# ECON2300 - Introductory Econometrics

Tutorial 10: Instrumental Variables Regression

**Tutor: Francisco Tavares Garcia** 

#### R-Exercise 5 is available!

Dear ECON2300 Students,

R-Exercise 5 is now available in the "R-Exercises: Analysis of Data and Short Report" folder, which you can access via the Assessment tab.

The due date for R-Exercise 5 is Friday, October 13, 2023, 4pm

Please read all instructions carefully before commencing the R-Exercise. For convenience, a copy of the R-Exercise instructions has been presented below.

-----

#### Instructions:

Please pay close attention to the number of decimal places required (if any) for each answer. The required number of decimal places may differ from question to question.

Avoid rounding during intermediate calculations where possible.

This R-Exercise is not timed. This means that you can open the R-Exercise and return to it as many times as you need to (provided that you do not click submit).

There is only one attempt for this R-Exercise.

The R-Exercise is marked out of 7, but will contribute 10% towards your final grade if it is among the highest 3 of your 5 R-Exercise scores across the semester.

The closing time for this R-Exercise is **4pm on Friday, October 13, 2023**. Please make sure that you have submitted your answers by this time. Remember that you must click submit before the deadline for your R-Exercise to be marked.

Please Note: If you encounter any technical issues with the R-Exercise, please email the CML coordinator at cml.2300@uq.edu.au. Do not email R-Exercise issues to the Course Coordinator or Course Administrator. Otherwise there may be a delay in responding to your enquiry.



## SETutor will be available next Monday!

If you found these tutorials helpful, please answer the survey.

(If you didn't, please let me know how to improve them through the survey too ②)

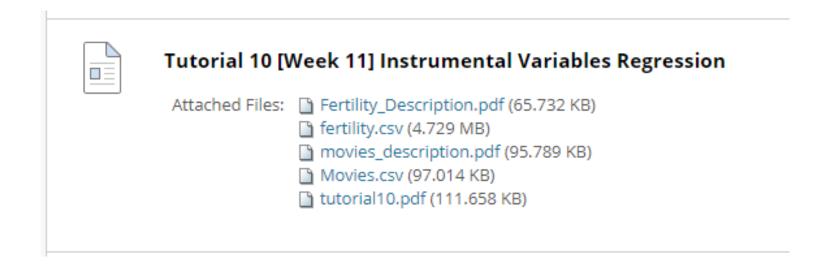
This is very valuable for us tutors!



https://eval.uq.edu.au/eus.onlinesurveyportal/Home/Survey?surveyid=768118861



- Download the files for tutorial 10 from Blackboard,
- save them into a folder for this tutorial.





- Copy the code from Codeshare,
  - https://codeshare.io/tut10
- Paste the code in a new script in RStudio,
- Save the script in the same folder as the data.

### Adm - Tut 10 - E12.1 - a - b - c - d - e - f - g - E12.2 - a - b - c - d - e - f



E12.1 How does fertility affect labor supply? That is, how much does a woman's labor supply fall when she has an additional child? In this exercise you will estimate this effect using data for married women from the 1980 U.S. Census.<sup>1</sup> The data are in the file Fertility.csv and described in Fertility\_Description.pdf. The data set contains information on married women aged 21–35 with two or more children.







Variable	Description
morekids	=1 if mom had more than 2 children
boy1st	=1 if 1st child was a boy
boy2nd	=1 if 2nd child was a boy
samesex	=1 if 1st two children same sex
agem1	age of mom at census
black	=1 if mom is black
hispan	=1 if mom is Hispanic
othrace	=1 if mom is not black, Hispanic or white
weeksm1	mom's weeks worked in 1979

#### **Documentation for Fertility and Fertility\_Small Data Sets**

These data are taken from the 1980 Census. These data were provided by Professor William Evans of the University of Maryland and were used in his paper with Joshua Angrist "Children and Thier Parents' Labor Supply: Evidence from Exogenous Variation in Family Size," American Economic Review, June 1998, Vol. 88, No. 3, 450-477. The file **Fertility.dta** (in STATA format) contains data on 254,654 women between the age of 21 and 35. The data in **Fertility** are a subset of the data used in the Angrist-Evans paper. (The file **Fertility\_Small** contains data on a 30,000 randomly selected women from the **Fertility** data set. This smaller dataset is provided for students with memory limitations on their computer software.)



(a) Regress weeksm1 on the indicator variable morekids, using OLS. On average, do women with more than two children work less than women with two children? How much less?

```
> OLS = lm_robust(weeksm1 ~ morekids, se_type = "stata")
> summary(OLS)
Call:
lm_robust(formula = weeksm1 ~ morekids, se_type = "stata")
Standard error type: HC1
Coefficients:
           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|) CI Lower CI Upper
(Intercept)
             21.068
                       0.05607 375.76
                                             0 20.959
                                                          21.178 254652
morekids
                       0.08715 -61.81
                                              0 -5.558
                                                          -5.216 254652
             -5.387
Multiple R-squared: 0.01431, Adjusted R-squared: 0.0143
F-statistic: 3821 on 1 and 254652 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Table 1: Fertility and Labor Supply				
	(1) OLS	(2) TSLS	(3) TSLS	
(Intercept)	21.068***	21.421***	-4.792***	
	(0.056)	(0.487)	(0.407)	
morekids	-5.387***	-6.314***	-5.821***	
	(0.087)	(1.275)	(1.246)	
agem1			$0.832^{***}$	
			(0.023)	
black			11.623***	
			(0.229)	
hispan			0.404	
			(0.260)	
othrace			2.131***	
			(0.206)	
$\mathbb{R}^2$	0.014	0.014	0.044	
$Adj. R^2$	0.014	0.014	0.044	
Num. obs.	254654	254654	254654	
RMSE	21.710	21.715	21.385	

\*\*\* p < 0.001, \*\* p < 0.01, \*p < 0.05

The coefficient is -5.39, which indicates that women with more than 2 children work 5.39 fewer weeks per year than women with 2 or fewer children.



(b) Explain why the OLS regression estimated in (a) is inappropriate for estimating the causal effect of fertility (morekids) on labor supply (weeksm1).

Both fertility and weeks worked are choice variables. A woman with a positive labor sup- ply regression error (a woman who works more than average) may also be a woman who is less likely to have an additional child. This would imply that morekids is correlated with the error, so that the OLS estimator of  $\beta_{morekids}$  is biased.

#### Adm - Tut 10 - E12.1 - a - b - c - d - e - f - g - E12.2 - a - b - c - d - e - f



(c) The data set contains the variable samesex, which is equal to 1 if the first two children are of the same sex (boy-boy or girl-girl) and equal to 0 otherwise. Are couples whose first two children are of the same sex more likely to have a third child? Is the effect large? Is it statistically significant?

```
> OLS.first1 = lm_robust(morekids ~ samesex, se_type = "stata")
> summary(OLS.first1)
Call:
lm_robust(formula = morekids ~ samesex, se_type = "stata")
Standard error type: HC1
Coefficients:
           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|) CI Lower CI Upper
(Intercept)
            0.34642
                      0.001341
                                258.34
                                         0.000e+00
                                                   0.34380
                      0.001919
                                 35.19 1.388e-270 0.06376
                                                            0.07129 254652
             0.06753
samesex
Multiple R-squared: 0.004835, Adjusted R-squared: 0.004831
F-statistic: 1238 on 1 and 254652 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
   The linear regression of morekids on samesex (a linear probability model) yields
```

$$\widehat{\text{morekids}} = \frac{0.346}{(0.001)} + \frac{0.068}{(0.002)} \times \text{samesex}$$

Table 2: First Stage Estimation of TSLS (2) TSLS (3) TSLS (Intercept) 0.346\*\*\* -0.140\*\*\*(0.008)(0.001)0.068\*\*\* 0.068\*\*\* samesex (0.002)(0.002)0.015\*\*\*agem1 (0.000)0.101\*\*\*black (0.004)0.151\*\*\*hispan (0.004)0.028\*\*\* othrace (0.005) $R^2$ 0.0050.024  $Adj. R^2$ 0.0240.005Num. obs. 254654 254654 F statistic 1238.171 1303.930 RMSE 0.4840.480

so that couples with samesex = 1 are 6.8% more likely to have an additional child that couples with samesex = 0. The effect is highly significant (t-statistic = 35.2).

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>p < 0.001, \*\*p < 0.01, \*p < 0.05



- (d) Explain why samesex is a valid instrument for the instrumental variable regression of weeksm1
- (e) Is samesex a weak instrument?

on morekids.

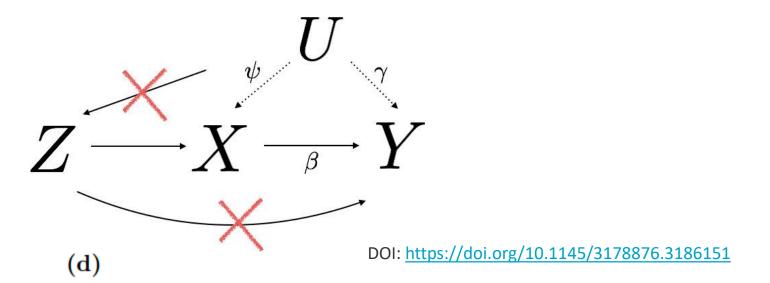


Table 2: First Stage Estimation of TSLS (2) TSLS (3) TSLS 0.346\*\*\* -0.140\*\*\*(Intercept) (0.001)(0.008)0.068\*\*\*0.068\*\*\* samesex (0.002)(0.002) $0.015^{***}$ agem1 (0.000)0.101\*\*\*black (0.004)hispan 0.151\*\*\* (0.004)othrace 0.028\*\*\* (0.005) $\mathbb{R}^2$ 0.0050.024Adj. R<sup>2</sup> 0.0050.024254654Num. obs. 254654 F statistic 1238.171 1303.930 RMSE 0.4840.480

\*\*\*p < 0.001, \*\*p < 0.01, \*p < 0.05

samesex is random and is unrelated to any of the other variables in the model including the error term in the labor supply equation. Thus, the instrument is exogenous. From (c), the first stage F-statistic is large (F = 1238.2 > 10) so the instrument is relevant. Together, these imply that samesex is a valid instrument.

**(e)** 



(f) Estimate the regression of weeksm1 on morekids, using samesex as an instrument. How large is the fertility effect on labor supply?

> TSLS1 = ivreg(weeksm1 ~ morekids | samesex) > summary(TSLS1) Call: ivreg(formula = weeksm1 ~ morekids | samesex) Residuals: Min 1Q Median 3Q Max -21.42 -21.42 -13.42 24.89 36.89 Coefficients: Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)(Intercept) 21.421 0.487 43.988 < 2e-16 \*\*\* 1.275 -4.953 7.3e-07 \*\*\* morekids -6.314 Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1 Residual standard error: 21.71 on 254652 degrees of freedom Multiple R-Squared: 0.01388, Adjusted R-squared: 0.01388 Wald test: 24.54 on 1 and 254652 DF, p-value: 7.296e-07

Table 1: Fertility and Labor Supply			
	(1) OLS	(2) TSLS	(3) TSLS
(Intercept)	21.068***	21.421***	-4.792***
	(0.056)	(0.487)	(0.407)
morekids	-5.387***	-6.314***	-5.821***
	(0.087)	(1.275)	(1.246)
agem1			$0.832^{***}$
			(0.023)
black			11.623***
			(0.229)
hispan			0.404
			(0.260)
othrace			2.131***
			(0.206)
$\mathbb{R}^2$	0.014	0.014	0.044
$Adj. R^2$	0.014	0.014	0.044
Num. obs.	254654	254654	254654
RMSE	21.710	21.715	21.385

\*\*\*p < 0.001, \*\*p < 0.01, \*p < 0.05

See column (2) of Table 1. The estimated value of  $\beta_{morekids} = -6.314$ .



(f) Estimate the regression of weeksm1 on morekids, using samesex as an instrument. How large is the fertility effect on labor supply?

# (we can do it manually – coefficients are right, but not standard error )

```
> # Extra Material:
> FS_morekids <- OLS.first1$coefficients[1] + OLS.first1$coefficients[2]*samesex
> TSLS1_hand <- lm_robust(weeksm1 ~ FS_morekids, se_type = "stata")
> summary(TSLS1_hand)
Call:
lm_robust(formula = weeksm1 ~ FS_morekids, se_type = "stata")
Standard error type: HC1
Coefficients:
           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|) CI Lower CI Upper
(Intercept)
             21.421
                        0.4906 43.663 0.000e+00
                                                  20.460 22.383 254652
            -6.314
                       1.2836 -4.919 8.708e-07
FS_morekids
                                                  -8.829 -3.798 254652
Multiple R-squared: 9.502e-05, Adjusted R-squared: 9.109e-05
F-statistic: 24.2 on 1 and 254652 DF, p-value: 8.708e-07
```

Table 1: Fertility and Labor Supply			
	(1) OLS	(2) TSLS	(3) TSLS
(Intercept)	21.068***	21.421***	-4.792***
	(0.056)	(0.487)	(0.407)
morekids	-5.387***	-6.314***	-5.821***
	(0.087)	(1.275)	(1.246)
agem1			$0.832^{***}$
			(0.023)
black			11.623***
			(0.229)
hispan			0.404
			(0.260)
othrace			2.131***
			(0.206)
$\mathbb{R}^2$	0.014	0.014	0.044
$Adj. R^2$	0.014	0.014	0.044
Num. obs.	254654	254654	254654
RMSE	21.710	21.715	21.385
*** $p < 0.001$ , *** $p < 0.01$ , * $p < 0.05$			

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> p < 0.001, \*\*p < 0.01, \*p < 0.0



(g) Do the results change when you include the variables agem1, black, hispan, and othrace in the labor supply regression (treating these variable as exogenous)? Explain why or why not.

```
> TSLS2 = ivreg(weeksm1 ~ morekids + agem1 + black + hispan + othrace |
                  samesex + agem1 + black + hispan + othrace)
> summary(TSLS2)
Call:
ivreg(formula = weeksm1 ~ morekids + agem1 + black + hispan +
    othrace | samesex + agem1 + black + hispan + othrace)
Residuals:
  Min
          1Q Median
                              Max
-36.34 -17.66 -10.99 22.72 45.15
Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) -4.79189
                       0.40657 -11.786
                                         <2e-16 ***
                                          3e-06 ***
morekids
            -5.82105
                      1.24631 -4.671
            0.83160
                       0.02289 36.336
                                         <2e-16 ***
agem1
black
           11.62327
                       0.22893
                                50.772
                                         <2e-16 ***
hispan
            0.40418
                       0.25986
                                1.555
                                           0.12
                                         <2e-16 ***
othrace
            2.13096
                       0.20586 10.352
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 21.38 on 254648 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-Squared: 0.04368.
                              Adjusted R-squared: 0.04366
Wald test: 1335 on 5 and 254648 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

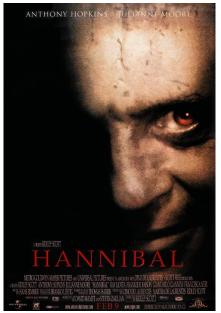
Table 1: Fertility and Labor Supply				
	(1) OLS	(2) TSLS	(3) TSLS	
(Intercept)	21.068***	21.421***	-4.792***	
	(0.056)	(0.487)	(0.407)	
morekids	-5.387***	-6.314***	-5.821***	
	(0.087)	(1.275)	(1.246)	
agem1			$0.832^{***}$	
			(0.023)	
black			11.623***	
			(0.229)	
hispan			0.404	
			(0.260)	
othrace			2.131***	
			(0.206)	
$\mathbb{R}^2$	0.014	0.014	0.044	
$Adj. R^2$	0.014	0.014	0.044	
Num. obs.	254654	254654	254654	
RMSE	21.710	21.715	21.385	

\*\*\* p < 0.001, \*\* p < 0.01, \*p < 0.05

See column (3) of Table 1. The results do not change in an important way. The reason is that samesex is unrelated to agem1, black, hispan, and othrace, so that there is no omitted variable bias in IV regression in (f).



E12.2 Does viewing a violent movie lead to violent behavior? If so, the incidence of violent crimes, such as assaults, should rise following the release of a violent movie that attracts many viewers. Alternatively, movie viewing may substitute for other activities (such as alcohol consumption) that lead to violent behavior, so that assaults should fall when more viewers are attracted to the cinema. Find the data file Movies.csv, which contains data on the number of assaults and movie attendance for 516 weekends from 1995 through 2004.<sup>2</sup> A detailed description is given in Movies\_Description.pdf. The dataset includes weekend U.S. attendance for strongly violent movies (such as Hannibal), mildly violent movies (such as Spider-Man), and nonviolent movies (such as Finding Nemo). The dataset also includes a count of the number of assaults for the same weekend in a subset of counties in the United States. Finally, the dataset includes indicators for year, month, whether the weekend is a holiday, and various measures of the weather.





From the Creators of ELONSTERS, INC.

Plant PIXAR
FINDING

Sea it in theaters. May 30

WAT SHIMT RCTURE PRESENTS A PARA ARMATION STUDIOS FIRST

**Tutorial 10: Instrumental Variables Regression** 

## Adm - Tut 10 - E12.1 - a - b - c - d - e - f - g - E12.2 - a - b - c - d - e - f



Variable Name	Description			
	Assaults and Movie Attendance			
assaults	number of assaults and intimidation in a subset of U.S. counties			
attend_v	attendance stongly violent movies (in millions)			
attend_m	attendance mildly violent movies (in millions)			
attend_n	attendance nonviolent movies (in millions)			
	Weather, Holiday and Calendar Variables			
year1 to year10	indicator variable for year of the sample (1995-2004)			
month1 to month12	indicator variables for month of the year (January-December)			
h_chris	indicator variable for Christmas weekend			
h_newyr	indicator variable for New Years weekend			
h_easter	indicator variable for Easter weekend			
h_july4	indicator variable for July 4 (U.S. Independence Day) weekend			
h_mem	indicator variable for Memorial Day weekend			
h_labor	indicator variable for Labor Day weekend			
w_rain	fraction of locations with rain			
w_snow	fraction of locations with snow			
w_maxa	fraction of locations with maximum daily temperature between 80°F and 90°F			
w_maxb	fraction of locations with maximum daily temperature between 90°F and 100°F			
w_maxc	fraction of locations with maximum daily temperature greater than 100°F			
w_mina	fraction of locations with minimum daily temperature between 10°F			
w_minb	fraction of locations with minimum daily temperature less than 10°F and 20°F			
w_minc	fraction of locations with minimum daily temperature less than 10°F and 20°F			
Instruments				
pr_attend_v	predicted attendance violent movies			
pr_attend_m	predicted attendance moderately violent movies			
pr_attend_n	predicted attendance nonviolent movies			
attend_v_f	attendance violent movies one week in the future			
attend_m_f	attendance moderately violent movies one week in the future			
attend_n_f	attendance nonviolent movies one week in the future			
attend_v_b	attendance violent movies one week in the past			
attend_m_b	attendance moderately violent movies one week in the past			
attend_n_b	attendance nonviolent movies one week in the past			

**Tutorial 10: Instrumental Variables Regression** 



(a) i. Regress the logarithm of the number of assaults (ln\_assaults = ln(assaults)) on the year and month indicators. Is there evidence of seasonality in assaults? That is, do there tend to be more assaults in some months than others? Explain.

```
> reg1 = lm_robust(ln_assaults ~ year2 + year3 + year4 + year5 + year6 + year7 +
                     year8 + year9 + year10 + month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 +
                     month6 + month7 + month8 + month9 + month10 + month11 +
                     month12, se_type = "stata")
> linearHypothesis(reg1, c("month2=0", "month3=0", "month4=0", "month5=0",
                           "month6=0", "month7=0", "month8=0", "month9=0",
                           "month10=0", "month11=0", "month12=0"), test=c("F"))
Linear hypothesis test
Hypothesis:
month2 = 0
month3 = 0
month4 = 0
month5 = 0
month6 = 0
month7 = 0
month8 = 0
month9 = 0
month10 = 0
month11 = 0
month12 = 0
Model 1: restricted model
Model 2: ln_assaults ~ year2 + year3 + year4 + year5 + year6 + year7 +
    year8 + year9 + year10 + month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 +
    month6 + month7 + month8 + month9 + month10 + month11 + month12
  Res.Df Df
                      Pr(>F)
     506
     495 11 78.278 < 2.2e-16 ***
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1
```

The *F*-statistic on the 11 monthly indicators is 78.28 with a *p*-value that is essentially 0. Thus, there is strong evidence of seasonality in assaults. (The estimates imply that there are more assaults in the summer than in the winter.)

Tutorial 10: Instrumental Variables Regression



ii. Regress total movie attendance (attend = attend\_v + attend\_m + attend\_n) on the year and month indicators. Is there evidence of seasonality in movie attendance? Explain.

```
> reg2 = lm_robust(attend ~ year2 + year3 + year4 + year5 + year6 + year7 +
                      year8 + year9 + year10 + month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 +
                      month6 + month7 + month8 + month9 + month10 + month11 +
                      month12, se_type = "stata")
> linearHypothesis(reg2, c("month2=0", "month3=0", "month4=0", "month5=0",
                            "month6=0", "month7=0", "month8=0", "month9=0", "month10=0", "month11=0", "month12=0"), test=c("F"))
Linear hypothesis test
Hypothesis:
month2 = 0
month3 = 0
month4 = 0
month5 = 0
month6 = 0
month7 = 0
month8 = 0
month9 = 0
month10 = 0
month11 = 0
month12 = 0
Model 1: restricted model
Model 2: attend ~ year2 + year3 + year4 + year5 + year6 + year7 + year8 +
    year9 + year10 + month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 + month6 +
    month7 + month8 + month9 + month10 + month11 + month12
  Res.Df Df
     506
     495 11 58.57 < 2.2e-16 ***
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1
```

The F-statistic on the 11 monthly indicators is 58.57 with p-value that is essentially 0. Thus, there is strong evidence of seasonality in movie attendance. (The estimates imply that attendance is high in the summer.)



- (b) Regress ln\_assaults on attend\_v, attend\_m, attend\_n, the year and month indicators, and the weather and holiday control variables available in the data set.
  - i. Based on the regression, does viewing a strongly violent movie increase or decrease assaults? By how much? Is the estimated effect statistically significant?

```
month2
                                                                                               -0.007258
                                                                                                         0.0124247
                                                                                                                     -0.5842 5.594e-01 -0.031672
Call:
                                                                                    month3
                                                                                                0.012555
                                                                                                          0.0124661
                                                                                                                      1.0071
                                                                                                                             3.144e-01 -0.011940
                                                                                                                                                  3.705e-02 478
lm_robust(formula = ln_assaults ~ attend_v + attend_m + attend_n +
                                                                                                          0.0153559
                                                                                    month4
                                                                                                0.001864
                                                                                                                      0.1214
                                                                                                                             9.034e-01 -0.028309
    year2 + year3 + year4 + year5 + year6 + year7 + year8 + year9 +
                                                                                    month 5
                                                                                                0.007949
                                                                                                          0.0158838
                                                                                                                      0.5004
                                                                                                                             6.170e-01 -0.023262
    year10 + month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 + month6 + month7 +
                                                                                    month6
                                                                                               -0.029030
                                                                                                          0.0167490
                                                                                                                     -1.7332
                                                                                                                             8.370e-02 -0.061940
    month8 + month9 + month10 + month11 + month12 + h_chris +
                                                                                    month7
                                                                                               -0.034348
                                                                                                          0.0174474
                                                                                                                     -1.9687
                                                                                                                             4.957e-02 -0.068631 -6.541e-05 478
    h_newyr + h_easter + h_july4 + h_mem + h_labor + w_maxa +
                                                                                                          0.0173885
                                                                                    month8
                                                                                                                     -2.2117
                                                                                                                             2.746e-02 -0.072626 -4.291e-03 478
                                                                                    month9
                                                                                                          0.0180179
                                                                                                                     -0.7135
                                                                                                                             4.759e-01 -0.048259
Standard error type: HC1
                                                                                               -0.002473
                                                                                                          0.0166149
                                                                                                                             8.817e-01 -0.035120
                                                                                    month10
                                                                                                                     -0.1489
                                                                                    month11
                                                                                               -0.043193
                                                                                                          0.0134709
                                                                                                                     -3.2064
                                                                                                                             1.434e-03 -0.069663 -1.672e-02 478
Coefficients:
                                                                                    month12
                                                                                               -0.030492
                                                                                                          0.0172486
                                                                                                                     -1.7678 7.773e-02 -0.064384 3.400e-03 478
                                                                                    h_chris
                                                                                                -0.087940
                                                                                                          0.0343803
                                                                                                                     -2.5579 1.084e-02 -0.155495 -2.038e-02 478
             Estimate Std. Error t value
                                              Pr(>|t|)
                                                        CI Lower
                                                                                                0.245256
                                                                                                          0.1112937
                                                                                                                      2.2037
                                                                                                                             2.802e-02 0.026571
                                                                                    h_newyr
(Intercept)
             6.914316
                       0.0199267 346.9867
                                             0.000e+00
                                                        6.875161
                                                                                                -0.036940
                                                                                                          0.0138321
                                                                                                                     -2.6706
                                                                                                                             7.830e-03 -0.064119 -9.761e-03 478
                                                                                    h_easter
                                             1.799e-03 -0.005152 -1.185e-03 478
attend_v
                        0.0010095
                                  -3.1392
                                                                                    h_july4
                                                                                                0.035178
                                                                                                          0.0148879
                                                                                                                      2.3628
                                                                                                                             1.853e-02 0.005924
                                                                                                                                                  6.443e-02 478
attend_m
                        0.0007002
                                   -4.4817
                                             9.278e-06 -0.004514 -1.762e-03 478
                                                                                                0.005925
                                                                                                          0.0117228
                                                                                                                             6.135e-01 -0.017109
                                                                                                                      0.5054
                                                                                                                                                  2.896e-02 478
                                                                                    h_mem
                       0.0007404
attend_n
             -0.002105
                                   -2.8434
                                             4.655e-03 -0.003560 -6.504e-04 478
                                                                                                          0.0108193
                                                                                    h_labor
                                                                                                0.024149
                                                                                                                      2.2320
                                                                                                                             2.607e-02 0.002890
year2
             0.700811
                        0.0098018
                                   71.4979 2.158e-257
                                                        0.681551
                                                                                                0.109906
                                                                                                         0.0111757
                                                                                                                      9.8343
                                                                                                                             6.590e-21 0.087946
                                                                                                                                                 1.319e-01 478
                                                                                    w_maxa
                                                        0.997331
year3
             1.017069
                       0.0100452 101.2490
                                             0.000e+00
                                                                  1.037e+00 478
                                                                                                          0.0138328
                                                                                    w_maxb
                                                                                                0.110748
                                                                                                                      8.0062
                                                                                                                             9.069e-15 0.083568
                                                                                                                                                 1.379e-01 478
year4
             1.226729
                        0.0098888 124.0523
                                             0.000e+00
                                                        1.207299
                                                                  1.246e+00 478
                                                                                                          0.0440855
                                                                                    w_maxc
                                                                                                0.042323
                                                                                                                      0.9600
                                                                                                                             3.375e-01 -0.044302
                                                                                                                                                 1.289e-01 478
year5
             1.389127
                        0.0113609 122.2721
                                             0.000e+00
                                                        1.366803
                                                                  1.411e+00 478
                                                                                    w_mina
                                                                                                                             6.531e-09 -0.453746 -2.273e-01 478
                                                                                               -0.340520
                                                                                                          0.0576230
                                                                                                                     -5.9094
                                                        1.670236
year6
             1.688294
                       0.0091901 183.7084
                                             0.000e+00
                                                                  1.706e+00 478
                                                                                    w_minb
                                                                                               -0.172549
                                                                                                          0.0375872
                                                                                                                     -4.5906
                                                                                                                             5.657e-06 -0.246405 -9.869e-02 478
year7
                       0.0097684 188.3151
                                             0.000e+00
                                                        1.820352
                                                                  1.859e+00 478
             1.839547
                                                                                    w_minc
                                                                                               -0.119609
                                                                                                          0.0184330
                                                                                                                     -6.4888
                                                                                                                             2.166e-10 -0.155828 -8.339e-02 478
                                             0.000e+00
                                                                  1.919e+00 478
year8
             1.898393
                       0.0104275 182.0561
                                                        1.877904
                                                                                    w_rain
                                                                                                          0.0120337
                                                                                                                     -2.6832 7.545e-03 -0.055934 -8.643e-03 478
year9
             1.950122
                        0.0104520 186.5794
                                             0.000e+00
                                                        1.929585
                                                                  1.971e+00 478
                                                                                    w_snow
                                                                                                         0.0422130
                                                                                                                     -1.4497 1.478e-01 -0.144140 2.175e-02 478
             2.072147 0.0105116 197.1299
                                             0.000e+00 2.051492
vear10
                                                                  2.093e+00 478
                                                                                    Multiple R-squared: 0.9959 .
                                                                                                                  Adjusted R-squared: 0.9956
```

Multiple R-squared: 0.9959 , Adjusted R-squared: 0.9956 F-statistic: 3166 on 37 and 478 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

The results are shown in the column labeled OLS in Table 3. An increase in strongly violent movie attendance of one million viewers is predicted to reduce assaults by 0.32%. The coefficient is statistically significant at the 1% significance level. Tutorial 10: Instrumental Variables Regression



ii. Does attendance at strongly violent movies affect assaults differently than attendance at moderately violent movies? Differently than attendance at nonviolent movies?

```
Hypothesis:
attend_v - attend_n = 0

Model 1: restricted model
Model 2: ln_assaults ~ attend_v + attend_m + attend_n + year2 + year3 +
    year4 + year5 + year6 + year7 + year8 + year9 + year10 +
    month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 + month6 + month7 + month8 +
    month9 + month10 + month11 + month12 + h_chris + h_newyr +
    h_easter + h_july4 + h_mem + h_labor + w_maxa + w_maxb +
    w_maxc + w_mina + w_minb + w_minc + w_rain + w_snow
Res.Df Df    F Pr(>F)
1    479
2    478    1    1.6318    0.2021
```

The F-statistic suggests that the coefficients  $\beta_v$ ,  $\beta_m$ , and  $\beta_n$  are not statistically significantly different from one another.



iii. A strongly violent blockbuster movie is released, and the weekend's attendance at strongly violent movies increases by 6 million; meanwhile, attendance falls by 2 million for moderately violent movies and by 1 million for nonviolent movies. What is the predicted effect on assaults? Construct a 95% confidence interval for the change in assaults. [Hint: Review Section 7.3 and material surrounding Equations (8.7) and (8.8).]

```
> confint(glht(OLS, linfct = c("6*attend_v - 2*attend_m - attend_n = 0")))
         Simultaneous Confidence Intervals
Fit: lm_robust(formula = ln_assaults ~ attend_v + attend_m + attend_n +
    year2 + year3 + year4 + year5 + year6 + year7 + year8 + year9 +
    year10 + month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 + month6 + month7 +
    month8 + month9 + month10 + month11 + month12 + h_chris +
    h_newyr + h_easter + h_july4 + h_mem + h_labor + w_maxa +
    w_maxb + w_maxc + w_mina + w_minb + w_minc + w_rain + w_snow.
    se_type = "stata")
Quantile = 1.96
95% family-wise confidence level
Linear Hypotheses:
                                             Estimate
                                                        lwr
                                                                   upr
6 * attend_v - 2 * attend_m - attend_n == 0 \frac{-0.0106321}{-0.0204376} -0.0008266
```

The question asks for an estimate and standard error for  $6\beta_v - 2\beta_m - \beta_n$ . The OLS estimate for this coefficient is -0.011. It shows a decrease in assaults of 1.1%. The 95% confidence interval is -0.020 to -0.0008 (or -2.0% to -0.08%).



(c) It is difficult to control for all the variables that affect assaults and that might be correlated with movie attendance. For example, the effect of the weather on assaults and movie attendance is only crudely approximated by the weather variables in the data set. However, the data set does include a set of instruments, pr\_attend\_v, pr\_attend\_m, and pr\_attend\_n, that are correlated with attendance but are (arguably) uncorrelated with weekend-specific factors (such as the weather) that affect both assaults and movie attendance. These instruments use historical attendance patterns, not information on a particular weekend, to predict a film's attendance in a given weekend. For example, if a film's attendance is high in the second week of its release, then this can be used to predict that its attendance was also high in the first week of its release. (The details of the construction of these instruments are available in the Dahl and DellaVigna paper referenced in footnote 5.) Run the regression from part (b) (including year, month, holiday, and weather controls) but now using pr\_ attend\_v, pr\_attend\_m, and pr\_attend\_n as instruments for attend\_v, attend\_m, and attend\_n. Use this regression to answer (b)i-(b)iii.



```
Call:
                                                                    month2
                                                                                -0.0077646
                                                                                            0.0095867
                                                                                                       -0.810 0.418380
ivreg(formula = ln_assaults ~ attend_v + attend_m + attend_n +
                                                                    month3
                                                                                 0.0110923
                                                                                            0.0101777
                                                                                                        1.090 0.276320
    year2 + year3 + year4 + year5 + year6 + year7 + year8 + year9 +
                                                                    month4
                                                                                            0.0125280
                                                                                                       -0.043 0.966013
                                                                                -0.0005341
    year10 + month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 + month6 + month7 +
                                                                    month5
                                                                                 0.0076986
                                                                                            0.0146063
                                                                                                        0.527 0.598386
    month8 + month9 + month10 + month11 + month12 + h chris +
                                                                    month6
                                                                                            0.0157359
                                                                                                      -1.712 0.087591 .
                                                                                -0.0269358
    h_newyr + h_easter + h_july4 + h_mem + h_labor + w_maxa +
                                                                                            0.0179397
                                                                                                       -1.714 0.087251 .
                                                                    month7
                                                                                -0.0307414
    w_maxb + w_maxc + w_mina + w_minb + w_minc + w_rain + w_snow
                                                                                -0.0378368
                                                                                            0.0168999
                                                                                                       -2.239 0.025623 *
                                                                    month8
    pr_attend_v + pr_attend_m + pr_attend_n + year2 + year3 +
                                                                    month9
                                                                                -0.0162870
                                                                                            0.0153787
                                                                                                       -1.059 0.290106
        year4 + year5 + year6 + year7 + year8 + year9 + year10 +
                                                                    month10
                                                                                -0.0044822
                                                                                            0.0126541
                                                                                                       -0.354 0.723341
        month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 + month6 + month7 +
                                                                                            0.0109236
                                                                    month11
                                                                                -0.0408120
                                                                                                       -3.736 0.000209 ***
       month8 + month9 + month10 + month11 + month12 + h chris +
                                                                    month12
                                                                                            0.0099068
                                                                                                       -3.127 0.001876 **
                                                                                -0.0309746
        h_newyr + h_easter + h_july4 + h_mem + h_labor + w_maxa +
                                                                    h chris
                                                                                            0.0236690
                                                                                                       -3.548 0.000427 ***
                                                                                -0.0839750
        w_maxb + w_maxc + w_mina + w_minb + w_minc + w_rain +
                                                                                                       10.797 < 2e-16 ***
                                                                    h_newyr
                                                                                 0.2510780
                                                                                            0.0232545
       w_snow)
                                                                    h easter
                                                                                -0.0357587
                                                                                            0.0146070
                                                                                                      -2.448 0.014722 *
                                                                    h_july4
                                                                                 0.0348679
                                                                                            0.0203022
                                                                                                        1.717 0.086546 .
Residuals:
                                                                                            0.0152665
                                                                    h_mem
                                                                                 0.0112309
                                                                                                        0.736 0.462301
     Min
                   Median
              10
                                 3Q
                                        Max
                                                                    h_labor
                                                                                 0.0235949
                                                                                            0.0142537
                                                                                                        1.655 0.098510 .
-0.33227 -0.02473 -0.00252 0.02318
                                    0.18905
                                                                                 0.1101143
                                                                                            0.0134986
                                                                                                        8.157 3.05e-15 ***
                                                                    w_maxa
                                                                    w_maxb
                                                                                 0.1123803
                                                                                            0.0186237
                                                                                                        6.034 3.20e-09 ***
Coefficients:
                                                                                 0.0469039
                                                                                            0.0699786
                                                                                                        0.670 0.503015
                                                                    w_maxc
             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                                                    w_mina
                                                                                -0.3440012
                                                                                            0.0397046
                                                                                                       -8.664 < 2e-16 ***
w_minb
                                                                                -0.1735184
                                                                                            0.0270351
                                                                                                       -6.418 3.32e-10 ***
attend_v
           -0.0038738 0.0011131 -3.480 0.000547 ***
                                                                                                       -6.997 8.90e-12 ***
                                                                    w_minc
                                                                                -0.1178151
                                                                                            0.0168387
attend_m
            -0.0038930
                       0.0007748
                                  -5.025 7.14e-07 ***
                                                                    w_rain
                                                                                -0.0316781
                                                                                            0.0128550
                                                                                                       -2.464 0.014080 *
attend_n
            -0.0027221
                       0.0007892
                                  -3.449 0.000612 ***
                                                                                -0.0599756
                                                                                            0.0298137
                                                                                                       -2.012 0.044814 *
                                                                    w_snow
year2
            0.7019494
                       0.0085867
                                  81.748
                                          < 2e-16 ***
            1.0191737
                       0.0087824 116.047
                                          < 2e-16 ***
year3
                                                                    Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1
            1.2293360
                       0.0089676 137.086
                                          < 2e-16 ***
year4
            1.3910170
                       0.0087758 158.506
                                          < 2e-16 ***
year5
                                                                    Residual standard error: 0.04196 on 478 degrees of freedom
            1.6901854
                       0.0086467 195.473 < 2e-16 ***
year6
                                                                    Multiple R-Squared: 0.9959, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9956
year7
            1.8422489
                       0.0089949 204.810 < 2e-16 ***
                                                                    Wald test: 3130 on 37 and 478 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
                                          < 2e-16 ***
            1.9022983
                       0.0094491 201.320
year8
            1.9534999
                       0.0090464 215.943
                                          < 2e-16 ***
year9
```

< 2e-16 \*\*\*

2.0750249

year10

0.0091914 225.758



```
> linearHypothesis(TSLS1, c("attend_v=attend_m"))
Linear hypothesis test
Hypothesis:
attend_v - attend_m = 0
Model 1: restricted model
Model 2: ln_assaults ~ attend_v + attend_m + attend_n + year2 + year3 +
    year4 + year5 + year6 + year7 + year8 + year9 + year10 +
    month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 + month6 + month7 + month8 +
   month9 + month10 + month11 + month12 + h_chris + h_newyr +
    h_{easter} + h_{july4} + h_{mem} + h_{labor} + w_{maxa} + w_{maxb} +
    w_maxc + w_mina + w_minb + w_minc + w_rain + w_snow | pr_attend_v +
    pr_attend_m + pr_attend_n + vear2 + vear3 + vear4 + vear5 +
    vear6 + year7 + year8 + year9 + year10 + month2 + month3 +
    month4 + month5 + month6 + month7 + month8 + month9 + month10 +
    month11 + month12 + h_chris + h_newyr + h_easter + h_july4 +
    h_mem + h_labor + w_maxa + w_maxb + w_maxc + w_mina + w_minb +
    w_minc + w_rain + w_snow
  Res.Df Df Chisq Pr(>Chisq)
     479
     478 1 4e-04
> linearHypothesis(TSLS1, c("attend_v=attend_n"))
Linear hypothesis test
Hypothesis:
attend_v - attend_n = 0
Model 1: restricted model
Model 2: ln_assaults ~ attend_v + attend_m + attend_n + year2 + year3 +
    vear4 + year5 + year6 + year7 + year8 + year9 + year10 +
    month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 + month6 + month7 + month8 +
    month9 + month10 + month11 + month12 + h_chris + h_newyr +
    h_{easter} + h_{july4} + h_{mem} + h_{labor} + w_{maxa} + w_{maxb} +
    w_maxc + w_mina + w_minb + w_minc + w_rain + w_snow | pr_attend_v +
    pr_attend_m + pr_attend_n + vear2 + vear3 + vear4 + vear5 +
    year6 + year7 + year8 + year9 + year10 + month2 + month3 +
    month4 + month5 + month6 + month7 + month8 + month9 + month10 +
    month11 + month12 + h_chris + h_newyr + h_easter + h_july4 +
    h_mem + h_labor + w_maxa + w_maxb + w_maxc + w_mina + w_minb +
    w_minc + w_rain + w_snow
  Res.Df Df Chisq Pr(>Chisq)
     479
```

478 1 1.3437

0.2464

```
> linearHypothesis(TSLS1, c("attend_v=attend_m", "attend_v=attend_n"))
Linear hypothesis test
Hypothesis:
attend_v - attend_m = 0
attend v - attend n = 0
Model 1: restricted model
Model 2: ln_assaults ~ attend_v + attend_m + attend_n + year2 + year3 +
    year4 + year5 + year6 + year7 + year8 + year9 + year10 +
    month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 + month6 + month7 + month8 +
    month9 + month10 + month11 + month12 + h_chris + h_newyr +
    h_{easter} + h_{july4} + h_{mem} + h_{labor} + w_{maxa} + w_{maxb} +
    w_maxc + w_mina + w_minb + w_minc + w_rain + w_snow | pr_attend_v +
    pr_attend_m + pr_attend_n + vear2 + vear3 + vear4 + vear5 +
    year6 + year7 + year8 + year9 + year10 + month2 + month3 +
    month4 + month5 + month6 + month7 + month8 + month9 + month10 +
    month11 + month12 + h_chris + h_newvr + h_easter + h_iulv4 +
    h_mem + h_labor + w_maxa + w_maxb + w_maxc + w_mina + w_minb +
    w_minc + w_rain + w_snow
  Res.Df Df Chisq Pr(>Chisq)
     480
     478 2 3.1674
                         0.2052
> confint(glht(TSLS1, linfct = c("6*attend_v - 2*attend_m - attend_n = 0")))
        Simultaneous Confidence Intervals
Fit: ivreg(formula = ln_assaults ~ attend_v + attend_m + attend_n +
    vear2 + vear3 + vear4 + vear5 + vear6 + vear7 + vear8 + vear9 +
   vear10 + month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 + month6 + month7 +
    month8 + month9 + month10 + month11 + month12 + h_chris +
   h_newyr + h_easter + h_july4 + h_mem + h_labor + w_maxa +
   w_maxb + w_maxc + w_mina + w_minb + w_minc + w_rain + w_snow |
   pr_attend_v + pr_attend_m + pr_attend_n + year2 + year3 +
       year4 + year5 + year6 + year7 + year8 + year9 + year10 +
       month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 + month6 + month7 +
       month8 + month9 + month10 + month11 + month12 + h_chris +
       h_newyr + h_easter + h_iuly4 + h_mem + h_labor + w_maxa +
       w_maxb + w_maxc + w_mina + w_minb + w_minc + w_rain +
       w_snow)
Ouantile = 1.96
95% family-wise confidence level
Linear Hypotheses:
                                          Estimate lwr
6 * attend_v - 2 * attend_m - attend_n == 0 -0.012735 -0.023918 -0.001551
```



Table 3: Violent Movie and Violent Behavior			
	(1) OLS	(2) IV	(3) TSLS
(Intercept)	6.9143***	6.9242***	6.9225***
	(0.0199)	(0.0183)	(0.0264)
$\operatorname{attend}_{\mathbf{v}}$	-0.0032**	-0.0039***	-0.0032
	(0.0010)	(0.0011)	(0.0021)
$attend\_m$	-0.0031***	-0.0039***	-0.0041**
	(0.0007)	(0.0008)	(0.0015)
$attend\_n$	-0.0021**	-0.0027***	-0.0026
	(0.0007)	(0.0008)	(0.0015)
$ m R^2$	0.9959	0.9959	0.9959
$Adj. R^2$	0.9956	0.9956	0.9956
Num. obs.	516	516	516
RMSE	0.0419	0.0420	0.0420
***_ < 0.001 **_ < 0.01 *_ < 0.05			

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>p < 0.001, \*\*p < 0.01, \*p < 0.05

- i The results are shown in the column labeled IV in Table 3. An increase in strongly violent movie attendance of one million viewers is predicted to reduce assaults by 0.39%. The coefficient is statistically significant at the 1% significance level.
- ii The F-statistic suggests that the coefficients  $\beta_v$ ,  $\beta_m$ , and  $\beta_n$  are not statistically significantly different from one another.
- iii The TSLS estimate for this coefficient is -0.013. It shows a decrease in assaults of 1.3%. The 95% confidence interval is -0.024 to -0.0016 (or -2.4% to -0.16%).

#### Adm - Tut 10 - E12.1 - a - b - c - d - e - f - g - E12.2 - a - b - c - d - e - f



(d) The intuition underlying the instruments in (c) is that attendance in a given week is correlated with attendance in surrounding weeks. For each move category, the data set includes attendance in surrounding weeks. Run the regression using the instruments attend\_v\_f, attend\_m\_f, attend\_v\_b, attend\_m\_b, and attend\_n\_b instead of the instruments used in part (c). Use this regression to answer (b)i-(b)iii.

```
Call:
ivreg(formula = ln_assaults ~ attend_v + attend_m + attend_n +
    year2 + year3 + year4 + year5 + year6 + year7 + year8 + year9 +
    year10 + month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 + month6 + month7 +
    month8 + month9 + month10 + month11 + month12 + h_chris +
    h_newyr + h_easter + h_july4 + h_mem + h_labor + w_maxa +
    w_maxb + w_maxc + w_mina + w_minb + w_minc + w_rain + w_snow
    attend_v_f + attend_m_f + attend_v_b + attend_m_b +
        attend_n_b + year2 + year3 + year4 + year5 + year6 +
        year7 + year8 + year9 + year10 + month2 + month3 + month4 +
        month5 + month6 + month7 + month8 + month9 + month10 +
        month11 + month12 + h_chris + h_newyr + h_easter + h_july4 +
        h_mem + h_labor + w_maxa + w_maxb + w_maxc + w_mina +
        w minb + w minc + w rain + w snow)
Residuals:
                      Median
      Min
                                             Max
-0.332642 -0.023980 -0.002817 0.023012 0.191329
Coefficients:
             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)
            6.9225164 0.0264364 261.855 < 2e-16 ***
attend v
            -0.0031738 0.0020536 -1.545 0.122898
            -0.0041215 0.0015128
attend_m
                                  -2.725 0.006676 **
            -0.0025823 0.0015398
attend_n
                                  -1.677 0.094187
year2
            0.7024852  0.0088294  79.562  < 2e-16 ***
            1.0194733 0.0095465 106.790 < 2e-16 ***
year3
            1.2299978 0.0100482 122.410 < 2e-16 ***
year4
year5
            1.3912278 0.0093842 148.252 < 2e-16
year6
            1.6905674 0.0092587 182.593 < 2e-16 ***
            1.8436000 0.0101817 181.070 < 2e-16 ***
year7
            1.9044430 0.0116528 163.433 < 2e-16 ***
year8
            1.9536683 0.0108640 179.830 < 2e-16 ***
year9
```

year10

```
month2
            -0.0083817
                       0.0096658
                                  -0.867 0.386295
month3
            0.0107342
                       0.0105718
                                   1.015 0.310448
            -0.0005969
month4
                       0.0133165
                                  -0.045 0.964265
            0.0093665
month5
                       0.0151267
                                   0.619 0.536079
month6
            -0.0261280
                       0.0162121
                                  -1.612 0.107703
month7
            -0.0309198
                       0.0191857
                                  -1.612 0.107709
month8
            -0.0378970
                       0.0170794
                                  -2.219 0.026964 *
month9
            -0.0162274
                       0.0168159
                                  -0.965 0.335029
            -0.0051668
                       0.0132325
month10
                                  -0.390 0.696372
                       0.0121161
month11
            -0.0419820
                                  -3.465 0.000578 ***
                       0.0099586
month12
            -0.0309227
                                  -3.105 0.002015 **
h_chris
                       0.0249752
                                  -3.389 0.000759 ***
            -0.0846492
h_newyr
            0.2506722
                       0.0258369
                                   9.702 < 2e-16 ***
            -0.0352876
                       0.0148117
                                  -2.382 0.017590 *
h_easter
h_julv4
            0.0359201
                      0.0204176
                                   1.759 0.079171 .
             0.0115023
                       0.0179979
                                   0.639 0.523071
h_mem
                                   1.656 0.098317 .
h_labor
            0.0237070 0.0143132
w_maxa
             0.1100234 0.0135237
                                   8.136 3.57e-15 ***
w_maxb
            0.1115675
                       0.0191333
                                   5.831 1.02e-08 ***
w_maxc
            0.0467240 0.0710200
                                   0.658 0.510919
w_mina
            -0.3460864
                       0.0404670
                                  -8.552 < 2e-16 ***
w_minb
            -0.1730187
                       0.0271446
                                  -6.374 4.34e-10 ***
            -0.1177419 0.0171635
                                  -6.860 2.14e-11 ***
w_minc
w_rain
            -0.0323418
                       0.0129912
                                  -2.490 0.013131 *
            -0.0593807
                       0.0300969
                                  -1.973 0.049073 *
w_snow
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1
Residual standard error: 0.04201 on 478 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-Squared: 0.9959,
                              Adjusted R-squared: 0.9956
Wald test: 3121 on 37 and 478 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```



```
> linearHypothesis(TSLS2, c("attend_v=attend_m", "attend_v=attend_n"))
> linearHypothesis(TSLS2, c("attend_v=attend_m"))
                                                                           Linear hypothesis test
Linear hypothesis test
Hypothesis:
                                                                           Hypothesis:
attend v - attend m = 0
                                                                           attend_v - attend_m = 0
                                                                           attend_v - attend_n = 0
Model 1: restricted model
Model 2: ln_assaults ~ attend_v + attend_m + attend_n + year2 + year3 +
                                                                           Model 1: restricted model
                                                                           Model 2: ln_assaults ~ attend_v + attend_m + attend_n + year2 + year3 +
    year4 + year5 + year6 + year7 + year8 + year9 + year10 +
    month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 + month6 + month7 + month8 +
                                                                               year4 + year5 + year6 + year7 + year8 + year9 + year10 +
    month9 + month10 + month11 + month12 + h_chris + h_newvr +
                                                                               month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 + month6 + month7 + month8 +
    h_easter + h_july4 + h_mem + h_labor + w_maxa + w_maxb +
                                                                               month9 + month10 + month11 + month12 + h_chris + h_newyr +
                                                                               h_easter + h_july4 + h_mem + h_labor + w_maxa + w_maxb +
    w_maxc + w_mina + w_minb + w_minc + w_rain + w_snow | attend_v_f +
    attend_m_f + attend_n_f + attend_v_b + attend_m_b + attend_n_b +
                                                                               w_maxc + w_mina + w_minb + w_minc + w_rain + w_snow | attend_v_f +
    year2 + year3 + year4 + year5 + year6 + year7 + year8 + year9 +
                                                                               attend_m_f + attend_n_f + attend_v_b + attend_m_b + attend_n_b +
    vear10 + month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 + month6 + month7 +
                                                                               year2 + year3 + year4 + year5 + year6 + year7 + year8 + year9 +
                                                                               vear10 + month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 + month6 + month7 +
    month8 + month9 + month10 + month11 + month12 + h_chris +
   h_newyr + h_easter + h_july4 + h_mem + h_labor + w_maxa +
                                                                               month8 + month9 + month10 + month11 + month12 + h_chris +
    w_maxb + w_maxc + w_mina + w_minb + w_minc + w_rain + w_snow
                                                                               h_newyr + h_easter + h_july4 + h_mem + h_labor + w_maxa +
                                                                               w_maxb + w_maxc + w_mina + w_minb + w_minc + w_rain + w_snow
  Res.Df Df Chisq Pr(>Chisq)
                                                                            Res.Df Df Chisq Pr(>Chisq)
    479
                                                                                                           > confint(glht(TSLS2, linfct = c("6*attend_v - 2*attend_m - attend_n = 0")))
    478 1 0.3799
                                                                               478 2 1.9047
> linearHypothesis(TSLS2, c("attend_v=attend_n"))
                                                                                                  0.3858
                                                                                                                    Simultaneous Confidence Intervals
Linear hypothesis test
                                                                                                           Fit: ivreg(formula = ln_assaults ~ attend_v + attend_m + attend_n +
Hypothesis:
                                                                                                               year2 + year3 + year4 + year5 + year6 + year7 + year8 + year9 +
attend v - attend n = 0
                                                                                                               year10 + month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 + month6 + month7 +
                                                                                                               month8 + month9 + month10 + month11 + month12 + h_chris +
Model 1: restricted model
                                                                                                               h_newyr + h_easter + h_july4 + h_mem + h_labor + w_maxa +
Model 2: ln_assaults ~ attend_v + attend_m + attend_n + year2 + year3 +
                                                                                                               w_maxb + w_maxc + w_mina + w_minb + w_minc + w_rain + w_snow
    year4 + year5 + year6 + year7 + year8 + year9 + year10 +
                                                                                                               attend_v_f + attend_m_f + attend_n_f + attend_v_b + attend_m_b +
    month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 + month6 + month7 + month8 +
                                                                                                                   attend_n_b + year2 + year3 + year4 + year5 + year6 +
    month9 + month10 + month11 + month12 + h_chris + h_newyr +
                                                                                                                  year7 + year8 + year9 + year10 + month2 + month3 + month4 +
    h_easter + h_july4 + h_mem + h_labor + w_maxa + w_maxb +
                                                                                                                   month5 + month6 + month7 + month8 + month9 + month10 +
                                                                                                                   month11 + month12 + h_chris + h_newyr + h_easter + h_july4 +
    w_maxc + w_mina + w_minb + w_minc + w_rain + w_snow | attend_v_f +
                                                                                                                   h_mem + h_labor + w_maxa + w_maxb + w_maxc + w_mina +
    attend_m_f + attend_n_f + attend_v_b + attend_m_b + attend_n_b +
                                                                                                                   w_minb + w_minc + w_rain + w_snow)
    year2 + year3 + year4 + year5 + year6 + year7 + year8 + year9 +
    vear10 + month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 + month6 + month7 +
                                                                                                           Ouantile = 1.96
    month8 + month9 + month10 + month11 + month12 + h_chris +
                                                                                                           95% family-wise confidence level
    h_newyr + h_easter + h_july4 + h_mem + h_labor + w_maxa +
   w_maxb + w_maxc + w_mina + w_minb + w_minc + w_rain + w_snow
                                                                                                           Linear Hypotheses:
  Res.Df Df Chisq Pr(>Chisq)
                                                                                                                                                     Estimate lwr
     479
                                                                                                           6 * attend_v - 2 * attend_m - attend_n == 0 -0.008218 -0.027112 0.010676
    478 1 0.1752
```



Table 3: Violent Movie and Violent Behavior			
	(1) OLS	(2) IV	(3) TSLS
(Intercept)	6.9143***	6.9242***	6.9225***
	(0.0199)	(0.0183)	(0.0264)
$\operatorname{attend}_{v}$	-0.0032**	-0.0039***	-0.0032
	(0.0010)	(0.0011)	(0.0021)
$attend\_m$	-0.0031***	-0.0039***	-0.0041**
	(0.0007)	(0.0008)	(0.0015)
$attend_n$	-0.0021**	-0.0027***	-0.0026
	(0.0007)	(0.0008)	(0.0015)
$ m R^2$	0.9959	0.9959	0.9959
$Adj. R^2$	0.9956	0.9956	0.9956
Num. obs.	516	516	516
RMSE	0.0419	0.0420	0.0420
***- < 0.001 **- < 0.01 *- < 0.05			

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>p < 0.001, \*\*p < 0.01, \*p < 0.05

- i The results are shown in the column labeled TSLS in Table 3. An increase in strongly violent movie attendance of one million viewers is predicted to reduce assaults by 0.32%. The coefficient is not statistically significant at the 10% significance level.
- ii The F-statistic suggests that the coefficients  $\beta_v$ ,  $\beta_m$ , and  $\beta_n$  are not statistically significantly different from one another.
- iii The TSLS estimate for this coefficient is -0.008. It shows a decrease in assaults of 0.8%. The 95% confidence interval is -0.027 to 0.011 (or -2.7% to 1.1%).



(e) There are nine instruments listed in (c) and (d), but only three are needed for identification. Carry out the test for over-identification summarized in Key Concept 12.6. What do you conclude about

Call: ivreq(formula = ln\_assaults ~ attend\_v + attend\_m + attend\_n + year2 + year3 + year4 + year5 + year6 + year7 + year8 + year9 + year10 + month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 + month6 + month7 + month8 + month9 + month10 + month11 + month12 + h\_chris + h\_newyr + h\_easter + h\_july4 + h\_mem + h\_labor + w\_maxa + w\_maxb + w\_maxc + w\_mina + w\_minb + w\_minc + w\_rain + w\_snow pr\_attend\_v + pr\_attend\_m + pr\_attend\_n + attend\_v\_f + attend\_m\_f + attend\_n\_f + attend\_v\_b + attend\_m\_b + attend\_n\_b + year2 + year3 + year4 + year5 + year6 + year7 + year8 + year9 + vear10 + month2 + month3 + month4 + month5 + month6 + month7 + month8 + month9 + month10 + month11 + month12 + h\_chris + h\_newyr + h\_easter + h\_july4 + h\_mem + h\_labor + w\_maxa + w\_maxb + w\_maxc + w\_mina + w\_minb + w\_minc + w\_rain + w\_snow) Residuals: Min Median -0.332697 -0.024633 -0.002676 0.023207 0.188275 Coefficients: Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|) (Intercept) 6.9263773 0.0182239 380.070 < 2e-16 \*\*\* attend\_v -0.0040052 0.0007700 -5.202 2.93e-07 \*\*\* attend\_m -0.0028900 0.0007817 -3.697 0.000243 \*\*\* attend\_n year2 0.7020895 0.0085914 81.720 < 2e-16 \*\*\* 1.0194320 0.0087848 116.045 < 2e-16 \*\*\* year3 year4 1.2298091 0.0089666 137.155 < 2e-16 \*\*\* 1.3913327 0.0087781 158.501 < 2e-16 \*\*\* year5 1.6904496 0.0086493 195.443 < 2e-16 \*\*\* year6 1.8425995 0.0089958 204.829 < 2e-16 \*\*\* year7 1.9029120 0.0094434 201.508 year8 < 2e-16 \*\*\* 1.9541341 0.0090401 216.164 < 2e-16 \*\*\* year9 year10 2.0755821 0.0091882 225.896 < 2e-16 \*\*\*

the validity of the instruments?

```
month2
           -0.0078968 0.0095925 -0.823 0.410790
month3
            0.0107183 0.0101811
                                   1.053 0.292981
month4
            -0.0010738 0.0125305
                                  -0.086 0.931743
month5
            0.0073361 0.0146141
                                   0.502 0.615908
           -0.0267383 0.0157445
                                 -1.698 0.090110 .
month6
month7
            -0.0303921
                      0.0179466
                                  -1.693 0.091017 .
month8
           -0.0379641 0.0169102
                                 -2.245 0.025222 *
month9
            -0.0171513
                      0.0153775
                                  -1.115 0.265259
month10
           -0.0049876 0.0126576
                                 -0.394 0.693726
month11
            -0.0402322 0.0109233
                                  -3.683 0.000257 ***
month12
           -0.0310432 0.0099130
                                 -3.132 0.001845 **
h_chris
            -0.0830251 0.0236752 -3.507 0.000496 ***
            0.2524376  0.0232505  10.857  < 2e-16 ***
h_newyr
                                  -2.425 0.015683 *
h_easter
            -0.0354392 0.0146149
h_july4
            0.0347194 0.0203151
                                   1.709 0.088091 .
h_mem
            0.0122783 0.0152575
                                   0.805 0.421371
            0.0234736 0.0142626
h_labor
                                   1.646 0.100460
            0.1101330 0.0135073
w_maxa
                                   8.154 3.13e-15 ***
            0.1129294 0.0186324
w_maxb
                                   6.061 2.75e-09 ***
            0.0485348 0.0700157
                                   0.693 0.488521
w_maxc
           -0.3440790 0.0397289
                                  -8.661 < 2e-16 ***
w_mina
                                  -6.420 3.28e-10 ***
           -0.1736866 0.0270522
w_minb
           -0.1175959 0.0168483
w_minc
                                  -6.980 9.93e-12 ***
            -0.0314974 0.0128627
w_rain
                                  -2.449 0.014694 *
            -0.0601316 0.0298323 -2.016 0.044395 *
w_snow
Diagnostic tests:
                           df1 df2 statistic p-value
Weak instruments (attend_v)
                             9 472
                                     802.134 <2e-16 ***
Weak instruments (attend_m)
                             9 472
                                     503.362 <2e-16 ***
Weak instruments (attend_n)
                             9 472
                                     356.038 <2e-16 ***
Wu-Hausman
                             3 475
                                       1.747
                                               0.157
Sargan
                             6 NA
                                       9.227
                                               0.161
Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1
Residual standard error: 0.04198 on 478 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-Squared: 0.9959, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9956
Wald test: 3126 on 37 and 478 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```



(e) There are nine instruments listed in (c) and (d), but only three are needed for identification. Carry out the test for over-identification summarized in Key Concept 12.6. What do you conclude about the validity of the instruments?

The *J*-statistic is 9.23, which is distributed  $\chi_6^2$  under the null hypothesis that the additional instruments are exogenous. As the *p*-value is 0.16, we do not reject the null hypothesis at the 10% level.

#### Sargan-Hansen test

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

The **Sargan–Hansen test** or **Sargan's** J **test** is a statistical test used for testing over-identifying restrictions in a statistical model. It was proposed by John Denis Sargan in 1958,<sup>[1]</sup> and several variants were derived by him in 1975.<sup>[2]</sup> Lars Peter Hansen re-worked through the derivations and showed that it can be extended to general non-linear GMM in a time series context.<sup>[3]</sup>

The Sargan test is based on the assumption that model parameters are identified via a priori restrictions on the coefficients, and tests the validity of over-identifying restrictions. The test statistic can be computed from residuals from instrumental variables regression by constructing a quadratic form based on the cross-product of the residuals and exogenous variables. Under the null hypothesis that the over-identifying restrictions are valid, the statistic is asymptotically distributed as a chi-square variable with (m-k) degrees of freedom (where m is the number of instruments and k is the number of endogenous variables).



(f) Based on your analysis, what do you conclude about the effect of violent movies on (short-run) violent behavior?

Movie attendance appears to reduce assaults, but there is little evidence of a differential effect of violent movies. This result is consistent with a mechanism in which movies attendance is a substitute for other activities, such as drinking, that increase assaults.

# Thank you

Francisco Tavares Garcia | Academic Tutor School of Economics

#### Reference

Stock, J. H., & Watson, M. W. (2019). Introduction to econometrics (Fourth edition, global edition.). Pearson Education Limited.

CRICOS code 00025B

