# Artificial Intelligence

CSL 411

## Lab Journal 09



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#### **Task #1:**

Implement Minmax and alpha-beta pruning algorithm.

#### **Procedure/Program:**

```
import time
class Game:
   def __init__(self):
        self.initialize_game()
   def initialize_game(self):
        self.current_state = [['.','.','.'],
                              ['.','.','.'],
                              ['.','.','.']]
        # Player X always plays first
        self.player_turn = 'X'
    def draw_board(self):
        for i in range(0, 3):
            for j in range(0, 3):
                print(f'{self.current_state[i][j]}|', end=' ')
            print()
        print()
    def is_valid(self, px, py):
        if px < 0 or px > 2 or py < 0 or py > 2:
            return False
        elif self.current_state[px][py] != '.':
            return False
        else:
            return True
# Checks if the game has ended and returns the winner in each case
   def is_end(self):
       # Vertical win
        for i in range(0, 3):
            if (self.current_state[0][i] != '.' and
                self.current_state[0][i] == self.current_state[1][i] and
                self.current_state[1][i] == self.current_state[2][i]):
```

```
return self.current_state[0][i]
        # Horizontal win
        for i in range(0, 3):
            if (self.current_state[i] == ['X', 'X', 'X']):
                return 'X'
            elif (self.current state[i] == ['0', '0', '0']):
                return '0'
        if (self.current_state[0][0] != '.' and
            self.current state[0][0] == self.current state[1][1] and
            self.current_state[0][0] == self.current_state[2][2]):
            return self.current state[0][0]
        # Second diagonal win
        if (self.current_state[0][2] != '.' and
            self.current_state[0][2] == self.current_state[1][1] and
            self.current state[0][2] == self.current state[2][0]):
            return self.current_state[0][2]
        # Is whole board full?
        for i in range(0, 3):
            for j in range(0, 3):
                # There's an empty field, we continue the game
                if (self.current_state[i][j] == '.'):
                    return None
        # It's a tie!
        return '.'
# Player 'O' is max, in this case AI
   def max(self):
        # Possible values for maxv are:
        # 0 - a tie
        # We're initially setting it to -2 as worse than the worst case:
        maxv = -2
       px = None
```

```
result = self.is_end()
        # If the game came to an end, the function needs to return
        # the evaluation function of the end. That can be:
        # 0 - a tie
        if result == 'X':
            return (-1, 0, 0)
        elif result == '0':
            return (1, 0, 0)
        elif result == '.':
            return (0, 0, 0)
        for i in range(0, 3):
            for j in range(0, 3):
                if self.current state[i][j] == '.':
                    # On the empty field player 'O' makes a move and calls Min
                    self.current_state[i][j] = '0'
                    (m, min_i, min_j) = self.min()
                    # Fixing the maxv value if needed
                    if m > maxv:
                        maxv = m
                        px = i
                        py = j
                    # Setting back the field to empty
                    self.current_state[i][j] = '.'
        return (maxv, px, py)
# Player 'X' is min, in this case human
   def min(self):
        # Possible values for minv are:
        # 0 - a tie
        # We're initially setting it to 2 as worse than the worst case:
        minv = 2
```

py = None

```
qx = None
    qy = None
    result = self.is_end()
    if result == 'X':
        return (-1, 0, 0)
    elif result == '0':
        return (1, 0, 0)
    elif result == '.':
        return (0, 0, 0)
    for i in range(0, 3):
        for j in range(0, 3):
            if self.current_state[i][j] == '.':
                self.current_state[i][j] = 'X'
                (m, max_i, max_j) = self.max()
                if m < minv:
                    minv = m
                    qx = i
                    qy = j
                self.current_state[i][j] = '.'
    return (minv, qx, qy)
def play(self):
    while True:
        self.draw_board()
        self.result = self.is_end()
        # Printing the appropriate message if the game has ended
        if self.result != None:
            if self.result == 'X':
                print('The winner is X!')
            elif self.result == '0':
                print('The winner is 0!')
            elif self.result == '.':
                print("It's a tie!")
            self.initialize_game()
            return
        # If it's player's turn
```

```
if self.player_turn == 'X':
                while True:
                    start = time.time()
                    (m, qx, qy) = self.min()
                    end = time.time()
                    print('Evaluation time: {}s'.format(round(end - start, 7)))
                    print('Recommended move: X = {}, Y = {}'.format(qx, qy))
                    px = int(input('Insert the X coordinate: '))
                    py = int(input('Insert the Y coordinate: '))
                    (qx, qy) = (px, py)
                    if self.is_valid(px, py):
                        self.current_state[px][py] = 'X'
                        self.player_turn = '0'
                        break
                    else:
                        print('The move is not valid! Try again.')
            # If it's AI's turn
            else:
                (m, px, py) = self.max()
                self.current_state[px][py] = '0'
                self.player_turn = 'X'
def main():
   g = Game()
    g.play()
if __name__ == "__main__":
   main()
```

#### **Result/Output:**

```
Recommended move: X = 2, Y = 2
Insert the X coordinate: 2
Insert the Y coordinate: 2
X| X| 0|
0| 0| X|
X| 0| X|
It's a tie!
```

#### Task # 2:

Implementation of Tic Tac Toe game in GUI using TKinter by using MiniMax and Alpha-Beta pruning algorithms.

#### **Procedure/Program:**

```
import time
from tkinter import *
from tkinter import messagebox
class Game:
   def __init__(self):
       self.root = Tk()
       self.root.title("TicTacToe")
       self.texts = [
           [StringVar(), StringVar()],
           [StringVar(), StringVar()],
           [StringVar(), StringVar()]
       self.initialize_game()
   def initialize_game(self):
       self.current_state = [['.','.','.'],
                             ['.','.','.']]
       # initialize button texts
       for i in range(len(self.texts)):
           for j in range(len(self.texts[i])):
               self.texts[i][j].set(f' ')
       # initialize input buttons
       self.buttons = [
               Button(self.root, textvariable=self.texts[0][0], font = ("Helvetica",
30), height=5, width=10, command = lambda: self.btnClick(0,0)),
               Button(self.root, textvariable=self.texts[0][1], font = ("Helvetica",
30), height=5, width=10, command = lambda: self.btnClick(0,1)),
               Button(self.root, textvariable=self.texts[0][2], font = ("Helvetica",
30), height=5, width=10, command = lambda: self.btnClick(0,2))
```

```
Button(self.root, textvariable=self.texts[1][0], font = ("Helvetica",
30), height=5, width=10, command = lambda: self.btnClick(1,0)),
                Button(self.root, textvariable=self.texts[1][1], font = ("Helvetica",
30), height=5, width=10, command = lambda: self.btnClick(1,1)),
                Button(self.root, textvariable=self.texts[1][2], font = ("Helvetica",
30), height=5, width=10, command = lambda: self.btnClick(1,2))
            ],
                Button(self.root, textvariable=self.texts[2][0], font = ("Helvetica",
30), height=5, width=10, command = lambda: self.btnClick(2,0)),
                Button(self.root, textvariable=self.texts[2][1], font = ("Helvetica",
30), height=5, width=10, command = lambda: self.btnClick(2,1)),
                Button(self.root, textvariable=self.texts[2][2], font = ("Helvetica",
30), height=5, width=10, command = lambda: self.btnClick(2,2))
   def draw board(self):
        for i in range(3):
            for j in range(3):
                self.buttons[i][j].grid(row=i, column=j)
        #create resposnive grid
        for i in range(3):
            self.root.grid_rowconfigure(i, weight =1)
            self.root.grid columnconfigure(i, weight =1)
        self.root.mainloop()
   def btnClick(self, i, j):
        if not self.is valid(i, j):
            messagebox.showinfo('ERROR', 'Cant Place X, Already Filled')
            return
        self.current_state[i][j] = 'X'
        self.texts[i][j].set('X')
        # check if user won
        self.result = self.is end()
        if self.result != None:
            if self.result == 'X':
                messagebox.showinfo('CONGRATS', 'The winner is X!')
            elif self.result == '0':
                messagebox.showinfo('SADGE', 'The winner is 0!')
            elif self.result == '.':
```

```
messagebox.showinfo('DONT LOOSE HOPE', 'Its a TIE :(')
            self.initialize_game()
            return
        (m, px, py) = self.max()
        self.current state[px][py] = '0'
        self.texts[px][py].set('0')
        # check if PC won
        self.result = self.is end()
        if self.result != None:
            if self.result == 'X':
                messagebox.showinfo('CONGRATS', 'The winner is X!')
            elif self.result == '0':
                messagebox.showinfo('SADGE', 'The winner is 0 :(')
            elif self.result == '.':
                messagebox.showinfo('DONT LOOSE HOPE', 'Its a TIE :)')
            self.initialize_game()
            return
   def is_valid(self, px, py):
        if px < 0 or px > 2 or py < 0 or py > 2:
            return False
        elif self.current_state[px][py] != '.':
            return False
        else:
            return True
# Checks if the game has ended and returns the winner in each case
   def is end(self):
       # Vertical win
        for i in range(0, 3):
            if (self.current state[0][i] != '.' and
                self.current_state[0][i] == self.current_state[1][i] and
                self.current state[1][i] == self.current state[2][i]):
                return self.current_state[0][i]
        # Horizontal win
        for i in range(0, 3):
```

```
if (self.current_state[i] == ['X', 'X', 'X']):
                return 'X'
            elif (self.current_state[i] == ['0', '0', '0']):
                return '0'
        if (self.current state[0][0] != '.' and
            self.current_state[0][0] == self.current_state[1][1] and
            self.current state[0][0] == self.current state[2][2]):
            return self.current_state[0][0]
        # Second diagonal win
        if (self.current_state[0][2] != '.' and
            self.current state[0][2] == self.current state[1][1] and
            self.current_state[0][2] == self.current_state[2][0]):
            return self.current_state[0][2]
        # Is whole board full?
        for i in range(0, 3):
            for j in range(0, 3):
                # There's an empty field, we continue the game
                if (self.current_state[i][j] == '.'):
                    return None
        # It's a tie!
        return '.'
# Player 'O' is max, in this case AI
   def max(self):
        # Possible values for maxv are:
        # 0 - a tie
        # We're initially setting it to -2 as worse than the worst case:
        maxv = -2
        px = None
        py = None
        result = self.is_end()
```

```
# If the game came to an end, the function needs to return
        # the evaluation function of the end. That can be:
        # 0 - a tie
        if result == 'X':
            return (-1, 0, 0)
        elif result == '0':
            return (1, 0, 0)
        elif result == '.':
            return (0, 0, 0)
        for i in range(0, 3):
            for j in range(0, 3):
                if self.current_state[i][j] == '.':
                    # On the empty field player 'O' makes a move and calls Min
                    self.current_state[i][j] = '0'
                    (m, min_i, min_j) = self.min()
                    # Fixing the maxv value if needed
                    if m > maxv:
                        maxv = m
                        px = i
                        py = j
                    # Setting back the field to empty
                    self.current_state[i][j] = '.'
        return (maxv, px, py)
# Player 'X' is min, in this case human
   def min(self):
        # Possible values for minv are:
        # 0 - a tie
        # We're initially setting it to 2 as worse than the worst case:
        minv = 2
        qx = None
        qy = None
        result = self.is end()
```

```
if result == 'X':
            return (-1, 0, 0)
        elif result == '0':
            return (1, 0, 0)
        elif result == '.':
            return (0, 0, 0)
        for i in range(0, 3):
            for j in range(0, 3):
                if self.current_state[i][j] == '.':
                     self.current_state[i][j] = 'X'
                     (m, max_i, max_j) = self.max()
                    if m < minv:</pre>
                         minv = m
                         qx = i
                         qy = j
                     self.current_state[i][j] = '.'
        return (minv, qx, qy)
def main():
    g = Game()
    g.draw_board()
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

### **Result/Output:**

