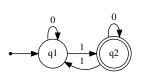
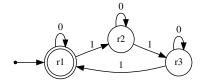
01204213: Homework 1

Due: 23pm, 20 Jul 2022.

- 1. (Siper 1.6) Give state diagrams of finite automata recognizing the following languages. In all parts the alphabet is $\{0,1\}$.
 - (a) $\{w \mid w \text{ begins with a 1 and ends with 0}\}$
 - (b) $\{w \mid w \text{ contains at least three 1's}\}$
 - (c) $\{w \mid w \text{ starts with } 0 \text{ and has odd length, or starts with } 1 \text{ and has even length}\}$
 - (d) $\{\varepsilon, 0\}$
 - (e) All strings except the empty string
- 2. (Sipser 1.12) Let $\{a,b\}$ denote the alphabet. Let $D = \{w \mid w \text{ contains an even number of a's and and odd number of b's and does not contain the substring <math>ab\}$. Give a finite automaton with 5 states that recognizes D. (Suggestion: Describe D more simply.)
- 3. Consider the following finite automata M_1 and M_2 .





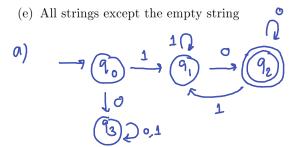
 M_1 :

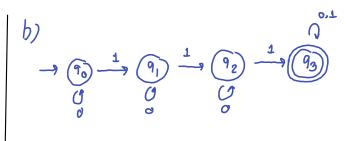
 M_2 :

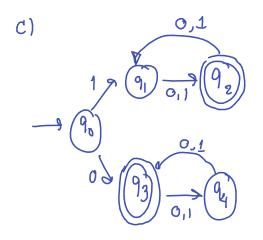
- (a) What language does M_1 recognize?
- (b) What language does M_2 recognize?
- (c) For $i \in \{1, 2\}$, let A_i denote the language recognized by M_i . Use the construction we discussed in class to construct a finite automaton M that recognizes $A_1 \cup A_2$.
- 4. Let A_1 and A_2 be regular languages. Prove that $A_1 \cap A_2$ is also a regular language.
- 5. (Sipser 1.36) For any string $w = w_1 w_2 \cdots w_n$, the reverse of w, written $w^{\mathcal{R}}$, is the string w in reverse order, $w_n w_{n-1} \cdots w_2 w_1$. For any language A, let $A^{\mathcal{R}} = \{w^{\mathcal{R}} | w \in A\}$. Prove that if A is regular, so is $A^{\mathcal{R}}$.

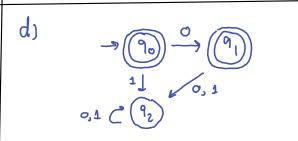
(Hint: First, try to prove the case when the finite automaton recognizing A has only one accept state. Then, using the result proved in class (the union of regular languages is regular) to prove the required statement.)

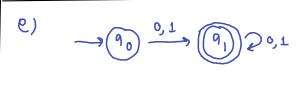
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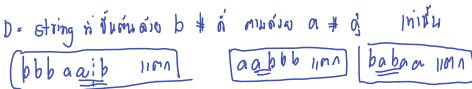


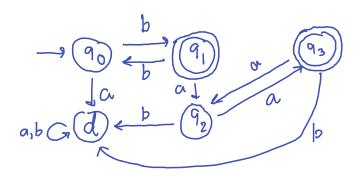




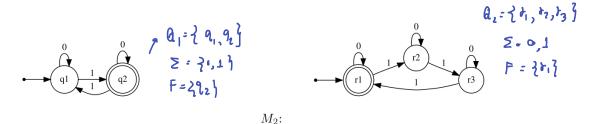


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3. Consider the following finite automata M_1 and M_2 .



(a) What language does M_1 recognize?

 M_1 :

- (b) What language does M_2 recognize?
- (c) For $i \in \{1, 2\}$, let A_i denote the language recognized by M_i . Use the construction we discussed in class to construct a finite automaton M that recognizes $A_1 \cup A_2$.

C)
$$M = \{0, \Sigma, S, 9_0, F\}$$
 lown:
 $Q = \{9_1, 9_2\} \times \{r_1, r_2, r_3\}$
 $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$
8 is defined as

$$S((s_1, s_2), in) = (S(s_1, in), S(s_2, in)), in \in \Sigma$$
, $s_1 \in \Omega_1$
 $S_2 \in \Omega_2$
 $Q_0 = (Q_1, r_1)$
 $F = \{(Q_2, r_2) | X = 2 \text{ or } y = 1\}$

4. Let A_1 and A_2 be regular languages. Prove that $A_1 \cap A_2$ is also a regular language.

Prove by construction

inum (a) Machine
$$M_1 = (Q_1, \Sigma, S_1, q_1, f_1)$$
 recognizing A_1
Machine $M_2 = (Q_2, \Sigma, 8_2, q_2, f_2)$ recognizing A_2

Fi) Machine
$$M = (Q, \Sigma, 8, 9, F)$$
 lour $Q = Q_1 \times Q_2$

2 temains the same,

$$S((r_1,r_2),\alpha) = (S_1(r_1,\alpha),S_2(r_2,\alpha))$$
, $\alpha \in \Sigma$, $r_1 \in Q_1$, $r_2 \in Q_2$

$$F = q(r_1, r_2) \mid r_1 \in F_1 \text{ and } r_2 \in F_2$$

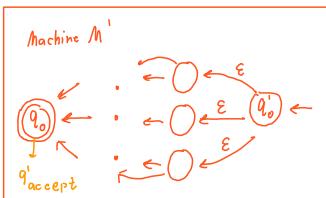
5. (Sipser 1.36) For any string $w = w_1 w_2 \cdots w_n$, the reverse of w, written $w^{\mathcal{R}}$, is the string w in reverse order, $w_n w_{n-1} \cdots w_2 w_1$. For any language A, let $A^{\mathcal{R}} = \{w^{\mathcal{R}} | w \in A\}$. Prove that if A is regular, so is $A^{\mathcal{R}}$.

(Hint: First, try to prove the case when the finite automaton recognizing A has only one accept state. Then, using the result proved in class (the union of regular languages is regular) to prove the required statement.)

Prove by construction

กำหนดใน Machine $M = (a, Z, S, q_o, F)$ พ้น DFA ที่ recognizing A. เกาะสกับ M' = (a', Z, S', q', F') ทัเป็น NFA ที่ recognizing A^{R}

- 1) The transition $S' = \text{transition } S \text{ natural Annother } S' = q_1, S'(q_1, C) = q_0$
- 2) $\int u' F' = x \left[\log n' x \in Q_0 \right]$ $\int u' F' = x \left[\log n' x \in Q_0 \right]$
- 3) เมิ่ม state 90 ใหม่ สัเมร์บ M' โดยเมิ่ม E-transition ใน้กับ 90 โดย มั่มไปมา x โดยหั xe F



ATILINI MA) WE Z z poth only w nisuan qo Nisuaccept state

XEF lu Machine M iff zi path only W nisuan qo

Nos q'accept qi q'accept ef' lu Machine M'

— WE A iff whe AR

— WE A iff whe AR

— Alimazin Machine M' ni recogniting AR Ya

— Alimazin Machine M' ni recogniting AR Ya