ECON 0150 | Economic Data Analysis

How economists analyze data.

Part 1.5 | Filtering Data

Example 1.5 | Starbucks Hours

Examine opening times in Starbucks_Location_Hours.csv

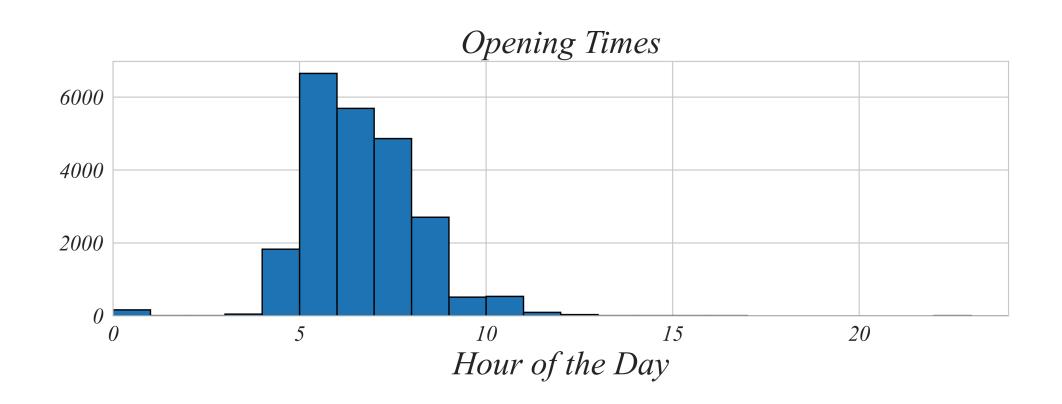
```
1 # Load the data
2 data = pd.read_csv(file_path + file_name)
```

Example 1.5 | Starbucks Hours

Examine opening times in Starbucks_Location_Hours.csv

```
1 # Load the data
2 data = pd.read_csv(file_path + file_name)
3
4 # Create histogram
5 plt.hist(data['open'], bins=20)
```

Part 1.5 | Filtering Data by Category Q. What hours should a US coffee shop operate?



- > maybe there's something specific about the US though?
- > filter only the USYlocation 0150 | Week 3 | Class B

Q. What hours should a US coffee shop operate?

```
1 # Decide whether each row's country code is 'US'
```

```
2 data['COUNTRY_CODE'] == 'US'
```

Q. What hours should a US coffee shop operate?

```
1 # Decide whether each row's country code is 'US'
```

```
2 # data['COUNTRY_CODE'] == 'US'
```

Q. What hours should a US coffee shop operate?

```
1 # Decide whether each row's country code is 'US'
2 # data['COUNTRY_CODE'] == 'US'
3
4 # Select the rows with True
5 us_data = data[data['COUNTRY_CODE'] == 'US']
```

Q. What hours should a US coffee shop operate?

```
# Decide whether each row's country code is 'US'
# data['COUNTRY_CODE'] == 'US'

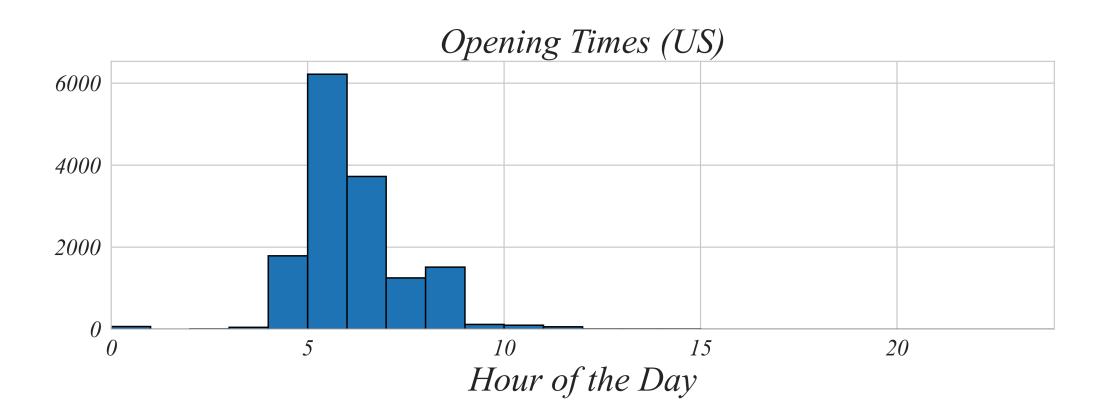
# Select the rows with True

sus_data = data[data['COUNTRY_CODE'] == 'US']

# Create histogram

plt.hist(us_data['open'], bins=20)
```

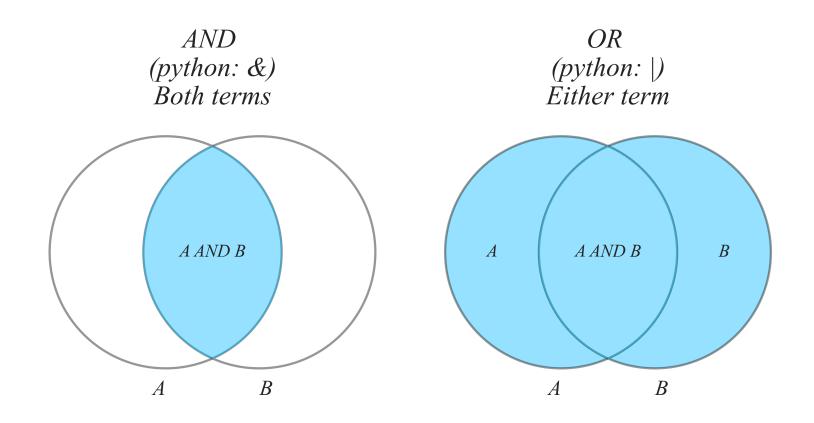
Part 1.5 | Filtering Data by Category Q. What hours should a US coffee shop operate?



- > is there something different between the US and Canada?
- > filter for **BOTH** countries

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Part 1.5 | Filtering Data by Category Lets us some Boolian logic:)



> is there something different between the US and Canada? Taylor | ECON 0150 | Week 3 | Class B

Q. What hours should a US coffee shop operate?

```
1 # Find the data in either the US or in Canada (CA)
2
3 # Method 1: Using OR operator
4 data[(data['COUNTRY_CODE'] == 'US') | (data['COUNTRY_CODE'] == 'CA')]
```

Q. What hours should a US coffee shop operate?

```
# Find the data in either the US or in Canada (CA)

# Method 1: Using OR operator

data[(data['COUNTRY_CODE'] == 'US') | (data['COUNTRY_CODE'] == 'CA')]

# Method 2: Using isin()

data[data['COUNTRY_CODE'].isin(['US', 'CA'])]
```

Q. What hours should a US coffee shop operate?

```
# Find the data in either the US or in Canada (CA)

# Method 1: Using OR operator
# data[(data['COUNTRY_CODE'] == 'US') | (data['COUNTRY_CODE'] == 'CA')]

# Method 2: Using isin()
# data[data['COUNTRY_CODE'].isin(['US', 'CA'])]
```

Q. What hours should a US coffee shop operate?

```
# Find the data in either the US or in Canada (CA)

# Method 1: Using OR operator
# data[(data['COUNTRY_CODE'] == 'US') | (data['COUNTRY_CODE'] == 'CA')]

# Method 2: Using isin() and define a new dataset
# us_ca_data = data[data['COUNTRY_CODE'].isin(['US', 'CA'])]
```

Q. What hours should a US coffee shop operate?

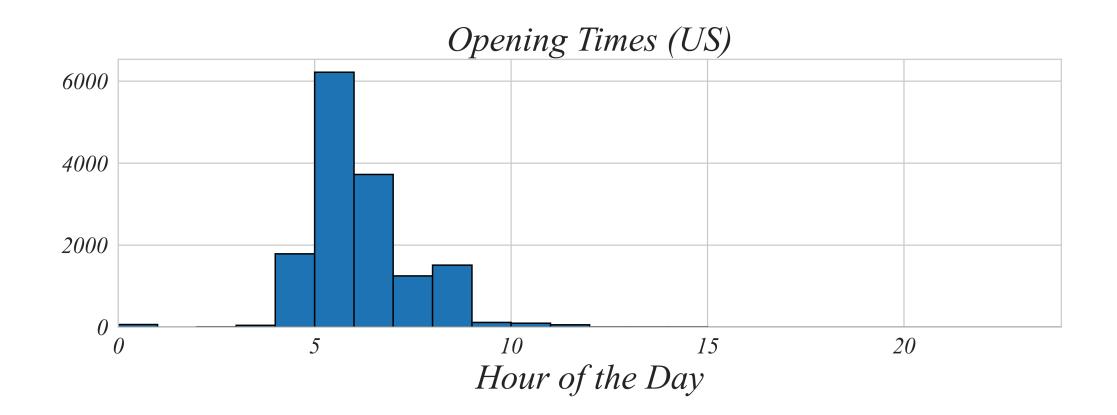
```
# Find the data in either the US or in Canada (CA)

# Method 1: Using OR operator
# data[(data['COUNTRY_CODE'] == 'US') | (data['COUNTRY_CODE'] == 'CA')]

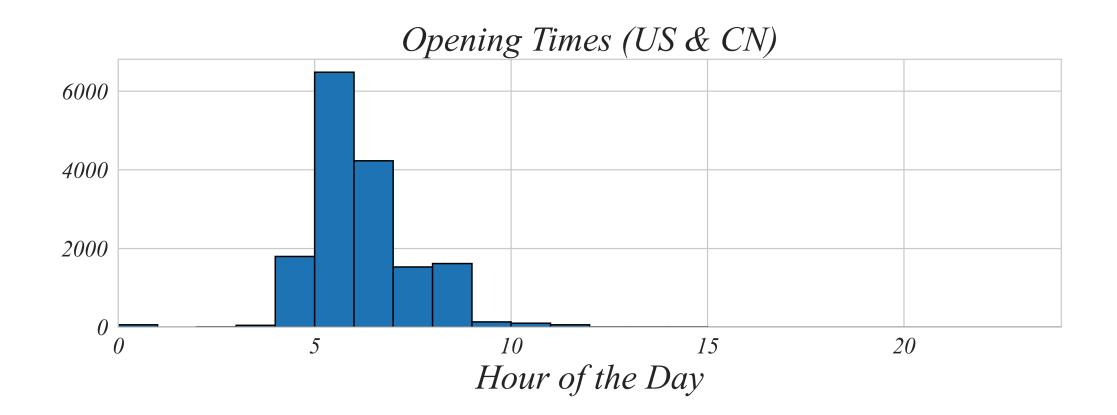
# Method 2: Using isin() and define a new dataset
us_ca_data = data[data['COUNTRY_CODE'].isin(['US', 'CA'])]

# Create histogram
plt.hist(us_ca_data['open'], bins=20)
```

Part 1.5 | Filtering Data by Category Q. What hours should a US coffee shop operate?



Part 1.5 | Filtering Data by Category Q. What hours should a US coffee shop operate?



Q. What would the histogram for the following filtered data look like?

```
1 data[(data['COUNTRY_CODE'] == 'US') & (data['COUNTRY_CODE'] == 'CN')]
```

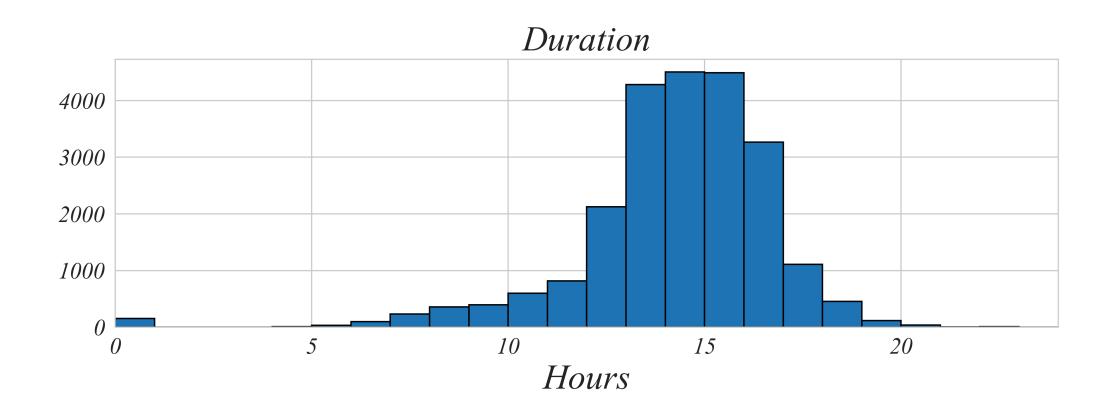
> it would contain no data!

Part 1.5 | Filtering Data by Inequality Filtering continuous data requires using inequalities.

Symbol	Python	Example
=	==	df[df['age'] == 25]
<i>≠</i>	!=	df[df['age'] != 25]
<	<	df[df['age'] < 25]
>	>	df[df['age'] > 25]
<u></u>	<=	df[df['age'] <= 25]
<u> </u>	>=	df[df['age'] >= 25]

Part 1.5 | Filtering Data by Inequality Q. How long do locations stay open?

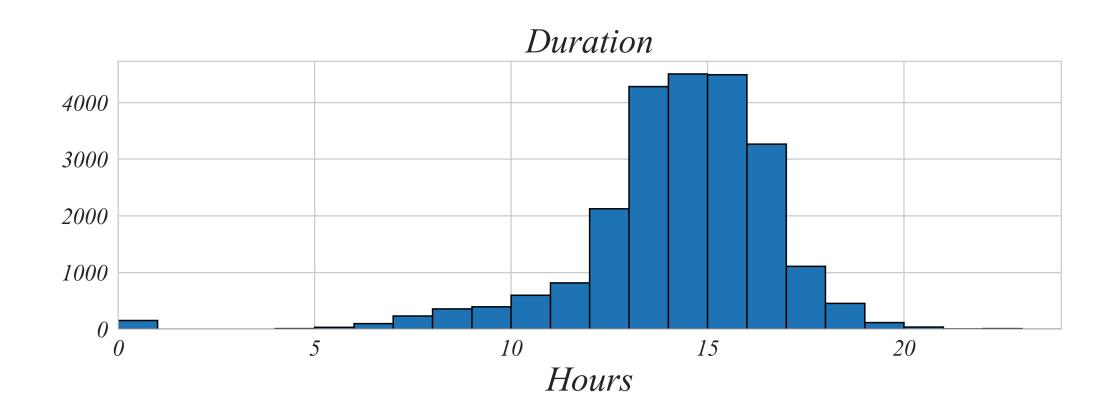
Part 1.5 | Filtering Data by Inequality Q. How long do locations stay open?



> but is it different by opening time?

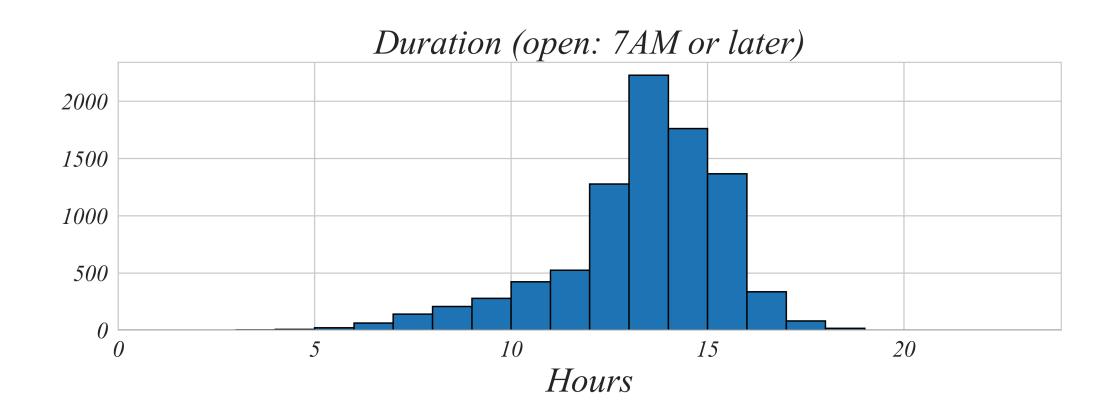
Part 1.5 | Filtering Data by Inequality

Q. Do locations that open later in the morning stay open fewer hours?



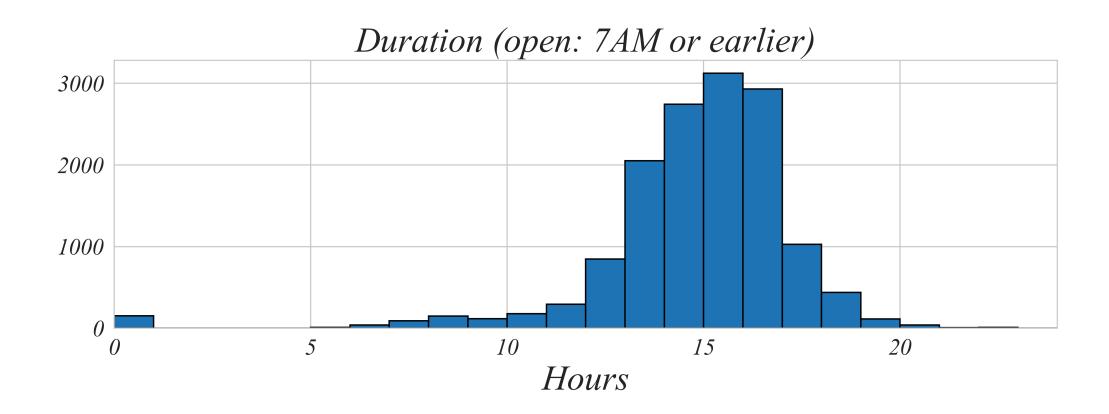
Part 1.5 | Filtering Data by Inequality

Q. Do locations that open later in the morning stay open fewer hours?



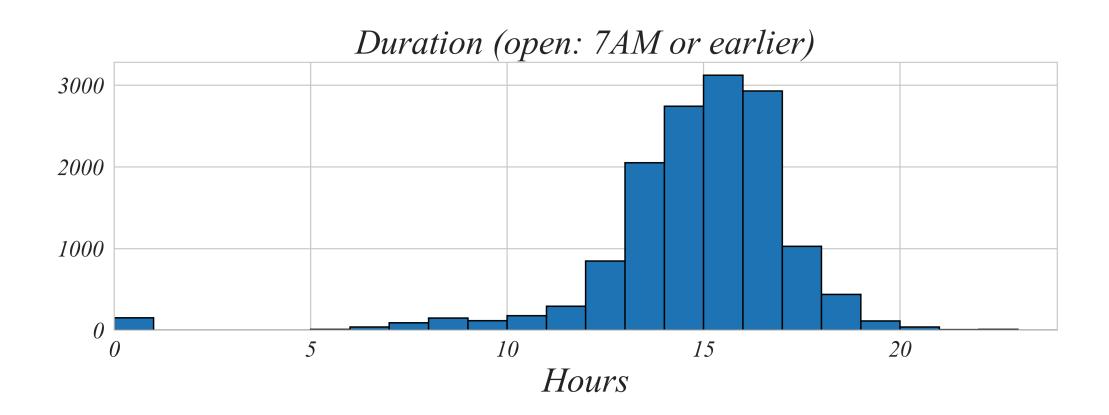
Part 1.5 | Filtering Data by Inequality

Q. Do locations that open later in the morning stay open fewer hours?



> we can also compare to locations that open early

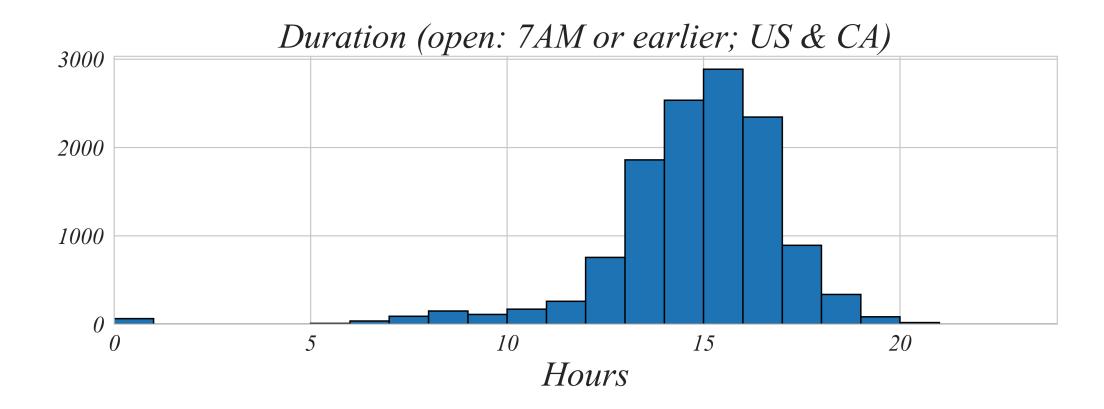
Part 1.5 | Filtering Data by Inequality
Q. Do locations that open later in the morning stay open fewer hours?



> but maybe this differs country?

Part 1.5 | Filtering Data by Inequality

Q. Does the hours open at early open locations differ by country?

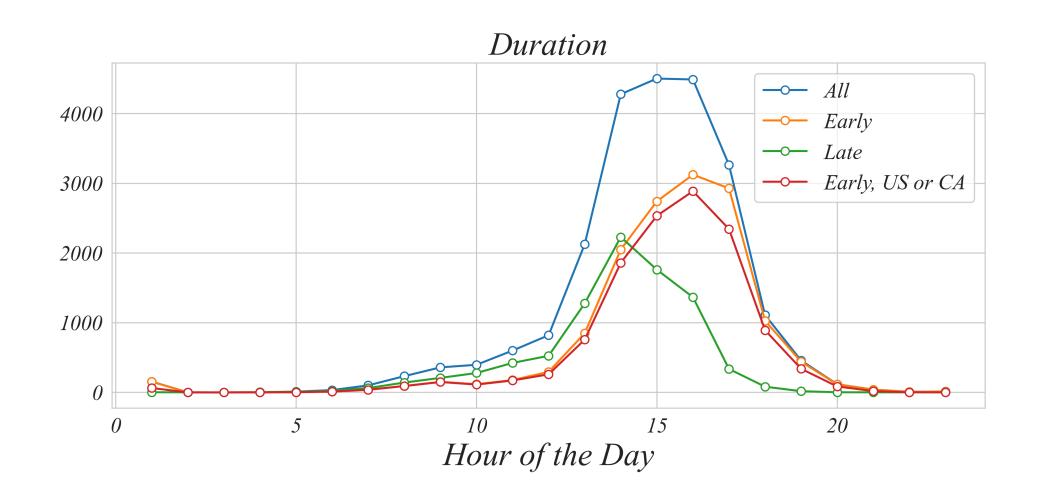


> maybe there's a more systematic way of showing these differences

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Part 1.5 | Filtering Data by Inequality

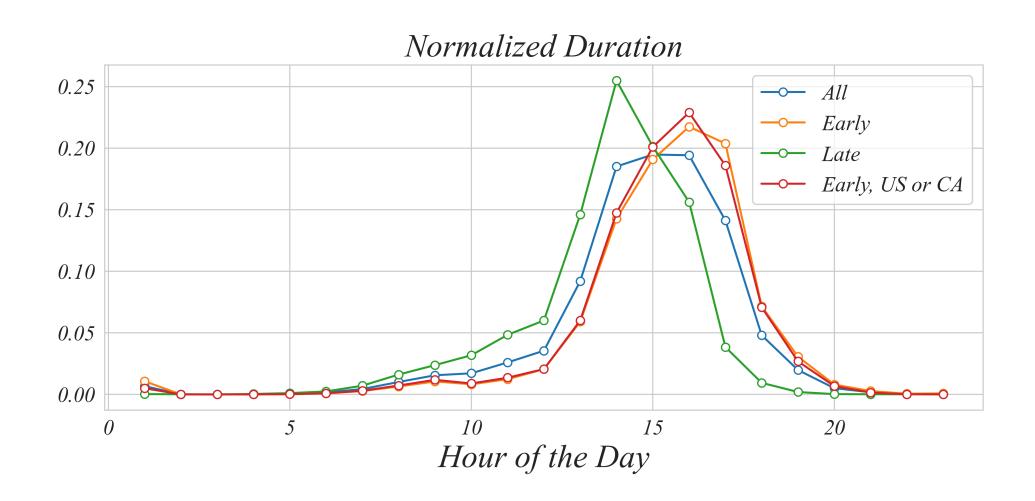
Q. Does the hours open at early open locations differ by country?



> normalizing gives us a better picture of the distribution Taylor | ECON 0150 | Week 3 | Class B

Part 1.5 | Filtering Data by Inequality

Q. Does the hours open at early open locations differ by country?



> normalizing the distributions allows us to compare filter
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