CSE 461: Programming Languages Concepts

Homework 2: Due on Feb 14th (Friday) at 6pm.

Taylon Unal (tu2)

1. (4 points) In class, we discussed static local variables in C. Answer each question below; if necessary, find and consult a reference on the C language (cite your source in your answer).

Scope: Region of program where a variable is visible

Lifetime. Period of time when storage is allocated.

(a) For a <u>non-static local variable</u> in a C function, what is its scope and what is its lifetime?

Scope: Within function/block in which it is declared

lifetime: Until end of Function/block

(b) For a <u>static local variable</u> in a C function, what is its scope and what is its lifetime?

Scope: Within function/block in which it is declared

Lifethme: Until program stops running

(c) For a <u>non-static global</u> variable in C, what is its scope and what is its lifetime?

Scope: Visible throughout program after declaration,

Lifetime: Until program stops running

(d) For a <u>static global variable</u> in C, what is its scope and what is its lifetime?

Scope: Visible throughout program after declaration only within file Lifetime: Until program stops running

Source Cited: Charg, Richard. "Scope & Lifethme." Scope & Lifethme, UMBC, 2015, www. csee. umbc.edu/~ chang/cs 202. F15/Lectures/modules/m05-scope/stides.php

2. (3 points) Find some online material to learn PHP's namespace mechanism (cite your source). Explain briefly how it works and its benefits.

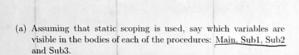
In PHP, nomespaces are a way to encapsulate related items such as classes, interfaces, functions, and constants. They are most often used to create grapmys to avoid conflicts in definition or implementation of those classes, interfaces, functions, and constants.

Benefits: Namespices also allow for improved readability of code through allowing, shotening long or unclear names.

Usage: Objects within namespaces can be referenced using "I' notation, eg. To access a class 'foo' in namespace 'fizzbuzz', In my function, I would reference 'fizzbuzz' foo'

Sources Cited: "Name spaces Overview - Manual." Php,
www.php.net/monual/en/longuage.nomespaces.rationale.php.

- 3. (8 points) Consider the Ada program given below. You will be asked to determine which variables are visible in a number of different situations. In each case, identify each variable by its name and the line number of its declaration.
  - procedure Main is A, B, C: Integer; procedure Sub1 is estated delegation lists 3. 4. D, E : Integer; 5. begin -- of Sub1 6. end; - of Sub1 7. 8. procedure Sub2 is 9. C, D: Integer; 10. procedure Sub3 is 11. B, D, F: Integer 12. begin - of Sub3 13. end; — of Sub3 begin — of Sub2 14. 15. 16. 17. end; - of Sub2 18. begin - of Main 19. ...



20. end; - of Main

(b) Assuming that dynamic scoping is used and the calling sequence is Main calls Sub1; Sub1 calls Sub2; Sub2 calls Sub3, say which variables are visible in Sub3.

Dynamic Scoping Table

name

name

Procedure	Variable	Line #	
main	ANO		
SUBI	ARUDE	2 2 2 4 4	
Sub2	A G C O	2 2 9 9	
SUB3	48004	24 11 9 11	

Procedure	Variable	Line #	
SUB3	ABODEL	2 11 9 11 4 11	
Sub2 1		6	
Sub3	A	0 11 9 11 11	

MUN

Out Locations: Mein: 2 Sub1: 4 Sub2: 9 Sub3:11 (c) Assuming that dynamic scoping is used and the calling sequence is Main calls Sub2; Sub2 calls Sub3; Sub3 calls Sub1, say which variables are visible in Sub1. Main -> 5.62-> 5.63->5.61

Procedure	Variable	Line #	
main	Á	2	
50512	BCOE	9 4 4	
Selia .	E		
Sob I do alle eques o	na bre Patieres d		

Steek SUSI SUSI SUSI Main

(d) Assuming that dynamic scoping is used and the calling sequence is Main calls Sub2; Sub2 calls Sub1, say which variables are visible in Sub1.

oing Table

Procedure	Variable	Line #	St
main	A	2	5
Subt	8	294	S
Solds	E	tagy ained	
	Enters As	, He ad	

Line #	Variable	e l'épocedure	Line #		
	all and the second seco				
		5 1 0		A	nw.rn
		4			
	/				