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AIX Network Installation Management Basic



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NIM Configuration

Setting up NIM Master

- •Why NIM?
- Typical Directory Structure, filesets for NIM master
- Initial Master Config smitty nim
- Making the lpp_source
- Making the spot
- Making a minimal mksysb image
- Or, nim_master_setup the easy way

Enabling Client Installs

- Define Client Machine
- Define optional bosinst_data resource
- Define optional image_data resource
- Define optional script resource
- Prepare for Client Install smitty nim_bosinst
- Client Network Boot

Why NIM?

- An LPAR machine could be many different AIX instances, not every partition has install device
- Not elegant or convenient to move install device from LPAR to LPAR (also a negative in the event of emergency restore)
- NIM in AIX 4.1 replaced netinstl of AIX 3.2.5. NIM was well exercised by PSSP in the mid 1990s.
- Reasonable for one LPAR to be NIM server to other LPARs
- Or standalone NIM master can be on same or different subnet as LPARs best way to avoid "chicken and egg" scenarios
- TSM Sysback also available for AIX 5L, AIX 61, an alternative or wrapper to NIM
- NIM standard part of AIX, no additional charge

Typical filesystems, Directory Structure, filesets for NIM master

bos.net.nfs.server

bos.sysmgt.nim.master

bos.sysmgt.nim.spot

Typical Directory Structure, filesets for NIM master

- lpp_source directory to hold installp images from AIX 53 install CDs approx 5 GB
- spot shared product object tree an installed copy of the /usr filesystem (clients use command from here during install process). Built from images in the lppsource – approx 600 MB
- /export/mksysb directory for the mksysb image files to install on clients – approx 1.5 GB per image
- res directory for miscellaneous resources; optional, bosinst_data, image_data, or scripts

Initial Master Config - smitty nim

smitty nim / Configure the NIM Environment / Advanced Configuration / Initialize the NIM Master Only

Configure Network Installation Management Master Fileset

Type or select values in entry fields.

Press Enter AFTER making all desired changes.

	[Entry Fierds]		
* Network Name	[eth_9_19_51]		
* Primary Network Install Interface	[en0]	+	
Allow Machines to Register Themselves as Clients?	[yes]	F	
Alternate Port Numbers for Network Communications			
(reserved values will be used if left blank)			
Client Registration	[]	#	
Client Communications	[]	#	

[Entry Fieldel

Initial Master Config - smitty nim

- Network name any name you choose. Perhaps you include the subnet address in the name, e.g., eth_9_19_51
- Network Install Interface e.g., en0
- Allow machines to Register Themselves yes

First, copy software from CD or DVD into /export/53 filesystem smitty bffcreate

Copy Software to Hard Disk for Future Installation

Type or select values in entry fields.

Press Enter AFTER making all desired changes.

- * INPUT device / directory for software
- * SOFTWARE package to copy
- * DIRECTORY for storing software package
 DIRECTORY for temporary storage during copying
 EXTEND file systems if space needed?
 Process multiple volumes?

```
[Entry Fields]
/dev/cd0
[all] +
[/export/53/lppsource_53TL6]
[/tmp]
yes +
yes
```

Next, point at the lpp_source directory, and define it as a NIM resource

smitty nim / Configure the NIM Environment / Advanced Configuration / Create Basic Installation Resources / Create a New LPP_SOURCE

Create an LPP_SOURCE

Type or select values in entry fields.

Press Enter AFTER making all desired changes.

```
* Resource SERVER
Input device for installation images
    (specify the device on the resource server)

* LPP_SOURCE Name

* LPP_SOURCE Directory
Architecture of Resource
Create new filesystem for LPP_SOURCE?
Filesystem SIZE (MB)

VOLUME GROUP for new filesystem

Remove all newly added NIM definitions
and filesystems if any part of this
operation fails?
```

```
[Entry Fields]
master
[] +

[lppsource_53TL6]
[/export/53/lppsource_53TL6]+
[] +
[no] +
[fool #
[rootvg] +
```

- LPP_SOURCE Name NIM does not like dot in resource names, use underbar
- LPP_SOURCE Directory the directory you bffcreated the install CDs into
- Create new filesystem for LPP_SOURCE? [no] (you already have it in /export/53, and you created a directory lppsource_53TL6)
- backspace over the Filesystem size and volume group fields; blank them out

```
To save space in lppsource, after spinning all CDs, you might: cd /export/53/lppsource_53TL6/installp/ppc mkdir save mv *[Ee][Nn]_[Uu][Ss]* save smitty nim_res_op / select lppsource / select lppmgr operation to trim various language, help, msg, loc, html filesets mv save/* . inutoc .
```

You have defined the lpp_source, then you may use the lppmgr operation on it

Making the spot

smitty nim / Configure the NIM Environment / Advanced Configuration / Create Basic Installation Resources / Create a New SPOT

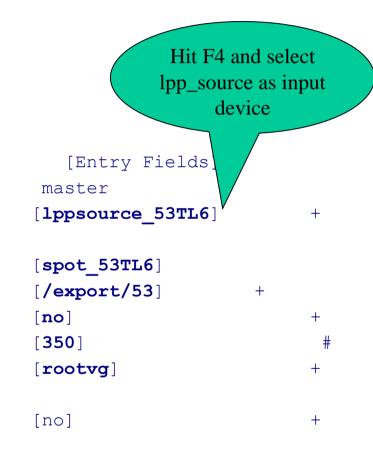
Create a SPOT

Type or select values in entry fields.

Press Enter AFTER making all desired changes.

- * Resource SERVER
- * Input device for installation images (specify the device on the resource server)
- * SPOT Name
- * SPOT Directory
 Create new filesystem for SPOT?
 Filesystem SIZE (MB)
 VOLUME GROUP for new filesystem

Remove all newly added NIM definitions and filesystems if any part of this operation fails?



Making the spot

- Input device use F4 to select the lpp_source just created as input device
- SPOT name any name you choose, e.g., spot_53TL6
- SPOT directory spot_53TL6 directory will be created in /export/53
- Create new filesystem for SPOT? [no] (put it in the /export/53 filesystem that already exists)
- backspace over the Filesystem size and volume group fields; blank them out

Making a minimal mksysb image

-smitty niminit, point at nim master to register on

Build up a particular nim client as desired

```
    Install any additional filesets desired

 -bos.alt disk install.boot images, bos.alt disk install.rte
 -bos.content list
 -bos.perf.tools, bos.perf.libperfstat, perfagent.tools, perfagent.server if licensed

    Set root password, relevant root .profile content

 -set -o vi
 -export PS1="`whoami `@`hostname ` \$PWD # "
 -chmod u+x /.profile
•Other misc changes on client
 -edit /etc/exclude.rootvg, insert /smit.log, /smit.script, others
 errclear 0
 cd /var/adm/ras; >nim.script; >suma.log; >bootlog; >nimlog; \
 >conslog; >nimsh.log; >bosinstlog; >devinst.log; >nim.installp
 -Other tunables - no -p -o tcp sendspace=262144; no -p -o tcp recvspace=262144; \
 no -p -o rfc1323=1
•At the client, Register with the nim master
```

Making a minimal mksysb image (cont.)

Back on the NIM master...

•Point at the nim client (just registered) and pull mksysb image from it smitty nim/ Perform NIM Administration Tasks / Manage Resources / Define a Resource / select mksysb

```
* Resource Name
                                                       [minimal 53TL6]
* Resource Type
                                                        mksysb
* Server of Resource
                                                       [master]
                                                       [/export/mksysb/minimal 53TL6] /
* Location of Resource
 Comments
                                                       []
 Source for Replication
                                                       []
                  -OR-
  System Backup Image Creation Options:
  CREATE system backup image?
                                                       yes
   NIM CLIENT to backup
                                                       [nimclientname]
   PREVIEW only?
                                                        no
   IGNORE space requirements?
                                                        no
   EXPAND /tmp if needed?
                                                        no
   Create MAP files?
                                                        nο
   Number of BLOCKS to write in a single output
     (leave blank to use system default)
   Use local EXCLUDE file?
                                                        yes
     (specify no to include all files in backup)
                  -OR-
   EXCLUDE FILES resource
                                                       []
     (leave blank to include all files in backup)
```

NIM Master setup the easy way

- Preloaded machine includes bos.sysmgt.nim.client, which includes /usr/sbin/nim_master_setup script. With CD number 1 in drive,
- •nim_master_setup -a file_system=/export -a volume_group=nimvg \
- -a disk='hdisk16 hdisk19'
 - -installs bos.sysmgt.nim.master bos.sysmgt.nim.spot
 - -makes a mksysb image
 - -does initial master config
 - -lsnim command shows the following nim resources configured:

```
root@master / # lsnim
     machines
master
                        master
boot
     resources
                        boot
nim script resources
                        nim script
master net networks
                         ent
generic sysb resources
                         mksysb
         resources
resolv res
                         resolv conf
bid_tty_ow resources
                         bosinst data
bid lft ow resources
                         bosinst data
530lpp_res resources
                         lpp source
530spot res resources
                         spot
basic res grp groups
                         res group
```

NIM Master setup the easy way (cont.)

- •That was so easy, why do it the hard way?
 - Ippsource created from all 8 CDs has more comprehensive content (bos.alt_disk_install.rte, perfagent.tools, for example)
 - -you get to control the naming of resources
 - -But if you only have a half day to make an impression, think nim_master_setup

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Enabling Client Installs

- Define Client Machine
- Define optional bosinst_data resource
- Define optional image_data resource
- Define optional script resource
- Prepare for Client Install smitty nim_bosinst
- Client Network Boot

Define Client Machine

smitty nim / Perform NIM Administration Tasks / Manage Machines / Define a Machine

Define a Machine

Type or select values in entry fields.

Press Enter AFTER making all desired changes.

	[Entry Fields]	
* NIM Machine Name	[sq02]	
* Machine Type	[standalone] +	
* Hardware Platform Type	[chrp] +	
Kernel to use for Network Boot	(mp)	
Primary Network Install Interface		
* Cable Type	tp +	
* NIM Network	eth_9_19_51	
* Host Name	sq02	
Network Adapter Hardware Address	[0]	
Network Adapter Logical Device Name	[ent0]	
IPL ROM Emulation Device	[] +,	/
CPU Id	[]	
Machine Group	[] +	
Comments	[]	

Define Client Machine

- Hardware Platform Type default is chrp, older rs6k or rspc not supported
- Kernel to use for Network Boot set to mp (AIX 5.3 discontinued shipment of up kernel – 5.3 ships only MP 32bit or MP 64bit)
- Cable Type most likely tp, not bnc or dix N/A for virtual Ethernet
- Network Adapter Hardware Address optional field
 - •more flexible to specify IP parameters on SMS menus during nim client boot.
 - •You must specify IP parameters if nim client and nim master are on different IP subnets
- Network Adapter Logical Device name optional field note this is an adapter name (entx) not an interface name (not enx or etx)
- Earlier, when configuring the server, we allowed machines to register themselves. A running AIX instance (machine or LPAR) can become a client, can define itself to this server, by doing a smitty niminit.

Define optional bosinst_data resource

- •copy template file from spot to the /export/res, and modify as desired cp /export/53/spot_53TL6/usr/lpp/bosinst/bosinst.template /export/res/bosinst.template.53TL6 cp /export/res/bosinst.template.53TL6 bosinst_sq02_53TL6
- Specify things like

```
CONSOLE = /dev/tty0 (/dev/vty0 for virtual terminal console of an LPAR)

INSTALL_METHOD = overwrite or migrate (never found any use for "preservation")

PROMPT = no (if you specify no prompt, you must include target_disk_data stanzas)

BOSINST_DEBUG = no (yes if you have to - you'll need a thinkpad running hyperterm on serial connection to /dev/tty0 to capture the scrolling debug output
```

```
# target_disk_data:
# PVID = <physical volume identifier>
# SAN_DISKID = <ww_name//lun_id>
# CONNECTION = <parent//connwhere> <--- (should be able to get this from
# LOCATION = SMS - Display Configuration - lets
# SIZE_MB = try in the lab)
# HDISKNAME =</pre>
```

Specify one type, AIX Location code for Power4 clients, PHYSLOC for Power5 or Power6 clients

```
target_disk_data:
LOCATION = 4M-08-00-8,0
target_disk_data:
PHYSICAL_LOCATION = U7311.D20.10575EA-P1-C06-T1-L12-L0
```

Avoid using HDISKNAME! These can move around, and you might (sooner or later will) be sorry!

Define optional bosinst_data resource

smitty nim / perform NIM adminstration tasks / Manage Resources / Define a Resource / bosinst_data

```
Define a Resource
Type or select values in entry fields.
Press Enter AFTER making all desired changes.
                                                          [Entry Fields]
                                                       [bosinst sq02 53TL6]
* Resource Name
* Resource Type
                                                        bosinst data
* Server of Resource
                                                       [master]
* Location of Resource
                                                       [/export/res/bosinst sq02 53TL6]
  Comments
                                                       []
  Source for Replication
                                                       []
```

- •Resource Name your choice (again, no dots)
- Server of Resource specify master
- •Location of Resource full path name to the file typically, a NIM "resource" is a pointer to a file
- •You can modify the underlying file before or after the NIM resource is defined on it

Define optional image_data resource

- Template file is <spot>/usr/lpp/bosinst/image.template. Copy to /export/res, and modify to taste.
- Or, better to retrieve the /image.data file from the original minimal mksysb image. This will have accurate sizes for all LVs in the minimal mksysb
- Specify things like
 - logical volume policy
 - •SHRINK=no
 - •EXACT_FIT=no
 - •lv_data: (an lv_data stanza for each logical volume in rootvg)
 - •COPIES= 1 (or 2, 3 to mirror. make sure you have enough target disk stanzas in the bosinst_data resource)
 - •LPs= nn (the number of logical partitions)
 - •PP= nn (if mirroring, this is an exact 2x or 3x of LPs)
 - •fs_data: (haven't ever needed to modify an fs_data stanza)
- IF you don't specify an image_data resource, NIM will use the file embedded in the mksysb image. Typical use of a "side" image.data file is when mksysb is mirrored, but the new install is to be non-mirrored, or vice-versa.

Define optional image_data resource

smitty nim / perform NIM adminstration tasks / Manage Resources / Define a Resource / image_data

Define a Resource

Type or select values in entry fields.

Press Enter AFTER making all desired changes.

- •Resource Name you might want a name that resembles the mksysb image it works with
- Server of Resource specify master
- •Location of Resource full path name to the file typically, a NIM "resource" is a pointer to a file
- •You can modify the underlying file before or after the NIM resource is defined on it

Define optional script resource

- script can be defined as NIM resource
- two types of script resources -
 - •script runs at the end of the client install process
 - •fb_script runs after the client install completes, after first reboot. Some things should not be done during the client process, e.g., changing IP config of the client

optional script resource

smitty nim / perform NIM adminstration tasks / Manage Resources / Define a Resource / script

Define a Resource

Type or select values in entry fields.

Press Enter AFTER making all desired changes.

```
# Resource Name
# Resource Type
# Server of Resource
# Location of Resource
Comments

[Entry Fields]

[my_nim_script]

script

script

[master] +

[/export/res/my.nim.script]

[]

Source for Replication

[]
```

•You know the drill...

smitty nim_bosinst / select target machine / Select Installation Type - mksysb /
select the mksysb resource to use / select the SPOT to use / select the LPP_SOURCE to use

Install the Base Operating System on Standalone Clients

Type or select values in entry fields.

Press Enter AFTER making all desired changes.

[TOP]	[Entry Fields]	
*	Installation Target	sq02	
*	Installation TYPE	mksysb	
*	SPOT	spot_53TL6	
*	LPP_SOURCE	lppsource_53TL6	
	MKSYSB	minimal_53TL6	
	BOSINST DATA to use during installation	[]	+
	IMAGE_DATA to use during installation	[]	+
	RESOLV_CONF to use for network configuration	[]	+
	Customization SCRIPT to run after installation	[]	+
	ACCEPT new license agreements?	[yes]	+
	Remain NIM client after install?	[yes]	+
	PRESERVE NIM definitions for resources on	[yes]	

```
this target?

FORCE PUSH the installation? [no] +

Initiate reboot and installation now? [no] +

-OR-
Set bootlist for installation at the [no] +

next reboot?

Additional BUNDLES to install [] +

-OR-
Additional FILESETS to install [] [] (and 21 more lines that I usually ignore)
```

- •BOSINST_DATA, IMAGE_DATA, SCRIPT are files that can be defined as NIM resources optionally to be included in installs.
- •ACCEPT new license agreements? tab it to yes both places on panel, don't hold up my install
- •Remain NIM client after install? leave set to yes, or the client install process will not finish correctly
- •Initiate reboot and installation now? tab to no, can't do a reboot on an LPAR that isn't running

- •smitty nim_bosinst handles all NFS exports required. You should unexport any of the NIM directory structure you have exported by hand before smitty nim_bosinst.
- •When smitty nim_bosinst completes, take a look at resources made available from server to client

•If using bosinst_data, image_data, or other NIM resources, additional exports appear in the showmount output

```
ls -la /tftpboot
drwxrwxr-x 2 root
                                      512 Oct 01 16:25 .
                       system
drwxr-xr-x 20 root
                                      1024 Oct 01 14:48 ..
                       system
                                   7774079 Sep 18 16:01 spot 53TL6.chrp.mp.ent
-rw-r--r-- 1 root
                       system
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root
                                        32 Oct 01 15:21 sq02.dfw.ibm.com -> /tftpboot/spot 53TL6.chrp.mp.ent
                       system
                                      1018 Oct 01 15:21 sq02.dfw.ibm.com.info
-rw-r--r-- 1 root
                       system
```

•After smitty nim_bosinst, you can also check the status of the machine, and other NIM resources:

```
lsnim -1 sq02
                                                 lsnim -l lppsource 53TL6
wlm / # lsnim -l sq02
                                                 lppsource 53TL6:
regatta00:
                                                    class = resources
  class = machines
             = standalone
                                                    type = lpp source
  type
                                                    Rstate = ready for use
  platform = chrp
                                                    prev state = unavailable for use
  netboot kernel = mp
                                                    location = /export/53/lppsource 53TL6
  if1 = ether0 sq02 0004ac7cdb89
                                                    simages = ves
  cable_type1 = tp
                                                    alloc count = 1
  Cstate = BOS installation has been enabled
                                                    server = master
  prev_state = ready for a NIM operation
                                                    arch = chrp
  Mstate = not running
  boot = boot
  lpp_source = lppsource_53TL6
  mksysb = minimal_53TL6
  nim script = nim script
                                                        Client install is
  spot = spot 53TL6
  control = master
                                                        enabled on the
                                                            master
                                 "ready for a NIM operation" is
                                  sometimes referred to as the
                                     "reset" state; no NIM
```

operation is pending for this client

- •With each machine you enable for install, alloc_count increases for various NIM resources
- •If you have a machine enabled for install, and need to back out...

```
nim -o reset -aforce=yes <nimclienthostname>
nim -Fo deallocate -asubclass=all <nimclienthostname>
nim -o change -a cpuid="" <nimclienthostname>
```

Client Network Boot

- Boot client machine (LPAR) to SMS
 - •LED E1F1, and "keyboard" word prompt on console, hit number 1(or better, Boot Mode Override set to SMS)
- Remote IPL setup, IP and adapter parameters
- Select Ethernet adapter as install/boot device
- Exit from SMS, allow boot from Ethernet Adapter
- bootp request / reply, tftp of boot image from NIM master to Client
- network install of AIX via NFS

SMS Main Menu

- •On HMC, partition / operations / activate / Open terminal window / advanced / boot mode SMS / OK / OK
- Select 2, Setup Remote IPL

PowerPC Firmware Version EM310_048

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Main Menu

- 1. Select Language
- 2. Setup Remote IPL (Initial Program Load)
- 3. Change SCSI Settings
- 4. Select Console
- 5. Select Boot Options

Navigation Keys:

X = eXit System Management Services

Type menu item number and press Enter or select Navigation key:

Select Ethernet Adapter for RIPL

•Select Adapter to configure Remote IPL on. In this LPAR, there is one logical HEA port as Ethernet adapter

```
PowerPC Firmware

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NIC Adapters

Device Location Code Hardware

Address

1. PORT - 17 IBM Host Ethernet Ad U789D.001.DQDXYKN-P1-C10-T1 00145e6f43b0
```

Navigation keys:

M = return to Main Menu

ESC key = return to previous screen X = eXit System Management Services

Type menu item number and press Enter or select Navigation key:

Network Parameters

•IP parameters, Adapter Configuration, and Ping Test

```
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Network Parameters
PORT - 17 IBM Host Ethernet Adapter: U789D.001.DQDXYKN-P1-C10-T1

1. IP Parameters
2. Adapter Configuration
3. Ping Test
4. Advanced Setup: BOOTP
```

IP Parameters

Fill in Client IP, NIM master IP, Client Gateway IP, and Subnet Mask, then ESC

```
PowerPC Firmware

Version EM310_048

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IP Parameters

PORT - 17 IBM Host Ethernet Adapter: U789D.001.DQDXYKN-P1-C10-T1

1. Client IP Address [9.19.51.229]

2. Server IP Address [9.19.51.115]

3. Gateway IP Address [9.19.51.6]

4. Subnet Mask [255.255.255.000]
```

Type menu item number and press Enter or select Navigation key:

Network Parameters

Now take Adapter Configuration

```
PowerPC Firmware

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Network Parameters

PORT - 17 IBM Host Ethernet Adapter: U789D.001.DQDXYKN-P1-C10-T1

1. IP Parameters
2. Adapter Configuration
3. Ping Test
4. Advanced Setup: BOOTP
```

Adapter Configuration

•1 Set Speed and Duplex

```
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Adapter Configuration

PORT - 17 IBM Host Ethernet Adapter: U789D.001.DQDXYKN-P1-C10-T1

1. Speed, Duplex

2. Spanning Tree Enabled

3. Protocol
```

Speed, Duplex

- •Power6 Logical HEA port will offer auto / auto, or specific speed and duplex as set on Server Hardware Information
- Make selection and hit ESC

```
PowerPC Firmware

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Speed, Duplex

PORT - 17 IBM Host Ethernet Adapter: U789D.001.DQDXYKN-P1-C10-T1

1. 100, full (none) <===

2. auto, auto (none)
```

Adapter Configuration

•2 Spanning Tree Enabled

```
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Adapter Configuration

PORT - 17 IBM Host Ethernet Adapter: U789D.001.DQDXYKN-P1-C10-T1

1. Speed, Duplex

2. Spanning Tree Enabled

3. Protocol
```

Spanning Tree Enabled

- •Power Firmware builds in a 60 second delay, just in case network switch must calculate Spanning Tree.
- •Try first with Spanning Tree off. Hit ESC twice back to Network Parameters

```
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Spanning Tree Enabled

PORT - 17 IBM Host Ethernet Adapter: U789D.001.DQDXYKN-P1-C10-T1

1. Yes
2. No <===
```

Network Parameters

•Finally, 3 Ping Test

```
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Network Parameters

PORT - 17 IBM Host Ethernet Adapter: U789D.001.DQDXYKN-P1-C10-T1

1. IP Parameters
2. Adapter Configuration
3. Ping Test
4. Advanced Setup: BOOTP
```

Ping Test

•Review settings, and 1 Execute Ping Test

```
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Version EM310 048
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Ping Test
PORT - 17 IBM Host Ethernet Adapter: U789D.001.DQDXYKN-P1-C10-T1
Speed, Duplex: 100, full
Client IP Address: 9.19.51.229
Server IP Address: 9.19.51.115
Gateway IP Address: 9.19.51.6
Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.000
Protocol: Standard
Spanning Tree Enabled: 0
Connector Type: none
1. Execute Ping Test
Navigation keys:
M = return to Main Menu
ESC key = return to previous screen X = eXit System Management Services
Type menu item number and press Enter or select Navigation key:
```

Ping Test

•Review settings, and 1 Execute Ping Test, then hit any key

| Ping Success. |

Press any key to continue.....

Ping Test

•From here, M to the Main Menu

```
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Ping Test
PORT - 17 IBM Host Ethernet Adapter: U789D.001.DQDXYKN-P1-C10-T1
Speed, Duplex: 100, full
Client IP Address: 9.19.51.229
Server IP Address: 9.19.51.115
Gateway IP Address: 9.19.51.6
Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.000
Protocol: Standard
Spanning Tree Enabled: 0
Connector Type: none
1. Execute Ping Test
Navigation keys:
M = return to Main Menu
ESC key = return to previous screen X = eXit System Management Services
Type menu item number and press Enter or select Navigation key:
```

SMS Main Menu

- •On HMC, partition / operations / activate / Open terminal window / advanced / boot mode SMS / OK / OK
- •This time, number 5, Select Boot Options

PowerPC Firmware

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Main Menu

- 1. Select Language
- 2. Setup Remote IPL (Initial Program Load)
- 3. Change SCSI Settings
- 4. Select Console
- 5. Select Boot Options

Navigation Keys:

X = eXit System Management Services

Multiboot

•1 Select Install/Boot Device

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Multiboot

- 1. Select Install/Boot Device
- 2. Configure Boot Device Order
- 3. Multiboot Startup <OFF>

Navigation keys:

M = return to Main Menu

ESC key = return to previous screen X = eXit System Management Services

Select Device Type

•6 Network devices

7. List all Devices

```
PowerPC Firmware

Version EM310_048

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Select Device Type

1. Diskette

2. Tape

3. CD/DVD

4. IDE

5. Hard Drive

6. Network
```

Select Device

•Select 1, our only Network Adapter

Select Task

Select 2 Normal Mode Boot

Are You Sure...

•1 Yes Exit SMS and begin Network Boot

```
PowerPC Firmware
Version EM310 048
SMS 1.6 (c) Copyright IBM Corp. 2000,2005 All rights reserved.
Are you sure you want to exit System Management Services?
1. Yes
2. No
Navigation Keys:
                                         X = eXit System Management Services
Type menu item number and press Enter or select Navigation key:
```

BOOTP request/reply, tftpboot

```
BOOTP: chosen-network-type = ethernet,100,none,full
BOOTP: server IP = 9.19.51.115
BOOTP: requested filename =
BOOTP: client IP = 9.19.51.229
BOOTP: client HW addr = 0 14 5e 6f 43 b0
BOOTP: gateway IP = 9.19.51.6
BOOTP: device /lhea@23c01410/ethernet@23e01010
BOOTP: loc-code U789D.001.DQDXYKN-P1-C10-T1

icmp 5 : redirect
BOOTP R = 1 BOOTP S = 2
FILE: /tftpboot/sq02.dfw.ibm.com
Packet Count = 5900
```

At NIM master, to see traffic to and from client:

- -tcpdump -i en0 port bootps
- -tcpdump -i en0 host <clienthostname> and port `rpcinfo -p |grep nfs |grep tcp |tail -1 \ | awk '{print \$4}'`

Network Install

Installing Base Operating System

If you used the system key to select SERVICE mode, turn the system key to the NORMAL position any time before the installation ends.

Please wait...

Approximate Elapsed time % tasks complete (in minutes)

14 16% of mksysb data restored

At nim master, see this status from client console - Isnim -I sq02

General guidelines (best practices?) for maintaining nim clients, nim master

- •Keep the SPOT and Ippsource up to date with the APARS applied to the machines they are to be allocated to during a mksysb restore. Example: When APAR IY12345 is applied to node machine1, the Ippsource used to restore machine1 should be updated with the APAR as well if it does not already contain the filesets. The SPOT should be updated as well. nim Fo check commands should be run against the resources as a standard health check after the updates.
- •A generic "untouchable" SPOT and Ippsource should be kept on the NIM master as launching points for creating new SPOTS and Ippsources. These should be at a consistent maintenance level as close as possible to the level of the mksysbs being served out. These resources are not there to be used to serve out mksysbs but rather as catalysts for problem determination and to help recover from corrupt Ippsources or SPOTs. These resources should not be updated themselves but rather copies should be made and the copies should be updated. This saves time during debugging and rebuilding of SPOTs and Ippsources as creating the base Ippsource and SPOT are extremely time intensive.
- •Try to keep the levels of the mksysbs machines being served by a given SPOT and lppsource at consistent levels. This helps insure consistent, compatible code content between mksysb image, SPOT and lppsource. Example: machine1 and machine2 are at 433 ML-06 machine3 and machine4 are at 432 ML-01. It is recommended that machine1 and machine2 share a SPOT and lppsource at 433 ML-06 and that machine3 and machine4 share a SPOT and lppsource at 432 ML-01. For the best results, the SPOTs and lppsources should be at the same level or higher than the mksysb image being installed.

General guidelines (best practices?) for maintaining nim clients, nim master

- •The NIM master should be at the same level or higher than the highest level of mksysb it is serving. In the above example, the machine serving the lppsource and SPOT should be at the 433-07ML or greater.
- •For a true disaster recovery scenario, a test machine should be installed with whatever mksysb image, lppsource and SPOT are to be used to restore a given machine. It is the best way to be comfortable that a mksysb image is restorable.

Useful Commands

·Isnim

·Isnim -I <machinename>

```
# lsnim -l nim6
nim6:
  class = machines
  type = standalone
  platform = chrp
  netboot kernel = up
  if1
         = ethernet0 nim6 000629DC8443 ent1
  cable_type1 = tp
  Cstate = BOS installation has been enabled
  prev_state = ready for a NIM operation
Mstate = currently running
              = currently running
             = boot
  boot
  bosinst_data = bosinst initial
  installp bundle = bundle gnu
  lpp_source = lppsource_aix433
            = mksysb_minimal
  mksysb
  nim_script = nim_script
  script = itab_mkmaster
  spot = spot_aix433
  cpuid = 000F252D4C00
  control = master
```

Useful Commands

To reset an NIM client machine

```
nim -o reset -aforce=yes clientnode
nim -Fo deallocate -asubclass=all clientnode
nim -o change -a cpuid="" clientnode
```

•To check / set the bootlist on a running machine

```
bootlist -m normal -o (check)
arp -d 9.19.51.115
ping -c2 9.19.51.115
bootlist -m normal ent0 bserver=9.19.51.115 client=9.19.51.229 gateway=9.19.51.6 \
speed=100 duplex=full hdisk0 hdisk1
```

•To check levels of AIX installed on any machine:

```
oslevel –r; oslevel -s instfix -i |grep ML; instfix –l | grep SP
```

To see what you lack from a given maintenance level

```
instfix -icqk 5300-06_AIX_ML | grep ":-:"
```

•To check nfs exports from NIM master to the client for install:

```
showmount -e
```

•To check for correct linking of bootimage for client, info file for client:

```
Is -la /tftpboot
```

Troubleshooting NIM

•BOOTP S = 1

FILE: /tftpboot/clientname

BOOTP: read-first-block failed:0 message - We have seen the bootp request from client to master, and reply from master to client. The client also knows the boot image file name coming from the master. But the tftp of that boot image to the client is failing. We reviewed ip and nic settings on the client, stopped and restarted tftp service on the master. Ultimately, rebooting the nim master resolved this problem. Problem was resolved on another experience by stopping and restarting tftpd on the nim master:

stopsrc -s tftpd

Issrc -s tftpd (verify daemon is inoperative)

startsrc -s tftpd

This problem has also been observed in a situation where nim master was originally setup on a subnet that was not routable within the customer enterprise. Even after putting another interface of nim master on a routable subnet, the info file built for client in the bosinst operation still gives an unroutable address for the nim master. bootp succeeds, but tftp of the boot image fails. Support has a chancy document to mofidy the configuration of if1 on the master to remedy this. Might be easier to just nim -o unconfig master, then reconfigure master on the routable subnet.

•Client hangs at LED 0611 - Indicates that some nfs resource that should be exported from the nim master is not available to the nim client. Mostly likely cause is that a parent directory was already exported to the client. the nim_bosinst process doesn't always give errors when starting off this way. Check exports on the server, they should look something like this: # exportfs /export/aix433/images/mksysb.minimal -ro,root=nim6:,access=nim6: /export/aix433/lppsource -ro,root=nim6:,access=nim6: /export/aix433/spot/spot_aix433/usr -ro,root=nim6:,access=nim6: /export/aix433/res/bundle.gnu -ro,root=nim6:,access=nim6: /export/aix433/res/itab.mkmaster -ro,root=nim6:,access=nim6:

-ro,root=nim6:,access=nim6:

If the exports are substantially different from these, then

/export/aix433/res/bosinst.initial.B50 -ro,root=nim6:,access=nim6:

power off client node on the nim master:

/export/nim/scripts/nim6.script

nim -o reset -aforce=yes clientnode nim -Fo deallocate -asubclass=all clientnode exportfs -ua edit /etc/exports, remove inappropriate entries nim_bosinst the client node again you can also get this
led 611 when nim
master resolves client
hostnames in /etc/hosts.
Entries there should be
ipaddr fullyqualifiedname shortname

Client crashes just past bootp, tftp of boot image -

888 102 700 0c5

888 102 605 0c5

For the same reason as led 611 hang on previous page. A parent directory was nfs exported on the nim master, and the bosinst operation was unable to make appropriate exports of lppsource and spot. Historically, when this occurs, bosinst will give an obvious "WARNING: Parent directory already exported." But in this one customer scenario, we received no such warning in the smitty nim_bosinst.

BOOTP Request Failed Abort

!20A80004!

!20EE000B!

Prior to configure of nim master, customer had unknowingly removed bootps and tftp services from /etc/inetd.conf on nim master. Sure wish initial nim master config checked this....

- •0042-008 NIMState: Request denied method_req These messages appear during client install when the cpuid (uname -m) of the client machine does not match the cpuid that the nim master "remembers" for this client. "Isnim -I machine | grep cpuid" on the nim master will show what uname the master retains for this client. You can change the uname value on the nim master to match the new client machine, "nim -o change -a cpuid=<newvalue> client"
- •Client hangs at LED 0608 After bootp and tftp of boot image, client hangs at 608, and causes high rate of network traffic. Change 10/100 install adapter from auto / auto to explicit rate on network, eg 10Mbps / half duplex. Power off client, boot back into SMS menus, utilities, remote ipl setup. Actually, we have found that 100Mbit and Auto works best with IBM/AIX 10/100 adapters and HP Ethernet switches. Explicitly setting the adapters to 100_FULL_DUPLEX led to very slow installs. Have also seen this when another system takes the NIM master's IP address.
- •Client sends out bootp requests, server does not respond Found that server was missing bos.net.tcp.server, bos.net.nfs.server filesets. Oddly, bos.sysmgt.nim.spot, and bos.sysmgt.nim.master don't prereq these server filesets. And you can configure nim master, lppsource, spot, client machines, and even make the exports to the client. Install the two server filesets and reboot. To prevent this experience, we included the two server filesets into the minimal mksysb image, and the posti.mkmaster script also does a test install of these two filesets.

- •0042-001, 0042-006 nimclient: (To_Master) rcmd Error 0 This error appeared on a nim client console during install from a nim server at bos.sysmgt.nim.server.5.1.0.25. It is believed related to the nimesis process being parent to many defunct processes. A change to the thread scope of nimesis in included in APAR IY29854. Workaround was stopsrc -s nimesis, ultimately kill -9 on nimesis processes, and a reboot of server required.
- •Validation failed: the "test method" client interface service does not exist Client machine was defined as chrp, should have been defined as rspc