

1 Capstone Project

1.1 Notebook 2: Exploratory Data Analysis, Data Preprocessing, Modeling

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2 Project Overview

The COVID-19 pandemic has severely affected the travel industry. International travel has been impacted, and in turn travel companies and travel websites have lost much of their engagement.

However, with the development of new vaccines for the virus, there is hope on the horizon for international travel and a time where life is somewhat back to normal. In order to increase engagement in the travel industry and increase excitement about travel opportunities, the Destination Dictionary was born!

The Destination Dictionary is a data product that allows future travelers to get a prediction for their perfect destination with the input of just a few words. Trained on over 28,000 unique text data points, the Destination Dictionary is able to predict a destination from 12 different popular cities with 81% accuracy based on text input of activities you want to do while on vacation.

2.0.1 Methodology & Data Used

This project utilized data from 12 top cities from TripAdvisor's list of Traveler's Choice destinations for Popular World Destinations 2020, which can be found via [this link](https://www.tripadvisor.com/TravelersChoice-Destinations) (<https://www.tripadvisor.com/TravelersChoice-Destinations>). The dataset was compiled by scraping the titles from Tripadvisor 'attractions' for each of the 12 cities. The final dataset included over 28,000 unique text values.

```
In [145]: 1 # Import Statements
2
3 import pandas as pd
4 import numpy as np
5
6 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
7 import seaborn as sns
8 import plotly.express as px
9
10 import string
11 import regex as re
12 import spacy
13
14 from nltk.corpus import stopwords
15 # nltk.download('stopwords')
16 # nltk.download('punkt')
17 from nltk import word_tokenize
18 from nltk import FreqDist
19
20 import warnings
21 warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
22
23 from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer, TfidfVectorizer
24 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, GridSearchCV
25 from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB, GaussianNB
26 from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
27 from sklearn.metrics import recall_score, accuracy_score, f1_score, confusion_matrix
28 from sklearn.utils import class_weight
29 from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
30 from sklearn.base import TransformerMixin
31 from sklearn import set_config
32
33 from PIL import Image
34 from wordcloud import WordCloud
35 from textwrap import wrap
36
37 import pickle
```

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```
In [20]: 1 # Read in the DataFrame I created in the Data Collection notebook
2 df = pd.read_csv('/Users/tiaplagata/Documents/Flatiron/capstone-project/data/attractions.csv')
3 df.head()
```

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Out[20]:

| | Attraction | City |
|---|--|------------------------|
| 0 | SEA LIFE London Aquarium Admission Ticket | London, United Kingdom |
| 1 | The Jack The Ripper Walking Tour in London | London, United Kingdom |
| 2 | Ghost Bus Tour of London | London, United Kingdom |
| 3 | Big Bus London Hop-On Hop-Off Tour and River Cruise | London, United Kingdom |
| 4 | The Blood and Tears Walk: Serial Killers and London's Dark History | London, United Kingdom |

2.1 Explore/clean the data

- Decide whether or not to get rid of duplicates
- Check out the class imbalance
- *No need to worry about null values because I scraped this dataset myself*

In [21]:

1 df.info()

executed in 7ms, finished 08:37:49 2021-01-26

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 28379 entries, 0 to 3693
Data columns (total 2 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Attraction  28379 non-null  object
1   City        28379 non-null  object
dtypes: object(2)
memory usage: 665.1+ KB
```

In [22]:

1 df.describe()

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Out[22]:

| | Attraction | City |
|---------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| count | 28379 | 28379 |
| unique | 27466 | 12 |
| top | Desert Safari Dubai | Bali, Indonesia |
| freq | 15 | 5000 |

In [23]:

1 df.shape

executed in 2ms, finished 08:37:49 2021-01-26

Out[23]: (28379, 2)

In [24]:

```
1 #No null values because I scraped everything myself. Just to double-check
2 df.isna().sum()
```

executed in 5ms, finished 08:37:49 2021-01-26

```
Out[24]: Attraction    0
City              0
dtype: int64
```

2.1.1 Duplicates

In [25]:

1 df.duplicated().sum()

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Out[25]: 846

```
In [26]: 1 # Look at duplicates in one city
        2 df[(df.duplicated()==True) & (df['City']=='London, United Kingdom')]
```

executed in 20ms, finished 08:37:49 2021-01-26

Out[26]:

| | Attraction | City |
|-------------|---|------------------------|
| 185 | Windsor Castle, Stonehenge, and Oxford Day Tri... | London, United Kingdom |
| 241 | Jack the Ripper Walking Tour in London | London, United Kingdom |
| 259 | British Museum Guided Tour | London, United Kingdom |
| 618 | Private Transfer from Heathrow Airport to London | London, United Kingdom |
| 704 | Oxford City Full-Day Private Tour from London | London, United Kingdom |
| 705 | Bath and Stonehenge Full-Day Private Tour from... | London, United Kingdom |
| 706 | Full-Day Private Guided Tour of Cambridge | London, United Kingdom |
| 716 | Full-Day Private Tour of Brighton | London, United Kingdom |
| 900 | PRIVATE Jack the Ripper Ghost Walking Tour in ... | London, United Kingdom |
| 990 | London to Southampton Cruise Terminals Private... | London, United Kingdom |
| 1074 | Liverpool the Beatles Legend Fab Four and Manc... | London, United Kingdom |
| 1365 | Private Full-Day Tour of Shakespeare's Stratfo... | London, United Kingdom |
| 1367 | Bournemouth and Durdle Door Jurassic Full Day ... | London, United Kingdom |
| 1369 | Full-Day Private Tour to the Historic Naval Ci... | London, United Kingdom |
| 1468 | Full-Day Private Fun Cultural Guided Tour of L... | London, United Kingdom |
| 1469 | London Royal's Full Day Tour | London, United Kingdom |
| 1472 | Changing of the Guard Half-Day Private Walking... | London, United Kingdom |
| 1473 | 3-Hour Guided Tour of Science Museum in London | London, United Kingdom |
| 1493 | London's City Lights by Night Private Tour | London, United Kingdom |
| 1494 | Theme Parks of London Chessington Full-Day Pri... | London, United Kingdom |
| 1502 | J.R.R. Tolkien's Oxford and Stonehenge Private... | London, United Kingdom |
| 1504 | Private Layover Tour from London City Airport | London, United Kingdom |
| 1516 | London Full-Day Private Shore Excursion from S... | London, United Kingdom |
| 1517 | 2-Day Private Wales Tour to Cardiff and Aberfa... | London, United Kingdom |
| 1522 | London Full Day Private Tour by Walking and Pu... | London, United Kingdom |
| 1536 | Oxford City and Cotswolds Private Tour | London, United Kingdom |
| 1537 | Salisbury Magna Carta Stonehenge and Bath Priv... | London, United Kingdom |
| 1542 | The Golden Triangle Tour London-Oxford-Cambr... | London, United Kingdom |
| 1606 | London Skyline Tour | London, United Kingdom |
| 1612 | Wimbledon Tennis and Museum Tour | London, United Kingdom |
| 1613 | London Shopping Experience Tour | London, United Kingdom |

| | Attraction | City |
|-------------|--|------------------------|
| 1622 | Freestyle Football Workshop in England | London, United Kingdom |
| 1675 | The Crown Netflix TV London Half Day Private Tour | London, United Kingdom |
| 1679 | 007 James Bond's London Private Half Day Tour | London, United Kingdom |
| 1732 | 4 Hour Tour Harry Potter Locations In London (...) | London, United Kingdom |
| 1812 | Private Chauffeured Minivan at Your Disposal i... | London, United Kingdom |
| 1846 | Canterbury Cathedral and Leeds Castle Private ... | London, United Kingdom |
| 1881 | Windsor Castle Heathrow Airport Private Layover | London, United Kingdom |
| 1882 | Young Victoria's London: Windsor Castle & Kens... | London, United Kingdom |
| 1920 | 9Hr Tour London Eye, Westminster Abbey and St ... | London, United Kingdom |
| 1930 | Essential London Full-Day Private Tour by Publ... | London, United Kingdom |
| 1952 | Heathrow Airport Transfer | London, United Kingdom |
| 1961 | Sherlock Holmes Walking Tour in London | London, United Kingdom |
| 1974 | Royal London Walking Tour | London, United Kingdom |
| 2074 | 1066 Battle of Hastings, Birling Gap and Seven... | London, United Kingdom |
| 2120 | Full Day Traditional Private London Tour by Wa... | London, United Kingdom |
| 2140 | Zoom online tour of London | London, United Kingdom |
| 2230 | London Underground 2-Hour Tube Tour | London, United Kingdom |
| 2282 | London to Southampton Cruise Terminals Private... | London, United Kingdom |
| 2285 | Departure Private Transfers from London City t... | London, United Kingdom |
| 2291 | 4 Hour Tour Tower of London and St Pauls Cathe... | London, United Kingdom |
| 2304 | Warner Bros' Making of Harry Potter Studio Tour | London, United Kingdom |
| 2342 | Arrival Private Transfers from London Railway ... | London, United Kingdom |
| 2344 | Beautiful Cornwall Two Days Private Tour | London, United Kingdom |
| 2350 | Jack the Ripper Mystery Walks | London, United Kingdom |
| 2562 | 4 Hour Tour London Highlights with Private To... | London, United Kingdom |
| 2618 | The London Landmarks | London, United Kingdom |
| 2735 | Afternoon tea bus tour in London | London, United Kingdom |
| 2772 | Full Day London Pick & Mix Customized Tour | London, United Kingdom |
| 2773 | A Day at the Museum - Natural History Museum L... | London, United Kingdom |

```
In [27]: 1 df[df['Attraction']=='Oxford City Full-Day Private Tour from London']
```

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Out[27]:

| | Attraction | City |
|------------|---|------------------------|
| 431 | Oxford City Full-Day Private Tour from London | London, United Kingdom |
| 704 | Oxford City Full-Day Private Tour from London | London, United Kingdom |

```
In [28]: 1 # What about the top attraction
2 df[df['Attraction']=='Desert Sa ari Dubai']
```

executed in 6ms, finished 08:37:49 2021-01-26

Out[28]:

| | Attraction | City |
|-------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| 414 | Desert Safari Dubai | Dubai, United Arab Emirates |
| 478 | Desert Safari Dubai | Dubai, United Arab Emirates |
| 811 | Desert Safari Dubai | Dubai, United Arab Emirates |
| 974 | Desert Safari Dubai | Dubai, United Arab Emirates |
| 998 | Desert Safari Dubai | Dubai, United Arab Emirates |
| 1001 | Desert Safari Dubai | Dubai, United Arab Emirates |
| 1689 | Desert Safari Dubai | Dubai, United Arab Emirates |
| 1718 | Desert Safari Dubai | Dubai, United Arab Emirates |
| 1722 | Desert Safari Dubai | Dubai, United Arab Emirates |
| 1944 | Desert Safari Dubai | Dubai, United Arab Emirates |
| 2301 | Desert Safari Dubai | Dubai, United Arab Emirates |
| 2514 | Desert Safari Dubai | Dubai, United Arab Emirates |
| 2854 | Desert Safari Dubai | Dubai, United Arab Emirates |
| 3101 | Desert Safari Dubai | Dubai, United Arab Emirates |
| 3426 | Desert Safari Dubai | Dubai, United Arab Emirates |

Clearly, I need to remove duplicates here, because there are some exact duplicates for certain cities.

```
In [29]: 1 df = df.drop_duplicates()
```

executed in 13ms, finished 08:37:49 2021-01-26

```
In [30]: 1 # df.to_csv('/Users/tiaplagata/Documents/Flatiron/capstone-project/Data
```

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2.1.2 Class Imbalance

```
In [31]: 1 display(df.City.unique())
        2 print('Total Unique Cities:', len(df.City.unique()))
```

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```
array(['London, United Kingdom', 'Paris, France', 'Crete, Greece',
      'Bali, Indonesia', 'Rome, Italy', 'Phuket, Thailand',
      'Sicily, Italy', 'Majorca, Balearic Islands', 'Barcelona, Spain',
      'Istanbul, Turkey', 'Goa, India', 'Dubai, United Arab Emirates'],
      dtype=object)
```

Total Unique Cities: 12

```
In [32]: 1 df.City.value_counts(normalize=True)
```

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```
Out[32]: Bali, Indonesia      0.177823
         Rome, Italy          0.174990
         Dubai, United Arab Emirates 0.123597
         London, United Kingdom 0.099626
         Paris, France        0.096938
         Istanbul, Turkey     0.081248
         Sicily, Italy        0.071986
         Barcelona, Spain     0.066502
         Phuket, Thailand     0.041260
         Crete, Greece        0.037010
         Majorca, Balearic Islands 0.016489
         Goa, India           0.012530
         Name: City, dtype: float64
```

```
In [33]: 1 cities = df.groupby('City').count()
```

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```
In [34]: 1 cities.reset_index(inplace=True)
```

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```
In [9]: 1 sorted_cities = cities.sort_values(by='Attraction', ascending=False)
        2 sorted_cities
```

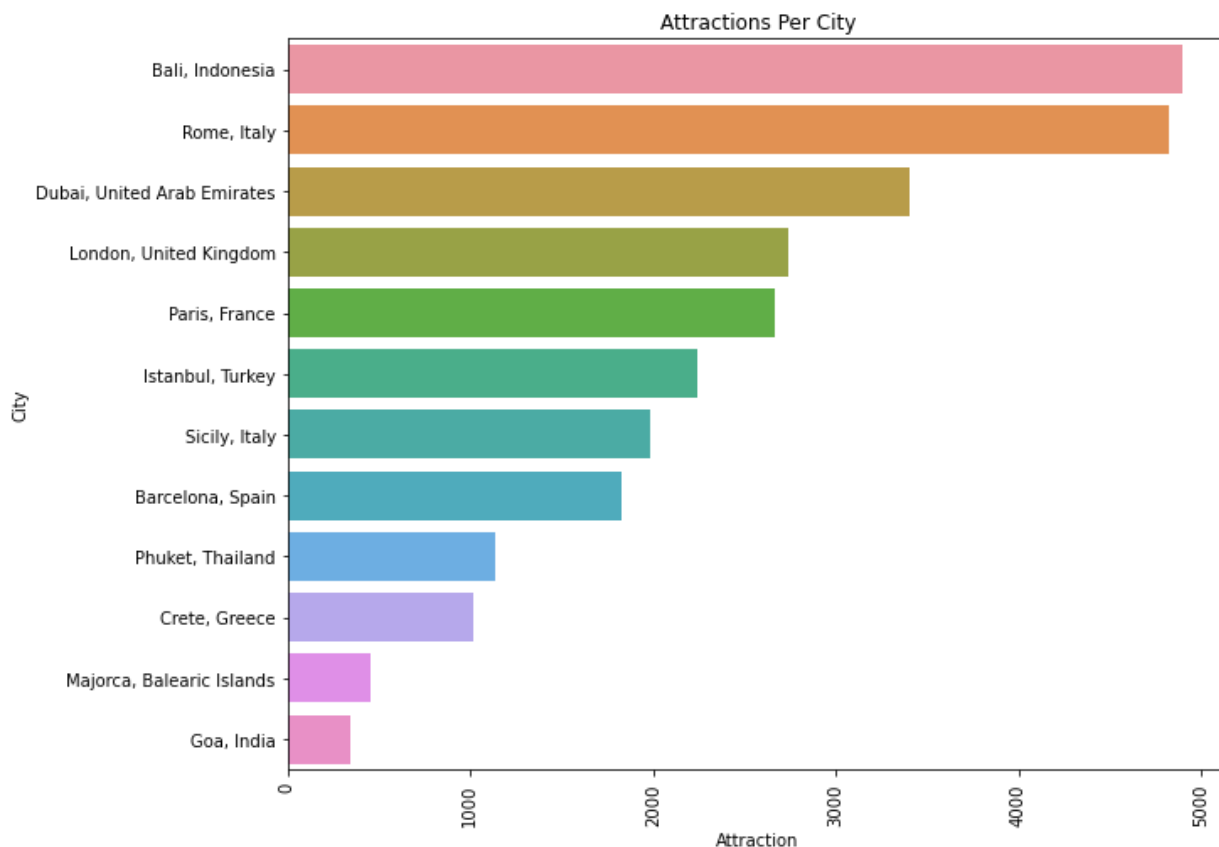
executed in 6ms, finished 08:37:49 2021-01-26

Out[35]:

| City Attraction | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|------|
| 0 | Bali, Indonesia | 4896 |
| 10 | Rome, Italy | 4818 |
| 3 | Dubai, United Arab Emirates | 3403 |
| 6 | London, United Kingdom | 2743 |
| 8 | Paris, France | 2669 |
| 5 | Istanbul, Turkey | 2237 |
| 11 | Sicily, Italy | 1982 |
| 1 | Barcelona, Spain | 1831 |
| 9 | Phuket, Thailand | 1136 |
| 2 | Crete, Greece | 1019 |
| 7 | Majorca, Balearic Islands | 454 |
| 4 | Goa, India | 345 |

```
In [10]: 1 # Plot the class imbalance
2 plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
3 sns.barplot(x='Attraction', y='City', data=sorted_cities)
4 plt.title('Attractions Per City')
5 plt.xticks(rotation=90)
6 plt.show()
```

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This will likely be an issue when modeling, so I will try to use class weights to fix this problem.

2.2 Text Cleaning & Preprocessing & More Exploration

- Remove punctuation and numbers
- Lowercase everything
- Remove stopwords
- Create a document term matrix grouped by city
 - count vectorization
 - tf-idf vectorization
 - bi-grams
- Visualize most frequent words
 - word clouds
 - bar plot/histogram

```
In [11]: 1 # Create a list of stopwords
2 stopwords_list = stopwords.words('english')
3 stopwords_list += list(string.punctuation)
```

executed in 5ms, finished 08:37:49 2021-01-26

```
In [38]: 1 # Preview the list
2 stopwords_list[:10]
```

executed in 2ms, finished 08:37:49 2021-01-26

```
Out[38]: ['i', 'me', 'my', 'myself', 'we', 'our', 'ours', 'ourselves', 'you', "yo
u're"]
```

```
In [39]: 1 # Lowercase all words in each corpus
2 df['cleaned'] = df['Attraction'].apply(lambda x: x.lower())
3 df.head()
```

executed in 15ms, finished 08:37:49 2021-01-26

Out[39]:

| | Attraction | City | cleaned |
|---|---|------------------------|---|
| 0 | SEA LIFE London Aquarium Admission Ticket | London, United Kingdom | sea life london aquarium admission ticket |
| 1 | The Jack The Ripper Walking Tour in London | London, United Kingdom | the jack the ripper walking tour in london |
| 2 | Ghost Bus Tour of London | London, United Kingdom | ghost bus tour of london |
| 3 | Big Bus London Hop-On Hop-Off Tour and River C... | London, United Kingdom | big bus london hop-on hop-off tour and river c... |
| 4 | The Blood and Tears Walk: Serial Killers and L... | London, United Kingdom | the blood and tears walk: serial killers and l... |

```
In [40]: 1 # Remove commas, hyphens, colons, and other punctuation
2 df['cleaned'] = df['cleaned'].apply(lambda x: re.sub('[%s]' % re.escape
3 df.head()
```

executed in 281ms, finished 08:37:50 2021-01-26

Out[40]:

| | Attraction | City | cleaned |
|---|---|------------------------|---|
| 0 | SEA LIFE London Aquarium Admission Ticket | London, United Kingdom | sea life london aquarium admission ticket |
| 1 | The Jack The Ripper Walking Tour in London | London, United Kingdom | the jack the ripper walking tour in london |
| 2 | Ghost Bus Tour of London | London, United Kingdom | ghost bus tour of london |
| 3 | Big Bus London Hop-On Hop-Off Tour and River C... | London, United Kingdom | big bus london hopon hopoff tour and river cru... |
| 4 | The Blood and Tears Walk: Serial Killers and L... | London, United Kingdom | the blood and tears walk serial killers and lo... |

```
In [41]: 1 # Use regex to get rid of numbers
2 df['cleaned'] = df['cleaned'].apply(lambda x: re.sub('\w*\d\w*', '', x))
3 df.head(10)
```

executed in 328ms, finished 08:37:50 2021-01-26

Out[41]:

| | Attraction | City | cleaned |
|---|---|------------------------|---|
| 0 | SEA LIFE London Aquarium Admission Ticket | London, United Kingdom | sea life london aquarium admission ticket |
| 1 | The Jack The Ripper Walking Tour in London | London, United Kingdom | the jack the ripper walking tour in london |
| 2 | Ghost Bus Tour of London | London, United Kingdom | ghost bus tour of london |
| 3 | Big Bus London Hop-On Hop-Off Tour and River C... | London, United Kingdom | big bus london hopon hopoff tour and river cru... |
| 4 | The Blood and Tears Walk: Serial Killers and L... | London, United Kingdom | the blood and tears walk serial killers and lo... |
| 5 | London Ghost and Infamous Murders Walking Tour | London, United Kingdom | london ghost and infamous murders walking tour |
| 6 | Stonehenge, Windsor Castle, and Bath from London | London, United Kingdom | stonehenge windsor castle and bath from london |
| 7 | Warner Bros. Studio: The Making of Harry Potte... | London, United Kingdom | warner bros studio the making of harry potter ... |
| 8 | Ghosts, Ghouls & Gallows: London Virtual Tour | London, United Kingdom | ghosts ghouls gallows london virtual tour |
| 9 | High-Speed Thames River RIB Cruise in London | London, United Kingdom | highspeed thames river rib cruise in london |

```
In [42]: 1 # !python -m spacy download en
```

executed in 1ms, finished 08:37:50 2021-01-26

```
In [13]: 1 # Lemmatize the text using spacy
2 nlp = spacy.load('en')
3
4 df['lemmatized'] = df['cleaned'].apply(lambda x: ' '.join(
5                                     [token.lemma_ for token in list(nlp
6 df.head(10)
```

executed in 1m 42.7s, finished 08:39:33 2021-01-26

| | | | | |
|---|---|------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | The Jack The Ripper Walking Tour in London | United Kingdom | the jack the ripper walking tour in london | jack ripper walking tour london |
| 2 | Ghost Bus Tour of London | London, United Kingdom | ghost bus tour of london | ghost bus tour london |
| 3 | Big Bus London Hop-On Hop- Off Tour and River C... | London, United Kingdom | big bus london hopon hopoff tour and river cru... | big bus london hopon hopoff tour river cruise ... |
| 4 | The Blood and Tears Walk: Serial Killers and L... | London, United Kingdom | the blood and tears walk serial killers and lo... | blood tear walk serial killer london horror |
| 5 | London Ghost and Infamous Murders Walking Tour | London, United Kingdom | london ghost and infamous murders walking tour | london ghost infamous murder walk tour |
| 6 | Stonehenge, Windsor Castle, and Bath from London | London, United Kingdom | stonehenge windsor castle and bath from london | stonehenge windsor castle bath london |
| 7 | Warner Bros. Studio: The | London, United | warner bros studio the | warner bros studio making |

```
In [14]: 1 # Group the corpora by city and join them
2 df_to_group = df[['City', 'lemmatized']]
3 df_grouped = df_to_group.groupby(by='City').agg(lambda x: ' '.join(x))
4 df_grouped
```

executed in 21ms, finished 08:39:33 2021-01-26

Out [44]:

| | lemmatized |
|------------------------------------|---|
| City | |
| Bali, Indonesia | hotel hotelbali private transfer daytime bali ... |
| Barcelona, Spain | interactive spanish cooking experience barcelo... |
| Crete, Greece | minoans world museum cinema crete wine ol... |
| Dubai, United Arab Emirates | premium red dune camel safari bbq al khayma ... |
| Goa, India | fontainhas heritage walk sunset cruise paradis... |
| Istanbul, Turkey | bosphorus sunset cruise luxury yacht istanbu... |
| London, United Kingdom | sea life london aquarium admission ticket jack... |
| Majorca, Balearic Islands | cave genova admission palma de mallorca shore ... |
| Paris, France | bateaux parisiens seine river gourmet dinner ... |
| Phuket, Thailand | phi phi maiton khai islands speedboat phi ph... |
| Rome, Italy | fast skiptheline vatican sistine chapel st pet... |
| Sicily, Italy | etna taormina fullday tour catania palermo str... |

▼ 2.2.1 Look at different vectorization strategies

- Try different vectorization strategies and visualize them with word clouds
 - count vectorization
 - tf-idf vectorization
 - bi-grams

```
In [15]: 1 # Create a document term matrix using count vectorization
2 # Using count vectorization (most simple way to vectorize)
3 cv = CountVectorizer(analyzer='word', stop_words=stopwords_list)
4 data = cv.fit_transform(df_grouped['lemmatized'])
5 df_dtm = pd.DataFrame(data.toarray(), columns=cv.get_feature_names())
6 df_dtm.index = df_grouped.index
7 df_dtm
```

executed in 124ms, finished 08:39:33 2021-01-26

Out [45]:

| | aal | abandon | abant | abba | abbate | abbey | abbeyprivate | abbeyst | aberfan | abian | ... |
|------------------------------------|-----|---------|-------|------|--------|-------|--------------|---------|---------|-------|-------|
| City | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bali, Indonesia | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 ... |
| Barcelona, Spain | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 ... |
| Crete, Greece | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 ... |
| Dubai, United Arab Emirates | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 ... |
| Goa, India | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 ... |
| Istanbul, Turkey | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 ... |
| London, United Kingdom | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 61 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 ... |
| Majorca, Balearic Islands | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 ... |
| Paris, France | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 ... |
| Phuket, Thailand | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 ... |
| Rome, Italy | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 ... |
| Sicily, Italy | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 ... |

12 rows × 8676 columns

```
In [16]: 1 # Create a document term matrix using TF-IDF vectorization
2 # Might be good for classifying cities
3 tfidf = TfidfVectorizer(analyzer='word', stop_words=stopwords_list)
4 data2 = tfidf.fit_transform(df_grouped['lemmatized'])
5 df_dtm2 = pd.DataFrame(data2.toarray(), columns=tfidf.get_feature_names())
6 df_dtm2.index = df_grouped.index
7 df_dtm2
```

executed in 127ms, finished 08:39:33 2021-01-26

Out [46]:

| | aal | abandon | abant | abba | abbate | abbey | abbeyprivate | abbeyst | aberfan |
|------------------------------------|----------|----------|---------|--------|----------|----------|--------------|---------|---------|
| City | | | | | | | | | |
| Bali, Indonesia | 0.000000 | 0.000699 | 0.00000 | 0.0000 | 0.000000 | 0.000000 | 0.0000 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |
| Barcelona, Spain | 0.000737 | 0.000000 | 0.00000 | 0.0000 | 0.000000 | 0.000000 | 0.0000 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |
| Crete, Greece | 0.000000 | 0.000000 | 0.00000 | 0.0000 | 0.000000 | 0.000000 | 0.0000 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |
| Dubai, United Arab Emirates | 0.000000 | 0.000310 | 0.00000 | 0.0000 | 0.000000 | 0.000000 | 0.0000 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |
| Goa, India | 0.000000 | 0.000000 | 0.00000 | 0.0000 | 0.000000 | 0.000000 | 0.0000 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |
| Istanbul, Turkey | 0.000000 | 0.000000 | 0.00059 | 0.0000 | 0.000000 | 0.000000 | 0.0000 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |

▼ Word Clouds with Count Vectorization

```
In [47]: 1 def generate_wordcloud(data, title):
2     cloud = WordCloud(width=400, height=330, max_words=150, colormap='t
3     plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
4     plt.imshow(cloud, interpolation='bilinear')
5     plt.axis('off')
6     plt.title('\n'.join(wrap(title,60)), fontsize=13)
7     plt.show()
```

executed in 3ms, finished 08:39:33 2021-01-26

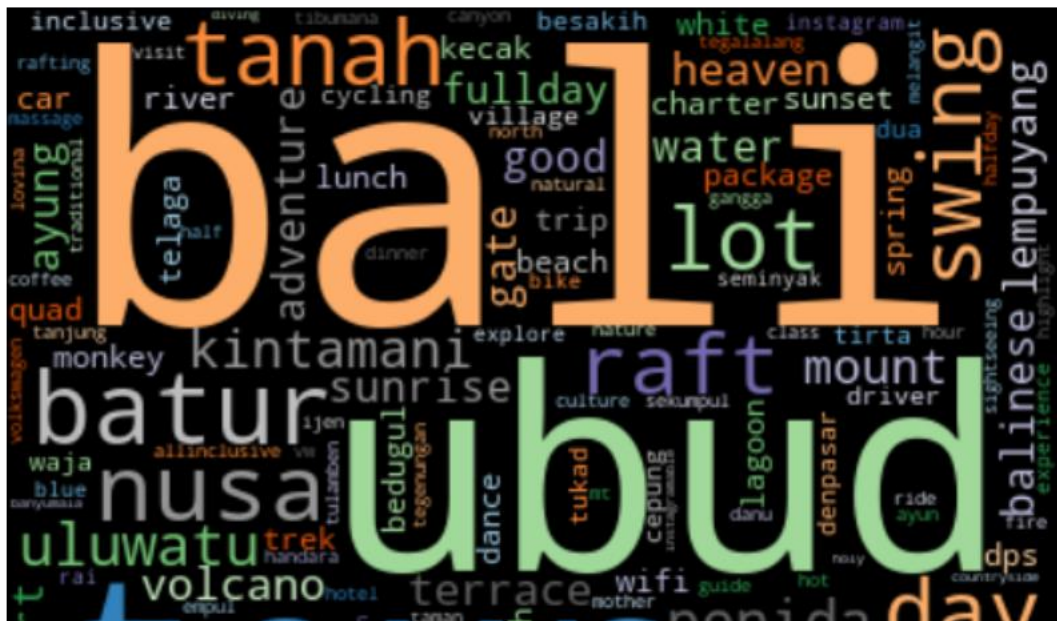
because all of these cities will have airport transfers, and different tours. However, these words will not help in modeling since they are not unique to the cities.

Word Clouds with TF-IDF Vectorization

```
In [50]: 1 # Transposing document term matrix
2 df_dtm2 = df_dtm2.transpose()
3
4 # Plotting word cloud for each city
5 for index, city in enumerate(df_dtm2.columns):
6     generate_wordcloud(df_dtm2[city].sort_values(ascending=False), city
```

executed in 2.73s, finished 08:39:39 2021-01-26

Bali, Indonesia



```
In [19]: 1 # Look at top words with tf-idf vectorization (for total words, not per
2 sum_words = data2.sum(axis=0)
3 words_freq = [(word, sum_words[0, idx]) for word, idx in tfidf.vocabula
4 words_freq = sorted(words_freq, key=lambda x: x[1], reverse=True)
5 words_freq
```

executed in 34ms, finished 08:39:39 2021-01-26

```
Out[51]: [('tour', 3.1397055370950477),
('private', 2.0840633636356287),
('transfer', 0.9685547196506898),
('goa', 0.9226286509898938),
('barcelona', 0.9166731088394917),
('london', 0.8932185752670296),
('paris', 0.8836205705514917),
('istanbul', 0.8682353908231614),
('airport', 0.857539740811609),
('dubai', 0.8422028010450787),
('day', 0.8310517134188751),
('phuket', 0.8048581266769077),
('mallorca', 0.7500827249467662),
('bali', 0.7372449047082821),
('rome', 0.6645617714771512),
('palma', 0.5056361226203647),
('crete', 0.47454872097902234),
('palermo', 0.469178133177727),
('city', 0.46673456115636947),
```

In contrast, there is not as much overlap with these words as in the count vectorization because tf-idf vectorization is finding more words that are unique to the cities. This tells us that tf-idf vectorization is probably a better vectorization technique to use while modeling in order to best predict the cities.

▼ Word Clouds with Bi-Grams

```
In [20]: 1 cv2 = CountVectorizer(analyzer='word', stop_words=stopwords_list, ngram
2 data3 = cv2.fit_transform(df_grouped['lemmatized'])
3 df_dtm3 = pd.DataFrame(data3.toarray(), columns=cv2.get_feature_names())
4 df_dtm3.index = df_grouped.index
5 df_dtm3
```

executed in 259ms, finished 08:39:39 2021-01-26

Out[52]:

| | aal deep | abandon ghost | abandon hotel | abandon village | abant yedigoller | abba sup | abbate arrival | abbey avebury | abbey banquet | a buckin |
|--|-------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|
| City | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bali, Indonesia | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Barcelona, Spain | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Crete, Greece | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Dubai, United Arab Emirates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Goa, India | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Istanbul, | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

```
In [53]: 1 # Transposing document term matrix
2 df_dtm3 = df_dtm3.transpose()
3
4 # Plotting word cloud for each city
5 for index, city in enumerate(df_dtm3.columns):
6     generate_wordcloud(df_dtm3[city].sort_values(ascending=False), city
```

executed in 3.02s, finished 08:39:42 2021-01-26

```
In [21]: 1 # Look at top bi-grams (in total, not per city)
2 sum_words = data3.sum(axis=0)
3 words_freq = [(word, sum_words[0, idx]) for word, idx in cv2.vocabulary
4 words_freq = sorted(words_freq, key=lambda x: x[1], reverse=True)
5 words_freq
```

executed in 68ms, finished 08:39:42 2021-01-26

```
Out[54]: [('private tour', 2228),
('private transfer', 1569),
('day tour', 824),
('city tour', 819),
('tour private', 813),
('desert safari', 765),
('walk tour', 694),
('guide tour', 628),
('day trip', 589),
('small group', 573),
('tour rome', 564),
('skip line', 513),
('airport transfer', 472),
('half day', 465),
('abu dhabi', 426),
('tour london', 423),
('tour istanbul', 392),
('private day', 386),
('tour bali', 350),
```

The bi-grams were able to pick out important terms, such as 'windsor castle' for London, and 'cooking class' for Sicily. However, words like 'tour' are creating some noise in most of these cities.



2.3 Removing Noise from the Data

Since there are still lots of words in the word clouds like 'private', 'airport' and 'transfer', I want to try to take those attractions for airport transfers out because they are causing noise in the data.

In [22]:

1

df.head()

executed in 5ms, finished 08:39:42 2021-01-26

Out [55]:

| | Attraction | City | cleaned | lemmatized |
|---|---|------------------------|---|---|
| 0 | SEA LIFE London Aquarium Admission Ticket | London, United Kingdom | sea life london aquarium admission ticket | sea life london aquarium admission ticket |
| 1 | The Jack The Ripper Walking Tour in London | London, United Kingdom | the jack the ripper walking tour in london | jack ripper walking tour london |
| 2 | Ghost Bus Tour of London | London, United Kingdom | ghost bus tour of london | ghost bus tour london |
| 3 | Big Bus London Hop-On Hop-Off Tour and River C... | London, United Kingdom | big bus london hopon hopoff tour and river cru... | big bus london hopon hopoff tour river cruise ... |
| 4 | The Blood and Tears Walk: Serial Killers and L... | London, United Kingdom | the blood and tears walk serial killers and lo... | blood tear walk serial killer london horror |

```
In [23]: 1 # Preview what I want to drop
        2 df.loc[df['Attraction'].str.contains('airport')]
```

executed in 17ms, finished 08:39:42 2021-01-26

Out[56]:

| | Attraction | City | cleaned | lemmatized |
|-------------|---|-----------------------------|---|---|
| 329 | Private transfer from Heathrow airport to Sout... | London, United Kingdom | private transfer from heathrow airport to sout... | private transfer heathrow airport southampton ... |
| 639 | Private transfer from city airport to central ... | London, United Kingdom | private transfer from city airport to central ... | private transfer city airport central london |
| 640 | private transfer from central london to city a... | London, United Kingdom | private transfer from central london to city a... | private transfer central london city airport |
| 1549 | Private airport transfers in London | London, United Kingdom | private airport transfers in london | private airport transfer london |
| 1830 | London airport transfer from Heathrow Airport ... | London, United Kingdom | london airport transfer from heathrow airport ... | london airport transfer heathrow airport lhr l... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 1407 | Private 4-hour tour of Dubai from hotel, airpo... | Dubai, United Arab Emirates | private tour of dubai from hotel airport or c... | private tour dubai hotel airport cruise loca... |
| 2398 | Dubai airport terminal 1,2 or 3 to Ras Al Khaimah | Dubai, United Arab Emirates | dubai airport terminal or to ras al khaimah | dubai airport terminal ras al khaimah |
| 2407 | Dubai airport terminal 1,2 or 3 to Ajman | Dubai, United Arab Emirates | dubai airport terminal or to ajman | dubai airport terminal ajman |
| 2408 | Dubai airport terminal 1,2 or 3 to Sharjah city | Dubai, United Arab Emirates | dubai airport terminal or to sharjah city | dubai airport terminal sharjah city |
| 3168 | Dubai city tour Stop Over pick up from airport... | Dubai, United Arab Emirates | dubai city tour stop over pick up from airport... | dubai city tour stop pick airport morning tour |

314 rows × 4 columns

```
In [57]: 1 # Get rid of the airport transfer 'attractions'
        2 df2 = df.drop(df.loc[df['Attraction'].str.contains('airport')].index)
```

executed in 17ms, finished 08:39:42 2021-01-26

```
In [58]: 1 df2 = df.drop(df2.loc[df2['Attraction'].str.contains('transfer')].index)
```

executed in 18ms, finished 08:39:42 2021-01-26

```
In [59]: 1 # Just in case, add these words to the stopwords list
        2 stopwords_list += ['airport', 'transfer', 'private']
```

executed in 1ms, finished 08:39:42 2021-01-26

```
In [60]: 1 print(df.shape)
        2 print(df2.shape)
```

executed in 2ms, finished 08:39:42 2021-01-26

(27533, 4)

(25315, 4)

Create some functions to make the preprocessing steps easier

```

In [61]: 1 def preprocess_df(df, column, preview=True, lemmatize=True):
          2     """
          3     Input df with raw text attractions.
          4     Return df with preprocessed text.
          5     If preview=True, returns a preview of the new df.
          6     """
          7
          8     df[column] = df['Attraction'].apply(lambda x: x.lower())
          9     df[column] = df[column].apply(lambda x: re.sub('[%s]' % re.escape(s
10     df[column] = df[column].apply(lambda x: re.sub('\w*\d\w*', '', x))
11
12     if lemmatize:
13         df[column] = df[column].apply(lambda x: ' '.join(
14                                     [token.lemma_ for token in list
15
16     if preview:
17         display(df.head(10))
18
19     return df

```

executed in 4ms, finished 08:39:42 2021-01-26

```

In [62]: 1 def group_text_per_city(df, column):
          2     """
          3     Groups the preprocessed text per city.
          4     """
          5     df_to_group = df[['City', column]]
          6     df_grouped = df_to_group.groupby(by='City').agg(lambda x: ' '.join(x
          7     return df_grouped

```

executed in 1ms, finished 08:39:42 2021-01-26

```

In [63]: 1 def create_doc_term_matrix(df, column, count_vec=True, ngram_range=(1,1
          2     """
          3     Creates a document term matrix.
          4     Defaults to count vectorizer with optional n-gram param.
          5     If count_vec=False, uses a TF-IDF vectorizer.
          6     """
          7     df_grouped = group_text_per_city(df, column)
          8
          9     if count_vec:
10         vec = CountVectorizer(analyzer='word', stop_words=stopwords_lis
11     else:
12         vec = TfidfVectorizer(analyzer='word', stop_words=stopwords_lis
13
14     data = vec.fit_transform(df_grouped[column])
15     df_dtm = pd.DataFrame(data.toarray(), columns=vec.get_feature_names
16     df_dtm.index = df_grouped.index
17     return df_dtm.transpose()

```

executed in 4ms, finished 08:39:42 2021-01-26


```
In [64]: 1 preprocessed_df = preprocess_df(df2, 'lemmatized')
2 dtm_cv = create_doc_term_matrix(preprocessed_df, 'lemmatized', count_vec=1)
3
4 for index, city in enumerate(dtm_cv.columns):
5     generate_wordcloud(dtm_cv[city].sort_values(ascending=False), city)
```

executed in 1m 38.5s, finished 08:41:21 2021-01-26

| | Attraction | City | cleaned | lemmatized |
|---|---|------------------------|---|---|
| 0 | SEA LIFE London Aquarium Admission Ticket | London, United Kingdom | sea life london aquarium admission ticket | sea life london aquarium admission ticket |
| 1 | The Jack The Ripper Walking Tour in London | London, United Kingdom | the jack the ripper walking tour in london | jack ripper walking tour london |
| 2 | Ghost Bus Tour of London | London, United Kingdom | ghost bus tour of london | ghost bus tour london |
| 3 | Big Bus London Hop-On Hop-Off Tour and River C... | London, United Kingdom | big bus london hopon hopoff tour and river cru... | big bus london hopon hopoff tour river cruise ... |
| 5 | London Ghost and Infamous Murders Walking Tour | London, United Kingdom | london ghost and infamous murders walking tour | london ghost infamous murder walk tour |
| | Stonehenge Windsor Castle | London, | stonehenge windsor castle | stonehenge windsor castle |

```
In [65]: 1 dtm_tfidf = create_doc_term_matrix(df2, 'lemmatized', count_vec=False)
2
3 for index, city in enumerate(dtm_tfidf.columns):
4     generate_wordcloud(dtm_tfidf[city].sort_values(ascending=False), ci)
```

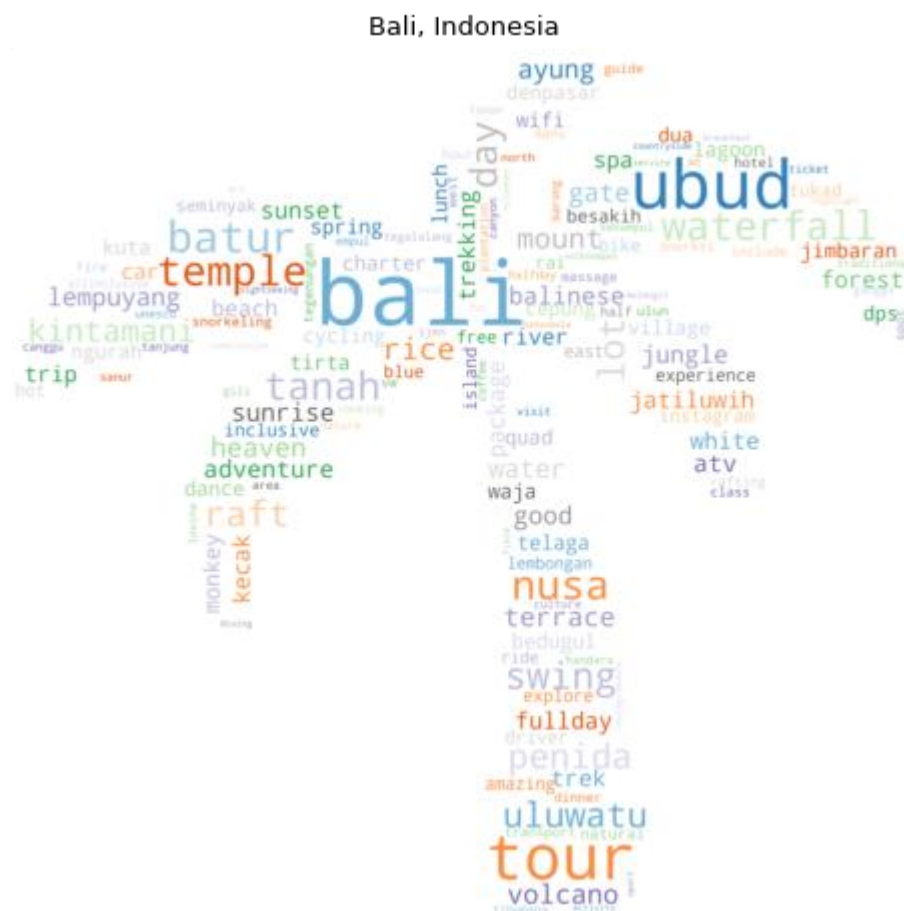
executed in 2.92s, finished 08:41:23 2021-01-26

```
In [66]: 1 dtm_bigram = create_doc_term_matrix(df2, 'lemmatized',
2                                             count_vec=True, ngram_range=(2,2))
3
4 for index, city in enumerate(dtm_bigram.columns):
5     generate_wordcloud(dtm_bigram[city].sort_values(ascending=False), c
```

executed in 3.25s, finished 08:41:27 2021-01-26

```
In [69]: 1 generate_better_wordcloud(dtm_tfidf['Bali, Indonesia']).sort_values(ascending=True)
          2 generate_better_wordcloud(dtm_tfidf['Bali, Indonesia'], mask=mask)
```

executed in 1.69s, finished 08:41:28 2021-01-26



```
In [70]: 1 mask_london = np.array(Image.open('/Users/tiaplagata/Documents/Flatiron'))
```

executed in 7ms, finished 08:41:28 2021-01-26

executed in 564ms, finished 08:41:29 2021-01-26

```
In [29]: 1 mask_paris = np.array(Image.open('/Users/tiaplagata/Documents/Flatiron/
2 generate_better_wordcloud(dtm_tfidf['Paris, France'].sort_values(ascend
3 'Paris, France', mask=mask_paris))
```

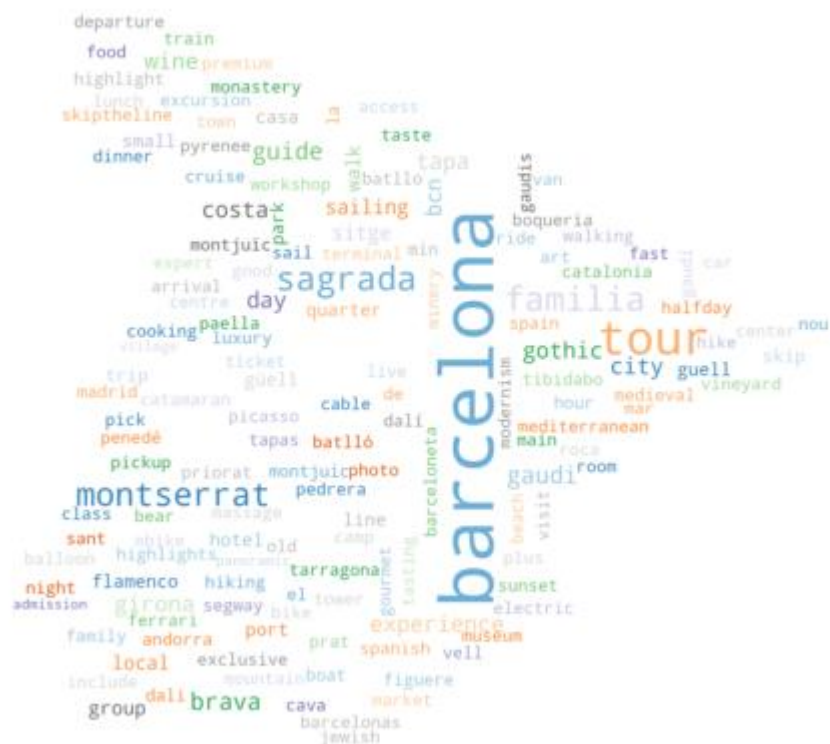
executed in 5.99s, finished 08:41:36 2021-01-26

executed in 1.31s, finished 08:41:37 2021-01-26

[illegible]

executed in 1.09s, finished 08:41:38 2021-01-26

Barcelona, Spain

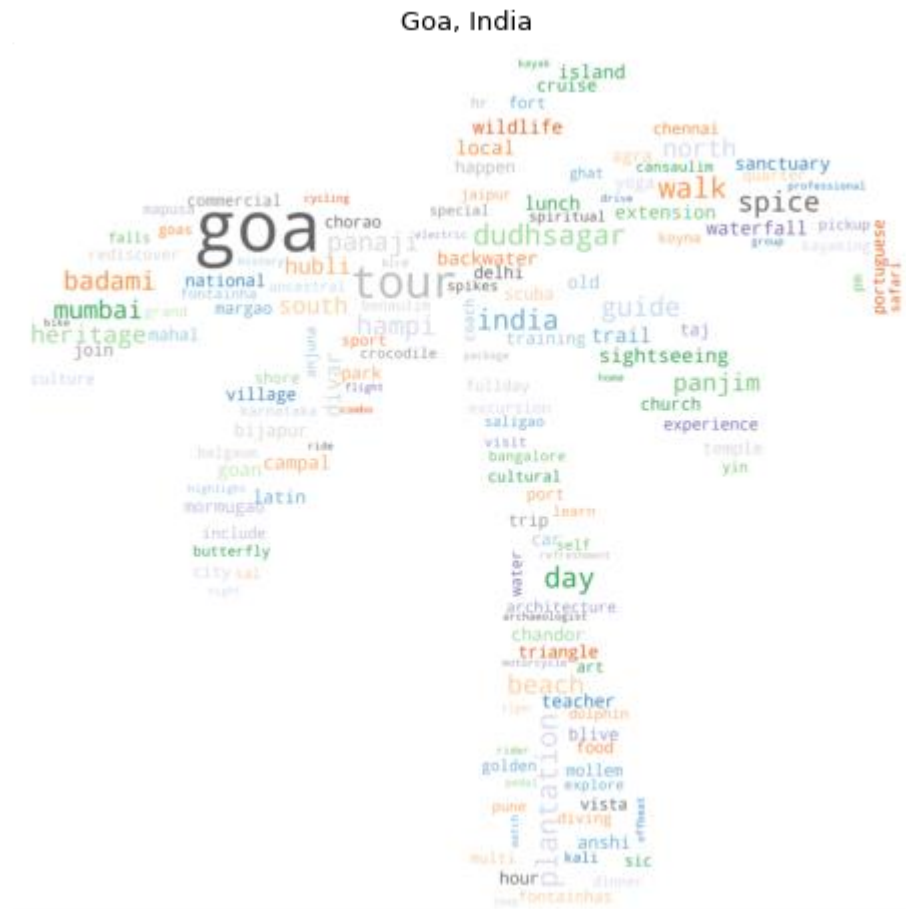


executed in 1.27s, finished 08:41:40 2021-01-26

[illegible]

```
In [34]: 1 generate_better_wordcloud(dtm_tfidf['Goa, India'].sort_values(ascending=
          2                               'Goa, India', mask=mask))
```

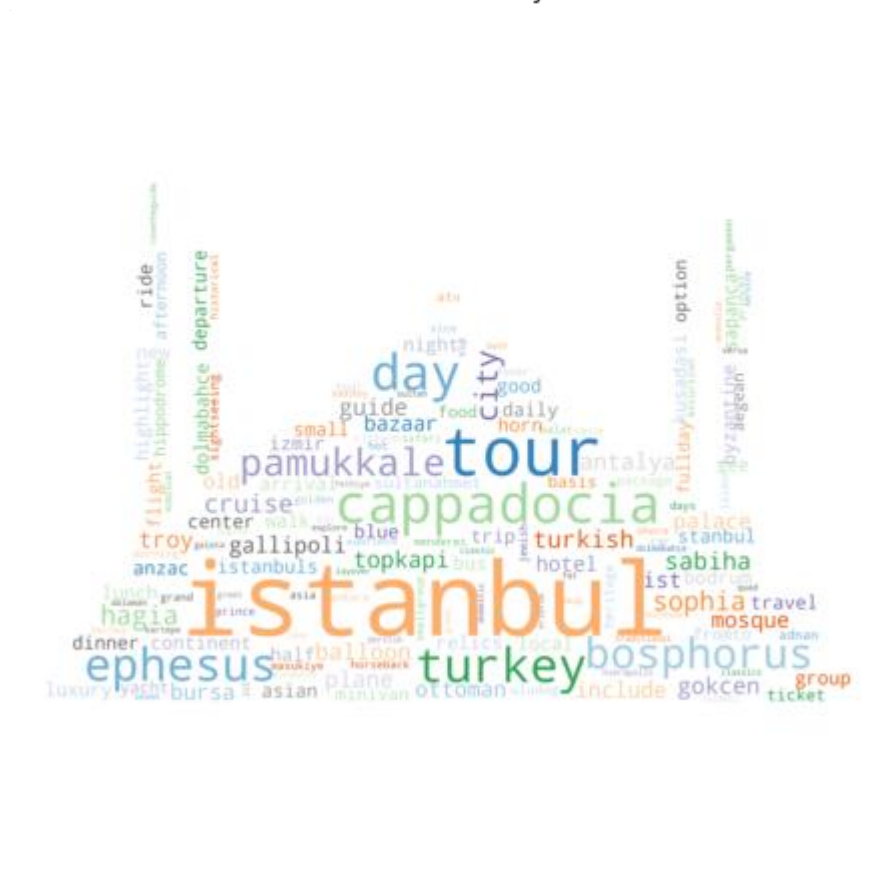
executed in 1.56s, finished 08:41:41 2021-01-26



```
In [35]: 1 mask_istanbul = np.array(Image.open('/Users/tiaplagata/Documents/Flatir  
2 generate_better_wordcloud(dtm_tfidf['Istanbul, Turkey'].sort_values(asc  
3 'Istanbul, Turkey', mask=mask_istanbul))
```

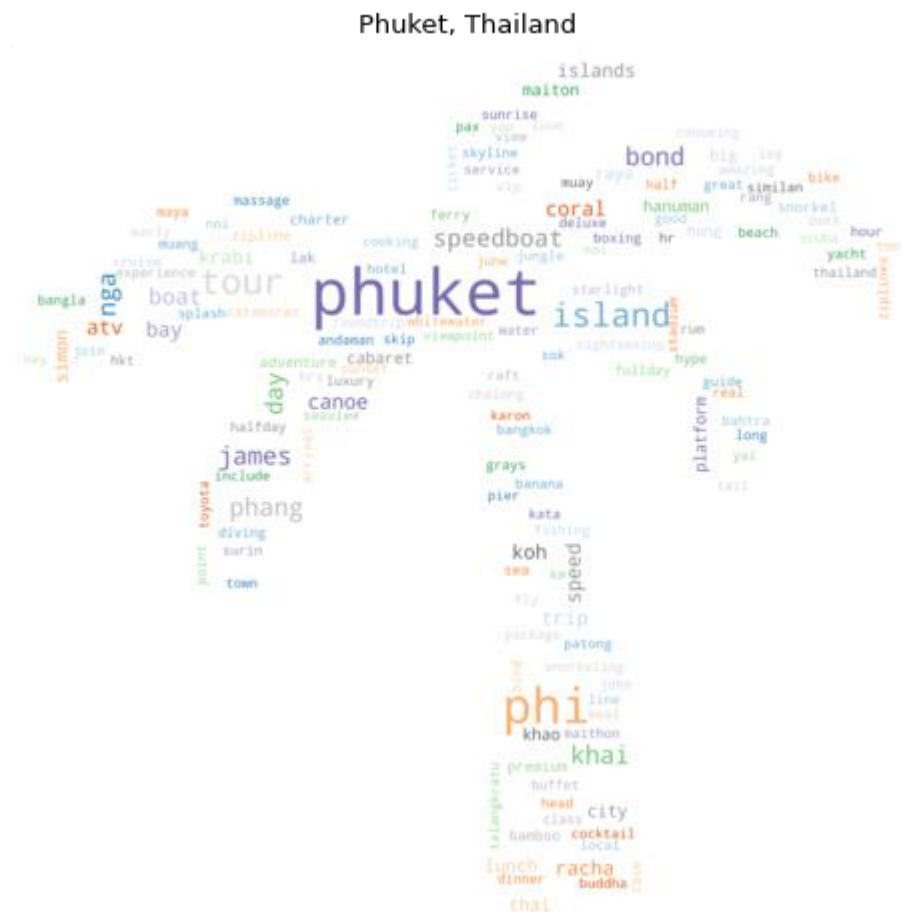
executed in 984ms, finished 08:41:42 2021-01-26

Istanbul, Turkey



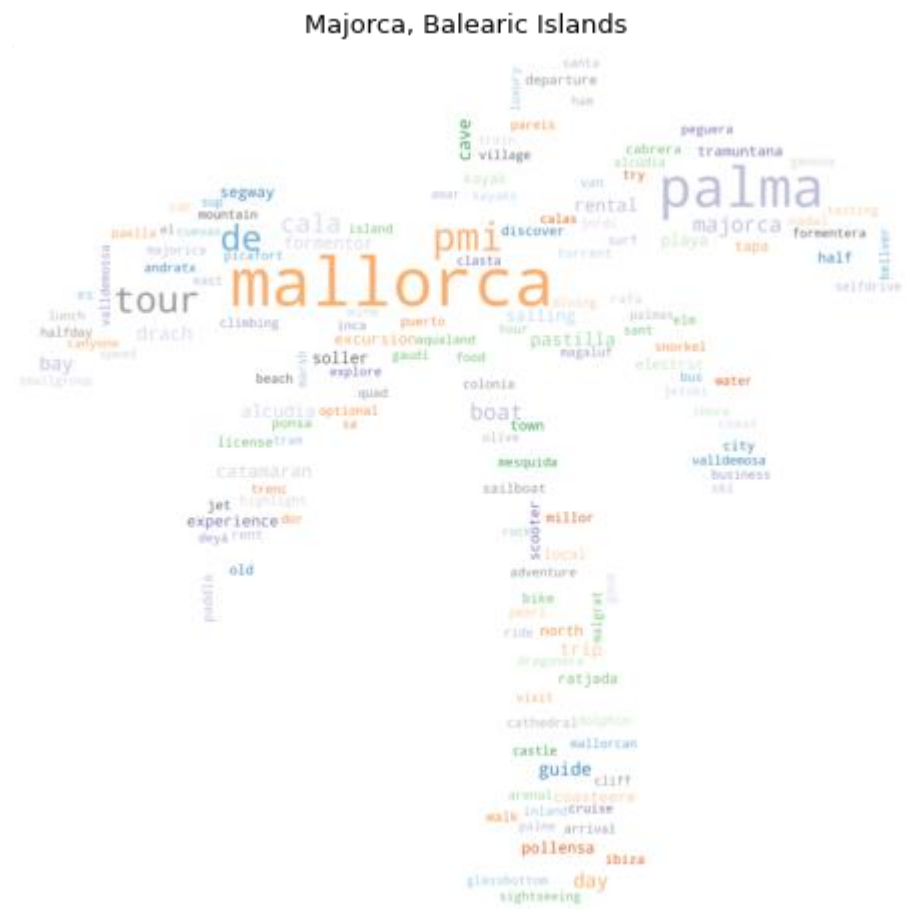
```
In [36]: 1 generate_better_wordcloud(dtm_tfidf['Phuket, Thailand'].sort_values(asc
          2                          'Phuket, Thailand', mask=mask)
```

executed in 1.50s, finished 08:41:44 2021-01-26



[illegible]

executed in 1.51s, finished 08:41:45 2021-01-26



```
In [38]: 1 generate_better_wordcloud(dtm_tfidf['Crete, Greece'].sort_values(ascending=False))
          2 generate_better_wordcloud(dtm_tfidf['Crete, Greece'], mask=mask)
```

executed in 1.62s, finished 08:41:47 2021-01-26



2.3.2 Most Frequent Words Visualizations

- Find the most frequent words per city and visualize them

```
In [39]: 1 # Group the corpora by city and join them
2 df_to_group = preprocessed_df[['City', 'lemmatized']]
3 df_grouped = df_to_group.groupby(by='City').agg(lambda x: ' '.join(x))
4 df_grouped
```

executed in 16ms, finished 08:41:47 2021-01-26

Out[82]:

| | lemmatized |
|------------------------------------|---|
| City | |
| Bali, Indonesia | hotel hotelbali private transfer daytime bali ... |
| Barcelona, Spain | interactive spanish cooking experience barcelo... |
| Crete, Greece | minoans world museum cinema crete wine ol... |
| Dubai, United Arab Emirates | premium red dune camel safari bbq al khayma ... |
| Goa, India | fontainhas heritage walk sunset cruise paradis... |
| Istanbul, Turkey | bosphorus sunset cruise luxury yacht istanbu... |
| London, United Kingdom | sea life london aquarium admission ticket jack... |
| Majorca, Balearic Islands | cave genova admission palma de mallorca shore ... |
| Paris, France | bateaux parisiens seine river gourmet dinner ... |
| Phuket, Thailand | phi phi maiton khai islands speedboat phi ph... |
| Rome, Italy | fast skiptheline vatican sistine chapel st pet... |
| Sicily, Italy | etna taormina fullday tour catania palermo str... |

```
In [40]: 1 bali_text = df_grouped.loc['Bali, Indonesia', 'lemmatized']
2         fd = FreqDist(word_tokenize(bali_text))
3         fd.most_common(20)
```

executed in 130ms, finished 08:41:47 2021-01-26

```
Out[83]: [('bali', 2206),
('tour', 2187),
('private', 1025),
('ubud', 869),
('day', 669),
('temple', 513),
('waterfall', 402),
('raft', 308),
('batur', 292),
('transfer', 275),
('good', 275),
('water', 262),
('airport', 253),
('adventure', 252),
('nusa', 252),
('lot', 251),
('tanah', 242),
('fullday', 231),
('package', 226),
('swing', 224)]
```

```
In [84]: 1 city_freqs = {}
2         for city in df_grouped.index:
3             city_text = df_grouped.loc[city, 'lemmatized']
4             fd = FreqDist(word_tokenize(city_text))
5             city_freqs[city] = fd.most_common(20)
6         city_freqs_df = pd.DataFrame(city_freqs)
7         city_freqs_df.head()
```

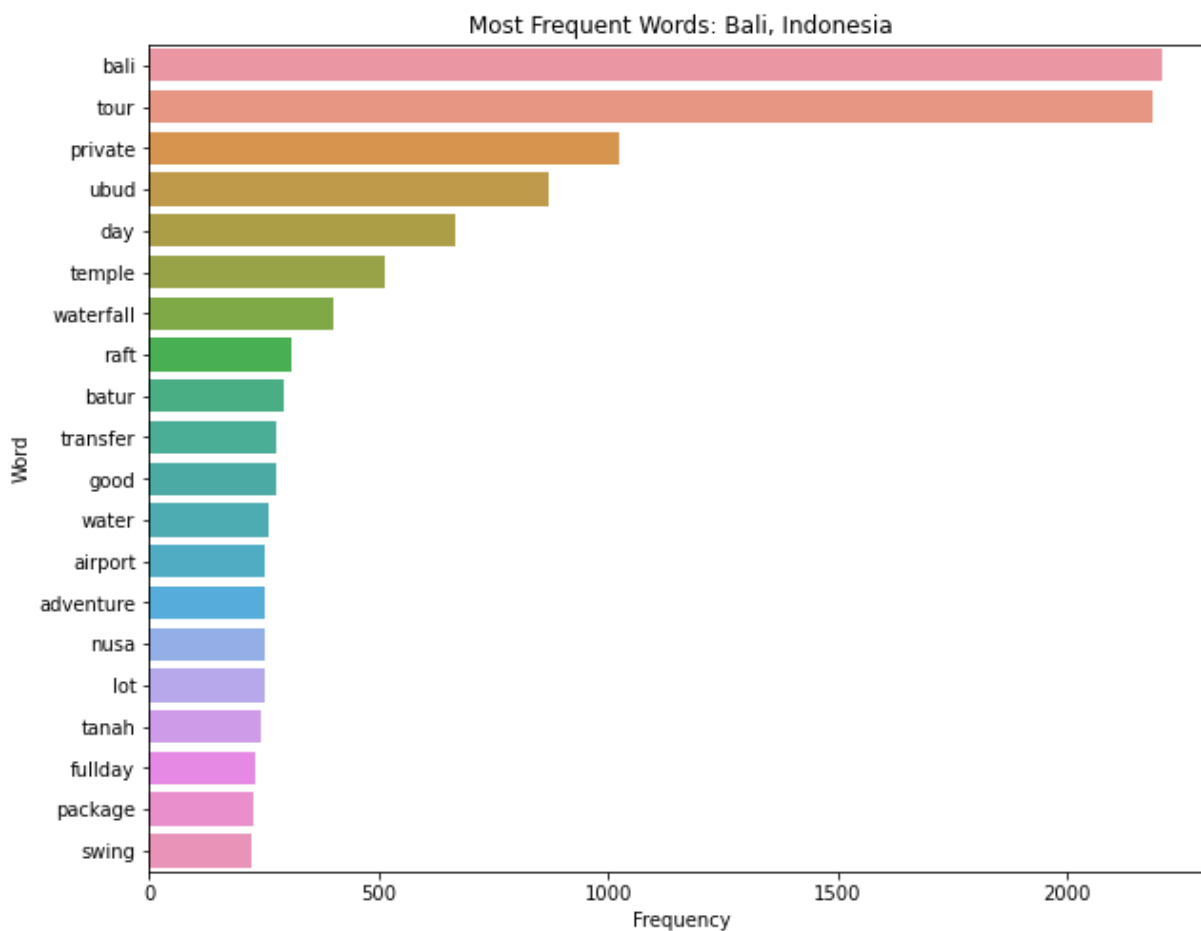
executed in 708ms, finished 08:41:48 2021-01-26

Out[84]:

| | Bali, Indonesia | Barcelona, Spain | Crete, Greece | Dubai, United Arab Emirates | Goa, India | Istanbul, Turkey | London, United Kingdom | Majorca, Balearic Islands | Paris, France | Phu Thail |
|----------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|--------------|
| n | (bali, 2206) | (barcelona, 1105) | (private, 340) | (dubai, 2144) | (goa, 220) | (istanbul, 1338) | (london, 1862) | (mallorca, 209) | (paris, 1654) | (phu |
| 1 | (tour, 2187) | (tour, 861) | (tour, 272) | (tour, 1321) | (tour, 150) | (tour, 1243) | (tour, 1462) | (tour, 144) | (tour, 1152) | (t |
| 2 | (private, 1025) | (private, 616) | (transfer, 258) | (desert, 900) | (private, 45) | (day, 656) | (private, 1201) | (palma, 133) | (private, 949) | (|
| 3 | (ubud, 869) | (transfer, 166) | (airport, 251) | (safari, 898) | (walk, 41) | (private, 578) | (airport, 439) | (private, 97) | (airport, 293) | (isla |
| 4 | (day, 669) | (airport, 152) | (crete, 216) | (private, 708) | (day, 39) | (airport, 299) | (transfer, 404) | (de, 90) | (transfer, 280) | (|

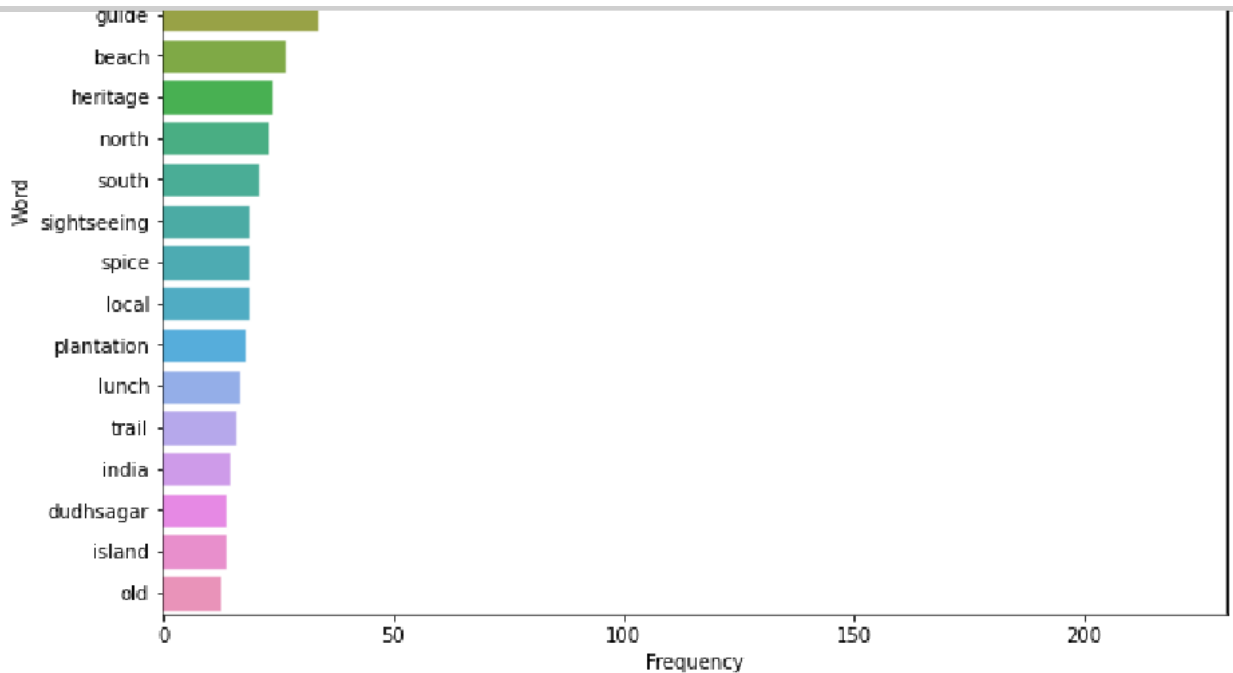

```
In [41]: 1 # Make one graph of most frequent words
2 yaxis = [x[0] for x in city_freqs_df['Bali, Indonesia']]
3 xaxis = [x[1] for x in city_freqs_df['Bali, Indonesia']]
4
5 plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
6 sns.barplot(xaxis, yaxis)
7 plt.title('Most Frequent Words: Bali, Indonesia')
8 plt.xlabel('Frequency')
9 plt.ylabel('Word')
10 plt.show()
```

executed in 171ms, finished 08:42:03 2021-01-26



```
In [42]: 1 # Make graphs for each city
2 for city in city_freqs_df.columns:
3     yaxis = [x[0] for x in city_freqs_df[city]]
4     xaxis = [x[1] for x in city_freqs_df[city]]
5
6     plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
7     sns.barplot(xaxis, yaxis)
8     plt.title(f'Most Frequent Words: {city}')
9     plt.xlabel('Frequency')
10    plt.ylabel('Word')
11    plt.show()
```

executed in 1.82s, finished 08:42:15 2021-01-26



2.4 Modeling

2.4.1 Baseline Naive Bayes Model

```
In [88]: 1 # Re-import the data to get a fresh start
2 data = pd.read_csv('/Users/tiapladata/Documents/Flatiron/capstone-proje
3 data.head()
```

executed in 55ms, finished 08:42:41 2021-01-26

Out[88]:

| | Attraction | City |
|---|---|------------------------|
| 0 | SEA LIFE London Aquarium Admission Ticket | London, United Kingdom |
| 1 | The Jack The Ripper Walking Tour in London | London, United Kingdom |
| 2 | Ghost Bus Tour of London | London, United Kingdom |
| 3 | Big Bus London Hop-On Hop-Off Tour and River C... | London, United Kingdom |
| 4 | The Blood and Tears Walk: Serial Killers and L... | London, United Kingdom |

```
In [89]: 1 # Perform train/test split before cleaning/preprocessing
2 X = data['Attraction']
3 y = data['City']
4 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=.2,
5 X_train.shape, X_test.shape)
```

executed in 22ms, finished 08:42:42 2021-01-26

Out[89]: ((22703,), (5676,))

```
In [90]: 1 # Since this is a series, I will need to make it a DF for my preprocess
2 X_train
```

executed in 9ms, finished 08:42:43 2021-01-26

```
Out[90]: 2092          The Colosseum and The Ancient City of Rome
814          Paintball in Canggu/Bali
1920      9Hr Tour London Eye, Westminster Abbey and St ...
348          Dubai 3h Sea escape: Swim! Tan! Sightsee!
3122      Private Bali Half Day Car Charter - Uluwatu Su...
...
1428          Barcelona City + La Roca Village Tour
14      Etna, Wine and Alcantara Tour - Small Groups f...
3345          Fujiearah East Coast Tour
4210      Early Morning Vatican Museums, Sistine Chapel,...
246          Rafa Nadal Museum Mallorca Half Day Tour
Name: Attraction, Length: 22703, dtype: object
```

```
In [91]: 1 X_train_preprocessed = preprocess_df(pd.DataFrame(X_train, columns=['Attraction', 'City']))
2 X_test_preprocessed = preprocess_df(pd.DataFrame(X_test, columns=['Attraction', 'City']))
```

executed in 1m 46.2s, finished 08:44:30 2021-01-26

| | Attraction | lemmatized |
|-------------|---|---|
| 2092 | The Colosseum and The Ancient City of Rome | colosseum ancient city rome |
| 814 | Paintball in Canggu/Bali | paintball canggubali |
| 1920 | 9Hr Tour London Eye, Westminster Abbey and St ... | tour london eye westminster abbey st pauls c... |
| 348 | Dubai 3h Sea escape: Swim! Tan! Sightsee! | dubai sea escape swim tan sightsee |
| 3122 | Private Bali Half Day Car Charter - Uluwatu Su... | private bali half day car charter uluwatu su... |
| 1313 | Rooftop Pasta Making Class and Food Market Tou... | rooftop pasta make class food market tour rome |
| 952 | Colosseum, Forum and Baroque Squares | colosseum forum baroque square |
| 972 | Gothic Quarter's deepest secrets & Sangria | gothic quarter deep secret sangria |
| 1622 | Private Half-Day Montserrat Tour in Afternoon ... | private halfday montserrat tour afternoon pi... |
| 1036 | Changing of the Guard Half-Day Private Walking... | change guard halfday private walk london tour |

```
In [92]: 1 stopwords_list = stopwords.words('english')
2 stopwords_list += list(string.punctuation)
3 stopwords_list += ['airport', 'transfer', 'private']
```

executed in 3ms, finished 08:44:30 2021-01-26

```
In [93]: 1 # Vectorize the text data to be suitable for modeling
2 vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(analyzer='word', stop_words=stopwords_list)
3 X_train_tfidf = vectorizer.fit_transform(X_train_preprocessed['lemmatized'])
4 X_test_tfidf = vectorizer.transform(X_test_preprocessed['lemmatized'])
```

executed in 181ms, finished 08:44:30 2021-01-26

```
In [94]: 1 def plot_conf_matrix(y_true, y_pred):
2
3     """
4     Plots a confusion matrix and displays classification report.
5     """
6
7     cm = confusion_matrix(y_true, y_pred, normalize='true')
8     plt.figure(figsize=(15, 15))
9     sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, cmap='Blues', fmt='0.2g', annot_kws={"size": 12,
10     xticklabels=nb.classes_, yticklabels=nb.classes_, square=True})
11     plt.xlabel('Predictions')
12     plt.ylabel('Actuals')
13     plt.show()
```

executed in 3ms, finished 08:44:30 2021-01-26

```
In [95]: 1 def evaluate_model(model, X_train, X_test):
2     y_preds_train = model.predict(X_train.todense())
3     y_preds_test = model.predict(X_test.todense())
4
5     print('Training Accuracy:', accuracy_score(y_train, y_preds_train))
6     print('Testing Accuracy:', accuracy_score(y_test, y_preds_test))
7     print('\n----- \n')
8     print('Training F1:', f1_score(y_train, y_preds_train, average='weighted'))
9     print('Testing F1:', f1_score(y_test, y_preds_test, average='weighted'))
10    print('\n----- \n')
11    print('Train Confusion Matrix\n')
12    plot_conf_matrix(y_train, y_preds_train)
13    print('Test Confusion Matrix\n')
14    plot_conf_matrix(y_test, y_preds_test)
15    print('\n----- \n')
16    print(classification_report(y_test, y_preds_test))
```

executed in 3ms, finished 08:44:30 2021-01-26

```
In [96]: 1 nb = MultinomialNB()
2 nb.fit(X_train_tfidf.todense(), y_train)
```

executed in 1.28s, finished 08:44:31 2021-01-26

Out[96]: MultinomialNB()

```
In [97]: 1 nb.classes_
```

executed in 5ms, finished 08:44:31 2021-01-26

Out[97]: array(['Bali, Indonesia', 'Barcelona, Spain', 'Crete, Greece',
'Dubai, United Arab Emirates', 'Goa, India', 'Istanbul, Turkey',
'London, United Kingdom', 'Majorca, Balearic Islands',
'Paris, France', 'Phuket, Thailand', 'Rome, Italy',
'Sicily, Italy'], dtype='<U27')

```
In [98]: 1 evaluate_model(nb, X_train_tfidf, X_test_tfidf)
```

executed in 2.28s, finished 08:44:33 2021-01-26

Training Accuracy: 0.9226093467823636

Testing Accuracy: 0.8921775898520085

Training F1: 0.9181553338941022

Testing F1: 0.8867599504204542

Train Confusion Matrix



Test Confusion Matrix



| | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|-----------------------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| Bali, Indonesia | 0.84 | 0.97 | 0.90 | 1001 |
| Barcelona, Spain | 0.96 | 0.86 | 0.90 | 368 |
| Crete, Greece | 1.00 | 0.64 | 0.78 | 244 |
| Dubai, United Arab Emirates | 0.91 | 0.96 | 0.93 | 760 |
| Goa, India | 1.00 | 0.24 | 0.38 | 68 |
| Istanbul, Turkey | 0.97 | 0.91 | 0.94 | 485 |
| London, United Kingdom | 0.92 | 0.91 | 0.92 | 563 |
| Majorca, Balearic Islands | 1.00 | 0.33 | 0.49 | 101 |
| Paris, France | 0.94 | 0.90 | 0.92 | 538 |
| Phuket, Thailand | 0.98 | 0.80 | 0.88 | 212 |
| Rome, Italy | 0.79 | 0.98 | 0.87 | 923 |
| Sicily, Italy | 0.97 | 0.81 | 0.88 | 413 |
| accuracy | | | 0.89 | 5676 |
| macro avg | 0.94 | 0.77 | 0.82 | 5676 |
| weighted avg | 0.90 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 5676 |

Surprisingly, this model performs pretty well. However, the 3 classes with the lowest accuracy and F1 scores are Goa, Majorca, and Crete. These are also the 3 classes with the least attractions, meaning that class imbalance is definitely affecting this model. I can fix this issue using class weights in the next iteration.

▼ 2.4.2 Naive Bayes Iteration 2

- Using class weights to improve class imbalance.

```
In [99]: 1 # Compute class weights
2 class_weights = class_weight.compute_class_weight('balanced',
3                                                    np.unique(y_train),
4                                                    y_train)
5 weights_dict = dict(zip(np.unique(y_train), class_weights))
6 weights_dict
```

executed in 25ms, finished 08:44:33 2021-01-26

```
Out[99]: {'Bali, Indonesia': 0.4730974410269234,
'Barcelona, Spain': 1.272304416050213,
'Crete, Greece': 2.42864783910997,
'Dubai, United Arab Emirates': 0.6448250397636901,
'Goa, India': 6.732799525504152,
'Istanbul, Turkey': 1.038373582144164,
'London, United Kingdom': 0.8446056547619047,
'Majorca, Balearic Islands': 5.359537299338999,
'Paris, France': 0.8795521462885479,
'Phuket, Thailand': 1.9129592180653858,
'Rome, Italy': 0.4640462758564304,
'Sicily, Italy': 1.1891368112298344}
```

```
In [100]: 1 # Use class weights dictionary to calculate sample weight (needed for M
2 sample_weights = class_weight.compute_sample_weight(weights_dict, y_train)
```

executed in 13ms, finished 08:44:33 2021-01-26

```
In [101]: 1 nb = MultinomialNB()
2 nb.fit(X_train_tfidf.todense(),
3        y_train,
4        sample_weight=sample_weights)
```

executed in 772ms, finished 08:44:34 2021-01-26

```
Out[101]: MultinomialNB()
```

```
In [102]: 1 evaluate_model(nb, X_train_tfidf, X_test_tfidf)
```

executed in 2.34s, finished 08:44:37 2021-01-26

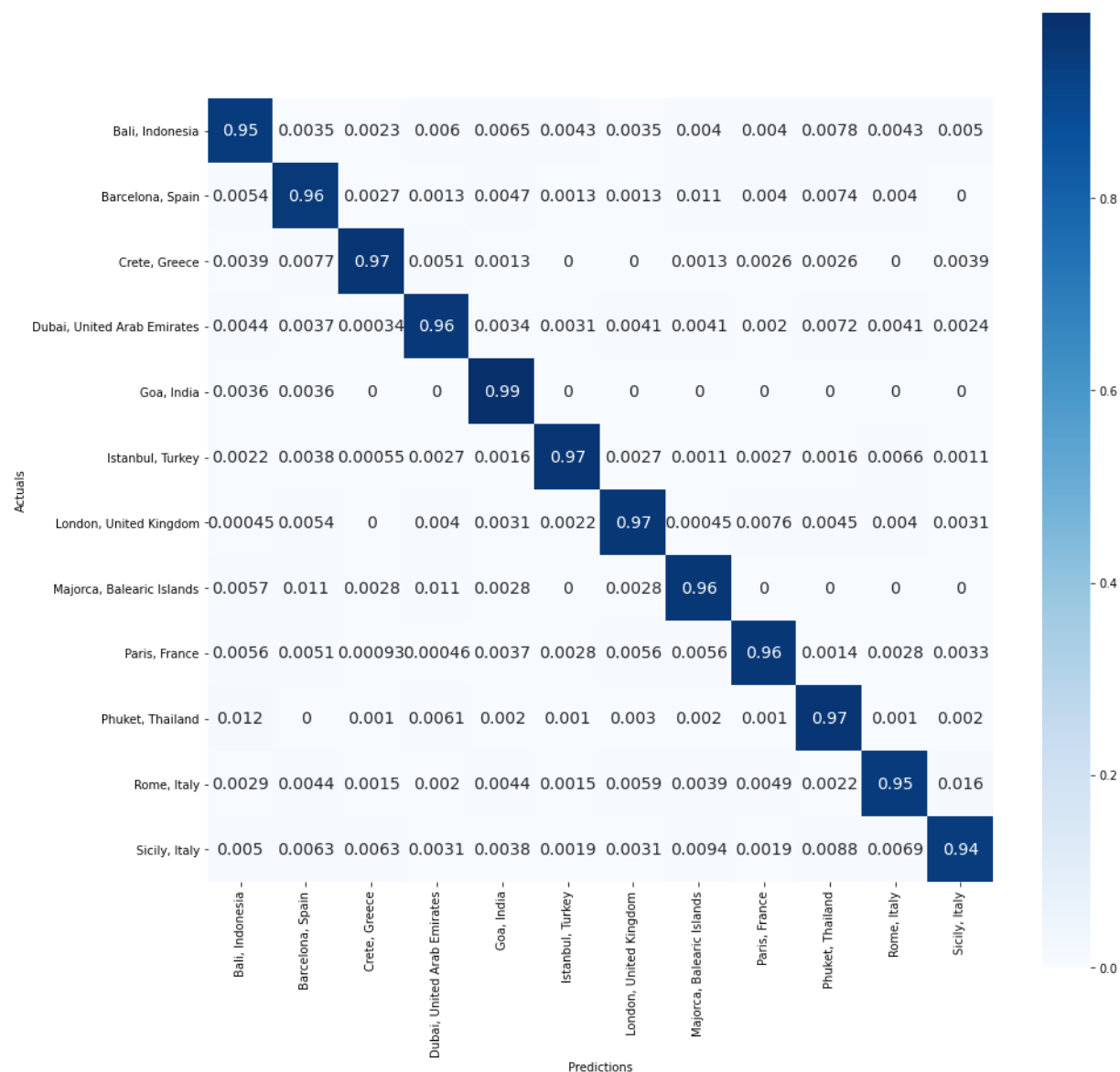
Training Accuracy: 0.9581112628287011

Testing Accuracy: 0.9277660324171952

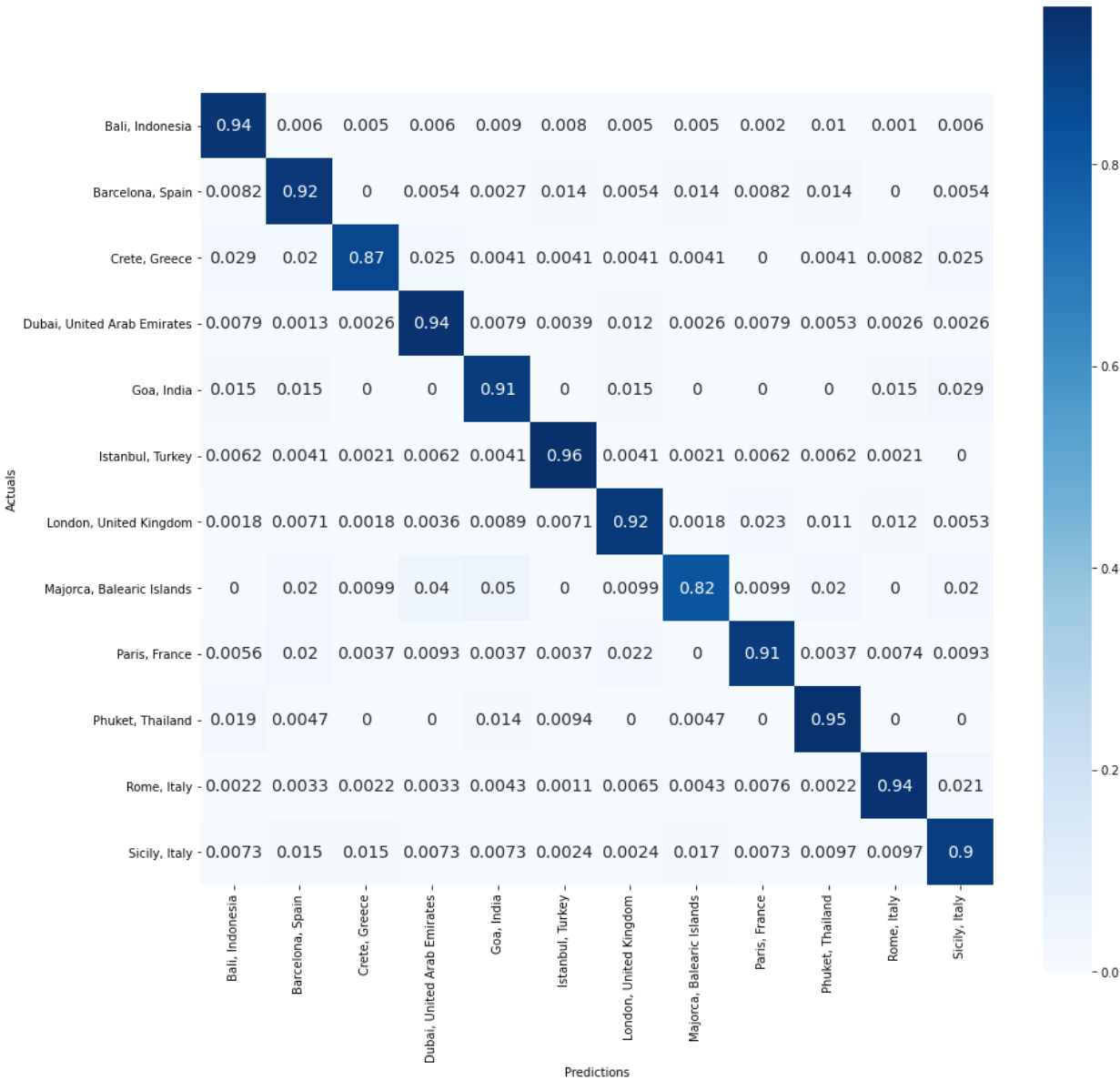
Training F1: 0.9585693303384949

Testing F1: 0.9287478733306096

Train Confusion Matrix



Test Confusion Matrix



| | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|------------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| Bali, Indonesia | 0.97 | 0.94 | 0.95 | 1001 |
| Barcelona, Spain | 0.89 | 0.92 | 0.91 | 368 |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Crete, Greece | 0.91 | 0.87 | 0.89 | 244 |
| Dubai, United Arab Emirates | 0.95 | 0.94 | 0.95 | 760 |
| Goa, India | 0.60 | 0.91 | 0.73 | 68 |
| Istanbul, Turkey | 0.95 | 0.96 | 0.95 | 485 |
| London, United Kingdom | 0.93 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 563 |
| Majorca, Balearic Islands | 0.75 | 0.82 | 0.79 | 101 |
| Paris, France | 0.93 | 0.91 | 0.92 | 538 |
| Phuket, Thailand | 0.84 | 0.95 | 0.89 | 212 |
| Rome, Italy | 0.98 | 0.94 | 0.96 | 923 |
| Sicily, Italy | 0.89 | 0.90 | 0.89 | 413 |
| accuracy | | | 0.93 | 5676 |
| macro avg | 0.88 | 0.92 | 0.90 | 5676 |
| weighted avg | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.93 | 5676 |

This model did really well! Although, in many of these cities' attractions text, the name of the city is included. This may become an issue in the future because when we introduce new text to this model, it may not include the city name.

▼ 2.4.3 Iteration 3: What happens if I take the city names out?

```
In [103]: 1 new_stopwords = stopwords_list + ['bali', 'barcelona', 'crete', 'dubai',
2                                           'istanbul', 'london', 'majorca', 'phu
3                                           'paris', 'rome', 'sicily', 'mallorca']
```

executed in 2ms, finished 08:44:37 2021-01-26

```
In [104]: 1 vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(analyzer='word',
2                                       stop_words=new_stopwords,
3                                       decode_error='ignore')
4 X_train_tfidf = vectorizer.fit_transform(X_train_preprocessed['lemmatiz
5 X_test_tfidf = vectorizer.transform(X_test_preprocessed['lemmatized'])
```

executed in 280ms, finished 08:44:37 2021-01-26

```
In [105]: 1 nb = MultinomialNB()
2 nb.fit(X_train_tfidf.todense(),
3        y_train,
4        sample_weight=sample_weights)
```

executed in 786ms, finished 08:44:38 2021-01-26

Out[105]: MultinomialNB()

```
In [106]: 1 evaluate_model(nb, X_train_tfidf, X_test_tfidf)
```

executed in 2.28s, finished 08:44:40 2021-01-26

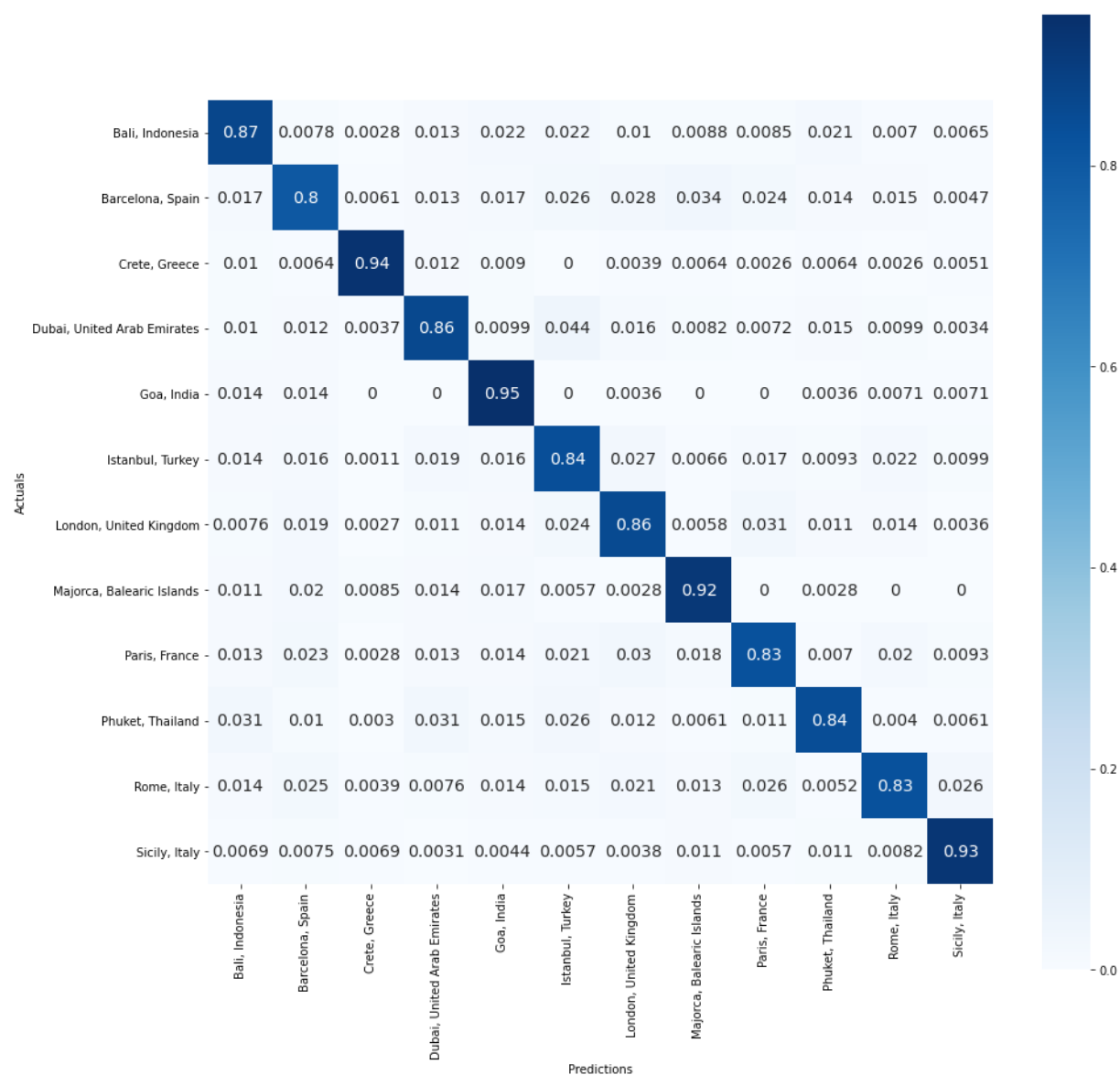
Training Accuracy: 0.8565387834206933

Testing Accuracy: 0.8097251585623678

Training F1: 0.8598573049581161

Testing F1: 0.8145056259393049

Train Confusion Matrix



Test Confusion Matrix



```
-----
```

| | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|-----------------------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| Bali, Indonesia | 0.91 | 0.84 | 0.88 | 1001 |
| Barcelona, Spain | 0.68 | 0.71 | 0.69 | 368 |
| Crete, Greece | 0.87 | 0.82 | 0.84 | 244 |
| Dubai, United Arab Emirates | 0.89 | 0.86 | 0.87 | 760 |
| Goa, India | 0.33 | 0.75 | 0.46 | 68 |
| Istanbul, Turkey | 0.76 | 0.83 | 0.79 | 485 |
| London, United Kingdom | 0.81 | 0.77 | 0.79 | 563 |
| Majorca, Balearic Islands | 0.51 | 0.75 | 0.61 | 101 |
| Paris, France | 0.78 | 0.75 | 0.77 | 538 |
| Phuket, Thailand | 0.67 | 0.77 | 0.71 | 212 |
| Rome, Italy | 0.91 | 0.81 | 0.85 | 923 |
| Sicily, Italy | 0.82 | 0.88 | 0.85 | 413 |
| accuracy | | | 0.81 | 5676 |
| macro avg | 0.74 | 0.80 | 0.76 | 5676 |
| weighted avg | 0.82 | 0.81 | 0.81 | 5676 |

In [107]:

```
1 # Pickle the Naive Bayes Model
2 with open('/Users/tlaplagata/Documents/Flatiron/capstone-project/nb_model.pkl',
3           'wb') as f:
4     pickle.dump(nb, f, pickle.HIGHEST_PROTOCOL)
```

Much better, because these are more realistic accuracy scores and F1 scores for when we introduce new text to the model.

executed in 5ms, finished 08:44:40 2021-01-26

▼ 2.4.4 Iteration 4: Try using Count Vectorization

```
In [108]: 1 # Continuing each new iteration without city names
2 cv = CountVectorizer(analyzer='word',
3                      stop_words=new_stopwords,
4                      decode_error='ignore')
5 X_train_cv = cv.fit_transform(X_train_preprocessed['lemmatized'])
6 X_test_cv = cv.transform(X_test_preprocessed['lemmatized'])
7 nb_cv = MultinomialNB()
8 nb_cv.fit(X_train_cv.todense(),
9           y_train,
10          sample_weight=sample_weights)
11 evaluate_model(nb_cv, X_train_cv, X_test_cv)
```

executed in 5.00s, finished 08:44:45 2021-01-26

Training Accuracy: 0.8411663656785446

Testing Accuracy: 0.7986257928118393

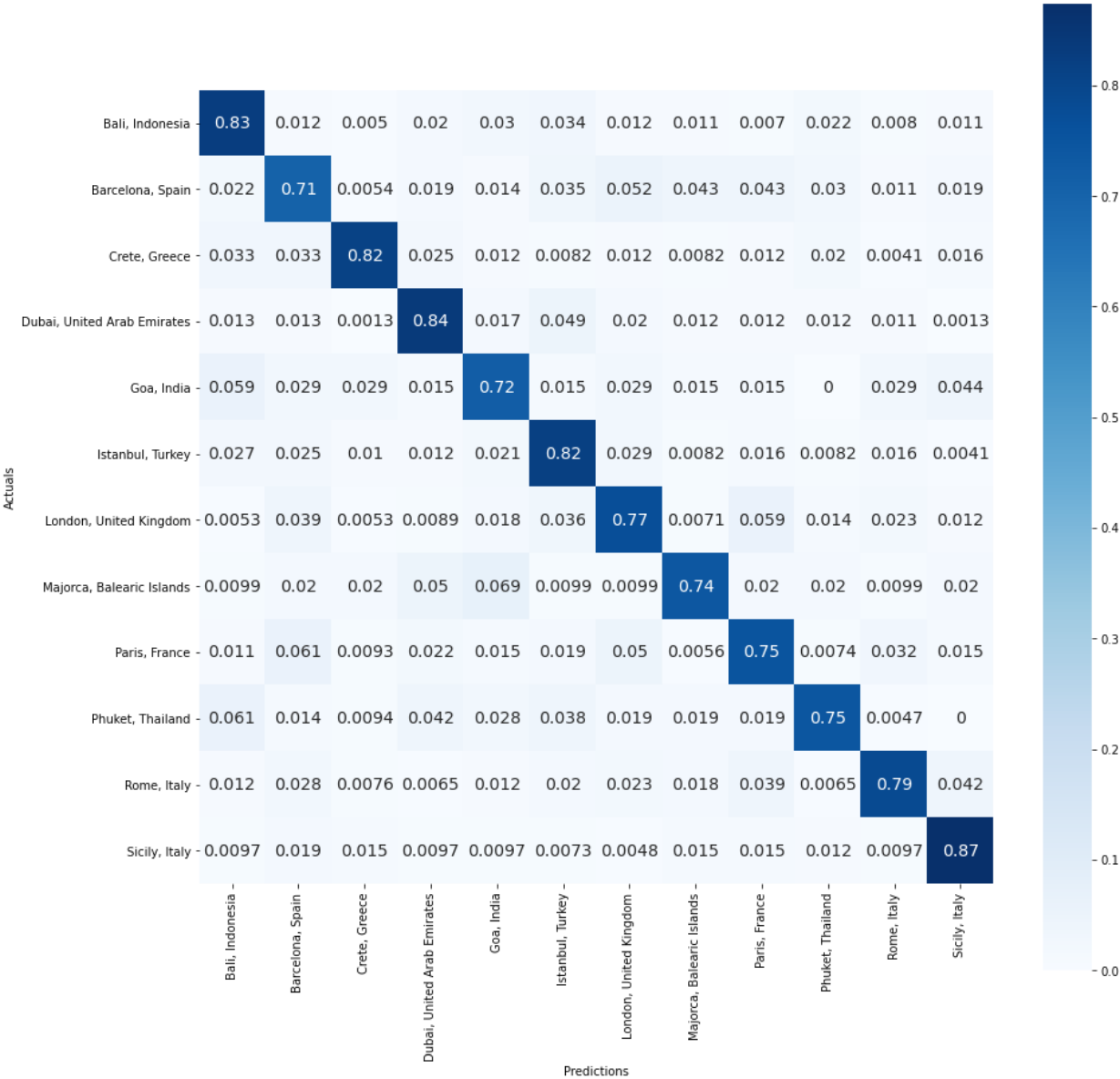
Training F1: 0.8457208352328576

Testing F1: 0.804145844014088

Train Confusion Matrix



Test Confusion Matrix



| | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|-----------------------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| Bali, Indonesia | 0.91 | 0.83 | 0.87 | 1001 |
| Barcelona, Spain | 0.65 | 0.71 | 0.68 | 368 |
| Crete, Greece | 0.83 | 0.82 | 0.82 | 244 |
| Dubai, United Arab Emirates | 0.89 | 0.84 | 0.86 | 760 |
| Goa, India | 0.31 | 0.72 | 0.44 | 68 |

| | | | | |
|---------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Istanbul, Turkey | 0.73 | 0.82 | 0.77 | 485 |
| London, United Kingdom | 0.78 | 0.77 | 0.78 | 563 |
| Majorca, Balearic Islands | 0.49 | 0.74 | 0.59 | 101 |
| Paris, France | 0.76 | 0.75 | 0.76 | 538 |
| Phuket, Thailand | 0.68 | 0.75 | 0.71 | 212 |
| Rome, Italy | 0.92 | 0.79 | 0.85 | 923 |
| Sicily, Italy | 0.81 | 0.87 | 0.84 | 413 |
| accuracy | | | 0.80 | 5676 |
| macro avg | 0.73 | 0.78 | 0.75 | 5676 |
| weighted avg | 0.82 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 5676 |

With count vectorization, the scores are very similar, but still a tiny bit lower than with TF-IDF vectorization, therefore I will keep the TF-IDF vectorization strategy.

▼ 2.4.5 Iteration 5: Try using Bi-Grams

```
In [109]: 1 bigram = CountVectorizer(analyzer='word',
2                               stop_words=new_stopwords,
3                               decode_error='ignore',
4                               ngram_range=(2,2))
5 X_train_bg = bigram.fit_transform(X_train_preprocessed['lemmatized'])
6 X_test_bg = bigram.transform(X_test_preprocessed['lemmatized'])
7 nb_bg = MultinomialNB()
8 nb_bg.fit(X_train_bg.todense(),
9           y_train,
10           sample_weight=sample_weights)
11 evaluate_model(nb_bg, X_train_bg, X_test_bg)
```

executed in 22.2s, finished 08:45:07 2021-01-26

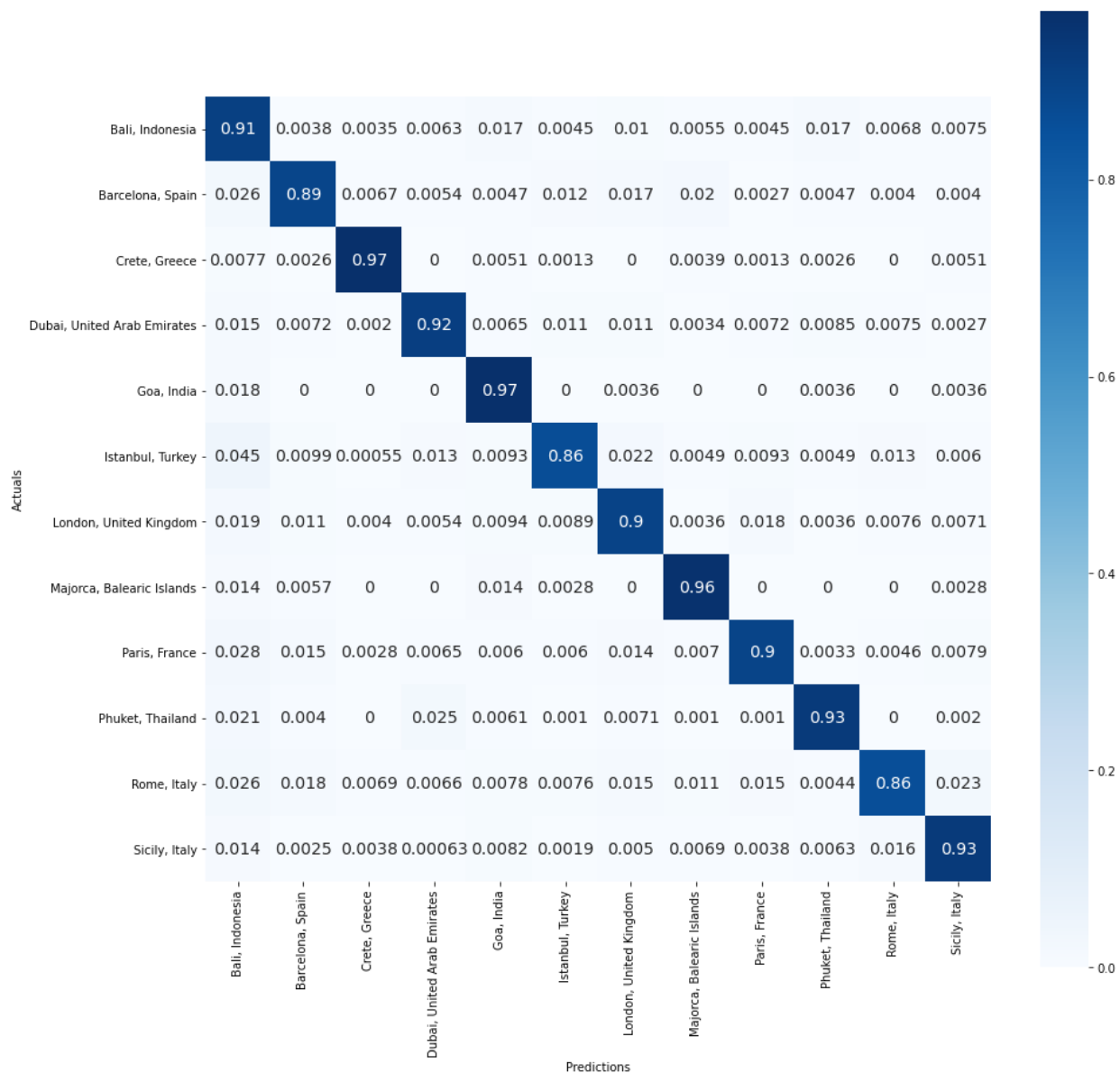
Training Accuracy: 0.9017310487600758

Testing Accuracy: 0.7330866807610994

Training F1: 0.9028980844683272

Testing F1: 0.7365795331299736

Train Confusion Matrix



Test Confusion Matrix



| | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|-----------------------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| Bali, Indonesia | 0.62 | 0.85 | 0.72 | 1001 |
| Barcelona, Spain | 0.63 | 0.59 | 0.61 | 368 |
| Crete, Greece | 0.81 | 0.69 | 0.74 | 244 |
| Dubai, United Arab Emirates | 0.91 | 0.84 | 0.87 | 760 |
| Goa, India | 0.34 | 0.63 | 0.44 | 68 |
| Istanbul, Turkey | 0.81 | 0.74 | 0.78 | 485 |
| London, United Kingdom | 0.76 | 0.69 | 0.72 | 563 |
| Majorca, Balearic Islands | 0.42 | 0.51 | 0.46 | 101 |
| Paris, France | 0.74 | 0.63 | 0.68 | 538 |
| Phuket, Thailand | 0.65 | 0.75 | 0.70 | 212 |
| Rome, Italy | 0.86 | 0.70 | 0.77 | 923 |
| Sicily, Italy | 0.75 | 0.72 | 0.73 | 413 |
| accuracy | | | 0.73 | 5676 |
| macro avg | 0.69 | 0.70 | 0.69 | 5676 |
| weighted avg | 0.75 | 0.73 | 0.74 | 5676 |

The bi-grams did well for the training accuracy, but not so great for the testing accuracy. Thus, this model is very overfit, and TF-IDF vectorization is the best vectorization strategy for this dataset.

▼ 2.4.6 Iteration 6: Try using a Random Forest Model

- The benefit of this is the ability to see feature importances and get more insight into how the model is working with the text data

```
In [110]: 1 vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(analyzer='word',
2                                     stop_words=new_stopwords,
3                                     decode_error='ignore')
4 X_train_tfidf = vectorizer.fit_transform(X_train_preprocessed['lemmatiz
5 X_test_tfidf = vectorizer.transform(X_test_preprocessed['lemmatized'])
```

executed in 182ms, finished 08:45:07 2021-01-26

```
In [111]: 1 rf = RandomForestClassifier(class_weight=weights_dict)
2 rf.fit(X_train_tfidf.todense(), y_train)
```

executed in 2m 5s, finished 08:47:13 2021-01-26

```
Out[111]: RandomForestClassifier(class_weight={'Bali, Indonesia': 0.473097441026923
4,
                                     'Barcelona, Spain': 1.27230441605021
3,
                                     'Crete, Greece': 2.42864783910997,
                                     'Dubai, United Arab Emirates': 0.644
8250397636901,
                                     'Goa, India': 6.732799525504152,
                                     'Istanbul, Turkey': 1.03837358214416
4,
                                     'London, United Kingdom': 0.84460565
47619047,
                                     'Majorca, Balearic Islands': 5.35953
7299338999,
                                     'Paris, France': 0.8795521462885479,
                                     'Phuket, Thailand': 1.91295921806538
58,
                                     'Rome, Italy': 0.4640462758564304,
                                     'Sicily, Italy': 1.189136811229834
4}))
```

```
In [112]: 1 evaluate_model(rf, X_train_tfidf, X_test_tfidf)
```

executed in 5.69s, finished 08:47:18 2021-01-26

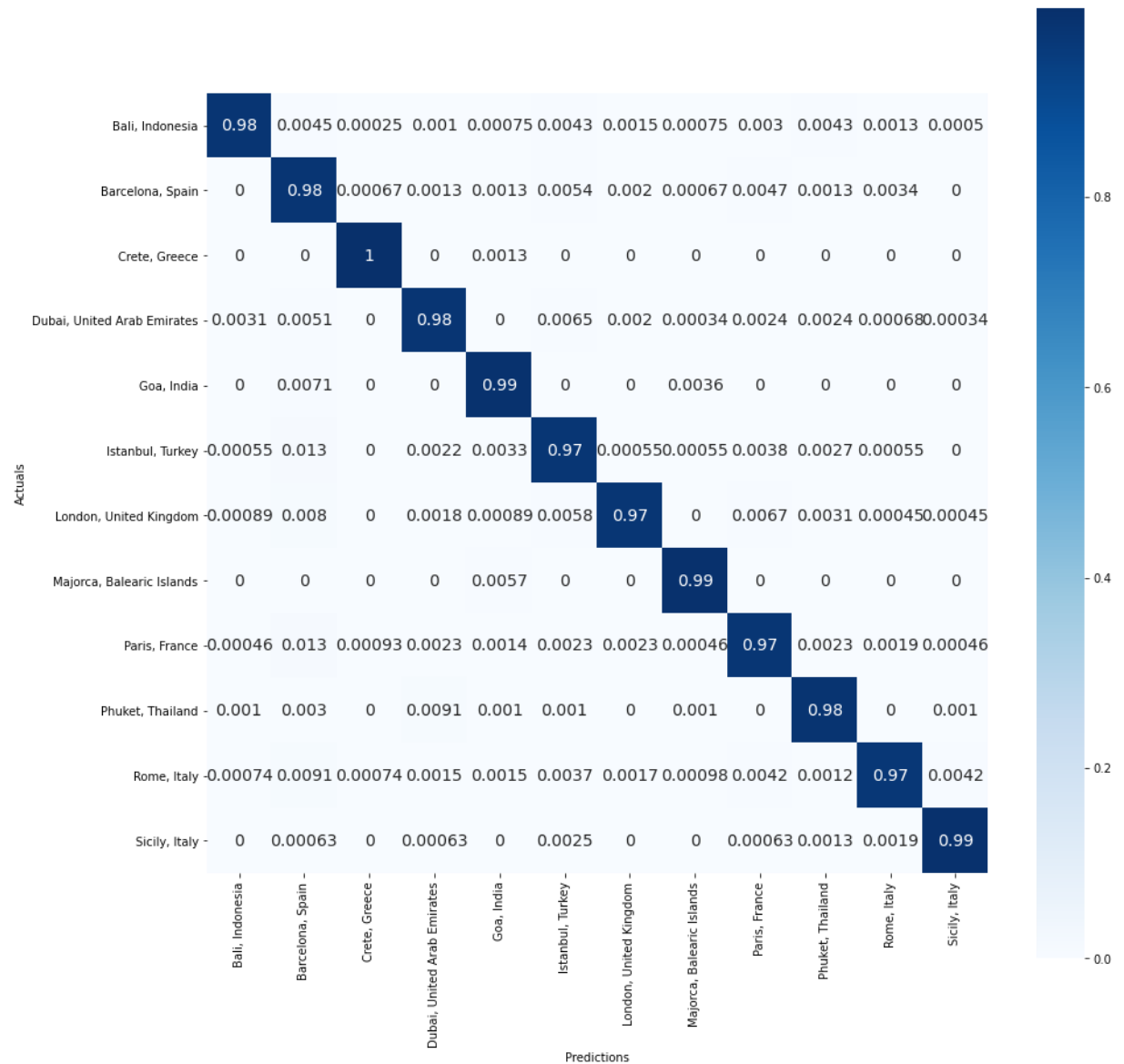
Training Accuracy: 0.9774479143725499

Testing Accuracy: 0.8007399577167019

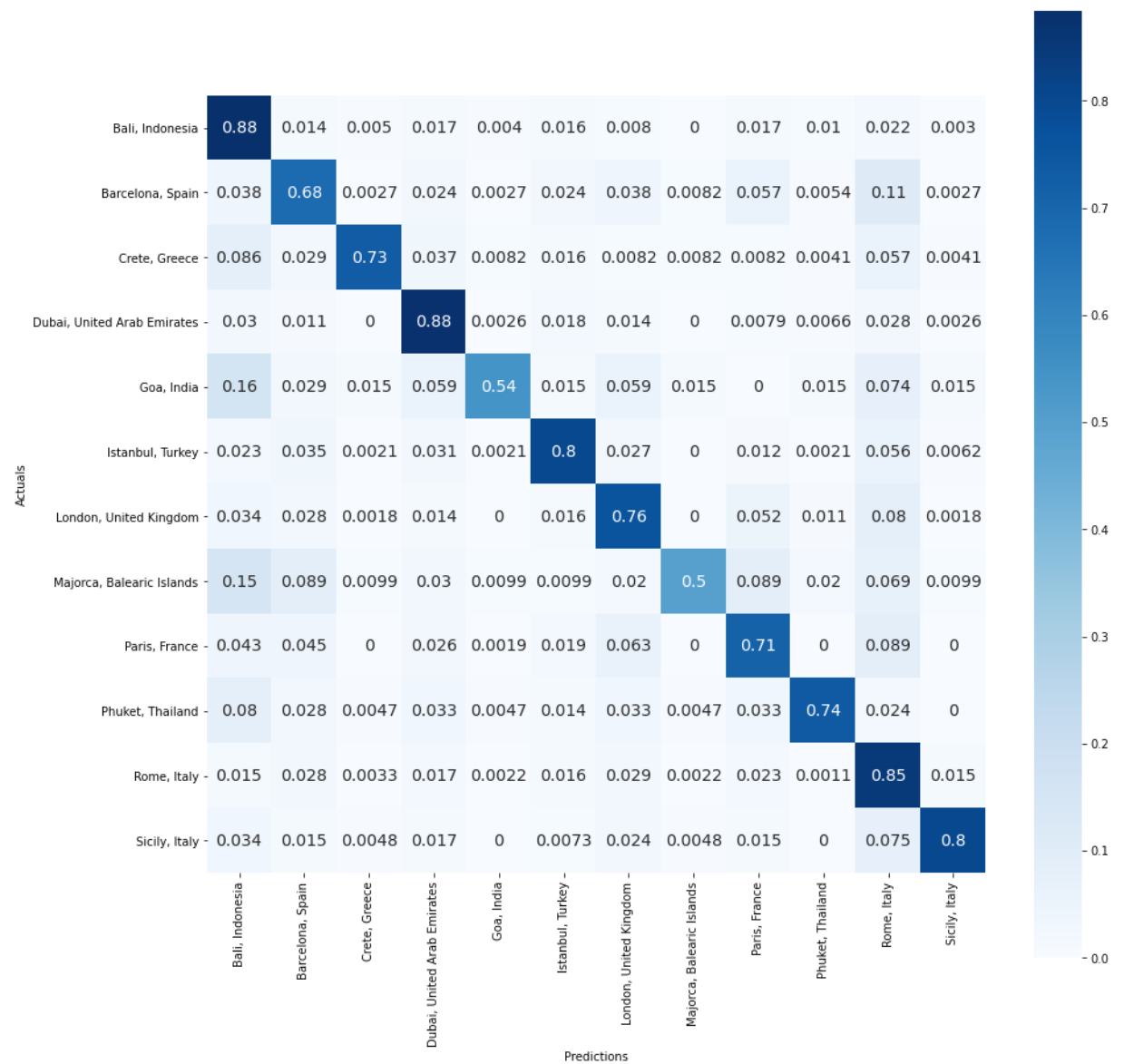
Training F1: 0.9775901075153233

Testing F1: 0.7998604446251151

Train Confusion Matrix



Test Confusion Matrix



| | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|-----------------------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| Bali, Indonesia | 0.83 | 0.88 | 0.86 | 1001 |
| Barcelona, Spain | 0.65 | 0.68 | 0.67 | 368 |
| Crete, Greece | 0.92 | 0.73 | 0.82 | 244 |
| Dubai, United Arab Emirates | 0.86 | 0.88 | 0.87 | 760 |
| Goa, India | 0.71 | 0.54 | 0.62 | 68 |
| Istanbul, Turkey | 0.82 | 0.80 | 0.81 | 485 |
| London, United Kingdom | 0.76 | 0.76 | 0.76 | 563 |
| Majorca, Balearic Islands | 0.82 | 0.50 | 0.62 | 101 |
| Paris, France | 0.76 | 0.71 | 0.73 | 538 |
| Phuket, Thailand | 0.84 | 0.74 | 0.79 | 212 |
| Rome, Italy | 0.75 | 0.85 | 0.79 | 923 |
| Sicily, Italy | 0.92 | 0.80 | 0.86 | 413 |
| accuracy | | | 0.80 | 5676 |
| macro avg | 0.80 | 0.74 | 0.77 | 5676 |
| weighted avg | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 5676 |


```
In [113]: 1 #Get feature importances
          2 featimps = pd.Series(rf.feature_importances_,
          3                        index=vectorizer.get_feature_names())
          4 featimps[:11]
```

executed in 18ms, finished 08:47:18 2021-01-26

```
Out[113]: aal          8.127660e-06
          abandon      1.566779e-05
          abant        6.703214e-06
          abbate       4.990297e-05
          abbey        6.088470e-04
          abbeyprivate 1.116179e-06
          abbeyst      1.747368e-06
          aberfan      8.848928e-06
          abian        1.849916e-07
          aboard        6.325173e-05
          abra         3.382000e-05
          dtype: float64
```

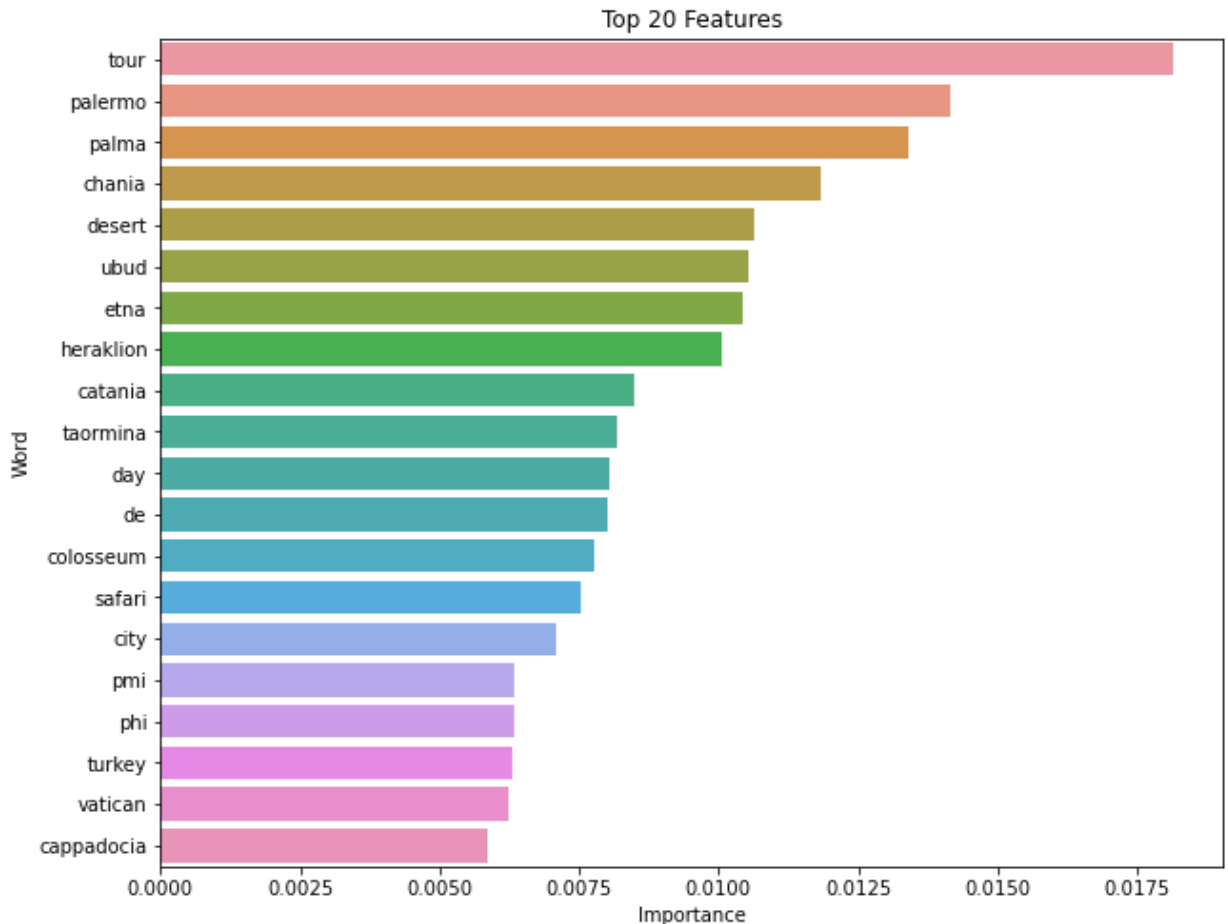
```
In [114]: 1 top_20_feats = featimps.sort_values(ascending=False).head(20)
          2 top_20_feats
```

executed in 4ms, finished 08:47:18 2021-01-26

```
Out[114]: tour          0.018132
          palermo       0.014135
          palma         0.013400
          chania        0.011826
          desert        0.010621
          ubud          0.010546
          etna          0.010433
          heraklion     0.010064
          catania       0.008469
          taormina      0.008167
          day           0.008053
          de            0.008015
          colosseum     0.007777
          safari        0.007528
          city          0.007086
          pmi           0.006347
          phi           0.006344
          turkey        0.006303
          vatican       0.006244
          cappadocia    0.005848
          dtype: float64
```

```
In [116]: 1 plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
2 sns.barplot(x=top_20_feats, y=top_20_feats.index)
3 plt.title('Top 20 Features')
4 plt.ylabel('Word')
5 plt.xlabel('Importance')
6 plt.show()
```

executed in 172ms, finished 08:47:59 2021-01-26



This model is also overfit, even though it still performs very well with the test set.

Interestingly, the feature importances show a lot of city-specific words, such as 'etna'-- the name of a volcano in Sicily. In the future, it might be a good idea to take these kinds of words out, but for the model's use-case we can leave them in for now.

This model's performance is very good, but random forests have 2 major flaws that will affect this model for its specific use-case:

1. They are more computationally expensive than Naive Bayes models (AKA they take longer to train and predict)
2. They use a greedy algorithm, meaning they often favor the bigger class (in this case it would predict Bali much more often than any of the other beach destinations)

For these reasons I still think iteration 3 is the best model so far.

▼ 2.4.7 Try out iteration 3 without lemmatization

- One last thing I would like to try is using the cleaned text data without lemmatizing it. I created the preprocessing function to give me this option.

```
In [117]: 1 X_train_cleaned = preprocess_df(pd.DataFrame(X_train, columns=['Attraction',
2                                           'cleaned', lemmatize=False))
3 X_test_cleaned = preprocess_df(pd.DataFrame(X_test, columns=['Attraction',
4                                           'cleaned', lemmatize=False))
```

executed in 641ms, finished 08:48:09 2021-01-26

| | Attraction | cleaned |
|-------------|---|---|
| 2092 | The Colosseum and The Ancient City of Rome | the colosseum and the ancient city of rome |
| 814 | Paintball in Canggu/Bali | paintball in canggubali |
| 1920 | 9Hr Tour London Eye, Westminster Abbey and St ... | tour london eye westminster abbey and st paul... |
| 348 | Dubai 3h Sea escape: Swim! Tan! Sightsee! | dubai sea escape swim tan sightsee |
| 3122 | Private Bali Half Day Car Charter - Uluwatu Su... | private bali half day car charter uluwatu sun... |
| 1313 | Rooftop Pasta Making Class and Food Market Tou... | rooftop pasta making class and food market tou... |
| 952 | Colosseum, Forum and Baroque Squares | colosseum forum and baroque squares |
| 972 | Gothic Quarter's deepest secrets & Sangria | gothic quarters deepest secrets sangria |
| 1622 | Private Half-Day Montserrat Tour in Afternoon ... | private halfday montserrat tour in afternoon ... |
| 1036 | Changing of the Guard Half-Day Private Walking... | changing of the guard halfday private walking ... |

| | Attraction | cleaned |
|-------------|---|---|
| 302 | Phuket City Tour Fullday | phuket city tour fullday |
| 66 | Phuket: Guided Fast Track Phuket Airport | phuket guided fast track phuket airport |
| 208 | Guided Montserrat Monastery Day Tour with Hot ... | guided montserrat monastery day tour with hot ... |
| 3846 | Private Pizza & Tiramisu Class at a Cesarina's... | private pizza tiramisu class at a cesarinas h... |
| 111 | Sierra Tramuntana: Mountain Tops and Cosy Vill... | sierra tramuntana mountain tops and cosy villages |
| 1521 | Bali Ubud Paon Cooking Class | bali ubud paon cooking class |
| 277 | Driver's license free boat rental | drivers license free boat rental |
| 230 | East bali tour | east bali tour |
| 455 | Private Tour: Istanbul Sightseeing Including M... | private tour istanbul sightseeing including mu... |
| 1564 | Catania Private Walking Tour | catania private walking tour |

```
In [118]: 1 vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(analyzer='word',
2                               stop_words=new_stopwords,
3                               decode_error='ignore')
4 X_train_tfidf = vectorizer.fit_transform(X_train_cleaned['cleaned'])
5 X_test_tfidf = vectorizer.transform(X_test_cleaned['cleaned'])
```

executed in 200ms, finished 08:48:09 2021-01-26

```
In [69]: 1 nb_cleaned = MultinomialNB()  
2 nb_cleaned.fit(X_train_tfidf.todense(),  
3               y_train,  
4               sample_weight=sample_weights)
```

executed in 863ms, finished 08:48:11 2021-01-26

Out[119]: MultinomialNB()

```
In [120]: 1 evaluate_model(nb_cleaned, X_train_tfidf, X_test_tfidf)
```

executed in 2.33s, finished 08:48:13 2021-01-26

Training Accuracy: 0.8598863586310179

Testing Accuracy: 0.8146582100070472

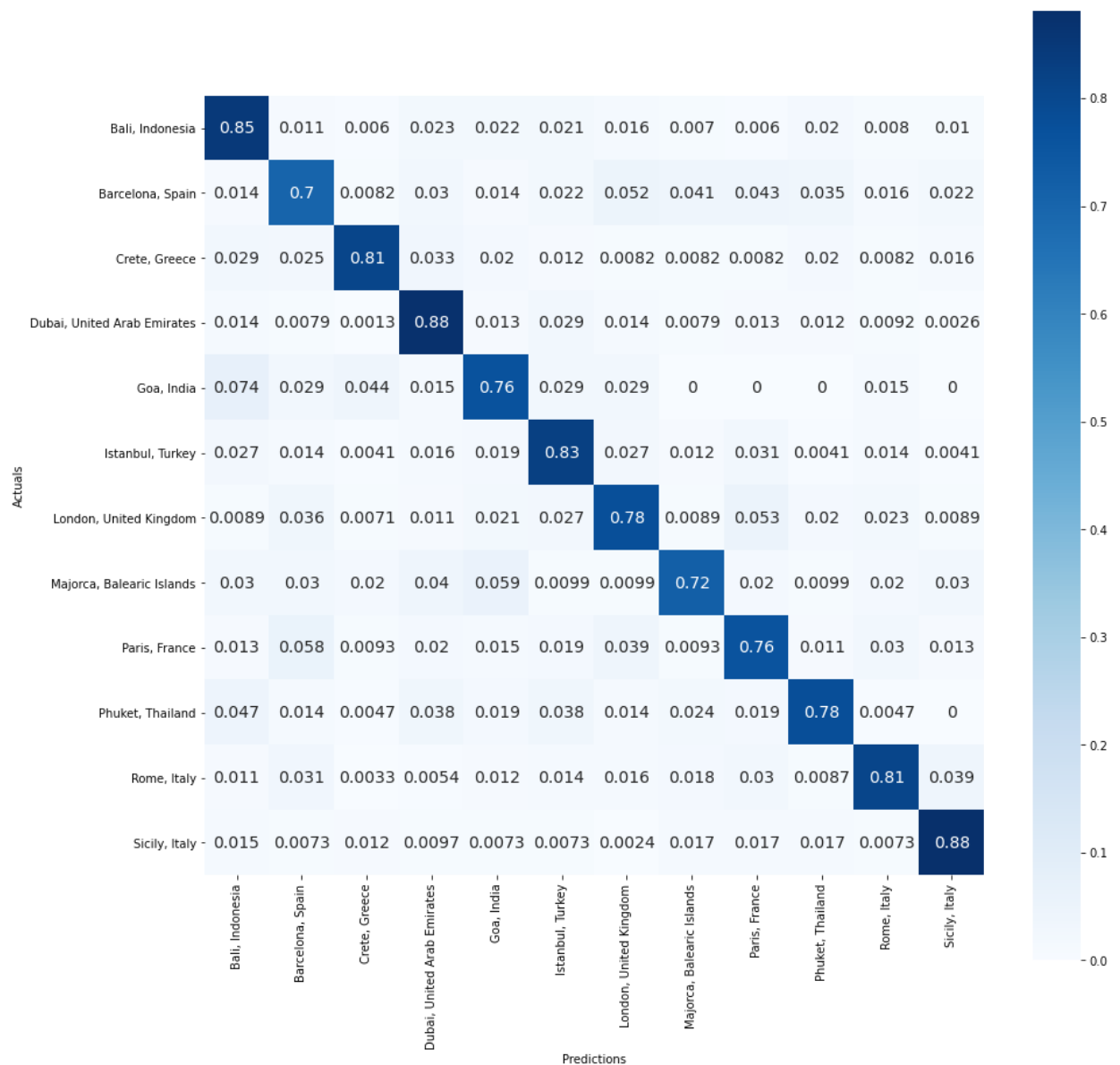
Training F1: 0.8631488745947244

Testing F1: 0.8190645588523411

Train Confusion Matrix



Test Confusion Matrix



| | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|-----------------------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| Bali, Indonesia | 0.91 | 0.85 | 0.88 | 1001 |
| Barcelona, Spain | 0.68 | 0.70 | 0.69 | 368 |
| Crete, Greece | 0.85 | 0.81 | 0.83 | 244 |
| Dubai, United Arab Emirates | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 760 |
| Goa, India | 0.35 | 0.76 | 0.48 | 68 |
| Istanbul, Turkey | 0.79 | 0.83 | 0.81 | 485 |
| London, United Kingdom | 0.81 | 0.78 | 0.79 | 563 |
| Majorca, Balearic Islands | 0.49 | 0.72 | 0.59 | 101 |
| Paris, France | 0.77 | 0.76 | 0.77 | 538 |
| Phuket, Thailand | 0.67 | 0.78 | 0.72 | 212 |
| Rome, Italy | 0.92 | 0.81 | 0.86 | 923 |
| Sicily, Italy | 0.83 | 0.88 | 0.85 | 413 |
| accuracy | | | 0.81 | 5676 |
| macro avg | 0.75 | 0.80 | 0.76 | 5676 |

Ultimately, this model performed VERY similar to the lemmatized version. There are a couple of small differences that made me choose this version as my final model:

- 1) The test accuracy and F1 scores are a tiny bit higher for this model compared to the lemmatized version. Even though it is only one percent higher overall, the breakdown under each city has increased some of the smaller classes, such as Goa and Phuket.
- 2) Lemmatization is more computationally expensive than omitting the lemmatization. It is a small difference, but should still be a consideration.

Therefore, my final model is iteration 3 (Naive Bayes) without lemmatizing the text.

```
In [121]: 1 # Pickle the best Naive Bayes Model
2 with open('/Users/tiaplagata/Documents/Flatiron/capstone-project/non_le
3           'wb') as f:
4           pickle.dump(nb_cleaned, f, pickle.HIGHEST_PROTOCOL)

executed in 11ms, finished 08:48:15 2021-01-26
```



2.5 Test out the model

- I will ultimately use this model to tell people where they should travel based on what they want to do while on vacation. Let's look at some of the sample predictions this model would give them, using iteration 3 as our final model.

```
In [122]: 1 def preprocess_text(text):
2           """
3           Input raw text.
4           Return preprocessed text.
5           """
6
7           preprocessed = text.lower()
8           preprocessed = re.sub('[%s]' % re.escape(string.punctuation), '', p
9           preprocessed = re.sub('\w*\d\w*', '', preprocessed)
10
11          return [preprocessed]

executed in 8ms, finished 08:48:16 2021-01-26
```

```
In [123]: 1 raw_text = 'I want to go to the beach, go hiking and snorkeling'
2 preprocessed_text = preprocess_text(raw_text)
3 preprocessed_text

executed in 9ms, finished 08:48:17 2021-01-26
```

```
Out[123]: ['i want to go to the beach go hiking and snorkeling']
```

```
In [124]: 1 nb_cleaned.predict(vectorizer.transform(preprocessed_text))

executed in 14ms, finished 08:48:17 2021-01-26
```

```
Out[124]: array(['Bali, Indonesia'], dtype='<U27')
```



```
In [125]: 1 preprocessed2 = preprocess_text('Go to historic museums')
          2 print(preprocessed2)
          3 nb_cleaned.predict(vectorizer.transform(preprocessed2))
```

executed in 13ms, finished 08:48:17 2021-01-26

['go to historic museums']

Out[125]: array(['Rome, Italy'], dtype='<U27')

```
In [126]: 1 preprocessed3 = preprocess_text('Wine tastings, long walks and dinners')
          2 print(preprocessed3)
          3 nb_cleaned.predict(vectorizer.transform(preprocessed3))
```

executed in 14ms, finished 08:48:18 2021-01-26

['wine tastings long walks and dinners']

Out[126]: array(['Crete, Greece'], dtype='<U27')

```
In [127]: 1 preprocessed4 = preprocess_text('Do yoga on the beach')
          2 print(preprocessed4)
          3 nb_cleaned.predict(vectorizer.transform(preprocessed4))
```

executed in 12ms, finished 08:48:18 2021-01-26

['do yoga on the beach']

Out[127]: array(['Goa, India'], dtype='<U27')

```
In [128]: 1 preprocessed5 = preprocess_text('Sunset cruises on a yacht with wine')
          2 print(preprocessed5)
          3 nb_cleaned.predict(vectorizer.transform(preprocessed5))
```

executed in 15ms, finished 08:48:18 2021-01-26

['sunset cruises on a yacht with wine']

Out[128]: array(['Crete, Greece'], dtype='<U27')

▼ 2.5.1 Make this process into a pipeline

```

In [129]: 1 # Use OOP to get preprocessing steps into a pipeline
          2 class PreprocessText(TransformerMixin):
          3
          4     def __init__(self):
          5         self = self
          6
          7     def fit(self, X, y=None, **fit_params):
          8         return self
          9
          10    def transform(self, X, **transform_params):
          11        try:
          12            X = pd.DataFrame(X, columns=['Attraction'])
          13            X['cleaned'] = X['Attraction'].apply(lambda x: x.lower())
          14            X['cleaned'] = X['cleaned'].apply(lambda x: re.sub('[%s]' %
          15            X['cleaned'] = X['cleaned'].apply(lambda x: re.sub('\w*\d\w
          16
          17            X = X['cleaned']
          18        except:
          19            pass
          20        return X
          21
          22    class DenseTransformer():
          23
          24        def __init__(self):
          25            self = self
          26
          27        def fit(self, X, y=None, **fit_params):
          28            return self
          29
          30        def transform(self, X, y=None, **fit_params):
          31            return X.todense()

```

executed in 14ms, finished 08:48:19 2021-01-26

```

In [130]: 1 # Test preprocessing class
          2 prep = PreprocessText()
          3 prep.transform(X_train)

```

executed in 507ms, finished 08:48:21 2021-01-26

```

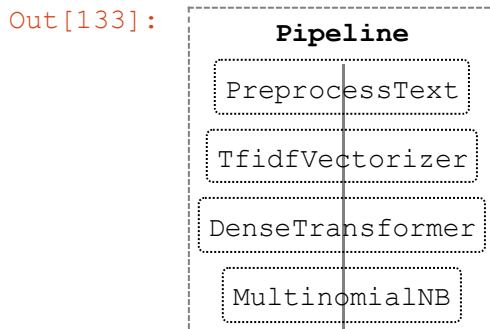
Out[130]: 2092          the colosseum and the ancient city of rome
          814          paintball in canggubali
          1920      tour london eye westminster abbey and st paul...
          348          dubai sea escape swim tan sightsee
          3122      private bali half day car charter uluwatu sun...
          ...
          1428          barcelona city la roca village tour
          14      etna wine and alcantara tour small groups fro...
          3345          fujiearah east coast tour
          4210      early morning vatican museums sistine chapel s...
          246          rafa nadal museum mallorca half day tour
          Name: cleaned, Length: 22703, dtype: object

```

```
In [131]: 1 pipe = Pipeline(steps=[
2           ('TextPreprocessor', PreprocessText()),
3           ('TfidfVectorizer', TfidfVectorizer(analyzer='word',
4                                               stop_words=new_stop
5                                               decode_error='ignor
6           ('DenseTransformer', DenseTransformer()),
7           ('NaiveBayes', MultinomialNB()))]
executed in 9ms, finished 08:48:22 2021-01-26
```

```
In [132]: 1 set_config(display='diagram')
executed in 6ms, finished 08:48:23 2021-01-26
```

```
In [133]: 1 pipe.fit(X_train,
2           y_train,
3           **{'NaiveBayes__sample_weight': sample_weights})
executed in 1.54s, finished 08:48:25 2021-01-26
```



```
In [134]: 1 pipe.score(X_test, y_test)
executed in 360ms, finished 08:48:25 2021-01-26
```

Out[134]: 0.8146582100070472

```
In [135]: 1 pipe.predict(['I want to go snorkeling and tan on the beach'])
executed in 8ms, finished 08:48:25 2021-01-26
```

Out[135]: array(['Bali, Indonesia'], dtype='<U27')

```
In [136]: 1 pipe.predict(['Go out for drinks'])
executed in 5ms, finished 08:48:25 2021-01-26
```

Out[136]: array(['Barcelona, Spain'], dtype='<U27')

```
In [76]: 1 def evaluate_pipe(pipe, X_train, X_test):
2         y_preds_train = pipe.predict(X_train)
3         y_preds_test = pipe.predict(X_test)
4
5         print('Training Accuracy:', accuracy_score(y_train, y_preds_train))
6         print('Testing Accuracy:', accuracy_score(y_test, y_preds_test))
7         print('\n-----\n')
8         print('Training F1:', f1_score(y_train, y_preds_train, average='wei
9         print('Testing F1:', f1_score(y_test, y_preds_test, average='weight
10        print('\n-----\n')
11        print('Train Confusion Matrix\n')
12        plot_conf_matrix(y_train, y_preds_train)
13        print('Test Confusion Matrix\n')
14        plot_conf_matrix(y_test, y_preds_test)
15        print('\n-----\n')
16        print(classification_report(y_test, y_preds_test))
```

executed in 8ms, finished 08:48:27 2021-01-26

```
In [138]: 1 evaluate_pipe(pipe, X_train, X_test)
```

executed in 3.15s, finished 08:48:32 2021-01-26

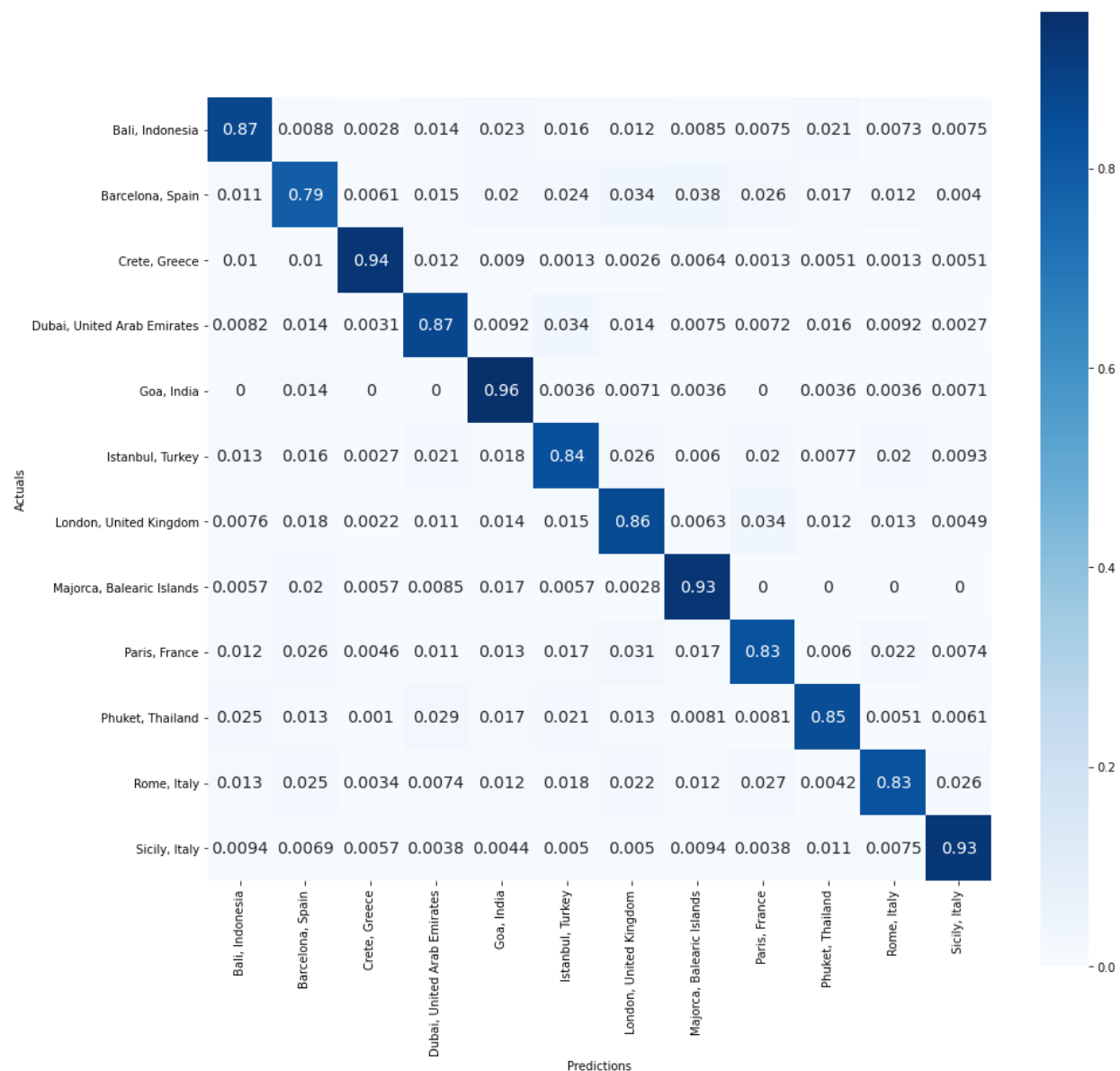
Training Accuracy: 0.8598863586310179

Testing Accuracy: 0.8146582100070472

Training F1: 0.8631488745947244

Testing F1: 0.8190645588523411

Train Confusion Matrix



Test Confusion Matrix



| | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|-----------------------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| Bali, Indonesia | 0.91 | 0.85 | 0.88 | 1001 |
| Barcelona, Spain | 0.68 | 0.70 | 0.69 | 368 |
| Crete, Greece | 0.85 | 0.81 | 0.83 | 244 |
| Dubai, United Arab Emirates | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 760 |
| Goa, India | 0.35 | 0.76 | 0.48 | 68 |
| Istanbul, Turkey | 0.79 | 0.83 | 0.81 | 485 |
| London, United Kingdom | 0.81 | 0.78 | 0.79 | 563 |
| Majorca, Balearic Islands | 0.49 | 0.72 | 0.59 | 101 |
| Paris, France | 0.77 | 0.76 | 0.77 | 538 |
| Phuket, Thailand | 0.67 | 0.78 | 0.72 | 212 |
| Rome, Italy | 0.92 | 0.81 | 0.86 | 923 |
| Sicily, Italy | 0.83 | 0.88 | 0.85 | 413 |
| accuracy | | | 0.81 | 5676 |
| macro avg | 0.75 | 0.80 | 0.76 | 5676 |
| weighted avg | 0.83 | 0.81 | 0.82 | 5676 |

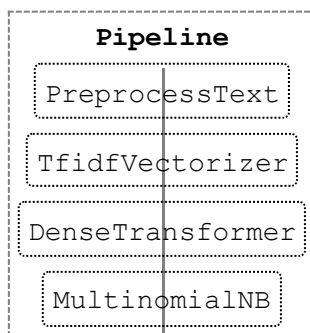
```
In [139]: 1 # Pickle the Pipeline
          2 with open('/Users/tiaplagata/Documents/Flatiron/capstone-project/final_
          3           'wb') as f:
          4     pickle.dump(pipe, f, pickle.HIGHEST_PROTOCOL)
```

executed in 13ms, finished 08:48:34 2021-01-26

```
In [140]: 1 # Load pipe from pickled file to test
          2 with open('/Users/tiaplagata/Documents/Flatiron/capstone-project/final_
          3           'rb') as f:
          4     best_model_pipe = pickle.load(f)
          5 best_model_pipe
```

executed in 32ms, finished 08:48:34 2021-01-26

Out[140]:



```
In [141]: 1 best_model_pipe.predict(['I want to visit art galleries'])
```

executed in 13ms, finished 08:48:39 2021-01-26

Out[141]: array(['Paris, France'], dtype='<U27')

▼ 2.5.2 Make Pipeline and Gridsearch for Random Forest

Now that I have a pipeline created, I will go back to iteration 6 with model tuning so see if I can get a better score with a less overfit model. I will use a gridsearch to tune the `n_estimators` and `max_depth` parameters, which commonly cause overfitting in Random Forest models.

```
In [170]: 1 rf_pipe = Pipeline(steps=[
2           ('TextPreprocessor', PreprocessText()),
3           ('TFIDFVectorizer', TfidfVectorizer(analyzer='word',
4                                               stop_words=new_stop
5                                               decode_error='ignore'),
6           ('DenseTransformer', DenseTransformer()),
7           ('RandomForest', RandomForestClassifier(class_weight='balanced'))])
```

executed in 7ms, finished 09:45:50 2021-01-26

```
In [171]: 1 # Use a grid search to do some model tuning with the Random Forest (iteration 6)
2 param_grid = {'RandomForest__n_estimators': [100, 250, 500, 750],
3              'RandomForest__max_depth': [5, 7, 9]}
```

executed in 7ms, finished 09:45:51 2021-01-26

```
In [172]: 1 rf_gridsearch = GridSearchCV(rf_pipe, param_grid=param_grid,
2                                       verbose=1, scoring='accuracy')
3 rf_gridsearch.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

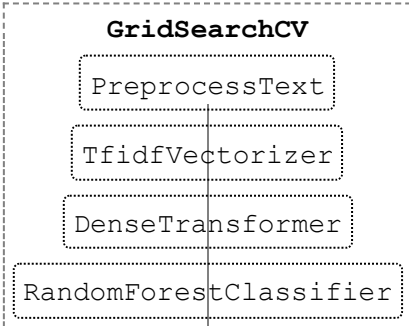
executed in 26m 58s, finished 10:12:52 2021-01-26

Fitting 5 folds for each of 12 candidates, totalling 60 fits

[Parallel(n_jobs=1)]: Using backend SequentialBackend with 1 concurrent workers.

[Parallel(n_jobs=1)]: Done 60 out of 60 | elapsed: 26.1min finished

```
Out[172]:
```



```
In [173]: 1 # See the params from the best model
2 rf_gridsearch.best_params_
```

executed in 3ms, finished 10:12:52 2021-01-26

```
Out[173]: {'RandomForest__max_depth': 9, 'RandomForest__n_estimators': 500}
```

```
In [174]: 1 # Save best estimator in a variable and get accuracy score
2 best_rf = rf_gridsearch.best_estimator_
3 y_test_preds = best_rf.predict(X_test)
4 accuracy_score(y_test, y_test_preds)
```

executed in 653ms, finished 10:12:53 2021-01-26

```
Out[174]: 0.6464059196617337
```



```
In [175]: 1 # Compare against training accuracy
          2 y_train_preds = best_rf.predict(X_train)
          3 accuracy_score(y_train, y_train_preds)
```

executed in 3.23s, finished 10:12:56 2021-01-26

Out[175]: 0.6529533541822666

Even with the model tuning, this model still is not performing as well as iteration 3. Although the model tuning helped to prevent overfitting, its accuracy score is not as good. Therefore, I will still conclude that the Naive Bayes iteration 3 without lemmatization is the best model.

▼ 2.5.3 Get top 2 predictions from best model

- In the dash app, it would be good to give someone a second prediction just in case they have already been to the first place the model predicts.

```
In [122]: 1 probas = best_model_pipe.predict_proba(['I want to visit art galleries'
          2 probas
```

executed in 5ms, finished 17:33:23 2021-01-21

Out[122]: array([[0.08062311, 0.10560993, 0.04660718, 0.03027719, 0.12294859,
0.03850689, 0.16403276, 0.06665658, 0.18981578, 0.01453859,
0.0769455 , 0.06343788]])

```
In [123]: 1 classes = best_model_pipe.classes_
          2 classes
```

executed in 3ms, finished 17:33:23 2021-01-21

Out[123]: array(['Bali, Indonesia', 'Barcelona, Spain', 'Crete, Greece',
'Dubai, United Arab Emirates', 'Goa, India', 'Istanbul, Turkey',
'London, United Kingdom', 'Majorca, Balearic Islands',
'Paris, France', 'Phuket, Thailand', 'Rome, Italy',
'Sicily, Italy'], dtype='<U27')

```
In [124]: 1 # First Prediction
          2 classes[probas.argmax()]
```

executed in 4ms, finished 17:33:23 2021-01-21

Out[124]: 'Paris, France'

```
In [125]: 1 # Second Prediction
          2 classes[np.argsort(probas)[: , 10]][0]
```

executed in 4ms, finished 17:33:23 2021-01-21

Out[125]: 'London, United Kingdom'

▼ 2.6 Conclusion

My final model is a Multinomial Naive Bayes classifier, which can predict a destination with 81% accuracy and an 82% F1 score (iteration 3 without lemmatization in this notebook). The text data put into this model is not lemmatized, but is lowercased with stopwords removed and city names removed.

2.6.1 Model Fit & Score

I used accuracy and F1 score to score this model. Since there are 12 classes, I want to model to be accurate, however, F1 score is also important to consider since there is some class imbalance in the dataset and to account for the model's false positives and false negatives.

The final model had the following training and testing accuracy and F1 scores:

- Testing Accuracy Score 0.81 | F1 Score 0.82
- Training Accuracy Score 0.86 | F1 Score 0.86

Looking at the above scores for both accuracy and F1, we can conclude that the model is a tiny bit overfit, but overall very accurate, especially considering that there are 12 classes.

I was surprised that the final/best-performing model was iteration 3 without lemmatization because I thought that lemmatizing the text would help the model's score.

2.6.2 Business Recommendations

- Integrate the Destination Dictionary technology into pages where Top Destination lists are published to drive engagement with future travelers and drive traffic to affiliate links
- Use the Destination Dictionary technology paired with a chatbot on travel websites to act as a virtual travel agent
- Offer paid sponsorship of the 'default' city-- ex. Tourism Board of Bali can pay to be the first recommended city when you open the page

2.6.3 Next Steps -- Dash App

Everything works and is ready for the next step. This model will be put into The Destination Dictionary Dash app for its final use-case: predicting where people should travel based on the activities that they want to do on vacation!

You can see the GitHub Repo for the Dash App [here \(https://github.com/tiapiagata/dash-travel-app\)](https://github.com/tiapiagata/dash-travel-app)