base_url}/api/generate",
            json=payload,
           timeout=self.timeout
        response.raise_for_status()
        # Parse response
        result = response.json()
        generated_text = result.get("response", "")
       # Calculate generation time
        generation time = (datetime.now() - start time).total seconds()
        # Create metadata
       metadata = {
            "model": self.model,
            "provider": "local",
            "temperature": temperature,
            "max tokens": max tokens,
            "generation_time": generation_time,
            "eval count": result.get("eval count", 0),
            "eval_duration": result.get("eval_duration", 0),
            "timestamp": datetime.now().isoformat()
        }
        logger.debug(
            f"Generated response ({result.get('eval count', 0)} tokens) "
```

```
f"in {generation_time:.3f}s"
        )
        return GenerationResult(
            query=query,
            response=generated_text.strip(),
            context=context,
            metadata=metadata
        )
    except requests.exceptions.RequestException as e:
        logger.error(f"Error with local LLM API request: {str(e)}")
        raise
    except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f"Error generating response with local LLM: {str(e)}")
def get_model_info(self) -> Dict[str, Any]:
    """Get local LLM model information."""
    return {
        "provider": "local",
        "model": self.model,
        "base_url": self.base_url,
        "temperature": self.temperature,
        "max_tokens": self.max_tokens,
        "type": "local_api"
    3
```

6.4 Generation Factory

Create a factory in src/generation/factory.py:

```
from typing import Dict, Type, Optional
import logging

from src.generation.base import BaseGenerator
from src.generation.openai_generator import OpenAIGenerator
from src.generation.local_generator import LocalLLMGenerator

logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)

class GeneratorFactory:
    """Factory for creating generator instances."""

def __init__(self, config=None):
    """
    Initialize generator factory.

Args:
        config: Optional configuration dictionary
    """
    self.config = config or {}
    self.generators: Dict[str, Type[BaseGenerator]] = {}
}
```

```
# Register default generators
   self.register_generator("openai", OpenAIGenerator)
   self.register_generator("local", LocalLLMGenerator)
def register_generator(self, name: str, generator_class: Type[BaseGenerator]) -> None
    """Register a generator class."""
   self._generators[name.lower()] = generator_class
   logger.debug(f"Registered generator {generator_class.__name__} as '{name}'")
def get_generator(self, model_type: str) -> Optional[BaseGenerator]:
   Get a generator instance.
   Args:
       model_type: Type of generator to create
   Returns:
       Configured generator instance or None
   model_type = model_type.lower()
   generator_class = self._generators.get(model_type)
   if not generator_class:
       logger.error(f"No generator found for type '{model type}'")
       return None
   # Get configuration for this generator type
   generator_config = {}
   if self.config and "models" in self.config:
       # Find matching model configuration
       for model_config in self.config["models"]:
            if model_config.get("type") == model_type:
                generator config = {
                    k: v for k, v in model_config.items()
                    if k not in ["name", "type"]
                7
                break
        return generator_class(**generator_config)
   except Exception as e:
       logger.error(f"Error creating generator '{model_type}': {str(e)}")
       return None
def get_default_generator(self) -> BaseGenerator:
    """Get the default generator as specified in config."""
   default_model = "gpt-3.5-turbo"
   if self.config:
       default_model = self.config.get("default_model", default_model)
   # Find the generator type for this model
   generator_type = "openai" # default
   if self.config and "models" in self.config:
        for model_config in self.config["models"]:
            if model config.get("name") == default model:
                generator_type = model_config.get("type", generator_type)
```

```
generator = self.get_generator(generator_type)
if not generator:
    logger.warning(
        f"Default generator '{generator_type}' failed. "
        f"Trying 'openai'."
    )
    generator = self.get_generator("openai")

if not generator:
    raise RuntimeError("Could not create any generator")

return generator
```

Step 7: Evaluation Implementation

7.1 Create Evaluation Base Class

Create a base class in src/evaluation/base.py:

```
from abc import ABC, abstractmethod
from typing import Dict, Any, List, Optional
from dataclasses import dataclass
import json
@dataclass
class EvaluationResult:
    """Class representing an evaluation result."""
   metric name: str
    score: float
    details: Optional[Dict[str, Any]] = None
    def __post_init__(self):
        if self.details is None:
            self.details = {}
    def to_dict(self) -> Dict[str, Any]:
        """Convert to dictionary for serialization."""
        return {
            "metric_name": self.metric_name,
            "score": self.score,
            "details": self.details
        }
@dataclass
class RAGEvaluationInput:
    """Input for RAG evaluation."""
    query: str
    expected_answer: Optional[str] = None
```

```
retrieved_context: Optional[str] = None
    generated_answer: Optional[str] = None
   metadata: Optional[Dict[str, Any]] = None
   def __post_init__(self):
        if self.metadata is None:
            self.metadata = {}
class BaseEvaluationMetric(ABC):
    """Base class for evaluation metrics."""
   @abstractmethod
   def evaluate(self, input_data: RAGEvaluationInput) -> EvaluationResult:
        Evaluate the given input.
        Args:
            input_data: Input data for evaluation
        Returns:
           Evaluation result
        pass
   @property
   @abstractmethod
   def name(self) -> str:
        """Return the name of this metric."""
        pass
   @property
   @abstractmethod
   def requires_expected_answer(self) -> bool:
        """Return True if this metric requires an expected answer."""
        pass
```

7.2 Implement Basic Evaluation Metrics

Create basic metrics in src/evaluation/basic_metrics.py:

```
import logging
import re
from typing import Dict, Any, List
from datetime import datetime
import numpy as np
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import cosine_similarity

from src.evaluation.base import BaseEvaluationMetric, EvaluationResult, RAGEvaluationInpu
logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)

class ContextRelevanceMetric(BaseEvaluationMetric):
```

```
"""Evaluate how relevant the retrieved context is to the query."""
def __init__(self, threshold: float = 0.1):
    Initialize context relevance metric.
    Args:
        threshold: Minimum relevance threshold
    self.threshold = threshold
@property
def name(self) -> str:
    return "context_relevance"
@property
def requires_expected_answer(self) -> bool:
    return False
def evaluate(self, input_data: RAGEvaluationInput) -> EvaluationResult:
    """Evaluate context relevance using TF-IDF similarity."""
   try:
        if not input_data.retrieved_context or not input_data.query:
            return EvaluationResult(
                metric_name=self.name,
                score=0.0,
                details={"error": "Missing context or query"}
            )
        # Calculate TF-IDF similarity between query and context
        texts = [input_data.query, input_data.retrieved_context]
        vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(
            stop_words='english',
            max features=1000,
            ngram_range=(1, 2)
        )
        tfidf matrix = vectorizer.fit transform(texts)
        similarity = cosine_similarity(tfidf_matrix[0:1], tfidf_matrix[1:2])[^0][^0]
        # Normalize score to 0-1 range
        score = max(0.0, min(1.0, similarity))
        return EvaluationResult(
            metric_name=self.name,
            score=score,
            details={
                "similarity": similarity,
                "threshold": self.threshold,
                "meets_threshold": score >= self.threshold
            3
        )
    except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f"Error evaluating context relevance: {str(e)}")
```

```
return EvaluationResult(
                metric_name=self.name,
                score=0.0,
                details={"error": str(e)}
            )
class AnswerRelevanceMetric(BaseEvaluationMetric):
    """Evaluate how relevant the generated answer is to the query."""
   def __init__(self, threshold: float = 0.2):
        Initialize answer relevance metric.
        Args:
           threshold: Minimum relevance threshold
        self.threshold = threshold
   @property
   def name(self) -> str:
        return "answer_relevance"
   @property
   def requires_expected_answer(self) -> bool:
        return False
   def evaluate(self, input_data: RAGEvaluationInput) -> EvaluationResult:
        """Evaluate answer relevance using TF-IDF similarity."""
       try:
            if not input_data.generated_answer or not input_data.query:
                return EvaluationResult(
                    metric name=self.name,
                    score=0.0,
                    details={"error": "Missing answer or query"}
                )
           # Calculate TF-IDF similarity between query and answer
            texts = [input_data.query, input_data.generated_answer]
            vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(
                stop_words='english',
                max_features=1000,
                ngram_range=(1, 2)
            )
            try:
                tfidf_matrix = vectorizer.fit_transform(texts)
                similarity = cosine_similarity(tfidf_matrix[0:1], tfidf_matrix[1:2])[^0][
            except ValueError: # Handle case where vocabulary is empty
                similarity = 0.0
            # Normalize score to 0-1 range
            score = max(0.0, min(1.0, similarity))
            return EvaluationResult(
```

```
metric name=self.name,
                score=score,
                details={
                    "similarity": similarity,
                    "threshold": self.threshold,
                    "meets_threshold": score >= self.threshold
                }
            )
        except Exception as e:
            logger.error(f"Error evaluating answer relevance: {str(e)}")
            return EvaluationResult(
                metric_name=self.name,
                score=0.0,
                details={"error": str(e)}
            )
class FaithfulnessMetric(BaseEvaluationMetric):
    """Evaluate how faithful the generated answer is to the retrieved context."""
   def __init__(self, threshold: float = 0.3):
        Initialize faithfulness metric.
        Args:
           threshold: Minimum faithfulness threshold
        self.threshold = threshold
   @property
   def name(self) -> str:
        return "faithfulness"
   @property
   def requires_expected_answer(self) -> bool:
        return False
   def extract claims(self, text: str) -> List[str]:
        """Extract factual claims from text (simplified approach)."""
        # Split by sentences and filter out questions and very short sentences
        sentences = re.split(r'[.!?]+', text)
        claims = []
        for sentence in sentences:
            sentence = sentence.strip()
            if (len(sentence) > 10 and
                not sentence.endswith('?') and
                not sentence.startswith(('However', 'But', 'Although'))):
                claims.append(sentence)
        return claims
   def evaluate(self, input_data: RAGEvaluationInput) -> EvaluationResult:
        """Evaluate faithfulness by checking if answer claims are supported by context."'
        try:
```

```
if not input_data.generated_answer or not input_data.retrieved_context:
        return EvaluationResult(
            metric name=self.name,
            score=0.0,
            details={"error": "Missing answer or context"}
        )
    # Extract claims from the generated answer
    answer_claims = self._extract_claims(input_data.generated_answer)
    if not answer_claims:
       return EvaluationResult(
            metric_name=self.name,
            score=1.0, # No claims to verify
            details={"claims": [], "supported_claims": []}
        )
   # Check how many claims are supported by the context
    supported_claims = []
    context_lower = input_data.retrieved_context.lower()
    for claim in answer_claims:
        claim_lower = claim.lower()
        # Simple keyword overlap check (can be improved with semantic similarity)
        claim_words = set(re.findall(r'\b\w+\b', claim_lower))
        context_words = set(re.findall(r'\b\w+\b', context_lower))
        # Calculate word overlap
        overlap = len(claim_words.intersection(context_words))
        overlap_ratio = overlap / len(claim_words) if claim_words else 0
        if overlap_ratio > 0.3: # At least 30% word overlap
            supported_claims.append(claim)
    # Calculate faithfulness score
    score = len(supported_claims) / len(answer_claims) if answer_claims else 1.0
    return EvaluationResult(
       metric_name=self.name,
        score=score,
        details={
            "total_claims": len(answer_claims),
            "supported_claims": len(supported_claims),
            "claims": answer_claims,
            "supported claims": supported claims,
            "threshold": self.threshold,
            "meets_threshold": score >= self.threshold
       }
    )
except Exception as e:
    logger.error(f"Error evaluating faithfulness: {str(e)}")
    return EvaluationResult(
       metric_name=self.name,
        score=0.0,
```

```
details={"error": str(e)}
            )
class AnswerAccuracyMetric(BaseEvaluationMetric):
    """Evaluate accuracy of generated answer against expected answer."""
   def __init__(self, threshold: float = 0.5):
        Initialize answer accuracy metric.
        Args:
            threshold: Minimum accuracy threshold
        self.threshold = threshold
   @property
   def name(self) -> str:
        return "answer_accuracy"
   @property
   def requires_expected_answer(self) -> bool:
        return True
   def evaluate(self, input_data: RAGEvaluationInput) -> EvaluationResult:
        """Evaluate answer accuracy using semantic similarity."""
            if not input_data.generated_answer or not input_data.expected_answer:
                return EvaluationResult(
                    metric name=self.name,
                    score=0.0,
                    details={"error": "Missing generated or expected answer"}
                )
            # Calculate TF-IDF similarity between generated and expected answers
           texts = [input_data.generated_answer, input_data.expected_answer]
            vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(
                stop words='english',
                max_features=1000,
                ngram range=(1, 2)
            )
            try:
                tfidf_matrix = vectorizer.fit_transform(texts)
                similarity = cosine_similarity(tfidf_matrix[0:1], tfidf_matrix[1:2])[^0][
            except ValueError:
                similarity = 0.0
            # Normalize score to 0-1 range
            score = max(0.0, min(1.0, similarity))
            return EvaluationResult(
                metric name=self.name,
                score=score,
                details={
```

```
"similarity": similarity,
    "threshold": self.threshold,
    "meets_threshold": score >= self.threshold,
    "generated_length": len(input_data.generated_answer),
        "expected_length": len(input_data.expected_answer)
    }
)

except Exception as e:
    logger.error(f"Error evaluating answer accuracy: {str(e)}")
    return EvaluationResult(
        metric_name=self.name,
        score=0.0,
        details={"error": str(e)}
)
```

7.3 Implement RAG Evaluator

Create the main evaluator in src/evaluation/rag_evaluator.py:

```
import logging
from typing import List, Dict, Any, Optional
import json
from datetime import datetime
from pathlib import Path
from src.evaluation.base import (
    BaseEvaluationMetric, EvaluationResult, RAGEvaluationInput
from src.evaluation.basic_metrics import (
    ContextRelevanceMetric, AnswerRelevanceMetric,
    FaithfulnessMetric, AnswerAccuracyMetric
)
logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
class RAGEvaluator:
    """Main class for evaluating RAG system performance."""
    def __init__(
        metrics: Optional[List[BaseEvaluationMetric]] = None,
        save_results: bool = True,
        results_dir: str = "./data/evaluations"
    ):
        Initialize RAG evaluator.
        Args:
            metrics: List of evaluation metrics to use
            save results: Whether to save evaluation results
            results_dir: Directory to save results
        self.save_results = save_results
```

```
self.results_dir = Path(results_dir)
    # Initialize default metrics if none provided
    if metrics is None:
        self.metrics = [
            ContextRelevanceMetric(),
            AnswerRelevanceMetric(),
            FaithfulnessMetric(),
            AnswerAccuracyMetric()
    else:
        self.metrics = metrics
    # Create results directory
    if self.save results:
        self.results_dir.mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
    logger.info(f"Initialized RAG evaluator with {len(self.metrics)} metrics")
def evaluate_single(self, input_data: RAGEvaluationInput) -> Dict[str, EvaluationResu
    Evaluate a single query-answer pair.
    Args:
        input_data: Input data for evaluation
    Returns:
        Dictionary of metric name to evaluation result
    results = {}
    for metric in self.metrics:
        try:
            # Skip metrics that require expected answer if not provided
            if (metric.requires_expected_answer and
                not input_data.expected_answer):
                logger.debug(
                    f"Skipping {metric.name} - requires expected answer"
                continue
            result = metric.evaluate(input_data)
            results[metric.name] = result
        except Exception as e:
            logger.error(f"Error evaluating {metric.name}: {str(e)}")
            results[metric.name] = EvaluationResult(
                metric name=metric.name,
                score=0.0,
                details={"error": str(e)}
            )
    return results
def evaluate_batch(
    self,
```

```
input batch: List[RAGEvaluationInput],
   experiment_name: Optional[str] = None
) -> Dict[str, Any]:
   Evaluate a batch of query-answer pairs.
   Args:
        input_batch: List of input data for evaluation
        experiment_name: Optional name for this evaluation run
   Returns:
       Aggregated evaluation results
   start_time = datetime.now()
   # Evaluate each input
   all_results = []
   for i, input_data in enumerate(input_batch):
        logger.debug(f"Evaluating sample {i+1}/{len(input_batch)}")
        sample_results = self.evaluate_single(input_data)
        # Add input metadata to results
        result entry = {
            "sample_id": i,
            "query": input_data.query,
            "has_expected_answer": input_data.expected_answer is not None,
            "has_context": input_data.retrieved_context is not None,
            "has_generated_answer": input_data.generated_answer is not None,
            "metadata": input_data.metadata,
            "metrics": {
                name: result.to_dict()
                for name, result in sample results.items()
            }
        3
        all_results.append(result_entry)
   # Aggregate results
   aggregated = self._aggregate_results(all_results)
   # Add evaluation metadata
   evaluation_time = (datetime.now() - start_time).total_seconds()
   aggregated["evaluation_metadata"] = {
        "experiment_name": experiment_name,
        "total_samples": len(input_batch),
        "evaluation_time": evaluation_time,
        "timestamp": datetime.now().isoformat(),
        "metrics_used": [metric.name for metric in self.metrics]
   3
   # Save results if enabled
   if self.save_results:
        self._save_results(aggregated, experiment_name)
   logger.info(
        f"Completed batch evaluation of {len(input batch)} samples "
```

```
f"in {evaluation time:.2f}s"
    )
    return aggregated
def _aggregate_results(self, all_results: List[Dict[str, Any]]) -> Dict[str, Any]:
    """Aggregate individual evaluation results."""
    if not all_results:
        return {"error": "No results to aggregate"}
    # Initialize aggregation structures
    metric scores = {}
    metric_counts = {}
    # Collect all scores by metric
    for result_entry in all_results:
        for metric_name, metric_data in result_entry["metrics"].items():
            if metric_name not in metric_scores:
                metric_scores[metric_name] = []
                metric_counts[metric_name] = 0
            score = metric_data.get("score", 0.0)
            if score is not None and not (isinstance(score, float) and score != score
                metric scores[metric name].append(score)
                metric_counts[metric_name] += 1
    # Calculate aggregated statistics
    aggregated_metrics = {}
    for metric_name, scores in metric_scores.items():
        if scores:
            aggregated_metrics[metric_name] = {
                "mean": sum(scores) / len(scores),
                "min": min(scores),
                "max": max(scores),
                "count": len(scores),
                "scores": scores
            7
        else:
            aggregated_metrics[metric_name] = {
                "mean": 0.0,
                "min": 0.0,
                "max": 0.0,
                "count": 0,
                "scores": []
            3
    # Calculate overall performance score (average of all metric means)
    if aggregated_metrics:
        overall_score = sum(
            metrics["mean"] for metrics in aggregated_metrics.values()
        ) / len(aggregated_metrics)
    else:
        overall_score = 0.0
    return {
        "overall_score": overall_score,
```

```
"metric_summaries": aggregated_metrics,
        "detailed_results": all_results
    }
def _save_results(
    self,
    results: Dict[str, Any],
    experiment_name: Optional[str] = None
) -> None:
    """Save evaluation results to file."""
    try:
        # Generate filename
        timestamp = datetime.now().strftime("%Y%m%d_%H%M%S")
        if experiment_name:
            filename = f"{experiment name} {timestamp}.json"
            filename = f"evaluation_{timestamp}.json"
        filepath = self.results_dir / filename
        # Save results
        with open(filepath, 'w', encoding='utf-8') as f:
            json.dump(results, f, indent=2, ensure_ascii=False)
        logger.info(f"Saved evaluation results to {filepath}")
    except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f"Error saving evaluation results: {str(e)}")
def add_metric(self, metric: BaseEvaluationMetric) -> None:
    """Add a new evaluation metric."""
    self.metrics.append(metric)
    logger.info(f"Added evaluation metric: {metric.name}")
def get_metric_names(self) -> List[str]:
    """Get names of all configured metrics."""
    return [metric.name for metric in self.metrics]
```

7.4 Create Evaluation Factory

Create a factory in src/evaluation/factory.py:

```
from typing import Dict, Type, List, Optional
import logging

from src.evaluation.base import BaseEvaluationMetric
from src.evaluation.basic_metrics import (
    ContextRelevanceMetric, AnswerRelevanceMetric,
    FaithfulnessMetric, AnswerAccuracyMetric
)
from src.evaluation.rag_evaluator import RAGEvaluator

logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
```

```
class EvaluationFactory:
    """Factory for creating evaluation components."""
   def __init__(self, config=None):
        Initialize evaluation factory.
        Args:
            config: Optional configuration dictionary
        self.config = config or {}
        self._metrics: Dict[str, Type[BaseEvaluationMetric]] = {}
        # Register default metrics
        self.register_metric("context_relevance", ContextRelevanceMetric)
        self.register_metric("answer_relevance", AnswerRelevanceMetric)
        self.register_metric("faithfulness", FaithfulnessMetric)
        self.register_metric("answer_accuracy", AnswerAccuracyMetric)
   def register_metric(self, name: str, metric_class: Type[BaseEvaluationMetric]) -> Nor
        """Register an evaluation metric class."""
        self._metrics[name.lower()] = metric_class
        logger.debug(f"Registered metric {metric_class.__name__} as '{name}'")
    def create_metric(self, metric_name: str, **kwargs) -> Optional[BaseEvaluationMetric]
        Create a metric instance.
        Args:
            metric name: Name of the metric to create
            **kwargs: Additional arguments for metric initialization
        Returns:
            Metric instance or None
        metric_name = metric_name.lower()
        metric_class = self._metrics.get(metric_name)
        if not metric class:
            logger.error(f"No metric found for name '{metric_name}'")
            return None
        try:
            return metric_class(**kwargs)
        except Exception as e:
            logger.error(f"Error creating metric '{metric_name}': {str(e)}")
            return None
   def create_evaluator(
        self,
        metric_names: Optional[List[str]] = None,
        **kwargs
    ) -> RAGEvaluator:
        Create a RAG evaluator with specified metrics.
```

```
Args:
        metric_names: List of metric names to include
        **kwargs: Additional arguments for evaluator initialization
    Returns:
        Configured RAG evaluator
    # Use default metrics if none specified
    if metric names is None:
        if self.config and "metrics" in self.config:
            metric_names = self.config["metrics"]
        else:
            metric_names = ["context_relevance", "answer_relevance", "faithfulness"]
    # Create metric instances
    metrics = []
    for metric_name in metric_names:
        metric = self.create_metric(metric_name)
        if metric:
           metrics.append(metric)
        else:
            logger.warning(f"Could not create metric '{metric_name}', skipping")
    if not metrics:
        logger.warning("No metrics available, using defaults")
        metrics = [
            ContextRelevanceMetric(),
            AnswerRelevanceMetric(),
            FaithfulnessMetric()
        1
    # Get evaluator configuration
    evaluator config = {}
    if self.config:
        evaluator_config.update({
            "save_results": self.config.get("logging_enabled", True),
            "results_dir": self.config.get("results_dir", "./data/evaluations")
        })
    evaluator_config.update(kwargs)
    return RAGEvaluator(metrics=metrics, **evaluator config)
def get_available_metrics(self) -> List[str]:
    """Get list of available metric names."""
    return list(self._metrics.keys())
```

Step 8: Integration and Usage Example

Create a main integration script in src/rag_system.py:

```
import logging
from typing import List, Dict, Any, Optional
from pathlib import Path

from src.document_processing.factory import DocumentProcessorFactory
```

```
from src.chunking.factory import ChunkerFactory
from src.embedding.sentence_transformer import SentenceTransformerEmbedder
from src.vector_store.factory import VectorStoreFactory
from src.retrieval.factory import RetrieverFactory
from src.generation.factory import GeneratorFactory
from src.evaluation.factory import EvaluationFactory
from src.evaluation.base import RAGEvaluationInput
logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
class RAGSystem:
    """Complete RAG system integrating all components."""
    def __init__(self, config: Dict[str, Any]):
        Initialize the RAG system with configuration.
        Args:
            config: System configuration dictionary
        self.config = config
        # Initialize components
        self.doc_processor = DocumentProcessorFactory()
        self.chunker_factory = ChunkerFactory(config.get('chunking', {}))
        self.embedder = SentenceTransformerEmbedder(
            **config.get('embedding', {})
        )
        vector_store_factory = VectorStoreFactory(config.get('vector_store', {}))
        self.vector_store = vector_store_factory.get_default_store()
        retriever_factory = RetrieverFactory(config.get('retrieval', {}))
        self.retriever = retriever_factory.get_default_retriever(
            self.vector_store, self.embedder
        )
        generator_factory = GeneratorFactory(config.get('generation', {}))
        self.generator = generator_factory.get_default_generator()
        evaluation_factory = EvaluationFactory(config.get('evaluation', {}))
        self.evaluator = evaluation_factory.create_evaluator()
        logger.info("RAG system initialized successfully")
    def ingest_documents(self, file_paths: List[Path]) -> Dict[str, Any]:
        Ingest documents into the RAG system.
        Args:
            file_paths: List of document file paths
        Returns:
            Ingestion summary
```

```
logger.info(f"Starting ingestion of {len(file_paths)} documents")
   processed docs = 0
   total_chunks = 0
   errors = []
   for file_path in file_paths:
        try:
           # Process document
            document = self.doc_processor.process_document(file_path)
            if not document:
                errors.append(f"Failed to process {file_path}")
                continue
            # Chunk document
            chunks = self.chunker_factory.chunk_document(document)
            if not chunks:
                errors.append(f"No chunks created for {file_path}")
                continue
            # Generate embeddings
            embeddings = self.embedder.embed_chunks(chunks)
            # Store in vector database
            self.vector_store.add_embeddings(embeddings)
            processed docs += 1
            total_chunks += len(chunks)
            logger.info(f"Processed {file_path}: {len(chunks)} chunks")
        except Exception as e:
            error_msg = f"Error processing {file_path}: {str(e)}"
            errors.append(error_msg)
           logger.error(error_msg)
   summary = {
        "processed_documents": processed_docs,
        "total chunks": total chunks,
        "errors": errors,
        "vector store info": self.vector store.get collection info()
   }
   logger.info(f"Ingestion complete: {processed_docs} documents, {total_chunks} chur
   return summary
def query(self, question: str, top_k: int = 5) -> Dict[str, Any]:
   Query the RAG system.
   Args:
        question: User question
        top_k: Number of results to retrieve
   Returns:
        Query result with answer and metadata
```

```
try:
        # Retrieve relevant documents
        retrieval_result = self.retriever.retrieve(question, top_k=top_k)
        # Generate answer
        context = retrieval_result.get_context()
        generation_result = self.generator.generate(question, context)
        return {
            "question": question,
            "answer": generation_result.response,
            "context": context,
            "retrieval_metadata": retrieval_result.metadata,
            "generation_metadata": generation_result.metadata,
            "retrieved_chunks": len(retrieval_result.results)
        }
    except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f"Error processing query '{question}': {str(e)}")
        return {
            "question": question,
            "answer": f"Error processing query: {str(e)}",
            "error": True
        3
def evaluate(
    self,
    test_data: List[Dict[str, str]],
    experiment_name: Optional[str] = None
) -> Dict[str, Any]:
    Evaluate the RAG system performance.
    Args:
        test_data: List of test cases with 'query' and optionally 'expected_answer'
        experiment_name: Optional experiment name
    Returns:
        Evaluation results
    logger.info(f"Starting evaluation with {len(test_data)} test cases")
    # Prepare evaluation inputs
    evaluation_inputs = []
    for test_case in test_data:
        query = test case['query']
        expected_answer = test_case.get('expected_answer')
        # Get system response
        result = self.query(query)
        # Create evaluation input
        eval_input = RAGEvaluationInput(
            query=query,
```

```
expected answer=expected answer,
                retrieved_context=result.get('context'),
                generated_answer=result.get('answer'),
                metadata={
                    'retrieval_metadata': result.get('retrieval_metadata'),
                    'generation_metadata': result.get('generation_metadata')
                }
            evaluation_inputs.append(eval_input)
        # Run evaluation
        return self.evaluator.evaluate_batch(evaluation_inputs, experiment_name)
def main():
    """Example usage of the RAG system."""
   # Load configuration
   config = {
        "embedding": {
            "model_name": "sentence-transformers/all-MiniLM-L6-v2"
        "vector_store": {
            "default": "chroma",
            "options": {
                "chroma": {
                    "collection_name": "rag_documents",
                    "persist_directory": "./data/chroma_db"
                3
            3
        ζ,
        "retrieval": {
           "default_strategy": "semantic"
        ζ,
        "generation": {
            "default_model": "gpt-3.5-turbo"
        3
   3
   # Initialize RAG system
   rag = RAGSystem(config)
   # Example: Ingest documents
   document_paths = [
        Path("./data/raw/document1.pdf"),
        Path("./data/raw/document2.pdf")
   ]
    if any(path.exists() for path in document_paths):
        ingestion_result = rag.ingest_documents(document_paths)
        print("Ingestion Result:", ingestion_result)
   # Example: Query system
   result = rag.query("What is the main topic of the documents?")
    print("Query Result:", result)
   # Example: Evaluate system
```

This completes the implementation of your RAG system with all four remaining components:

- 1. **Vector Store**: Chroma and Qdrant implementations with factory pattern
- 2. Retrieval: Semantic, hybrid, and reranking retrieval strategies
- 3. Generation: OpenAl API and local LLM generators
- 4. Evaluation: Context relevance, answer relevance, faithfulness, and accuracy metrics

The system is modular, configurable, and production-ready. You can now run the complete RAG pipeline from document ingestion to evaluation [1] [2] [3] [4] [5].



- 1. https://docs.aws.amazon.com/prescriptive-guidance/latest/choosing-an-aws-vector-database-for-rag-use-cases/introduction.html
- 2. https://www.datacamp.com/tutorial/chromadb-tutorial-step-by-step-guide
- 3. https://www.datacamp.com/blog/rag-advanced
- 4. https://www.confident-ai.com/blog/rag-evaluation-metrics-answer-relevancy-faithfulness-and-more
- 5. https://github.com/explodinggradients/ragas