Sonoff S20 on HomeSeer HS3 with MQTT

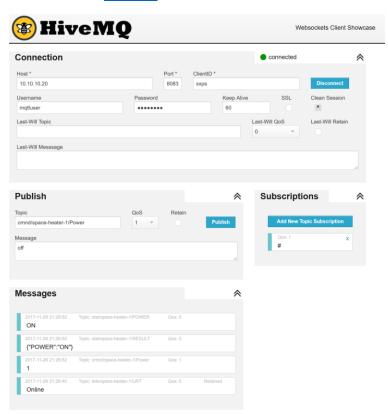
This guide is based on my experience with integrating the inexpensive but high-quality Sonoff S20 Smart Socket with HomeSeer HS3 using the mcsMQTT Plugin and the OTA Tasmota firmware. Although this guide is intended for HS3 users, Steps 1 & 2 can be followed as a generic "how-to" on setting up an MQTT Broker and flashing the S20 (or any supported Sonoff device) via WiFi.

I recommend getting yourself familiar with the basics of MQTT. A very good explanation is available here.

Step 1:

Install, configure and test an MQTT Broker.

- Mosquitto 1.4 works with the HS3 mcsMQTT Plugin and I installed it on an Ubuntu 16.04 server. Here is
 a <u>guide</u> to follow to set it up. SSL configuration is optional at this point but you may need it later if
 you expose the broker to the outside world.
- Test and confirm that Publishing and Subscribing works on your broker as shown in the guide.
- Make sure you configure Websockets on the broker. It will be useful later in troubleshooting by
 allowing you to use a web based MQTT client to see the messages to/from the broker. I used the open
 source <u>HiveMQ</u> websocket client.



Also confirm that the MQTT Broker is listening on the standard (1883) and websocket (8083) ports.

```
Internet connections
                                   servers)
Active
                             (only
Proto Recv-O
            Send-Q Local Address
                                              Foreign Address
                                                                                    PID/Program name
                  0 0.0.0.0:1883
                                              0.0.0.0:*
                                                                                    1208/mosquitto
                                              0.0.0.0:*
                  0 0.0.0.0:8083
                                                                                    1208/mosquitto
                                                                       LISTEN
                  0 0.0.0.0:22
                                              0.0.0.0:*
                                                                                    1135/sshd
                                                                                     1208/mosquitto
```

Step 2:

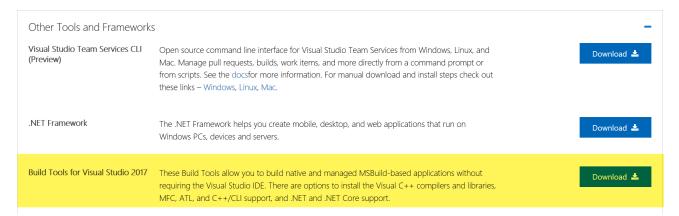
Install and configure SonOTA Tasmota firmware on the Sonoff S20.

The <u>SonOTA</u> script allows you to flash via WiFi the Tasmota firmware over a new "out-of-the-box stock firmware" Sonoff S20. This means that soldering a header to the PCB and using an FTDI adapter to flash the ESP8266 is <u>not required</u>. Obviously, if you want a firmware other than Tasmota on your Sonoff, you will use the traditional flashing method. The Tasmota Wiki page is <u>here</u> and is a great source of information. **Note:** As of this writing, SonOTA does not work on Sonoff devices with firmare version 1.6 or greater.

The steps outlined in the SonOTA guide are not explicit or complete but sufficient - and with a few tries, it worked great resulting in the Tasmota firmware flashed on the S20 "over the air".

I used a Windows 10 PC and followed the guide through these approx. steps. YMMV 😂

- Plug in Sonoff S20 into wall outlet
- Install Python v3.6
- Download the SonOTA zip file and extract.
- Install "<u>Build Tools For Visual Studio 2017</u>" (This is not documented but came up as required when I was installing the Python dependencies)

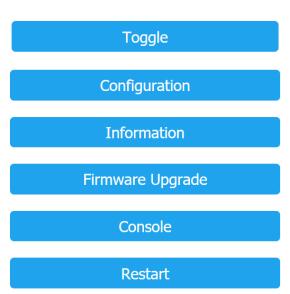


- Install the Python dependencies
- Run the SonOTA script. This will prompt for your PC's IP Address, your WiFi SSID and your WiFI
 Password.
- Then it will go through and prompt when to reset your S20 by holding the button down for 7 seconds and releasing.
- Connect your PC to the "ITEAD-*" WiFi network. This stage tells the S20 where to get future updates.
- Disconnect from the "ITEAD-*" WiFi network.
- Connect to you normal WiFi network: This is when the Sonoff connects to your PC to download the first part of the firmware.
- When this is done, connect your PC to the "FinalStage" WiFi network. The S20 will now download the second part of the firmware and replace the default bootloader.
- Once this is done the S20 will reboot and connect to your normal WiFi network and should get an IP address via DHCP. You will need to find the IP address of the newly flashed S20, most likely by looking at your router or DHCP server's address leases.
- Browse to this IP Address. You should see a page like this showing the Main Menu:

S20 Socket Module

space-heater-1





Click on "Configuration > Configure Module", select "S20 Socket" for Module Type and hit "Save"

S20 Socket Module

space-heater-1

~
×-
~

Configuration

Click on "Configuration > Configure WiFi", change the Hostname and hit "Save". I used the same name for Hostname here and MQTT Topic in the next section.

S20 Socket Module

space-heater-1

Scan for wifi networks

Wifi parameters
AP1 SSId (indebuurt1)
sd-3
AP1 Password
•••••
AP2 SSId (indebuurt2)
indebuurt2
AP2 Password
•••••
Hostname (%s-%04d)
space-heater-1
Save

Configuration

Click on "Configuration > Configure MQTT" and change the following:

Host: Hostname or IP address of MQTT Broker

Port: Port number of MQTT Broker

Client: Unique Client ID of Sonoff S20

User: Username of MQTT Broker

Password: Password of MQTT Broker

Topic: Unique MQTT Topic of Sonoff S20. I used the same name as Hostname

Full Topic: Left unchanged

Hit "Save"

S20 Socket Module

space-heater-1

MQTT parameters
Host (domus1)
10.10.10.20
Port (1883)
1883
Client (DVES_429F4B) SONOFF_%06X
User (DVES_USER)
mqttuser
Password
•••••
Topic = %topic% (sonoff) space-heater-1
Full Topic (%prefix%/%topic%/) %prefix%/%topic%/
Save

Configuration

- Click on "Configuration > Configure Other" and:
 - Change the Web Admin Password
 - ➤ Make Sure "MQTT enable" is checked
 - ➤ Enter the "Friendly Name 1". I used the same name as Hostname and MQTT Topic

S20 Socket Module

space-heater-1

Other parameters
Web Admin Password
••••••
✓ MQTT enable
Friendly Name 1 (Sonoff)
space-heater-1
 Emulation None Belkin WeMo single device Hue Bridge multi device
Save
Configuration

Hit "Save"

❖ You can also configure a static IP address, subnet mask, gateway and DNS server for the S20 by using MQTT commands at the device Console or HTTP URL commands in a browser. The complete Tasmota command reference is here.

Below are examples of setting a static IP address, subnet mask, gateway and DNS server using MQTT commands on the S20 Console:

IP Address: cmnd/space-heater-1/IPAddress1 10.10.50.1

Subnet Mask: cmnd/space-heater-1/IPAddress3 255.255.0.0

Gateway: cmnd/space-heater-1/IPAddress2 10.10.10.1 DNS Server: cmnd/space-heater-1/IPAddress4 10.10.10.3

Clicking "Information" on the Main Menu should display a screen like this:

S20 Socket Module

space-heater-1

Program Version 5.9.1

Build Date & Time 2017-11-13T21:43:41 Core/SDK Version 2_3_0/1.5.3(aec24ac9)

Uptime 4 Hours Flash write Count 69 at F7000

Boot Count 13 Restart Reason Power on Friendly Name 1 space-heater-1

AP1 SSId (RSSI) sd-3 (82%) Hostname space-heater-1 IP Address 10.10.50.1 Gateway 10.10.10.1 Subnet Mask 255.255.0.0 **DNS Server** 10.10.10.3

MAC Address 5C:CF:7F:42:9F:4B

MQTT Host 10.10.10.20

MQTT Port 1883

MQTT Client &

SONOFF_429F4B **Fallback Topic**

MQTT User mqttuser **MQTT Topic** space-heater-1

MQTT Group Topic sonoffs

MQTT Full Topic cmnd/space-heater-1/

Emulation None Enabled **mDNS Discovery** mDNS Advertise Web Server

ESP Chip Id 4366155 Flash Chip Id 1327328 Flash Size 1024kB Program Flash Size 1024kB **Program Size** 471kB Free Program Space 532kB **Free Memory** 24kB

Main Menu

You are now ready to configure HomeSeer HS3.

Step 3:

HS3-MQTT Broker-Sonoff S20 Messages:



HomeSeer HS3

with MQTT Plugin

HS3 Subscribes to Status Messages from MQTT Broker:

"stat/space-heater-1/POWER" i.e. HS3 Device "Space Heater Power Status" "stat/space-heater-1/LWT" i.e. HS3 Device "Space Heater Connection Status" $\,$

HS3 Publishes MQTT Commands to MQTT Broker for Sonoff S20 Control: "cmnd/space-heater-1/Power (On or Off)" i.e. HS3 Device "Space Heater"

Troubleshooting & Monitoring:

PC Subscribes to Status Messages from MQTT Broker and Publishes MQTT Commands to MQTT Broker using HiveMQ Websockets Client



PC With HiveMQ Websockets Client





MQTT Broker





Sonoff S20 with Tasmota **Firmware**



S20 Subscribes to Command Messages from MQTT Broker "cmnd/space-heater-1/Power On"
"cmnd/space-heater-1/Power Off"

S20 Publishes Status Messages to MQTT Broker: "stat/space-heater-1/POWER"

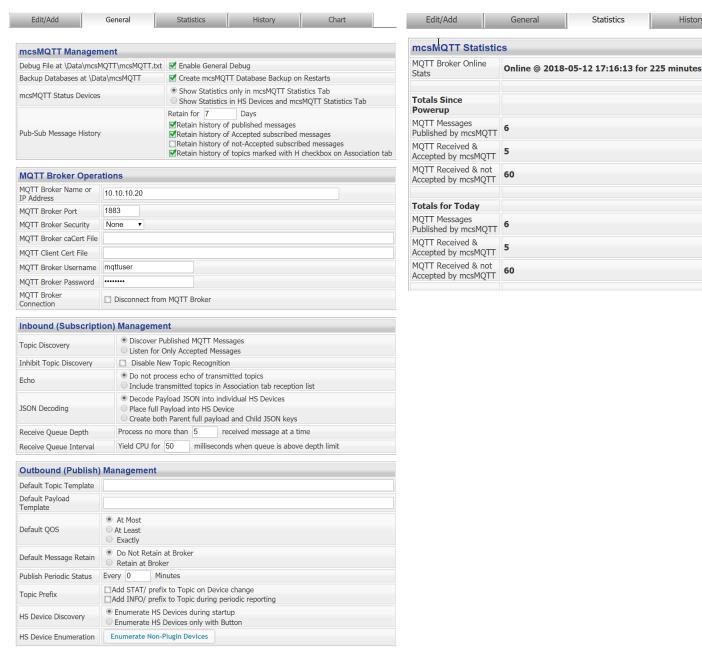
"tele/space-heater-1/LWT"

Install the HS3 MQTT Plugin and configure initial setup.

The mcsMQTT Plugin is free and available under the "Lighting and Primary Technology" section of the HS3 Updater. There are many options available with this plugin that are beyond the scope of this guide. Refer to the plugin manual for all the details.



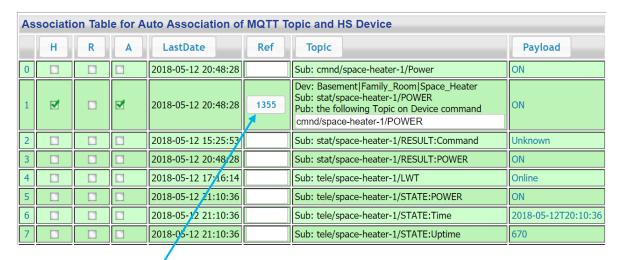
Here are the General and Statistics tabs of the mcsMQTT Plugin Setup page.



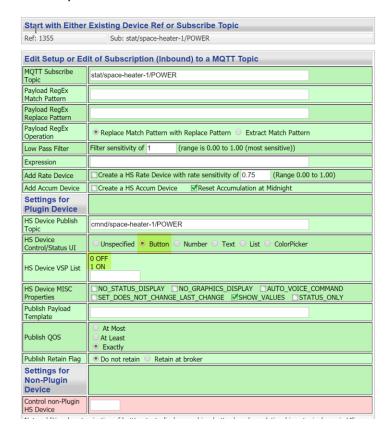
Create and Configure the S20 Status/Control Device in HS3

When the Plugin has connected to the MQTT Broker and the Statistics tab shows "Online", go to the "Associations" tab and refresh the page. You should see the messages from the S20 that the Plugin has subscribed to (by default the Plugin subscribes to all topics from the Broker). Click on the "A" checkbox corresponding to a Status Topic. This will create a device in HS3 and display the Device Ref # on the row of the Status Topic.

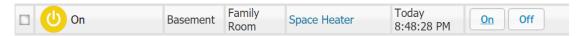
To control the Power staus of the S20, enter the "cmnd/space-heater-1/POWER" topic in the Publish field for the Status Topic device. Also check the "H" box to show message history for the device. The Association table should now look like this:



Clicking on the Ref # button will bring up the page below. Make sure that "Button" is selected for Control/Status UI and 0 OFF and 1 ON is listed in the Device VSP List



The renamed device in the Device List page looks like this:



You should now be able to Power ON and OFF the Sonos S20 as well as see its status using the same HS3 device.

Enjoy!!

-taylormia