Symfony Framework

Symfony Topics

General Discussions

Object-relational mapping (ORM)

What is doctrine?

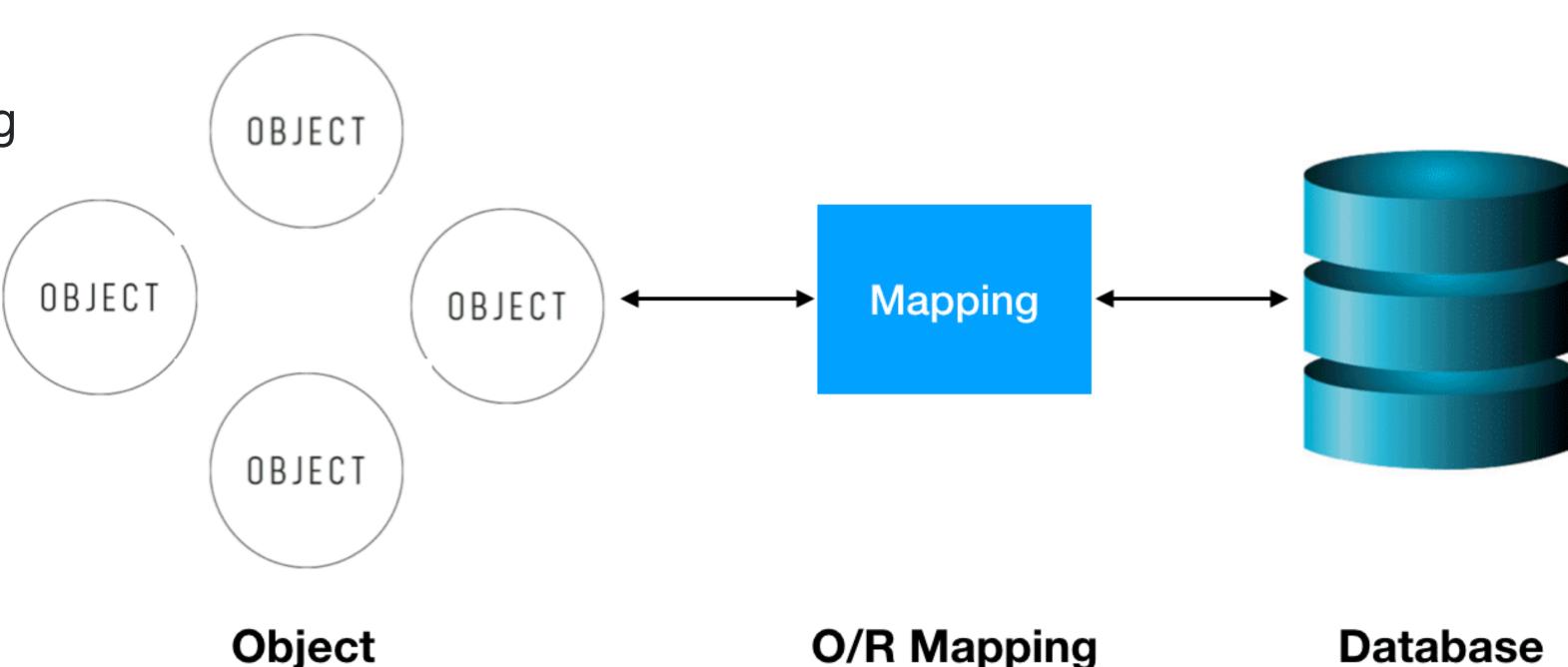
Why use doctrine?

Some Symfony DB terms

CRUD Task List App - Working Together / Learning DB Concepts

Object-relational mapping

Object-Relational Mapping (ORM) is a technique that lets you query and manipulate data from a database using an object-oriented paradigm. When talking about ORM, most people are referring to a *library* that implements the Object-Relational Mapping technique, hence the phrase "an ORM".



Symfony Database Concepts

ORM - Object Relational Mapping

We write code relating to the collection of related objects, without having to worry about the way the data in those objects is actually represented and stored via a database.

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Object-relational_mapping

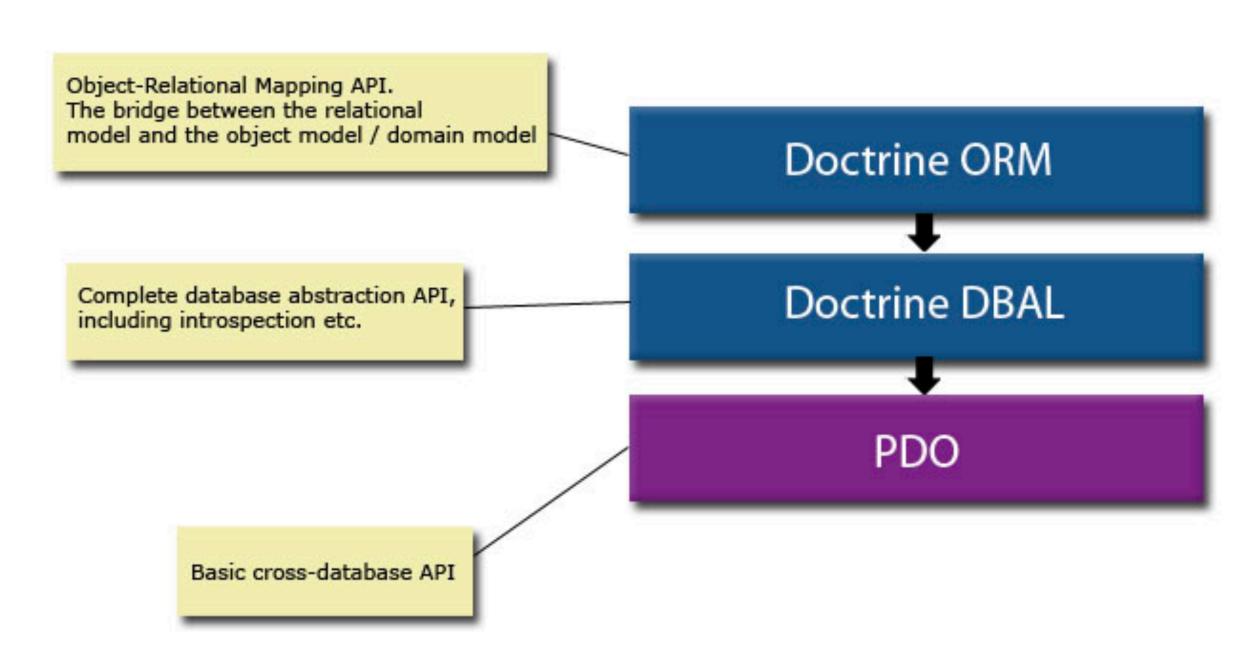
Symfony uses the Doctrine ORM system, and that offers DQL, the Doctrine

Query Language.

https://www.doctrine-project.org/

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Doctrine_(PHP)

https://github.com/doctrine



What is doctrine?

Doctrine is the best set of PHP libraries to work with databases.

Doctrine supports relational databases like MySQL and PostgreSQL and also NoSQL databases like MongoDB.

Why use Doctrine DBAL and PDO in doctrine?

We use Doctrine DBAL so that we do not have to re-write SQL queries for other databases.

PDO is a "data-access layer", not a "database abstraction layer". This means that you can switch databases and still make the same method calls, but PDO will not re-write SQL queries to match the selected database or emulate any database functionality.

https://symfony.com/doc/current/doctrine.html

https://www.doctrine-project.org/

Why use doctrine?

- Around since 2006 with a very stable, high-quality codebase.
- Extremely flexible and powerful object-mapping and query features.
- Support for both high-level and low-level database programming for all your use-cases.
- Large Community and integrations with many different frameworks
- (Symfony, Laravel and more).
- Trivia: Let us say you have a million posts in your DB and you want to display this in the newsfeed section of your website, how would you do that?

Configuring the database

The database connection information is stored as an environment variable called DATABASE_URL. For development, you can find and customize this inside .env:

Run php bin/console list doctrine to see a full list.

Symfony DB terms/concepts

Entity: a type of object that is used to hold data.

EntityManager API is used to create and remove the persistent entity

The repository is a doctrine repository for retrieving a collection of objects. This repository has access to main objects e.g. EntityManager and QueryBuilder.

Migration: Migration helps to automatically create a new table in DB. In general, they are like a type of version control for your database

flush: The flush operation tells the Doctrine ORM to "now apply the changes".

CRUD Task App

In this app, we will learn the following:

- Create a record in a database
- Read a record from a database
- Update a record
- Delete a record

