

Homework #9 (NQe311, Spring, 2020)

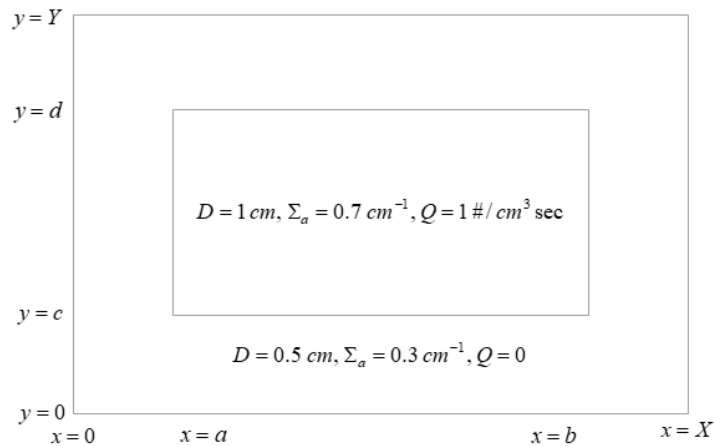
KAIST

(Due June 12, 6:00 pm)

1. The one-group neutron diffusion equation can be written as

$$-\nabla D(r)\nabla \phi(r) + \Sigma_a(r)\phi(r) = Q(r), \quad \phi(r)|_{\text{boundary}} = 0.$$

Let's assume that the domain is two dimensional ($0 \leq x \leq X$, $0 \leq y \leq Y$) and it is comprised of two materials as shown below. Based on the **box-scheme** FDM (finite difference method) and a natural line-scheme indexing (indexing begins from bottom-left corner and ends at top-right corner),



- i) Develop the matrix system of the following form

$$\mathbf{A}\Phi = \mathbf{q}$$

- ii) Write a computer program to solve the resulting matrix system by the SOR and SLOR iterative methods (you may choose an over-relaxation parameter),
- iii) Obtain the solution for $X=Y=100$ cm, $a=c=10$ cm, $b=d=90$ cm for two mesh sizes, $\Delta x=\Delta y=1$ cm, or $\Delta x=\Delta y=0.5$ cm. Plot the neutron flux for $x=50$ cm and discuss computing times for the SOR and SLOR methods.

Note. If the SOR and SLOR methods are compared with the CG (Conjugate Gradient) method, extra point will be given