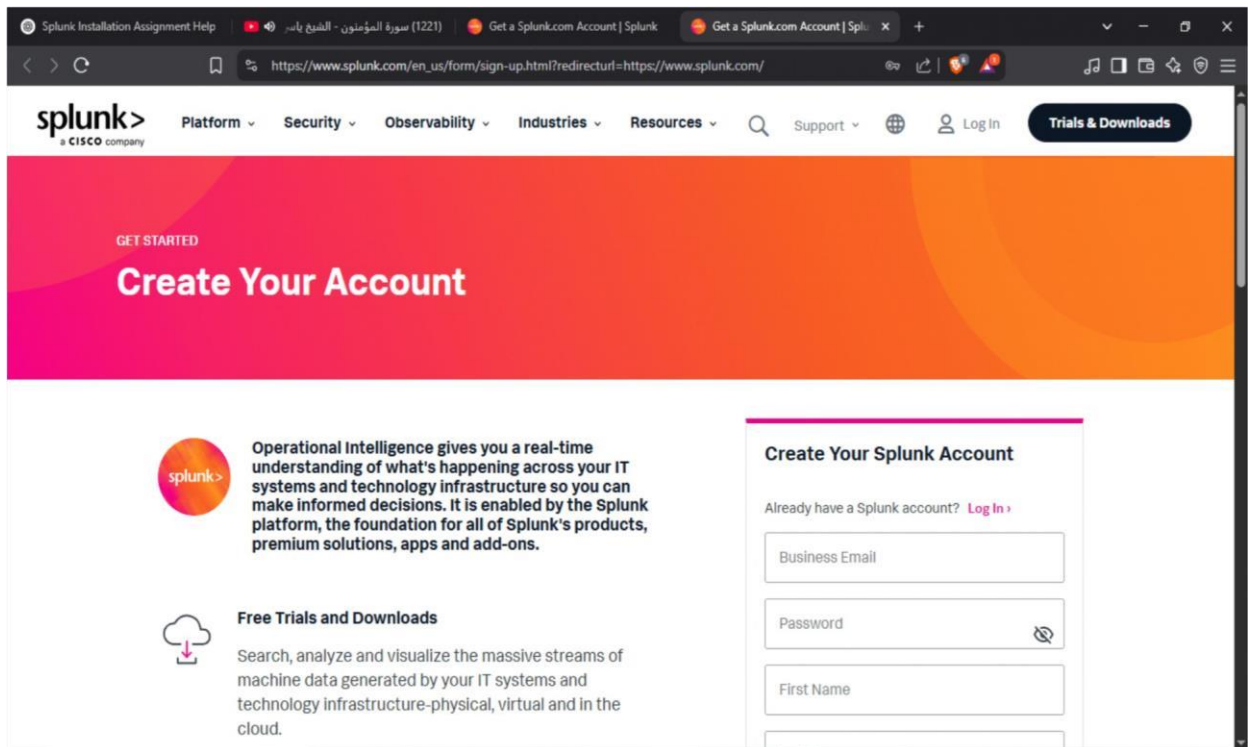


"SETTING UP SPLUNK ENTERPRISE WITH UNIVERSAL FORWARDER ON UBUNTU FOR EFFICIENT LOG COLLECTION AND REAL-TIME MONITORING".

💡 Step 1: Installation of Splunk® Enterprise Server

splunk login/signup link :

https://www.splunk.com/en_us/form/signup.html?redirecturl=https://www.splunk.com/



The screenshot shows the Splunk 'Create Your Account' page. The header includes the Splunk logo (a Cisco company) and navigation links for Platform, Security, Observability, Industries, Resources, Support, and Log In. A 'Trials & Downloads' button is also present. The main heading is 'GET STARTED Create Your Account'. Below this, there are two columns of content. The left column features a Splunk logo and text about Operational Intelligence, followed by a 'Free Trials and Downloads' section with a cloud icon and text about searching, analyzing, and visualizing machine data. The right column contains a 'Create Your Splunk Account' form with fields for Business Email, Password, and First Name, and a 'Log In' link for existing users.

GET STARTED
Create Your Account

Operational Intelligence
Operational Intelligence gives you a real-time understanding of what's happening across your IT systems and technology infrastructure so you can make informed decisions. It is enabled by the Splunk platform, the foundation for all of Splunk's products, premium solutions, apps and add-ons.

Free Trials and Downloads
Search, analyze and visualize the massive streams of machine data generated by your IT systems and technology infrastructure-physical, virtual and in the cloud.

Create Your Splunk Account
Already have a Splunk account? [Log In](#)

Business Email

Password

First Name

Log into your Splunk account

Email or Username

tausifpathan8086@gmail.com

Password

.....

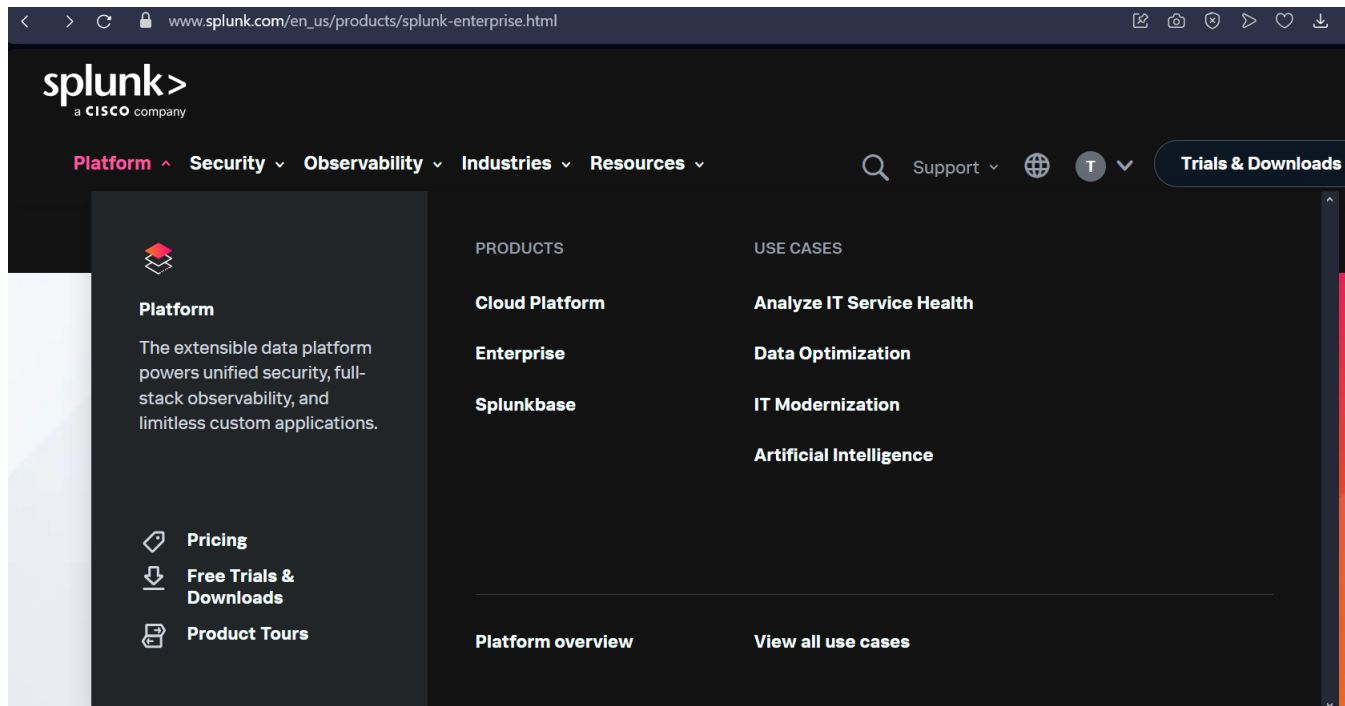


Log In

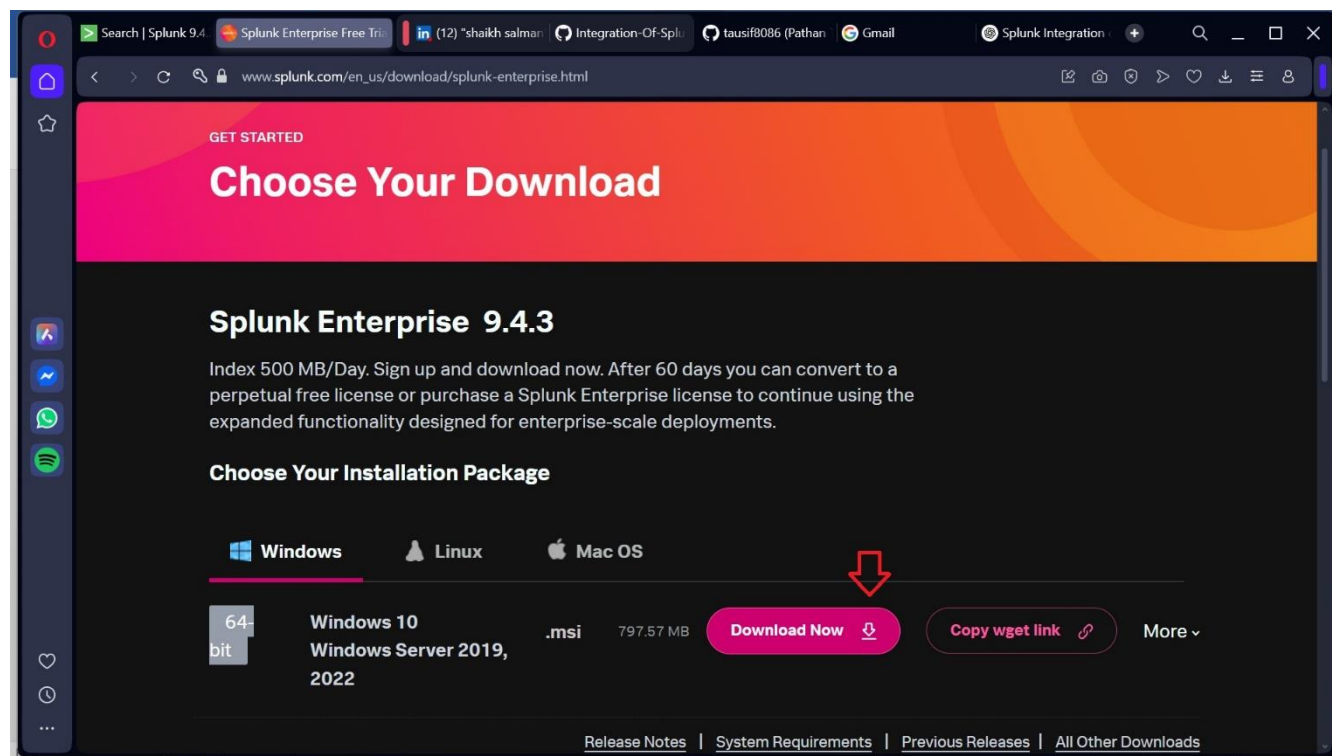
Forgot your [password](#) or [username](#)?

Need to [sign up](#) for a Splunk account?

🔗 Now go to platform and click on free trails and downloads



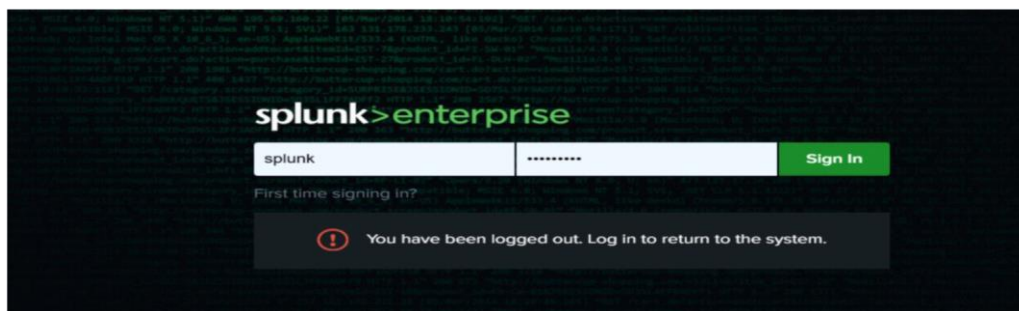
🔗 After that need to install Splunk enterprise server for window as shown in below image



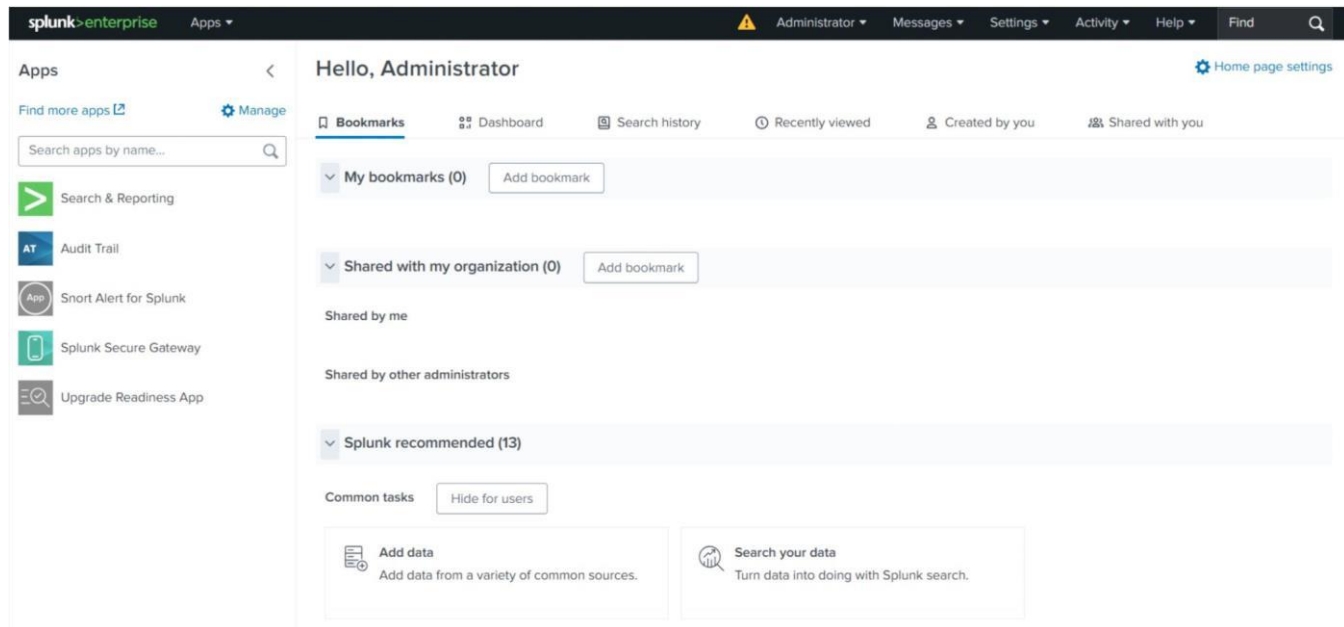
❓ Install download package and create login credential for Splunk server



❓ Now login into your Splunk enterprise server



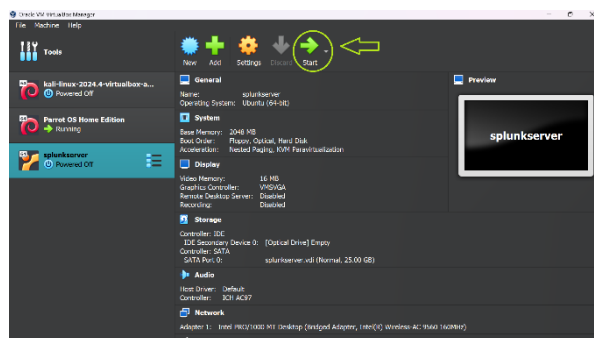
After that Dashboard of Splunk enterprise server appears like this,



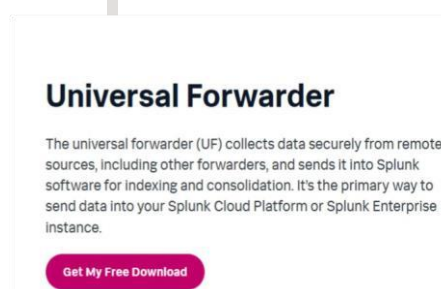
1Step 1: installation of Splunk Enterprise server is finished.

o

2Step 2 :- install ubuntu server for forwarding logs to Splunk enterprise Server im using VirtualBox in I have installed ubuntu Server



After Successfully installation of ubuntu server get a link of forwarding server based on ubuntu server like Debian package follow same process for login in Splunk
https://www.splunk.com/en_us/form/sign-up.html?redirecturl=https://www.splunk.com/
after that go to universal forwarder.



Choose installation package (linux)

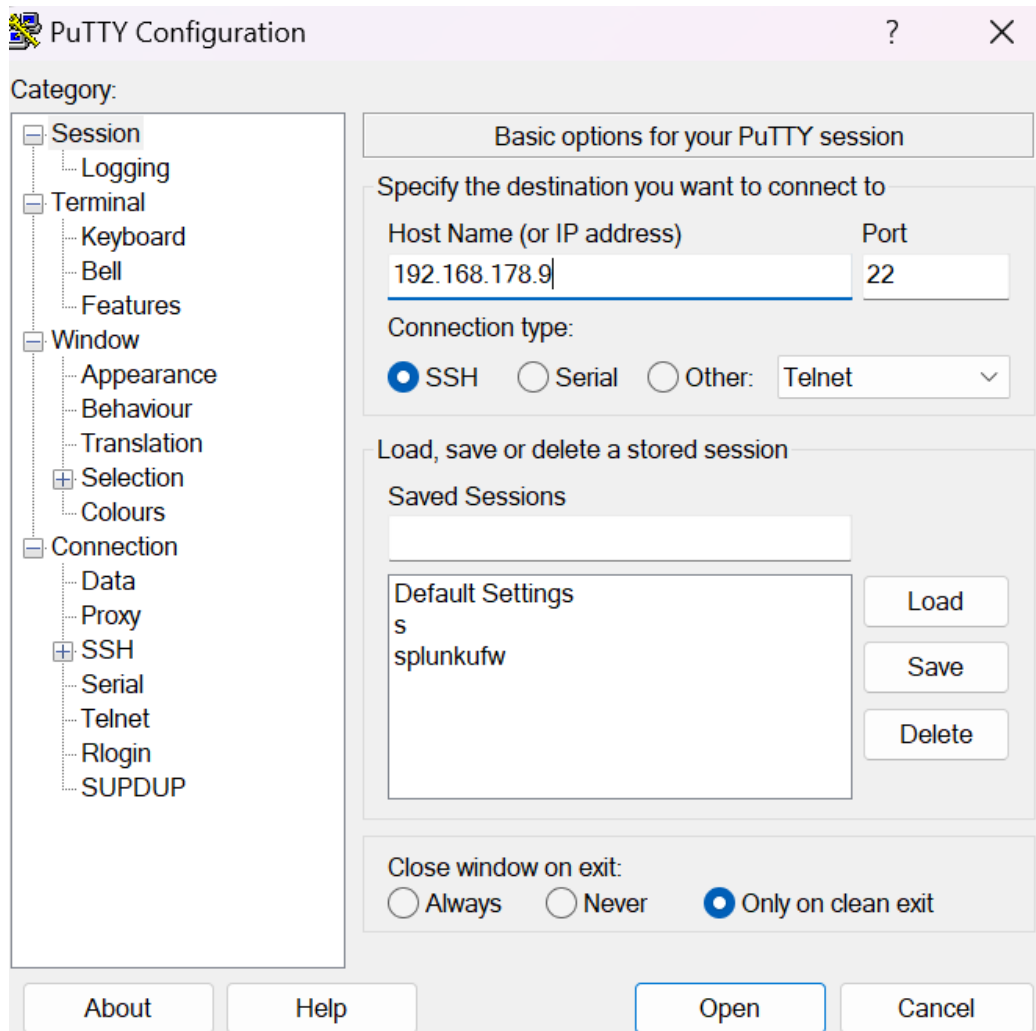
Architecture	OS	Package Format	Size	Download Now	Copy wget link
64-bit	4.x+, 5.x+, 6.x+ kernel Linux distributions	.rpm	97.21 MB	Download Now	Copy wget link
		.deb	64.56 MB	Download Now	Copy wget link
		.tgz	84.92 MB	Download Now	
s390x	4.x+, or 5.x+ kernel Linux distributions	.tgz	31.0 MB	Download Now	

Copied the command to Clipboard. Click here to select the entire command.

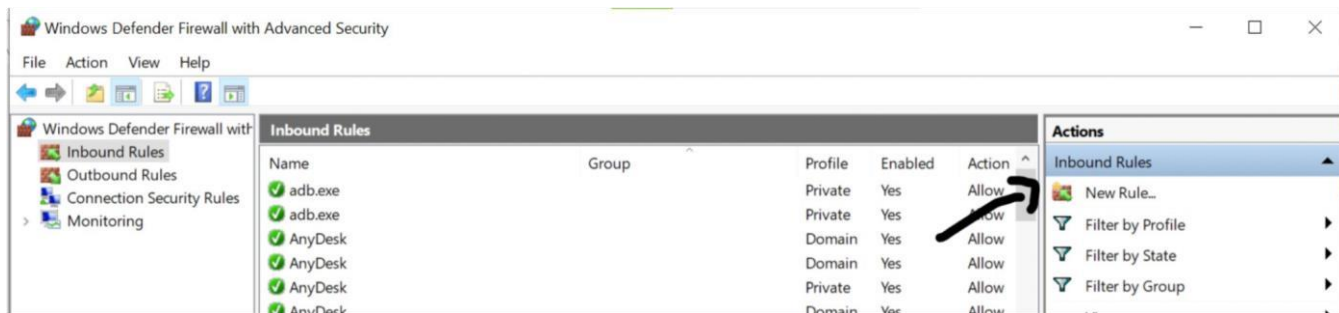
```
wget -O splunkforwarder-9.4.3-237ebbd22314-linux-amd64.deb "https://download.splunk.com/products/universalforwarder/releases/9.4.3/linux/splunkforwarder-9.4.3-237ebbd22314-linux-amd64.deb"
```

Copy wget link to install universal forwarder in ubuntu server save it into note pad for later.

After that make a connect between ubuntu server and Putti using ssh.

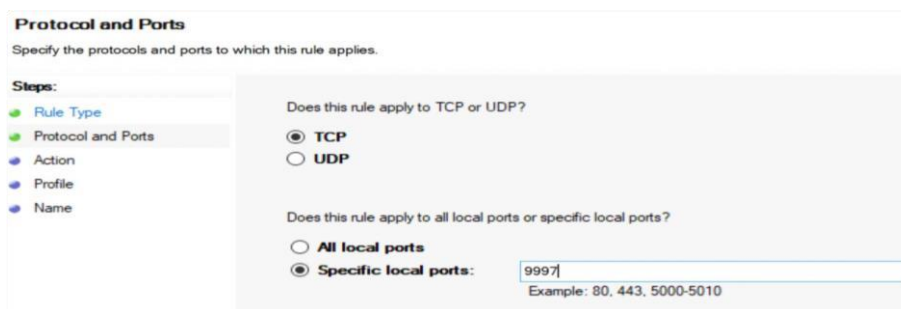


After established a connection successfully create a inbound rule in windows go to firewall & networks select Advance setting and create it as shown in screenshots below.

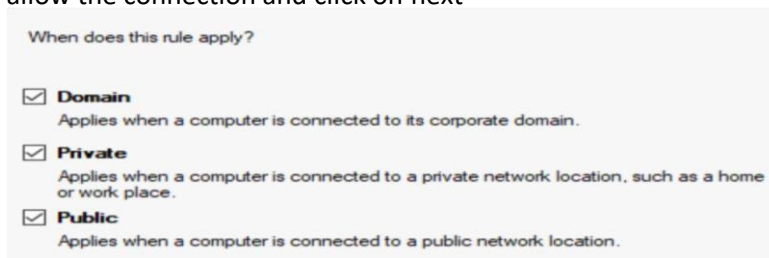


select a port and click on next

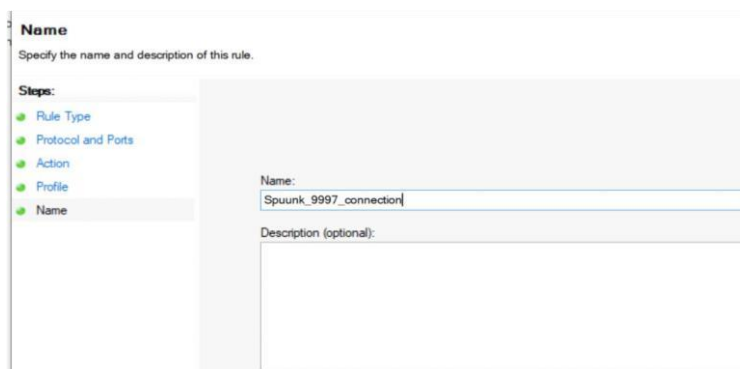
mention port no (9997) tcp and click on next



allow the connection and click on next



Then click on next and give a name to this connection



At the same time need to configure setting in Splunk enterprise server goto settings select forwarding and receiving after that click on configure receiving.

Forwarding and receiving

Forward data
Set up forwarding between two or more Splunk instances.

Type	Actions
Forwarding defaults	
Configure forwarding	+ Add new

Receive data
Configure this instance to receive data forwarded from other instances.

Type	Actions
Configure receiving	+ Add new

Receive data
Forwarding and receiving » Receive data

Configure receiving
Set up this Splunk instance to receive data from forwarder(s).

Listen on this port *

For example, 9997 will receive data on TCP port 9997.

Configure receiving Setting listen to 9997 port and save it. Now inbound is successfully added to Splunk enterprise server.

Step 3 Installation of universal forwarder

As I have already copy universal forwarder wget link and make a ssh connection using putti.

```
#sudo ufw enable (allow firewall and active)
```

```
#sudo ufw allow 22/tcp (for tcp port 22 request)
```

```
#sudo ufw allow 9997/tcp (for receiving port)
```

```
# wget -O splunkforwarder-9.4.3-237ebbd22314-linux-amd64.deb
```

<https://download.splunk.com/products/universalforwarder/releases/9.4.3/linux/splunkforwarder-9.4.3237ebbd22314-linux-amd64.deb> (for installation of universal forwarder)

After that we can see package and for installation this apagoge use this command

```
#sudo dpkg -I splunkforwarder-9.4.2-e9664af3d956-linux-amd64.deb (package name )
```

Press Enter, Please wait,as this may take a few minutes.

```
splunk_uf@splunkufserver:~$ sudo ufw enable
[sudo] password for splunk_uf:
Command may disrupt existing ssh connections. Proceed with operation (y|n)? y
Firewall is active and enabled on system startup
splunk_uf@splunkufserver:~$ ls
splunkforwarder-9.4.2-e9664af3d956-linux-amd64.deb
splunk_uf@splunkufserver:~$
```


For run a Splunk forwarder follow this path

```
splunk_uf@splunkufserver:~$ cd /opt/splunkforwarder/bin
```

ls (for list of file and directories)

```
splunk_uf@splunkufserver:/opt/splunkforwarder/bin$ ls
2to3-3.7          genWebCert.sh    priforgepng      S3benchmark
2to3-3.9          idle3             prigreypng       scripts
btool             idle3.7           pripalpng         setSplunkEnv
btprobe           idle3.9           pripamtopng       slim
bzip2             openssl          pripnglsch        splunk
classify          pcre2-config     pripngtupam       splunkd
copyright.txt     pid_check.sh     priweavepng       splunkmon
etcd              pip              pydoc3            splunk-preinstall
etcdctl           pip3             pydoc3.7          splunk-tlsd
etcdutl           pip3.7           pydoc3.9          supervisor-simulator
genRootCA.sh      pip3.9           rsync             wheel
genSignedServerCert.sh prichunkpng      rsync-ssl
splunk_uf@splunkufserver:/opt/splunkforwarder/bin$
```

Now its time time connect splunk forwarder to Splunk Enterprise server using below command

```
#sudo ./splunk add forward-server 192.168.xx.xx:9997 -auth admin:admin (Splunk enterprise ip along with port no 9997)
```

Asking foe license press y/yes and press Enter.

```
Added forwarding to: 192.168.1.100:9997.
```

(Splunk enterprise server added successfully)

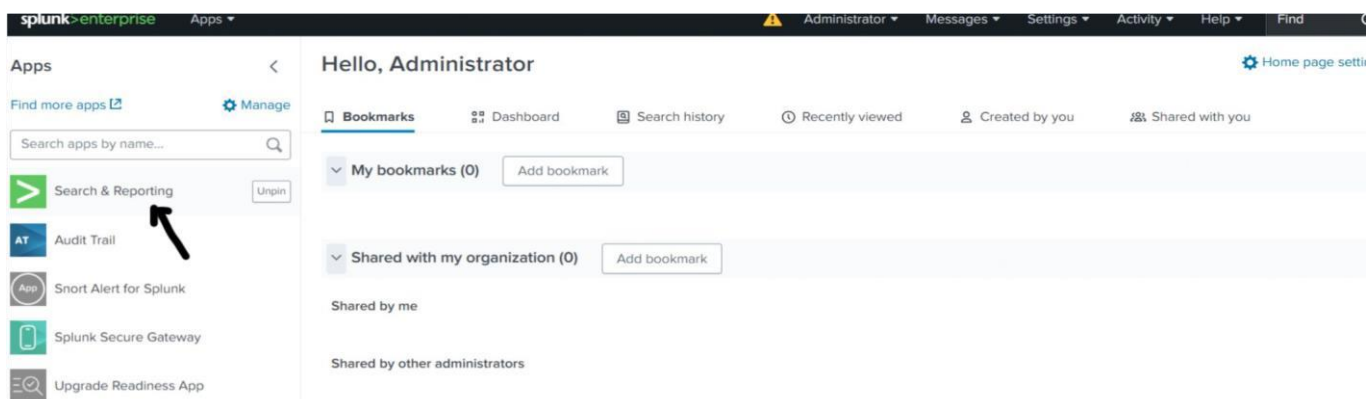
Restart Splunk

```
#sudo ./splunk restart
```

Step 2 after added server

```
# sudo ./splunk add monitor /var/log
```

```
sudo ./splunk add monitor /var/log/auth.log -auth admin:admin ( logs / files which have o be monitor is added using this command)
```



Go to Splunk enterprise server and select search and report.

Click on data Summary

Search

enter search here...

Last 24 hours

Q

No Event Sampling

Smart Mode

> Search History

How to Search

If you are not familiar with the search features, or want to learn more, or see your available data, see one of the following resources.

[Documentation](#) [Tutorial](#) [Data Summary](#)

Analyze Your Data with Table Views

Table Views let you prepare data without using SPL. First, use a point-and-click interface to select data. Then, clean and transform it for analysis in Analytics Workspace, Search, or Pivot!

[Learn more](#) about Table Views, or view and manage your Table Views with the [Datasets listing page](#).

Create Table View

Click on host ,

splunk>enterprise Apps

Administrator Messages Settings Activity Help Find

Search Analytics Datasets

Search & Reporting

enter search here...

Last 24 hours

Q

No Event Sampling

Fast Mode

> Search History

How to Search

If you are not familiar with the search features, or want to learn more, or see your available data, see one of the following resources.

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Analyze Your Data with Table Views

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Create Table View

Data Summary

Hosts (1) Sources (34) Sourcetypes (20)

filter

Host		Count	Last Update
splunkufw		70,640	6/13/25 10:35:01.000 PM

The screenshot shows the Splunk Enterprise web interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with 'splunk>enterprise' and various menu items like 'Apps', 'Administrator', 'Messages', 'Settings', 'Activity', 'Help', and 'Find'. Below this is a secondary navigation bar with 'Search', 'Analytics', 'Datasets', 'Reports', 'Alerts', and 'Dashboards'. The main content area is titled 'New Search' and shows a search query 'host=splunkufserver' with a time range of 'Last 24 hours'. It indicates '74 events' and 'No Event Sampling'. The search results are displayed in a table with columns for 'Time' and 'Event'. The table shows four events related to session management for user 'root' on 'splunkufserver'. On the left, there are sections for 'SELECTED FIELDS' and 'INTERESTING FIELDS'.

i	Time	Event
>	6/9/25 3:47:01.233 PM	2025-06-09T10:17:01.233897+00:00 splunkufserver CRON[2481]: pam_unix(cron:session): session closed for user root host = splunkufserver source = /var/log/auth.log sourcetype = auth-2
>	6/9/25 3:47:01.228 PM	2025-06-09T10:17:01.228626+00:00 splunkufserver CRON[2481]: pam_unix(cron:session): session opened for user root(uid=0) by root(uid=0) host = splunkufserver source = /var/log/auth.log sourcetype = auth-2
>	6/9/25 3:45:16.223 PM	2025-06-09T10:15:16.223292+00:00 splunkufserver sudo: pam_unix(sudo:session): session closed for user root host = splunkufserver source = /var/log/auth.log sourcetype = auth-2
>	6/9/25 3:45:15.288 PM	2025-06-09T10:15:15.288399+00:00 splunkufserver sudo: pam_unix(sudo:session): session opened for user root(uid=0) by splunk_uf(uid=1000) host = splunkufserver source = /var/log/auth.log sourcetype = auth-2

Now able to see all logs which is send by universal forwarder.

Overview:

This configuration showcases the successful implementation of **Splunk® Enterprise** alongside the **Universal Forwarder** on an **Ubuntu** system, facilitating streamlined log collection and centralized monitoring.

It lays the groundwork for:

- ☒ **Security Monitoring**
- ☐ **System Compliance and Auditing**
- ☒ **Live Log Tracking and Analysis**

This setup enhances organizational visibility into system operations and strengthens the ability to detect and respond to security events effectively.