5 LYGIS CSS

CSS STANDARTAS

http://www.w3.org/TR/CSS22/

CROSS-X

Cross-browser - Chrome, Internet Explorer, Safari, Firefox Cross-platform - Windows, Mac, iPhone, Android Cross-device - Desktop, Tablet, Mobile

BROWSER'IAI

Universalioji platforma, tačiau turi daug skirtumų

http://caniuse.com

http://kangax.github.io/compat-table/es6/

REZOLIUCIJOS

https://www.w3counter.com/globalstats.php?

year=2016&month=9

https://analytics.wikimedia.org/dashboards/browsers/

#all-sites-by-browser

ĮRENGINIAI IR NARŠYKLĖS

SAUSIS 2017

// WIN or MAC // MAC

Chrome Safari

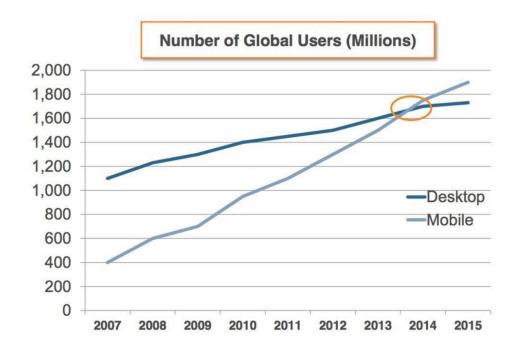
Firefox // iPad or Android

// WIN Safari or Chrome

IE II (not updated automatically) // iPhone

IE Edge Safari or Chrome

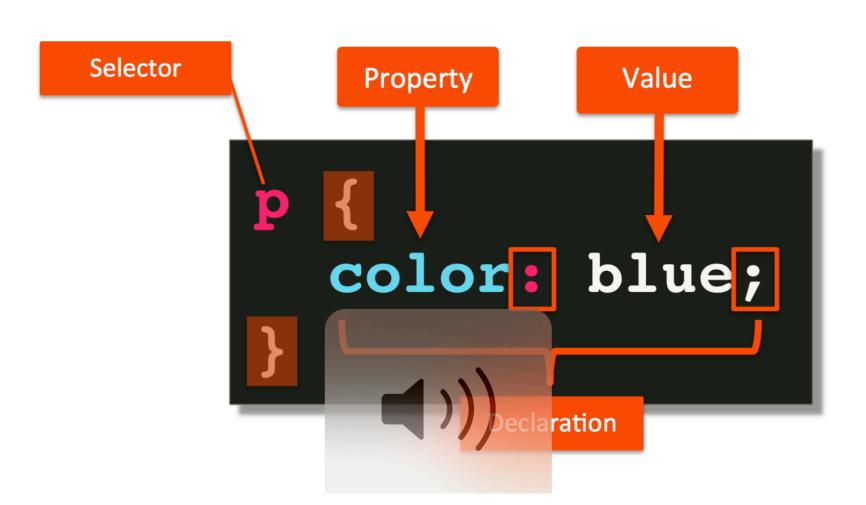
KODĖL REIKIA TAI ŽINOTI?





CASCADING STYLE SHEETS

Leidžia keisti visą puslapio išvaizdą
Dažniausiai aprašoma atskiruose failuose, kad
lengva būtų keisti ir pritaikyti kitiems elementams
Nekeičia HTML struktūros, gali tik paslėpti
elementus
Gali reaguoti į lango rezoliuciją



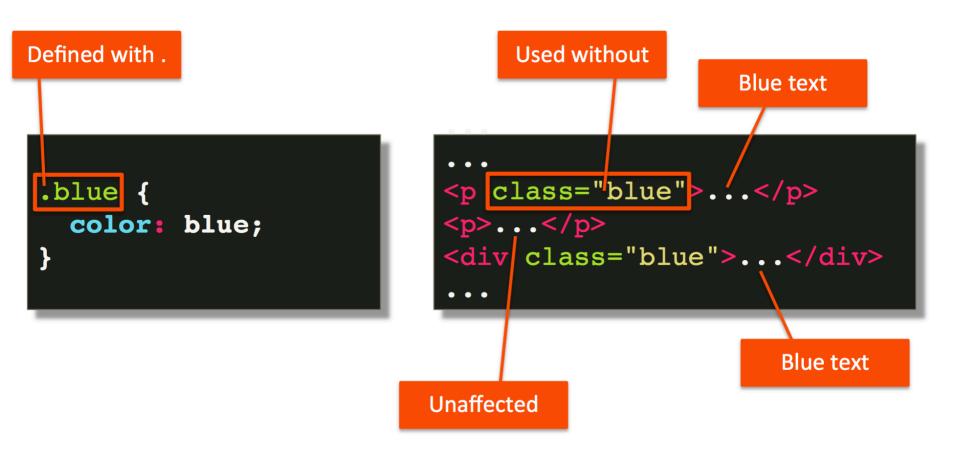
```
color: blue;
font-size: 20px;
width: 200px;
```

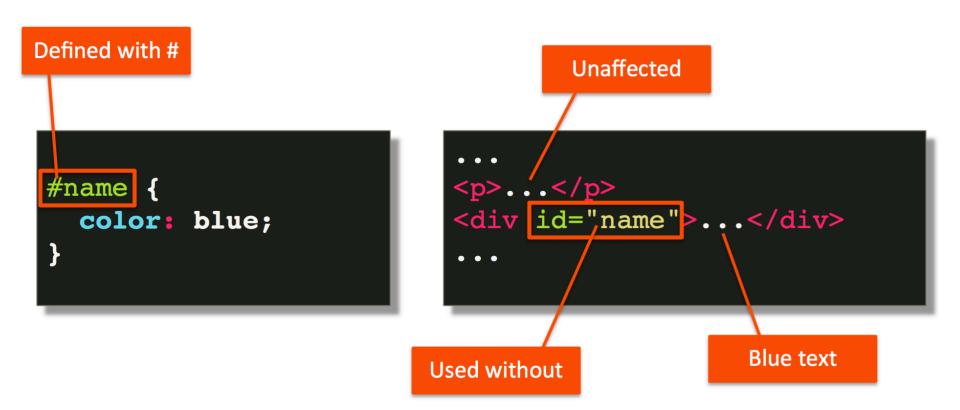
Zero or More Declarations are allowed

```
color: blue;
  font-size: 20px;
  width: 200px;
h1 {
  color: green;
  font-size: 36px;
  text-align: center;
```

Stylesheet

6 LYGIS HTML + CSS SELECTORS





```
Separate selectors
      with commas
                                         Blue text
div, .blue {
                        ..'.
                       ...
 color: blue;
                       <div>...</div>
                               Blue text
```

Every **p** that has **class="big"**

```
p.big {
  font-size: 20px;
```

Every **p** that is inside (at any level) of **article**

```
article p {
  color: blue;
```

```
article > p {
  color: blue;
}
```

```
<article ...
 ...
</article>
              Unaffected text
...
<article>...
 <div>...</div>
</article>
              Unaffected text
```

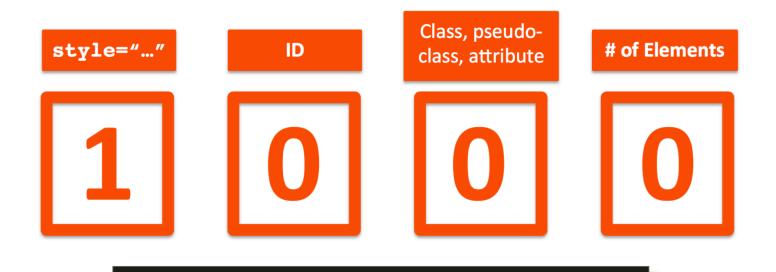
```
selector:pseudo-class {
    ...
}
```

```
:link
:visited
:hover
:active
:nth-child(...)
```

PARAŠIAU TAISYKLĘ, BET JI NEVEIKIA

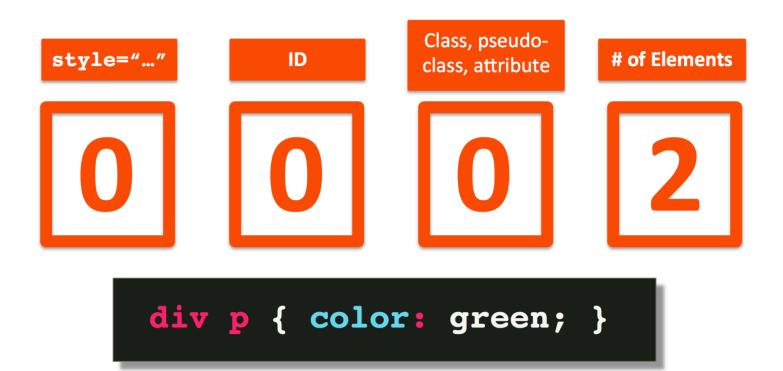


CSS ELEMENTŲ TVARKA



<h2 style="color: green;">

CSS PAŽYMĖJIMŲ KIEKIS



CSS SVARBA

```
dXv #myParag {
                  div.big p {
 color: blue;
                   color: green;
                     0 1 2
0 1 0
```

CSS EILĖS TVARKA

```
dXv #myParag {
                 div.big p {
 color: blue;
                  color: green;
                     0 1 2
0 1 0
```

KELETAS NAUDINGŲ NUORODŲ

https://www.smashingmagazine.com/2014/09/ balancing-line-length-font-size-responsive-web-design/ https://validator.w3.org/

http://alistapart.com/article/sensibleforms

7 LYGIS HTML + CSS IŠDĖSTYMAS

JS STANDARTAS

(ECMAScript® 2016)

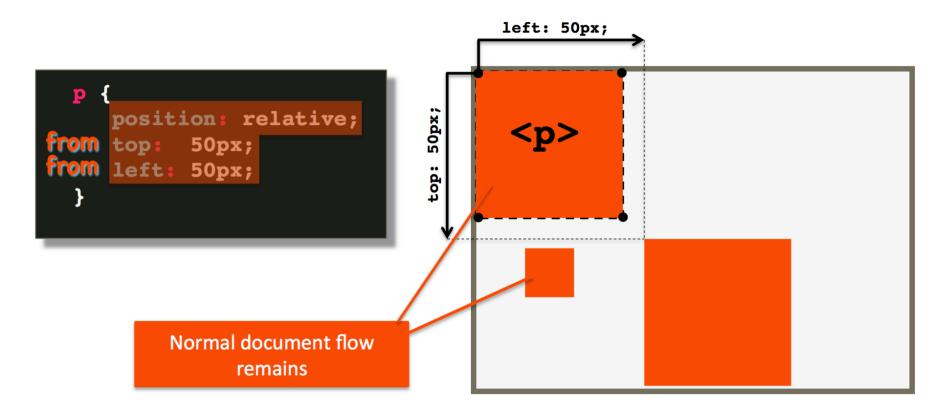
https://tc39.github.io/ecma262/2016/

BOX MODEL



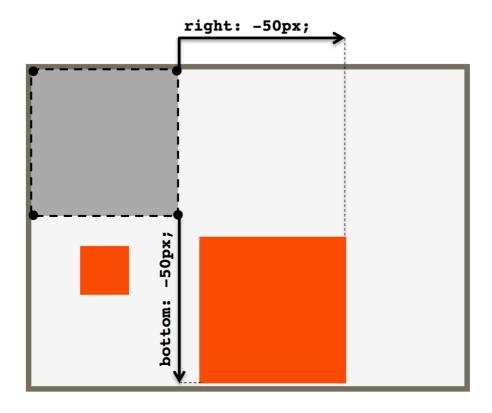
width

RELATIVE POZICIJA



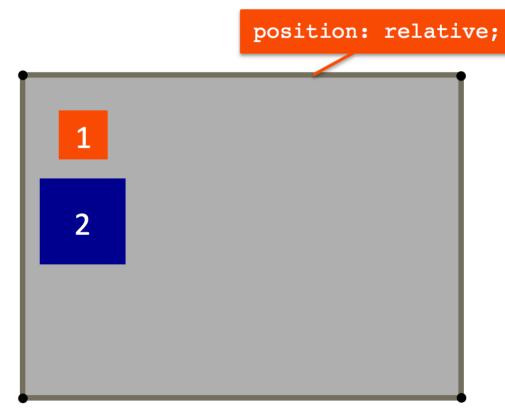
TOP, LEFT, BOTTOM, RIGHT (TAIP PAT IR SU NEIGIAMOMIS REIKŠMĖMIS)

```
p {
    position: relative;
    bottom: -50px;
    right: -50px;
}
```



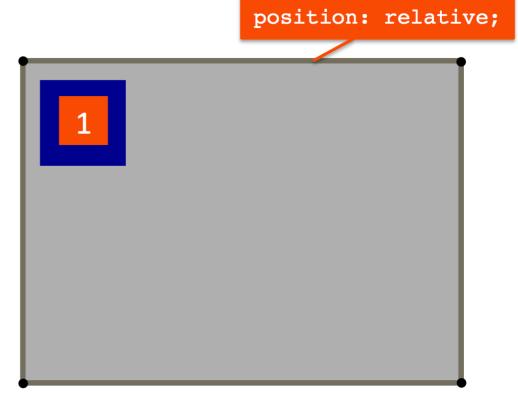
ABSOLUTE SKAIČIUOJAMA NUO ARČIAUSIO TĖVINIO RELATIVE ELEMENTO

```
p { /* #1 */
}
```



ELEMNTAS IŠIMAMAS IŠ REGULIARAUS FLOW

```
p { /* #1 */
    position: absolute;
}
```



VERTINAMA PAGAL TĖVINĮ ELEMENTĄ

```
p { /* #1 */
    position: absolute;
    bottom: 10px;
    right: 10px;
}
```

